# International Labour Conference 

109th Session, Geneva, 2021

Date: 26 May 2021

## Election of Government members of the Governing Body of the International Labour Office

Government electoral college
Monday, 14 June 2021-11.00 a.m.

## Information note for members of the Government electoral college

1. In conformity with article 7 of the Constitution of the International Labour Organization, the International Labour Conference (ILC) elects the members of the Governing Body for a three-year term. Elections are carried out by three separate electoral colleges, by secret ballot, in accordance with Section G of the Standing Orders of the ILC: the Government electoral college and the two non-governmental colleges (composed respectively of all the Employers' and Workers' delegates to the Conference).
2. The Government electoral college consists of two Government delegates from each Member State, except those which have lost the right to vote, and the ten Member States of chief industrial importance who hold non-elective regular seats (Brazil, China, France, Germany, India, Italy, Japan, the Russian Federation, the United Kingdom and the United States).
3. Article 49 of the Standing Orders of the ILC stipulates that the Government electoral college elects 18 regular members and 28 deputy members. In accordance with a Conference decision adopted in 1995 (when the number of deputy seats was increased from 18 to 28), the ballot papers for the Government electoral college are drawn up and dealt with in such manner as to guarantee an overall distribution of regular and deputy seats among the four regions, corresponding to that envisaged in the 1986 constitutional amendment.
4. The following table gives a breakdown of the number of seats available for each region during the June 2021-June 2024 term of office:

| Regions | Regular members |  | Deputy <br> members | Total <br> elective seats | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Non- <br> elective $_{* *}$ | Elective |  | 8 | 14 |
| Africa* | 0 | 5 | 5 | 10 | 14 |
| Americas* | 2 | 4 | 8 | 12 | 15 |
| Asia and the <br> Pacific | 3 | 3 | 7 | 10 | 15 |
| Europe | 5 | $\mathbf{1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 8}$ | $\mathbf{4 6}$ | $\mathbf{5 6}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |  |  |  |  |

* Africa and the Americas share a "floating" deputy member seat which alternates between the two groups for each Governing Body term of office. Since that seat was attributed to the Americas group for the June 2017-June 2021 term, it will be held by the Africa group for the June 2021-June 2024 term.
** Held by States of chief industrial importance.

5. The four regions have carried out consultations on the basis of regional and subregional agreements for the distribution of seats, and propose the following candidates for election. Candidate countries for regular seats are highlighted in blue whilst candidate countries for deputy seats are highlighted in grey. For the 2021-24 election, the number of candidates is equal to the number of seats available in all four regions.

## AFRICA

| Sub-region | Central Africa | East Africa | North Africa | Southern Africa | West Africa |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Member States | Burundi | Comoros | Algeria | Angola | Benin |  |
|  | Cameroon | Djibouti | Egypt | Botswana | Burkina Faso |  |
|  | Central African Republic Chad <br> Congo <br> Congo, Dem. Republic of Equatorial Guinea | Eritrea | Libya | Eswatini | Cabo Verde |  |
|  |  | Ethiopia | Mauritania | Lesotho | Côte d'Ivoire |  |
|  |  | Kenya | Morocco | Malawi | Gambia |  |
|  |  | Madagascar | Tunisia | Mozambique | Ghana |  |
|  |  | Mauritius |  | Namibia | Guinea |  |
|  | Gabon | Rwanda |  | South Africa <br> Zambia <br> Zimbabwe | Guinea-Bissau Liberia |  |
|  | Sao Tome and Principe | Seychelles |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Somalia |  |  | Mali |  |
|  |  | South Sudan |  |  | Niger |  |
|  |  | Sudan |  |  | Nigeria |  |
|  |  | Tanzania, United Republic of |  |  | Senegal |  |
|  |  | Uganda |  |  | Sierra Leone |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Togo |  |
| Regular seats |  | 2 |  |  |  | 1 |
| Deputy seats |  | $\square 1$ |  |  |  | 2 |
| Total elective seats |  | 3 |  |  |  | 3 |

## AMERICAS

| Sub-region | North America | Central America | Caribbean countries | Andean countries | South America |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Member States | Canada | Costa Rica | Antigua and Barbuda | Bolivia, | Argentina |
|  | Mexico | Dominican Rep. | Bahamas | Plurinational State of | Chile |
|  |  | El Salvador | Barbados | Colombia | Paraguay |
|  |  | Guatemala | Belize | Ecuador | Uruguay |
|  |  | Haiti | Cuba | Peru |  |
|  |  | Honduras | Dominica | Venezuela, |  |
|  |  | Nicaragua | Grenada | Bolivarian Rep. of |  |
|  |  | Panama | Guyana |  |  |
|  |  |  | Jamaica |  |  |
|  |  |  | Saint Kitts and Nevis |  |  |
|  |  |  | Saint Lucia |  |  |
|  |  |  | Saint Vincent |  |  |
|  |  |  | and the Grenadines |  |  |
|  |  |  | Suriname |  |  |
|  |  |  | Trinidad and Tobago |  |  |
| Regular seats | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Deputy seats | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Total elective seats | 2 |  | 2 | 2 | 2 |

ASIA AND THE PACIFIC

| Sub-region | Central Asia | Far East/Pacific | South East Asia | Western Asia |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Member States | Afghanistan | Australia | Brunei Darussalam | Bahrain |
|  | Bangladesh Iran, Islamic Republic of | Cook Islands <br> Fiji <br> Kiribati | Cambodia | Iraq |
|  |  |  | Indonesia | Jordan |
|  | Maldives <br> Nepal |  | Lao People's Democratic Republic | Kuwait |
|  |  | Korea, Republic of | Malaysia | Lebanon |
|  | Pakistan | Marshall Islands | Myanmar | Oman |
|  | Sri Lanka | Mongolia | Philippines | Qatar |
|  |  | New Zealand | Singapore | Saudi Arabia |
|  |  | Palau | Thailand | Syrian Arab Republic |
|  |  | Papua New Guinea | Viet Nam | United Arab Emirates |
|  |  | Samoa |  | Yemen |
|  |  | Solomon Islands |  |  |
|  |  | Timor-Leste |  |  |
|  |  | Tonga |  |  |
|  |  | Tuvalu |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Regular seats | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Deputy seats | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| Total elective seats | 3 | 2 | 4 | 3 |

EUROPE

| Sub-region | Northern Europe | Central Europe | Southern Europe | Eastern Europe |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Member States | Denmark Finland | Austria | Cyprus | Albania | Lithuania |
|  |  | Belgium | Greece | Armenia | Northern Macedonia |
|  | Iceland | Ireland | Israel | Azerbaijan | Moldova, Rep. of |
|  | Norway | Luxembourg | Malta | Belarus | Montenegro |
|  | Sweden | Netherlands | Portugal | Bosnia and Herzegovina | Poland |
|  |  | Switzerland | San Marino | Bulgaria | Romania |
|  |  |  | Spain | Croatia | Serbia |
|  |  |  | Turkey | Czechia | Slovakia |
|  |  |  |  | Estonia | Slovenia |
|  |  |  |  | Georgia | Tajikistan |
|  |  |  |  | Hungary | Turkmenistan |
|  |  |  |  | Kazakhstan | Ukraine |
|  |  |  |  | Kyrgyzstan | Uzbekistan |
|  |  |  |  | Latvia |  |
| Regular seats |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| Deputy seats |  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Total elective seats |  | 2 | 1 | 2 | 5 |

## Procedure

6. As any other vote at the 109th Session of the Conference, the election will take place using an electronic voting system.
7. The Government electoral college as a whole will take two votes consecutively: first, for the regular members in each of the four regions; and then for the deputy members, in each of the four regions as well, in the following order: Africa, Americas, Asia and the Pacific, and Europe.
8. For each of the regular and deputy seats available to each region, the names of the candidates will appear in alphabetical order at the top of each electronic ballot above a horizontal line. The names of all other members of the region will appear below the horizontal line, also in alphabetical order.
9. While each regional group urges the members of other regional groups to vote for the agreed candidates in each region, it is possible for any member to vote for non candidate countries.
10. In accordance with Article 52 of the Standing Orders of the Conference, electoral colleges vote by secret ballot. Each member of the electoral college (i.e. two per Government represented at the Conference) is entitled to cast one vote. To be elected, a candidate must obtain more than half of the votes cast by the members of the electoral college present at the meeting.
11. The results of the votes will be displayed as they are announced by the Chairperson of the electoral colleges.
