Gender equality and mainstreaming in the International Labour Office

1. This circular spells out ILO policy on gender equality and mainstreaming. It supplements Circular 6/493 of 6 October 1993 on equality of opportunity and treatment for women in the International Labour Office, and is a crucial step towards implementation of gender equality and equity throughout the Organization.

2. As an Organization dedicated to fundamental human rights and social justice, the ILO must take a leading role in international efforts to promote and realize gender equality. Following the adoption in 1995 of the Platform for Action by the Beijing Fourth World Conference on Women, the ILO strengthened its efforts to institutionalize gender concerns at all levels, at headquarters and in the field. I now intend to intensify these efforts and translate my firm political commitment into our policies and programmes.

3. In order to ensure that the impact of our efforts is maximized and that resources are used effectively, mutually reinforcing action will be taken simultaneously on three fronts: staffing, substance and structure.

**Staffing**

4. I have set an Office-wide target of 50 per cent of Professional posts to be filled by women by 2010, with particular care to be given to gender balance in senior posts. Career development opportunities for General Service staff will be expanded and specific measures will be taken to create a family-friendly and enabling working environment for all staff, both men and women.

**Substance**

5. Gender inequalities are best dealt with through integrated approaches. In this context, the ILO's Programme and Budget for 2000-01 has identified gender equality and development as themes which cut across the four strategic objectives. The Office must now work to ensure that commitment to gender equality is internalized throughout the ILO and reflected in all our technical work, operational activities and support services.

6. Using a gender lens, productive, reproductive, family, community and constituency-based roles can be properly analysed and strategic gender needs identified. Furthermore, equal representation and participation of women and men in decision-making are also fundamental for addressing social and economic issues in an integrated way and for ILO policy prescriptions to operate effectively in specific contexts.

7. Gender analysis will be undertaken systematically in the Office's technical work and action will be taken, including gender-specific interventions, to promote gender equality. This will require a change in attitudes and working habits, cooperation and teamwork as well as the development of officials' competence in conducting gender analysis.

8. I expect these steps to result in the creation of new analytical frameworks, the enrichment of the ILO's knowledge base on gender issues and the provision by the Organization of enhanced related products and services. They should lead as well to the development of indicators and
other tools to support gender mainstreaming. The generation of gender-sensitive data will also be critical for the development and implementation of technical cooperation programmes, the provision of advisory services and training, the development of research programmes and the dissemination of information.

**Structure**

9. Institutional arrangements for effective gender mainstreaming will be strengthened Office-wide. Existing mechanisms for programming, implementation, monitoring and evaluation will be reviewed, gender issues integrated more effectively where necessary and new mechanisms established as appropriate. It will also be necessary to establish an accountability framework for gender equality.

10. I have decided that a Bureau for Gender Equality will replace the former Office of the Special Adviser on Women Workers’ Questions and will report directly to me. The Bureau will provide Office-wide support for gender mainstreaming and will ensure the enhanced complementarity and coherence of our programmes and activities in respect of gender equality.

**Action plan**

11. To make this policy operational, I asked the Bureau for Gender Equality to prepare an Office-wide action plan, on the basis of a participatory and consultative process involving staff at different levels, both in the field and at headquarters. I have approved the action plan as an operational tool for the implementation of gender mainstreaming in the ILO.

**Implementation**

12. The implementation of this gender equality and mainstreaming policy requires the unfailing commitment, participation and contribution of each staff member. The responsibility and accountability for its successful implementation rests with the senior managers, the regional directors and the programme managers. Gender specialists and focal points will have a special role to play as catalysts. The Staff Union Committee will be kept fully informed and consulted in this process.

13. This policy is part of the ongoing transition to make the ILO a modern and efficient organization, responsive to emerging challenges. The ILO’s commitment to gender equality will be reflected in the new strategic budgeting system, human resources strategy and policies, monitoring and evaluation functions, and technical cooperation activities. The Governing Body and our constituents will be kept fully informed of progress made in the implementation of this policy.

14. I count upon the full support and sustained efforts of all staff members in carrying out this policy.

Juan Somavia  
Director-General

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1 Defined in the Agreed Conclusions (1997) of the UN Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) as follows: “Mainstreaming a gender perspective is the process of assessing the implications for women and men of any planned action, including legislation, policies or programmes in any area and at all levels. It is a strategy for making women’s as well as men’s concerns and experiences an integral dimension in the design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of policies and programmes in all political, economic and societal spheres so that women and men benefit equally and inequality is not perpetuated. The ultimate goal is to achieve gender equality.”