



ILO Promotional Framework for Occupational Safety and Health Convention (No 187, 2006)

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Objectives of ILO Convention No 187

1. Promote **continuous improvement of OSH** to prevent occupational injuries, diseases and deaths, by the development, in consultation with the most representative organizations of **employers and workers**, of a national policy, national system and national programme.
2. Achieve progressively a safe and healthy working environment **through a national system and national programmes on OSH** by taking into account the principles set out in ILO OSH instruments.
3. Periodically consider what measures could be taken to **ratify relevant OSH Conventions of the ILO**.

National OSH Policy

National Policy on OSH developed in accordance with the principles of Article 4 of the Occupational Safety and Health Convention (No.155)

- Drawn up in consultation with the most representative organizations of **employers and workers**
- Normally a written statement
- Designed to promote and advance the right of workers to a safe and healthy working environment

National OSH Policy

- Shall promote and advance the right of workers to a safe and healthy working environment
- Shall **promote basic principles** such as
 - Assessing occupational risks or hazards
 - Combating occupational risks or hazards at source
 - Developing a national preventative safety and health culture that includes
 - Information
 - Consultation
 - Training



National OSH system

This is the **infrastructure** that provides the main framework for implementing the National OSH Policy and Programme

It shall include:

- OSH legislation
- An authority or body responsible for OSH
- Compliance assurance including inspection
- Arrangement to promote cooperation at the enterprise level between management, workers and their representatives

National OSH system

Also shall include, where appropriate:

- National Tripartite advisory body or bodies on OSH
- Information and advisory services on OSH
- The provision of OSH training
- Occupational health services
- Research on OSH



National OSH system

Also shall include, where appropriate (con't):

- A mechanism for the **collection and analysis of data on occupational injuries and diseases** taking account of relevant ILO instruments
- Provisions for **collaboration with relevant insurance or social security** covering occupational injuries and diseases
- Support mechanisms for a progressive improvement of OSH conditions in **micro-enterprises and SME's and the informal economy**

National OSH Programme

1. shall promote the development of a national preventative safety and health culture
2. shall contribute to the protection of workers by eliminating or minimizing, so far as is reasonably practicable, work-related hazards and risks (...)
3. shall be formulated and reviewed on the basis of analysis of the national OSH system and situation (the national OSH profile)
4. shall include objectives, targets and indicators of progress; and

National OSH Programme

5. shall be supported, where possible, by other complementary national programmes and plans which will assist in achieving progressively a safe and healthy working environment.
6. The programme should be widely publicized and endorsed and launched by the highest national authorities.
7. Such programmes are formulated, implemented, monitored, evaluated and periodically reviewed in consultation with the most representative organizations of employers and workers.

Strategic Approach for Strengthening of National OSH Systems through National Programme

National OSH Programme

- Promote Preventative Safety and Health Culture
- Strengthen OSH System
- Targeted action:
Construction, SME's, Agriculture etc.

National OSH SYSTEM

PROMOTION
ADVOCACY

LEGISLATION

INSPECTION

KNOWLEDGE,
SUPPORT
SERVICES

ILO Conventions/Recommendations/Codes/Guides
should be used as the basis for
programme formulation and System improvements

NATIONAL TRIPARTITE ADVISORY BODY

National OSH profile

National OSH profile is a diagnostic document that summarizes the existing OSH situation. The profile is used as a basis for formulating and reviewing the national programme.

ILO Recommendation 197 provides guidance on the contents of the OSH profile.



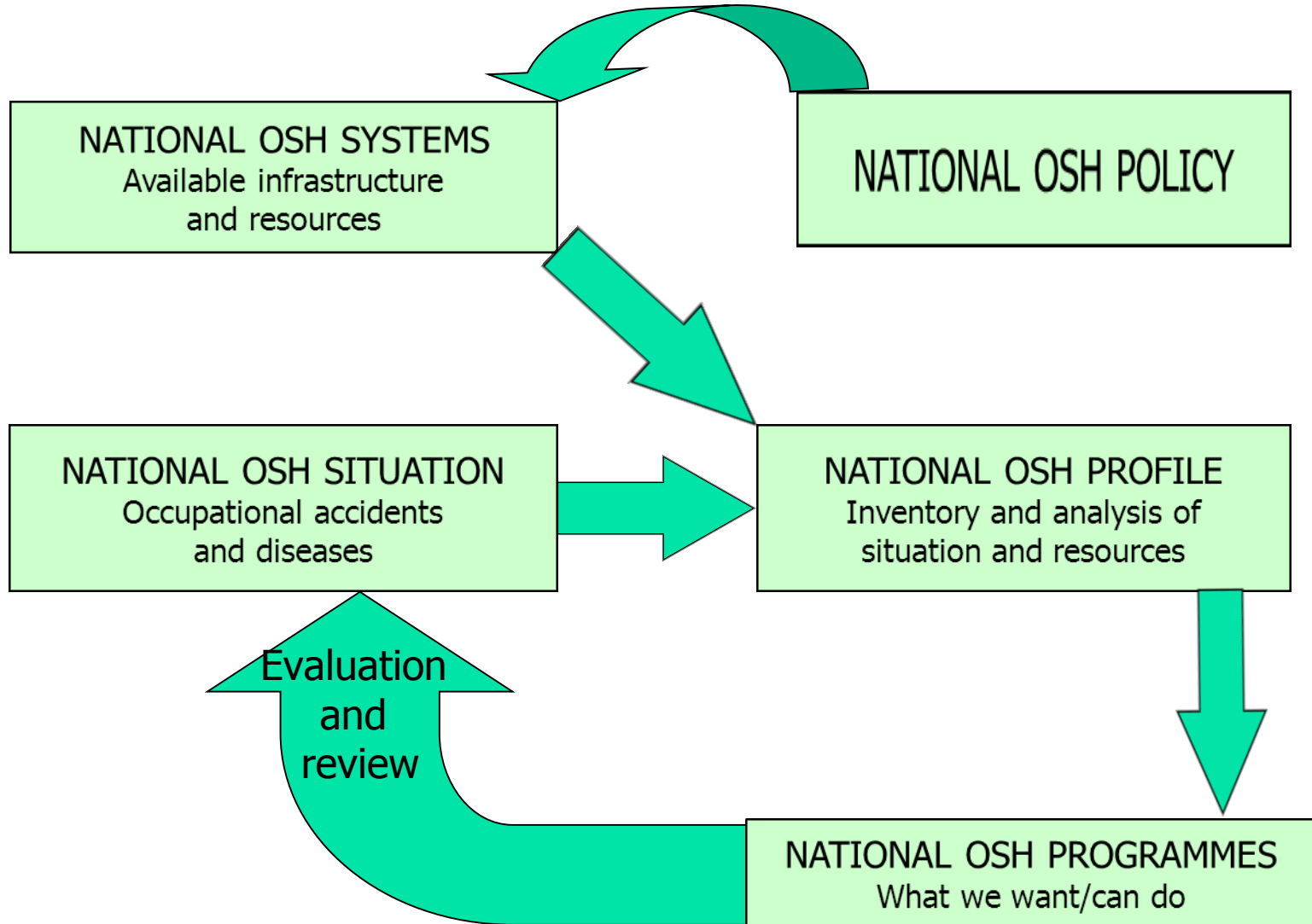
National OSH Profile (main contents)

- (a) laws and regulations, collective agreements;
- (b) authority or body, or the authorities or bodies, responsible for OSH;
- (c) mechanisms for ensuring compliance including the systems of inspection;
- (d) arrangements to promote, at the level of the undertaking, cooperation between management, workers and their representatives;
- (e) national tripartite advisory body addressing OSH issues;
- (f) information and advisory services on OSH;

National OSH Profile (main contents)

- (g) provision of OSH training;
- (h) occupational health services;
- (i) research on OSH;
- (j) mechanism for the collection and analysis of data on occupational injuries and diseases and their causes;
- (k) collaboration with insurance or social security schemes covering occupational injuries and diseases;
- (l) support mechanisms for micro-enterprises, in small and medium-sized enterprises and in the informal economy.

ILO Systems approach for continuous improvement



ILO CONVENTIONS

relevant to Promotional Framework for OSH

1. Labour Inspection Convention, 1947 (No. 81)
2. Radiation Protection Convention, 1960 (No. 115)
3. Hygiene (Commerce and Offices) Convention, 1964 (No. 120)
4. Employment Injury Benefits Convention, 1964 (No. 121)
5. Labour Inspection (Agriculture) Convention, 1969 (No. 129)
6. Occupational Cancer Convention, 1974 (No. 139)
7. Working Environment (Air Pollution, Noise and Vibration) Convention, 1977 (No. 148)
8. Occupational Safety and Health (Dock Work) Convention, 1979 (No. 152)
9. Occupational Safety and Health Convention, 1981 (No. 155)

ILO CONVENTIONS

relevant to Promotional Framework for OSH(continued)

10. Occupational Health Services Convention, 1985 (No. 161)
11. Asbestos Convention, 1986 (No. 162)
12. Safety and Health in Construction Convention, 1988
(No. 167)
13. Chemicals Convention, 1990 (No. 170)
14. Prevention of Major Industrial Accidents Convention, 1993
(No. 174)
15. Safety and Health in Mines Convention, 1995 (No. 176)
16. Protocol of 1995 to the Labour Inspection Convention, 1947
(No. 81)
17. Safety and Health in Agriculture Convention, 2001 (No. 184)
18. Protocol of 2002 to the Occupational Safety and Health
Convention, 1981 (No. 155)

Ratification of Convention No.187 (36 countries)

2007: Japan

2008: Republic of Korea, United Kingdom, Finland, Sweden, Cuba,
Czech Republic

2009: Denmark, Niger, Spain, Cyprus, Serbia

2010: Bosnia & Herzegovina, Republic of Moldova, Slovakia, Germany

2011: Canada, Chile, Austria, Russia

2012: Malaysia, Singapore, Mauritius, Togo, Macedonia

2013: Zambia

2014: Vietnam, Argentina, Slovenia, Turkey, Albania, France

2015: Indonesia, Dominican Republic, Kazakhstan, Montenegro

Many other countries in the process of ratification.

Keys for Success

- **High Level Commitment to OSH
(National, Enterprise Level)**
- **Preventative Safety and Health
Culture**
- **Active Participation of All
(particularly Workers)**



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THANK YOU!



