

**Technical Meeting to Promote an Exchange of Views
on the Further Development and Implementation of the
Integrated Strategy to Address Decent Work Deficits
in the Tobacco Sector**

Kampala
3 – 5 July 2019

Draft points for discussion

1. What are the prevailing decent work deficits today in the tobacco sector and which are their main drivers at national and international levels? What has worked and what more needs to be done to promote decent work in the tobacco sector including in tobacco-growing countries? How can the Office support its tripartite constituents to promote decent work in the sector?

With reference to the 3 pillars of the Integrated Strategy, i.e. (1) promote an enabling policy environment for decent work in tobacco-growing countries; (2) strengthen social dialogue; and (3) assist tobacco-growing communities to address decent work deficits, including child labour, and to transition to alternative livelihoods, the Meeting may wish to discuss:

- *What interventions by tripartite constituents have worked and what more needs to be done to promote:*
 - i. *An enabling policy environment for decent work in tobacco-growing countries;*
 - ii. *Social dialogue; and*
 - iii. *Fundamental principles and rights at work, including the elimination of child labour, occupational safety and health and other international labour standards; women's empowerment; and address issues related to wages and working conditions; social protection; productivity and increased value addition, environmental sustainability.*
- *Good practices and lessons learned on the promotion of decent work from past and ongoing work in the sector.*

-
2. What strategies have worked to support tobacco-growing communities to transition to viable alternative livelihoods? How can the ILO, other UN agencies and development partners support tripartite constituents in this respect?

The Meeting may wish to discuss:

- *Case studies on promoting economic diversification, finding alternative markets for non-traditional agricultural exports and triggering productive transformation for rural development;*
 - *Rapid assessment interventions for crop diversification and viable alternative livelihoods; and*
 - *The role of the ILO, other UN agencies and development partners as well as other key stakeholders representing smallholder farmers to promote transition to viable alternative livelihoods.*
3. What should tripartite constituents do to ensure policy and programme coherence and convergence at the country level in order to effectively realize national development priorities and to promote decent work in the tobacco sector? What has worked and what more needs to be done?

The Meeting may wish to discuss, inter alia:

- *Ways to ensuring effective policy and programme coherence at the national level and the role of the ILO and the DWCPs in this regard; and*
- *National rural/agriculture development plans and strategies as they may relate to the tobacco sector, employment policies and UN Cooperation Frameworks with a view to contribute to the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals.*