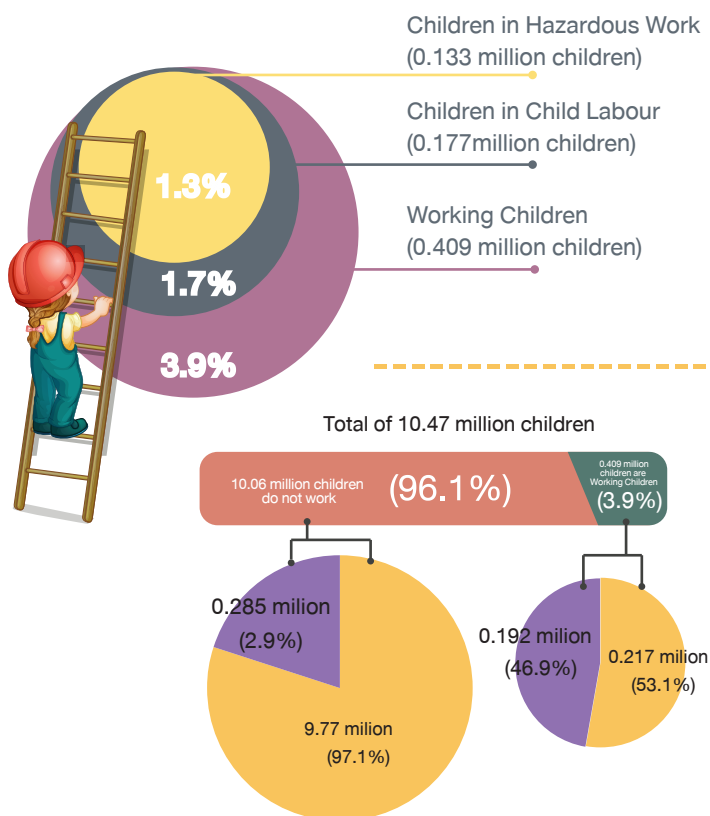
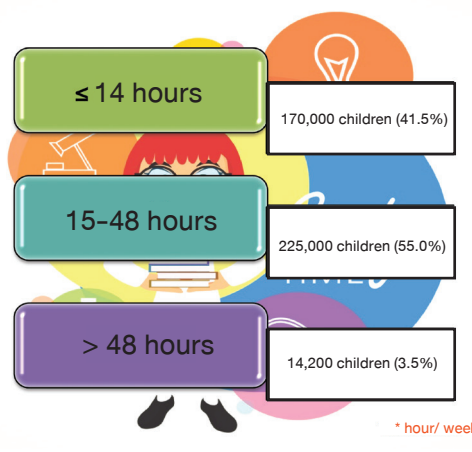


National Working Children Survey 2018 of Thailand

In 2018, the National Statistical Office of Thailand, in collaboration with the Ministry of Labour and the International Labour Organization (ILO) conducted a nation-wide survey on child labour. Data presented in this report are based on information collected from 26,643 households that reported to have children ranging from 5 to 17 years old. The survey was conducted with data collection and sampling that started in July and ended in September 2018.



Out of the 409,000 Working Children, 55% work between 15 to 48 hours per week, 41.5% work less than or equal to 14 hours per week, and 3.5% work more than 48 hours per week.

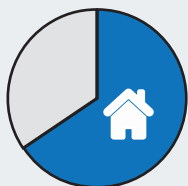


Study

Not Study

- A total of 10.47 million children aged between 5-17 years old are represented.
- 10.06 million children or 96.1% of the total do not work. In this category, 9.77 million children are in school or 97.1%.
- 409,000 children or 3.9% are working and out of this amount, 53.1% (or 217,000 children) are also in school.

60.1%
Household Business



20.0%
Additional Income for family

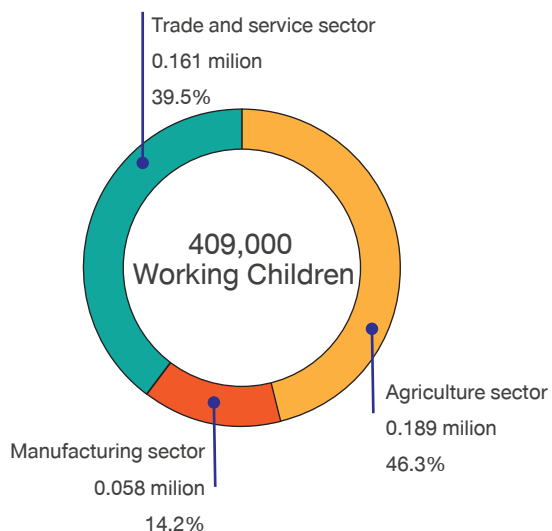


11.4%
Not interested in studying

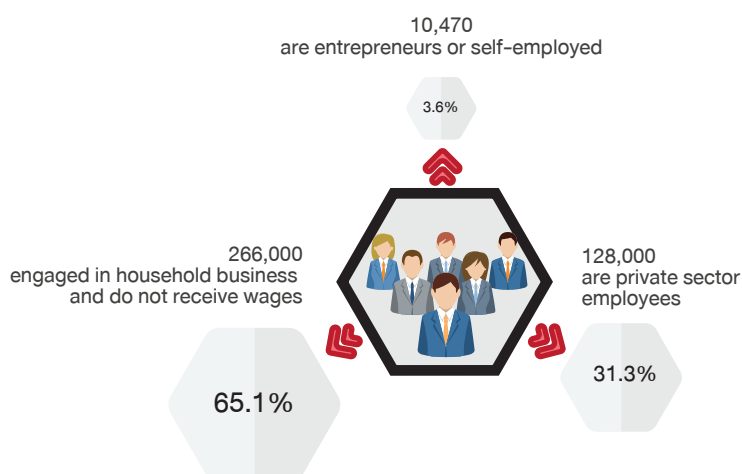


The majority of the Working Children work to assist in the Household Business, 60.1%. The next popular reason for children to engage in work is to provide additional income to the household, 20%. And 11.4% of the Working Children are not interested in pursuing an education.

In terms of economic activity, 46.3% worked in the agriculture sector, 39.5% are in the trade and services sector, and 14.2% are in manufacturing sector.



More than half of the sampled children, 65.1%, under the Working Children category, worked for the family or household and do not receive wages. About 31.3% are private sector employees, and 3.6% are entrepreneurs or self-employed.





Child Labour

Of the total general population in Thailand, about 10.47 million are children. 177,000 children (1.7%) are child labour where the majority are children aged between 15–17 years old (65.1%) with the following breakdown: 71.9% are boys, 55.1% are not in school, 54.9% work for the household or family business, and 49.4% work in the agriculture sector.

Sector of Work

Work in household business or family 62.7%

Employees of private sector 34.2%

Entrepreneurs or self-employed 3.1%

Age Group

23.5%



5–12Ū

11.4%



13–14Ū

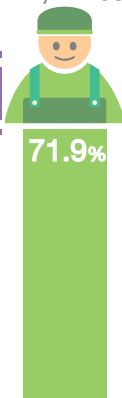
65.1%



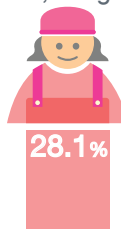
15–17Ū

Gender

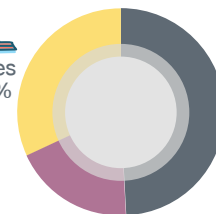
127,000 boys



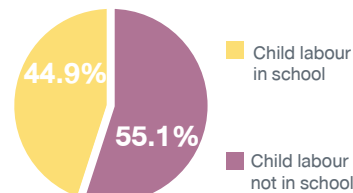
40,970 girls



Economic Activity



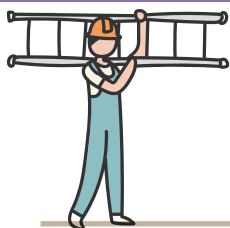
Education



Child Labour in Hazardous Work

Out of 10.47 million children in Thailand, 133,000 (1.3%) are children engaged in hazardous work.

Types of Hazardous Work (Top three)



Physical hazard (heavy load)
21.9%

Exposure to dangerous chemicals and toxics

7.4%

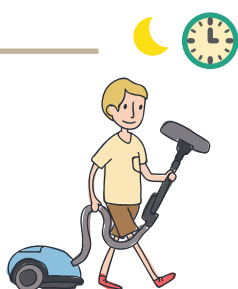


Work in extreme conditions (noise and vibration, extreme climate)

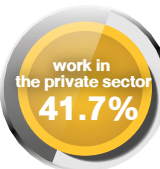
3.8%

Work regularly during the period between 22:00 – 06:00 hours

3.8%



Work Status



56.4%



20.4%



23.2%



Economic Activity