

ILO TECHNICAL COOPERATION – CHILD LABOUR

Project Snapshot

Natural Disasters	Pakistan Earthquake – Child Labour Response	
	Duration: October 2006 – August 2011	
	Donor & Budget United States Department of Labor (USDOL) \$ 1,535, 000	Objectives 1. Child labour is an integral part of policy and programmes for disaster response. 2. Key stakeholders receptive to the development needs of child labourers. 3. Children at risk and their families are linked with social safety nets. 4. Child labourers and those at risk are given access to transitional education and vocational training.
	Results and Outcomes • 623 children withdrawn from hazardous work • 3109 children prevented from entering hazardous work in Balakot, Northwest Frontier Province, Muzaffarabad, and Azad Jammu and Kashmir (AJK). • 1737 children received non-formal education and 551 children mainstreamed in government schools • 546 children received vocational training in safe work and 189 mothers of working children also received vocational training. • Policy and knowledge created on child labour in disaster management and response, and building knowledge base on child labour issues in the target area. • 16 advocacy seminars on child labour were conducted in target union councils. Participants included workers, employers and target community members especially, the mothers/family members of working children. Over 1,000 individuals participated in these seminars. • Children in (or at-risk of) worst forms of labour and their families were linked with credit facilities and social safety nets • Males and females in worst forms of labour, and those at risk, were provided access to formal and non-formal education, and vocational training.	

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