

Achievements to date (Phase I 2004–2007)

The project consisted of a two-part strategy, the first part focusing on activities related to the development of policies concerning child labour, while the second part related to targeted programmes in five sectors (children in informal footwear production, children in offshore fishing, children involved in drugs trafficking, child trafficking and children in informal mining) identified in the National Action Plan, and covering Jakarta, West Java, East Java, North Sumatra and East Kalimantan.

By the end of the first phase of the Project of Support, 2,514 children had been withdrawn from the worst forms of child labour and 27,078 children had been prevented from entering such work. Children, their families, and communities were targeted for withdrawal and prevention through the provision of educational, family economic empowerment, women's empowerment, parenting skills and other services.

In addition to the above achievements, the project also:

- Promoted child labour concerns in national and local government policies and frameworks, with reference to the Indonesia National Medium Term Development Plan, the PRSP, the UNDAF and government's conditional cash transfer programme;
- Strengthened partners' capacities in tackling the worst forms of child labour through Design, Monitoring and Evaluation trainings, Labour Inspection and Child Labour trainings, Child Labour and Education trainings and various specific technical trainings (entrepreneurship development, life skills, gender, etc.);
- Improved the knowledge base through research, targeted seminars, awareness-raising, advocacy and institutional capacity building at national level as well as district and provincial levels. The project documented good practices in combating child labour through education, which can be used in future planning;
- Implemented more than 70 Specific Action Programmes in five provinces for withdrawing children from the worst forms of child labour, and preventing vulnerable children from entering such employment through provision of various services including formal education, non-formal education, vocational training, apprenticeship, counseling and health services; and
- Produced publications covering various activities implemented under the Action Programmes, focusing on the five targeted sectors.