

► Record of Proceedings

3A

International Labour Conference – 112th Session, Geneva, 2024

Date: 7 June 2024

Reports on Credentials

First report of the Credentials Committee

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1. The Credentials Committee of the 112th Session of the International Labour Conference is composed as follows:

Chairperson:	Mr Aniefiok Etim Essah (Government delegate, Nigeria)
Employer Vice-Chairperson:	Mr Fernando Yllanes Martínez (Employers' substitute delegate, Mexico)
Worker Vice-Chairperson:	Ms Zingiswa Losi (Workers' delegate, South Africa)
Substitute:	Ms Amanda Brown (Workers' delegate, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland)

Composition of the Conference

Status of accreditation of Member States

2. As at 5 June 2024 at 6 p.m., 173 of the 187 Member States of the International Labour Organization (ILO) have accredited a delegation, of which 131 deposited their credentials within the time limit set for their submission, 14 May 2024. The following 13 Member States ¹ (14 in 2023) have not accredited a delegation:

Antigua and Barbuda	Saint Lucia
Comoros	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
Dominica	Solomon Islands
Ecuador	Tajikistan
Marshall Islands	Tonga
Palau	Tuvalu
Saint Kitts and Nevis	

3. The following four Member States have accredited incomplete delegations:
 - El Salvador (no Employers' delegate)
 - Rwanda (no Employers' delegate)
 - Haiti (exclusively governmental)
 - Yemen (exclusively governmental)
4. The Committee recalls that the Governing Body decided ² that the present session of the Conference would be conducted in person, with the added option for passive remote attendance (the Plenary sittings via live stream on the Conference website and the public sittings of Committees via links provided by committee coordinators upon request). In accordance with article 3(1) of the ILO Constitution, Member States were expected to send

¹ Not counting Myanmar (see paragraphs 16-24 concerning the representation of Myanmar).

² GB.350/INS/2/2.

complete tripartite delegations to Geneva, with a minimum composition of two Government delegates, one Employers' delegate and one Workers' delegate.

5. The Committee notes with regret the number of Member States that have not accredited a delegation, or only an incomplete one. In this regard, it notes with concern that incomplete delegations remain a recurrent reality (see Appendix I) and, in particular, that one Member State, Yemen, has since 2015 only accredited incomplete, in most cases exclusively governmental, delegations. It wishes to stress again that, by not appointing a delegation, or by failing to accredit a fully tripartite delegation, the Government deprives the employers or workers of the country, as the case may be, of their right to be represented in person in the highest policymaking body of the ILO and to participate actively in its work. The appointment of a full tripartite delegation is also essential in view of article 4(2) of the ILO Constitution, which provides that if a Member State fails to nominate one of the non-Government delegates, the other non-Government delegate who has been accredited loses the right to vote. The Committee can only emphasize again that, without the participation of Governments, Employers' and Workers' representatives, the Conference cannot function properly or attain its objectives.

Delegates and advisers

► Accredited delegates, substitute delegates and advisers

	Governments		Employers		Workers		Total	
	Accredited	Registered	Accredited	Registered	Accredited	Registered	Accredited	Registered
Delegates	338	290	169	118	171	129	678	537
Substitute delegates *	501	375	200	125	276	203	977	703
Advisers	857	587	398	238	555	400	1 810	1 225
Total	1 696	1 252	767	481	1 002	732	3 465	2 465

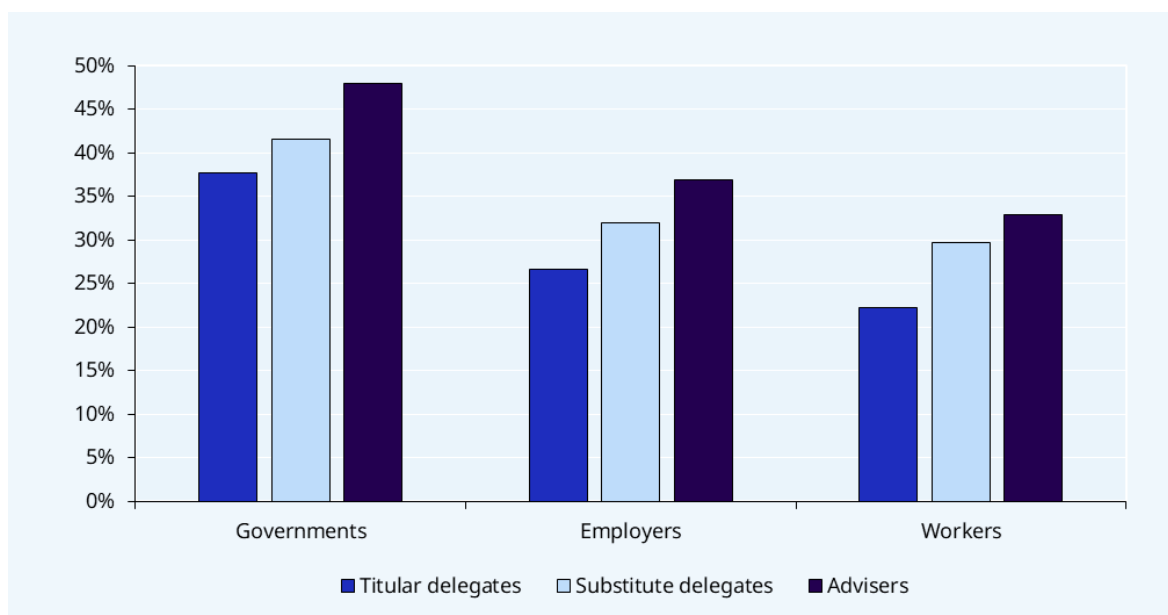
* Advisers who are permanently appointed as substitute delegates in the credentials.

6. Of the accredited 678 delegates, 537 have registered.
7. Detailed information by Member State is provided in Appendices II and III. Information on the composition of the Conference is also available at [Delegations to the 2024 International Labour Conference](#), which is regularly updated.

Proportion of women accredited in delegations

8. The overall proportion of women delegates and advisers that have been accredited to this session of the Conference is 37.8 per cent (36.6 per cent in 2023). There are 44.1 per cent of women in Government delegations (42.8 per cent in 2023), 33.4 per cent of women in the Employers' delegations (32.6 per cent in 2023) and 30.4 per cent of women in the Workers' delegations (29.5 per cent in 2023).

► Proportion of women by function and group



9. While those overall figures represent a continued improvement and the minimum target of 30 per cent of women's participation has been reached in all three groups, the Committee notes that, as shown in the above table, titular delegates from across the Government, Employers' and Workers' groups are still predominantly men, a situation that does not live up to the Committee's expectations.
10. Moreover, the Committee observes that, as shown in Appendix IV to this Report, six delegations to the present session of the Conference, Fiji, Haiti, Jordan, Liberia, Rwanda and Yemen, are exclusively composed of men, while noting that some of the delegations concerned are of a small size. The Committee calls upon the governments, employers' organizations and workers' organizations concerned to take appropriate steps with a view to redressing the situation.

Quorum

11. The following 13 Member States accredited to the Conference are in arrears in their financial contributions to the Organization under the terms of article 13(4) of the ILO Constitution and therefore may not, at present, participate in the voting of the Conference, including in its committees:

Afghanistan

Sao Tome and Principe

Chad

Sudan

Congo

Suriname

Equatorial Guinea

Uganda

Gambia

Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)

Guinea-Bissau

Yemen

Lebanon

12. Therefore, 32 delegates from among these Member States who have registered a delegation are not taken into account in calculating the quorum.
13. In conformity with article 17(3) of the ILO Constitution and article 22 of the Standing Orders of the Conference, as at 5 June 2024 at 6 p.m. the necessary quorum to give a vote validity is 284. Regularly updated information regarding the composition of the Conference and the quorum for votes is available on the [Conference website](#).

Other participants

14. A total of 171 Ministers or Vice-Ministers have been accredited.
15. The Conference is also being attended by the following observers: one non-Member State (Holy See), one liberation movement (Palestine), representatives of the United Nations and some of its bodies, as well as representatives from specialized agencies and other official international organizations, non-governmental international organizations with consultative status, and representatives of other non-governmental international organizations.

Representation of Myanmar

16. The Committee had before it two communications containing credentials for two tripartite delegations of Myanmar designated respectively by the military authorities and the “National Unity Government” (NUG). The first communication was received on 10 May 2024 from the Permanent Mission of Myanmar in Geneva and included employers’ representatives from the Union of Myanmar Federation of Chambers of Commerce and Industry (UMFCCI) and workers’ representatives from the Myanmar Seafarers Federation. The second communication was received on 14 May 2024 from the Ministry of Labour of the NUG and the Permanent Mission of Myanmar in New York and included employers’ representatives from the Myanmar Nway Oo Employers Federation (MNEF) and workers’ representatives from the Confederation of Trade Unions of Myanmar (CTUM). In a further communication dated 28 May 2024, the NUG Ministry of Labour made certain changes to its credentials and explained the reasons for its choice of an employers’ delegation from MNEF and a workers’ delegation from CTUM, which is part of the Myanmar Labour Alliance (MLA), those being the only organizations that truly represent, respectively, the employers and workers of the country.
17. The Committee also had before it a communication dated 20 May 2024 addressed to it by CTUM. The purpose of the letter was to present the credentials of the “Workers Delegation of Myanmar to the 112th Session of the International Labour Conference”. Referring to paragraph 29 of the first report of the Credentials Committee of the 111th Session (2023) of the Conference, the CTUM considered that there was no legal obstacle for the Conference to accredit both employers’ and workers’ delegates of Myanmar given that the position taken by the United Nations General Assembly concerned only Government delegates.
18. *The Committee recalls that at the three previous sessions of the Conference, competing credentials had been received on behalf of the same two entities. Taking into account the United Nations General Assembly resolution 396(V) of 14 December 1950 and the position adopted by the General Assembly and by other UN system organizations on this matter, the Committee decided that no delegates for Myanmar would be accredited (ILC.109/Records Nos 3B and 3E, ILC.110/Record No. 2A, ILC.111/Record No. 2A(Rev.1)).*
19. *The Committee takes note of the developments that have taken place in the ILO concerning Myanmar since the closure of the last session of the Conference in June 2023, in particular, the Governing Body discussions at its 349th (October–November 2023) and 350th Sessions (March 2024) on the follow-up*

to the report of the Commission of Inquiry established in accordance with article 26 of the ILO Constitution concerning the non-observance by Myanmar of the Freedom of Association and Protection of the Right to Organise Convention, 1948 (No. 87), and the Forced Labour Convention, 1930 (No. 29).

20. The Committee recalls once again that, according to United Nations General Assembly resolution 396(V) of 14 December 1950, whenever more than one authority claims to be the government entitled to represent a State, the attitude adopted by the General Assembly concerning any such question should be taken into account in other organs of the United Nations and in the specialized agencies. Consequently, a consistent line of precedents has it (see Dominican Republic (1965), Cambodia (1998), Libyan Arab Jamahiriya (2011), Myanmar (2021–2023) that the question of recognition of governments and their representation in the ILO is considered a political matter in relation to which the Organization should be guided by any position adopted by the United Nations General Assembly.
21. The Committee notes that on 6 December 2023, the Credentials Committee of the United Nations General Assembly decided to postpone its consideration on the credentials of Myanmar. Its report was approved on 18 December 2023 by the General Assembly, which has not re-examined the question since then. It is further noted that other organizations have similarly deferred consideration of the credentials of Myanmar and kept its seat vacant pending further guidance from the United Nations General Assembly, most recently, at the 77th Session of the World Health Assembly of the World Health Organization on 29 May 2024.
22. Noting that the situation has not evolved in the United Nations General Assembly and taking into account the United Nations General Assembly resolution 396(V) of 14 December 1950, the Committee decides that no delegates for Myanmar will be accredited at the 112th Session of the Conference.
23. The Committee nonetheless reiterates its regret in relation to the continued ambiguity on the question of representation of Myanmar and notes that in the absence of guidance from the United Nations General Assembly, it may need to make its own determination in due course so as to enable the tripartite constituents of Myanmar to resume active participation in the work of the annual Conference. In the meantime, the Committee wishes to invite the Governing Body, through the Conference, to urgently consider possible options that could allow employers' and workers' representatives from Myanmar to contribute to the work of future sessions of the Conference.
24. As regards the communication from the CTUM, the Committee recalls that credentials are the instrument used by a State to designate persons entitled to represent it and act on its behalf at an international conference. Accordingly, the credentials of the tripartite delegations of Members to the International Labour Conference must be signed by, or on behalf of, an authority with the power to bind the State, such as the Head of State, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, or the Minister responsible for labour questions. No valid credentials can be deposited by any other entity, such as a workers' organization, be it only for a partial delegation. Other entities can accredit participants to represent them at the Conference, such as international non-governmental organizations invited by the Governing Body, but the Committee notes that the CTUM does not qualify as such an organization.

Monitoring cases, objections and communications

25. In addition to the four cases of monitoring (concerning the nomination of the Workers' delegations of Djibouti, Mauritania, and the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, and the Employers' delegation of Nicaragua), of which the Committee is seized in accordance with article 34 of the Standing Orders following decisions taken at the last session of the Conference, the Committee has before it several objections and communications. It has forthwith commenced their examination. The Committee believes that its work is facilitated

when credentials reach the International Labour Office within the time limit set for their submission.

- 26.** The Credentials Committee submits the present report to the Conference so that it may take note of its content.

Geneva, 7 June 2024

(Signed)

Mr Aniefiok Etim Essah, Chairperson
Mr Fernando Yllanes Martínez
Ms Amanda Brown

Appendix I

Incomplete delegations (2018–2023)

2018	2019	2021	2022	2023
Armenia (exclusively governmental)	Saint Lucia (exclusively governmental)	Haiti (exclusively governmental)	Yemen (exclusively governmental)	Antigua and Barbuda (exclusively governmental)
Brunei Darussalam (exclusively governmental)	Yemen (exclusively governmental)	Saint Lucia (exclusively governmental)	Sudan (no Workers' delegate)	Gambia (exclusively governmental)
Solomon Islands (exclusively governmental)	Rwanda (no Employers' delegate)	Yemen (no Employers' delegate)		Sudan (exclusively governmental)
Tajikistan (exclusively governmental)		Slovenia no Workers' delegate)		Yemen (exclusively governmental)
Yemen (no Employers' delegate)		Vanuatu (no Workers' delegate)		Armenia (no Employers' delegate)
				Suriname (no Employers' delegate)

Appendix II

- 1) Government delegates
2) Employers' delegates
3) Workers' delegates

- 4) Government advisers
5) Employers' advisers
6) Workers' advisers

List of accredited delegates and advisers

	1)	2)	3)	4)	5)	6)		1)	2)	3)	4)	5)	6)		1)	2)	3)	4)	5)	6)		1)	2)	3)	4)	5)	6)
Afghanistan.....	1	1	1	3	-	-	Ecuador.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	Madagascar.....	2	1	1	4	1	1	Seychelles.....	2	1	1	2	2	-
Albania.....	2	1	1	1	1	1	Egypt.....	2	1	1	11	7	10	Malawi.....	2	1	1	12	5	7	Sierra Leone.....	2	1	1	2	1	3
Algeria.....	2	1	1	9	10	10	El Salvador.....	2	-	1	3	-	3	Malaysia.....	2	1	1	20	5	10	Singapore.....	2	1	1	9	4	10
Angola.....	2	1	1	4	-	-	Equatorial Guinea.....	2	1	1	4	2	2	Maldives.....	2	1	1	6	7	8	Slovakia.....	2	1	1	2	3	2
Antigua and Barbuda.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	Eritrea.....	2	1	1	1	-	1	Mali.....	2	1	1	20	4	10	Slovenia.....	2	1	1	5	1	1
Argentina.....	2	1	1	12	10	10	Estonia.....	2	1	1	2	-	-	Malta.....	2	1	1	8	4	5	Solomon Islands.....	-	-	-	-	-	-
Armenia.....	2	1	1	1	-	-	Eswatini.....	2	1	1	4	2	3	Marshall Islands.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	Somalia.....	2	1	1	5	-	4
Australia.....	2	1	1	14	2	2	Ethiopia.....	2	1	1	5	10	10	Mauritania.....	2	1	1	11	1	5	South Africa.....	2	1	1	5	4	6
Austria.....	2	1	1	9	2	4	Fiji.....	2	1	1	3	-	-	Mauritius.....	2	1	1	1	1	-	South Sudan.....	1	1	1	2	2	1
Azerbaijan.....	2	1	1	5	5	10	Finland.....	2	1	1	5	5	3	Mexico.....	2	1	1	11	10	10	Spain.....	2	1	1	10	8	8
Bahamas.....	2	1	1	13	3	9	France.....	2	1	1	19	7	9	Mongolia.....	2	1	1	3	4	5	Sri Lanka.....	2	1	1	4	-	2
Bahrain.....	2	1	1	7	5	6	Gabon.....	2	1	1	20	10	10	Montenegro.....	2	1	1	3	1	1	Sudan.....	2	1	1	2	1	3
Bangladesh.....	2	1	1	18	6	9	Gambia.....	2	1	1	-	-	-	Morocco.....	2	1	1	13	5	10	Suriname.....	2	1	1	1	-	1
Barbados.....	2	1	1	2	4	4	Georgia.....	2	1	1	3	4	6	Mozambique.....	2	1	1	4	-	1	Sweden.....	2	1	1	7	4	4
Belarus.....	2	1	1	3	2	10	Germany.....	2	1	1	17	4	6	Myanmar.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	Switzerland.....	2	1	1	15	3	7
Belgium.....	2	1	1	20	5	10	Ghana.....	2	1	1	20	10	10	Namibia.....	2	1	1	5	1	1	Syrian Arab Republic.....	2	1	1	2	8	4
Belize.....	2	1	1	-	-	-	Greece.....	2	1	1	11	6	4	Nepal.....	2	1	1	7	-	-	Tajikistan.....	-	-	-	-	-	-
Benin.....	2	1	1	4	-	7	Grenada.....	2	1	1	-	-	-	Netherlands.....	2	1	1	19	4	9	Thailand.....	2	1	1	20	10	10
Bolivia (Plurinational State of).....	2	1	1	2	-	1	Guatemala.....	2	1	1	4	3	3	New Zealand.....	2	1	1	3	1	1	Timor-Leste.....	2	1	1	8	-	-
Bosnia and Herzegovina.....	1	1	1	1	-	1	Guinea.....	2	1	1	20	10	10	Nicaragua.....	2	1	1	1	1	1	Togo.....	2	1	1	14	5	10
Botswana.....	2	1	1	15	10	10	Guinea-Bissau.....	2	1	1	1	1	2	Niger.....	2	1	1	9	9	9	Tonga.....	-	-	-	-	-	-
Brazil.....	2	1	1	7	5	6	Guyana.....	2	1	1	3	-	-	Nigeria.....	2	1	1	20	10	10	Trinidad and Tobago.....	2	1	1	2	7	10
Brunei Darussalam.....	2	1	1	5	-	-	Haiti.....	2	-	-	-	-	-	North Macedonia.....	2	1	1	2	-	-	Tunisia.....	2	1	1	5	2	6
Bulgaria.....	2	1	1	8	5	2	Honduras.....	2	1	1	7	3	4	Norway.....	2	1	1	6	3	5	Türkiye.....	2	1	1	20	10	10
Burkina Faso.....	2	1	1	8	2	5	Hungary.....	2	1	1	8	3	5	Oman.....	2	1	1	13	10	10	Turkmenistan.....	2	1	1	3	-	-
Burundi.....	1	1	1	3	-	-	Iceland.....	2	1	1	4	1	1	Pakistan.....	2	1	1	16	4	2	Tuvalu.....	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cabo Verde.....	2	1	1	2	-	-	Israel.....	2	1	1	4	2	-	Palau.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	Uganda.....	2	1	1	3	10	10
Cambodia.....	2	1	1	6	3	6	India.....	2	1	1	20	10	10	Panama.....	2	1	1	7	5	6	Ukraine.....	2	1	1	2	-	4
Cameroon.....	2	1	1	3	6	10	Indonesia.....	2	1	1	20	9	9	Papua New Guinea.....	2	1	1	2	-	-	United Arab Emirates.....	2	1	1	7	3	3
Canada.....	2	1	1	13	5	4	Iran (Islamic Republic of).....	2	1	1	9	5	5	Paraguay.....	2	1	1	8	1	10	United Kingdom.....	2	1	1	14	3	4
Central African Republic.....	2	1	1	8	1	5	Iraq.....	2	1	1	9	10	9	Peru.....	2	1	1	11	4	9	United Republic of Tanzania.....	2	1	1	20	2	10
Chad.....	2	1	1	20	1	5	Ireland.....	2	1	1	7	-	1	Philippines.....	2	1	1	8	2	3	United States of America.....	2	1	1	19	10	5
Chile.....	2	1	1	8	6	6	Italy.....	2	1	1	9	4	8	Poland.....	2	1	1	12	5	5	Uruguay.....	2	1	1	6	2	7
China.....	2	1	1	20	5	7	Jamaica.....	2	1	1	5	-	-	Portugal.....	2	1	1	17	6	6	Uzbekistan.....	2	1	1	6	1	4
Colombia.....	2	1	1	8	10	10	Japan.....	2	1	1	20	4	8	Qatar.....	2	1	1	10	4	5	Vanuatu.....	2	1	1	5	-	-
Comoros.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	Jordan.....	2	1	1	10	1	4	Republic of Korea.....	2	1	1	14	4	10	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of).....	2	1	1	7	8	10
Congo.....	2	1	1	20	10	10	Kazakhstan.....	1	1	1	5	1	8	Republic of Moldova.....	2	1	1	3	1	1	Viet Nam.....	2	1	1	2	4	1
Cook Islands.....	2	1	1	1	-	-	Kenya.....	2	1	1	20	10	10	Romania.....	2	1	1	4	3	7	Yemen.....	2	-	-	2	-	-
Costa Rica.....	2	1	1	5	2	4	Kiribati.....	2	1	1	2	-	-	Russian Federation.....	2	1	1	9	2	8	Zambia.....	2	1	1	19	11	10
Côte d'Ivoire.....	2	1	1	20	10	10	Kuwait.....	2	1	1	6	2	2	Rwanda.....	2	-	1	1	-	3	Zimbabwe.....	2	1	1	16	4	8
Croatia.....	2	1	1	5	1	-	Kyrgyzstan.....	1	1	1	2	-	1	Saint Kitts and Nevis.....	-	-	-	-	-	-							
Cuba.....	2	1	1	3	1	1	Lao People's Democratic Repub.....	2	1	1	3	1	1	Saint Lucia.....	-	-	-	-	-	-							
Cyprus.....	2	1	1	7	7	8	Latvia.....	2	1	1	4	-	1	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines.....	-	-	-	-	-	-							
Czechia.....	2	1	1	7	1	3	Lebanon.....	2	1	1	1	4	10	Samoa.....	2	1	1	-	-	-							
Democratic Repub. of the Congo.....	1	1	1	18	9	9	Lesotho.....	2	1	1	5	-	2	San Marino.....	2	1	1	1	4	2							
Denmark.....	2	1	1	10	3	8	Liberia.....	2	1	1	-	-	3	Sao Tome and Principe.....	1	1	1	-	-	-							
Djibouti.....	2	1	1	7	-	3	Libya.....	2	1	1	8	1	2	Saudi Arabia.....	2	1	1	20	4	5							
Dominica.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	Lithuania.....	2	1	1	7	1	-	Senegal.....	2	1	1	8	1	10							
Dominican Republic.....	2	1	1	7	9	10	Luxembourg.....	2	1	1	6	7	7	Serbia.....	2	1	1	4	1	3							
																					1)	2)	3)	4)	5)	6)	
																					Total	338	169	171	1358	598	831

Appendix III

- 1) Government delegates
2) Employers' delegates
3) Workers' delegates
- 4) Government advisers
5) Employers' advisers
6) Workers' advisers

List of registered delegates and advisers

	1)	2)	3)	4)	5)	6)		1)	2)	3)	4)	5)	6)		1)	2)	3)	4)	5)	6)
Afghanistan.....	1	-	-	1	-	-	Ecuador.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	Madagascar.....	2	1	1	1	-	-
Albania.....	2	-	-	1	-	-	Egypt.....	2	1	1	11	6	10	Malawi.....	2	1	1	9	1	3
Algeria.....	2	1	1	8	7	7	El Salvador.....	1	-	-	2	-	-	Malaysia.....	2	1	1	15	4	7
Angola.....	2	1	1	3	-	-	Equatorial Guinea.....	2	1	1	4	-	-	Maldives.....	2	1	1	6	3	-
Antigua and Barbuda.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	Eritrea.....	2	1	1	-	-	1	Mali.....	2	1	1	13	2	7
Argentina.....	2	1	1	5	9	9	Estonia.....	2	1	1	2	-	-	Malta.....	1	1	1	6	1	2
Armenia.....	2	1	1	1	-	-	Eswatini.....	2	1	1	3	2	2	Marshall Islands.....	-	-	-	-	-	-
Australia.....	2	1	1	5	2	2	Ethiopia.....	1	-	1	3	4	10	Mauritania.....	2	1	1	9	-	5
Austria.....	2	-	-	9	1	2	Fiji.....	2	1	1	1	-	-	Mauritius.....	2	1	1	1	-	-
Azerbaijan.....	2	1	-	5	4	10	Finland.....	1	1	1	3	2	3	Mexico.....	2	1	1	8	8	7
Bahamas.....	2	1	1	8	3	9	France.....	2	1	1	17	5	9	Mongolia.....	2	-	-	3	1	5
Bahrain.....	2	-	1	3	2	5	Gabon.....	1	1	1	10	-	4	Montenegro.....	2	-	-	3	-	-
Bangladesh.....	2	1	1	17	4	3	Gambia.....	1	1	-	-	-	-	Morocco.....	2	-	1	10	4	9
Barbados.....	2	1	1	2	-	-	Georgia.....	-	-	-	1	-	-	Mozambique.....	2	1	1	3	-	1
Belarus.....	2	1	1	3	2	9	Germany.....	2	1	1	14	4	6	Myanmar.....	-	-	-	-	-	-
Belgium.....	2	1	-	11	5	8	Ghana.....	2	1	1	20	9	7	Namibia.....	2	1	1	5	1	1
Belize.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	Greece.....	2	-	1	6	4	3	Nepal.....	2	-	-	5	-	-
Benin.....	2	1	1	2	-	6	Grenada.....	1	1	1	-	-	-	Netherlands.....	2	1	1	15	3	6
Bolivia (Plurinational State of).....	1	1	-	1	-	-	Guatemala.....	2	1	1	3	1	2	New Zealand.....	2	1	1	-	1	1
Bosnia and Herzegovina.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	Guinea.....	1	-	1	16	5	7	Nicaragua.....	2	1	1	1	-	-
Botswana.....	2	1	1	11	8	8	Guinea-Bissau.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	Niger.....	1	-	1	4	2	4
Brazil.....	2	-	-	7	4	6	Guyana.....	2	-	-	2	-	-	Nigeria.....	2	1	-	6	6	5
Brunei Darussalam.....	2	1	1	4	-	-	Haiti.....	2	-	-	-	-	-	North Macedonia.....	2	-	-	1	-	-
Bulgaria.....	2	1	1	6	3	2	Honduras.....	2	1	1	5	3	3	Norway.....	2	1	1	5	3	5
Burkina Faso.....	2	1	1	8	2	4	Hungary.....	-	1	1	6	3	3	Oman.....	2	1	1	13	3	10
Burundi.....	1	1	1	3	-	-	Iceland.....	1	1	1	1	-	1	Pakistan.....	2	1	1	6	-	-
Cabo Verde.....	1	-	-	2	-	-	Israel.....	2	-	-	1	2	-	Palau.....	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cambodia.....	2	1	1	6	2	6	India.....	2	1	1	17	9	10	Panama.....	2	-	1	6	4	6
Cameroon.....	2	1	1	3	4	7	Indonesia.....	2	-	1	12	2	8	Papua New Guinea.....	-	-	-	-	-	-
Canada.....	2	-	1	12	4	4	Iran (Islamic Republic of).....	2	1	1	9	3	5	Paraguay.....	2	1	1	4	-	5
Central African Republic.....	-	-	-	1	-	1	Iraq.....	2	-	-	5	2	5	Peru.....	2	1	1	3	2	5
Chad.....	2	1	1	11	1	2	Ireland.....	2	1	1	4	-	-	Philippines.....	2	1	1	8	2	3
Chile.....	2	-	1	5	6	5	Italy.....	1	-	1	6	-	6	Poland.....	2	1	1	10	5	4
China.....	2	-	1	16	3	6	Jamaica.....	2	1	1	5	-	-	Portugal.....	2	-	-	13	4	6
Colombia.....	1	1	1	3	8	10	Japan.....	2	1	-	17	4	8	Qatar.....	2	1	1	9	4	4
Comoros.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	Jordan.....	2	1	1	8	1	3	Republic of Korea.....	1	1	1	9	3	8
Congo.....	-	1	-	7	2	4	Kazakhstan.....	1	1	1	2	1	7	Republic of Moldova.....	2	-	-	1	-	-
Cook Islands.....	2	1	1	1	-	-	Kenya.....	1	1	1	13	6	10	Romania.....	2	1	1	4	3	4
Costa Rica.....	2	1	1	2	2	3	Kiribati.....	2	-	-	1	-	-	Russian Federation.....	1	1	1	2	1	7
Côte d'Ivoire.....	2	1	1	13	5	8	Kuwait.....	2	1	1	6	2	2	Rwanda.....	2	-	-	1	-	-
Croatia.....	2	1	1	1	-	-	Kyrgyzstan.....	1	1	1	2	-	1	Saint Kitts and Nevis.....	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cuba.....	2	1	-	3	1	1	Lao People's Democratic Repub.....	2	1	-	3	-	1	Saint Lucia.....	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cyprus.....	2	1	-	4	1	3	Latvia.....	2	-	1	2	-	-	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines.....	-	-	-	-	-	-
Czechia.....	1	-	1	4	1	3	Lebanon.....	2	1	-	1	4	9	Samoa.....	2	1	1	-	-	-
Democratic Repub. of the Congo.....	1	1	1	4	6	4	Lesotho.....	2	1	1	5	-	2	San Marino.....	2	-	-	1	2	2
Denmark.....	2	1	1	9	3	3	Liberia.....	2	1	1	-	-	-	Sao Tome and Principe.....	-	-	-	-	-	-
Djibouti.....	2	1	1	5	-	2	Libya.....	2	1	1	8	1	2	Saudi Arabia.....	2	1	1	14	4	5
Dominica.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	Lithuania.....	2	1	1	1	-	-	Senegal.....	2	1	1	8	1	10
Dominican Republic.....	2	-	1	7	1	10	Luxembourg.....	-	-	1	2	2	2	Serbia.....	1	-	1	2	1	1

	1)	2)	3)	4)	5)	6)
Total	290	118	129	962	363	603

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