



**International Labour Organization
International Programme on the Elimination of Child Labour (IPEC)**

**Investigating the Worst Forms of Child Labour No. 40
Brazil
Child and Adolescent Domestic Work in Selected Years
from 1992 to 1999:
A National Report**

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PREFACE

Unacceptable forms of exploitation of children at work exist and persist, but they are particularly difficult to research due to their hidden, sometimes illegal or even criminal nature. Slavery, debt bondage, trafficking, sexual exploitation, the use of children in the drug trade and in armed conflict, as well as hazardous work are all defined as Worst Forms of Child Labour. Promoting the Convention (No. 182) concerning the Prohibition and immediate action for the Elimination of the Worst Forms of Child Labour, 1999, is a high priority for the International Labour Organization (ILO). Recommendation (No. 190, Paragraph 5) accompanying the Convention states that “detailed information and statistical data on the nature and extent of child labour should be compiled and kept up to date to serve as a basis for determining priorities for national action for the abolition of child labour, in particular for the prohibition and elimination of its worst forms, as a matter of urgency.” Although there is a body of knowledge, data, and documentation on child labour, there are also still considerable gaps in understanding the variety of forms and conditions in which children work. This is especially true of the worst forms of child labour, which by their very nature are often hidden from public view and scrutiny.

Against this background the ILO, through IPEC/SIMPOC (International Programme on the Elimination of Child Labour/Statistical Information and Monitoring Programme on Child Labour) has carried out 38 rapid assessments of the worst forms of child labour in 19 countries and one border area, and produced two reports on child domestic workers based on national statistics. The programme was funded by the United States Department of Labor.

The purpose of the national reports is to provide an in-depth analysis of child domestic workers - a widespread worst form of child labour - at the country level. The report of South Africa made use of the comprehensive statistics on working children collected through the national survey on child labour undertaken by Statistics South Africa (Stats SA) with the technical and financial assistance of IPEC/SIMPOC. The report of Brazil made use of data gathered by the National Institute of Geography and Statistics (IBGE) in selected years of the last decade. These countries were selected, taking into consideration the available national secondary data, and the need to shed more light on this worst form of child labour.

To the partners and IPEC colleagues who contributed, through their individual and collective efforts, to the realisation of this report I should like to express our gratitude. The responsibility for opinions expressed in this publication rests solely with the authors and does not imply endorsement by the ILO.

I am sure that the wealth of information contained in this series of reports on the situation of children engaged in the worst forms of child labour around the world will contribute to a deeper understanding and allow us to more clearly focus on the challenges that lie ahead. Most importantly, we hope that the studies will guide policy makers, community leaders, and practitioners to tackle the problem on the ground.



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Executive summary

This report on child domestic labour in Brazil presents and analyzes data from the National Household Sample Survey (NHSS) on child domestic activities at the households of third parties in Brazil, in the 1990s, in compliance with the International Labour Organization (ILO) definition of child labour as follows (ILO, 2002: 15):

“Child labour refers to work that

. is mentally, physically or morally dangerous and harmful to children; and

. interferes with their schooling:

- *by depriving them of the opportunity to attend school;*
- *by obliging them to leave school prematurely; or*
- *by requiring them to attempt to combine school attendance with excessively long and heavy work.”*

The main focus of this research is child¹ domestic labour, defined for the purposes of this report as the work carried out by children in the households of third parties, with remuneration in cash or in kind. House cleaning, laundering, cooking, baby sitting and caring for old people, among others, are tasks that fall under this kind of work. Remarkably, the domestic work carried out by children within their own household is not considered child labour and therefore is out of the scope of minimum age determination.

In Brazil, mainly due to the implementation of the ILO’s International Programme on the Elimination of Child Labour (IPEC) in 1992, the child labour issue has been receiving meaningful attention and efforts towards its eradication have been taking place. Worldwide, IPEC has been developing programmes addressing child domestic labour, especially in Asia and Latin America. IPEC’s activities in South America started in 1996, and in 1997, domestic child labour was identified as a priority occupation of concern. In 1998, ILO/IPEC and Save the Children exchanged collaborative relations to work on this issue; the international technical meeting “*Niñez Trabalhadora en Hogares de Terceiros*” took place. On this occasion, the inter-institutional group involving Save the Children, ILO, UNICEF, Fundação Abrinq and CEDECA Emaús (Belém, Pará State, Brazil) which was implemented in Brazil in 1999, formulated an initial version of a national proposal to eliminate child domestic labour. In Brasília, in June 2000, child domestic labour was again on the agenda and discussed during the seminar “*Elaboração de uma Estratégia de Combate ao Trabalho Infantil no Serviço Doméstico - Elaboration of a Strategy to Eradicate Child Domestic Labour*” sponsored by the ILO with the partnership of the inter-

¹ The Brazilian legislation distinguishes between the categories child and adolescent; the term child is understood as persons up to 12 years and the term adolescent as persons ages from 12 to 17 years. For the purposes of this report the category child includes those ages 5 to 17.

institutional group, assembling representatives of research institutions and governmental and non-governmental organizations. Based on this event, ILO/IPEC, since 1991, has been developing an investigation and intervention project which is being carried out in Belo Horizonte, Recife and Belém. It involves a Rapid Assessment research and an Action Programme for each one of these cities. This national project is part of the regional project by ILO/IPEC on child domestic workers. “Prevenção e Eliminação do Trabalho Infantil Doméstico em Casas de Terceiros na América do Sul” (Brasil, Colômbia, Paraguai and Peru), launched in March, 2001 forecast to be completed in 2004.

The research presented in this report is part of the effort to understand the reality of child domestic labour in Brazil and its main targets are to characterize the profiles of children (5-17 years of age) involved in this type of activity, as well as to identify factors that force children to enter the domestic labour market, such as poverty or mothers’ education level.

Furthermore, based on the information from NHSS concerning the years 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998 and 1999, the research aims to analyze the evolution of domestic child labour, establishing a base for comparison with non-domestic work and with non-working children.

Because of the large amount of data NHSS provides on the issues studied in this report as well as meaningful sampling considering that the present research covers the whole country, this data base is the best available . Furthermore, NHSS is carried out yearly which makes it an excellent data source for the studying of trends.

This research focuses on the years 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998 and 1999. This is because in 1991, the NHSS did not take place due to the Population Census; in 1994, due to exceptional reasons NHSS data collection was not carried out; and in 1996 and 1997, the collection of information on labour was not undertaken for the 5-9 year age group.

NHSS defines a *domestic worker* as one who works with remuneration in cash or in kind in one or more households; a *non-domestic worker* as one who works with or without remuneration in cash or in kind in any other economically active sector besides in households; and *non-working* as those who have not performed any type of work in the last reference week.

This research is meant to outline social-economic profiles of child domestic workers based on the following variables:

Sex: to learn about the selectivity of domestic work related to this variable, that is, to check if domestic work is carried out either by female or male children aged from 5 to 17 years or if these activities are carried out exclusively by females.

Age: to learn about the selectivity of domestic work related to age, that is, to check if domestic work is carried out by children and adolescents aged 5 to 17 years without distinction, or if the frequency of domestic workers is separated by age ranges such as 5 to 11, 12 to 15, and 16 to 17 years. There was also a focus on the age at which the subjects started working.

Race/colour: to study the predominance of race/colour among those that carried out domestic activities compared with other child workers engaged in other kinds of activities.

Hours of work: to identify the number of hours, on average, a child domestic worker works per week.

Remuneration: in order to learn what kind of remuneration the child receives; whether it is paid in cash or in kind, and also what the role of this remuneration is within the family revenues.

Education: to check if child domestic workers can read and write and their school qualification. Also to know the grade the child attends/attended so as to compare it with the age and to determine the child's educational delay .

Family: in order to know if the child domestic worker has a living mother and what the family income is per capita.

Maternity: to learn about the occurrence of pregnancy among child domestic workers.

This report contains the following contents:

- 5-17 year old child profiles in Brazil in the 90s;
- evolution of child work in Brazil;
- social-economic features of child domestic workers; and
- final comments and recommendations.

Child labour in Brazil, in general, despite being reduced during the 1990s, still presents high rates. Out of the total number of children between 5-17 years old (43.308.788), considered in the period 1992-1999, about 17% (7.622.095) did some kind of work. This research has indicated that the Northeast region, besides presenting the highest activity rates in 1998 and 1999, is also the one to present, on average, with the highest absolute number of child labourers. The South presents the highest rates of activity between 1992 and 1995. It was also detected that, during the 90s, on average, the State of Maranhão had the highest activity rates, closely followed by Piauí and Tocantins.

Disaggregating child labour into domestic and non-domestic work, one notices that the former represents, on average, about 10% of the total child labourers. The participation of domestic workers of all children who do some kind of work is greater in the North and Center-West regions. In absolute terms, domestic child labour is higher in the Southeast (262.723 people at the age of 5-17), particularly in the State of Minas Gerais. In relative terms, the highest average rates of domestic activity within the period 1992-1999 are found in Tocantins and Goiás.

Analysing the trends of child labour in Brazil during the 1990s, one can notice a significant reduction in the number of children engaged in domestic and non-domestic activities. Between 1992 and 1999, domestic work in Brazil experienced an average reduction of 7% a year, while non-domestic work showed an annual decrease of approximately 3%. There was also, however, an average rise of 0.7% in the number of children who do not work.

This report has indicated that child labour, besides presenting differences related to the area of occurrence, also presents distinct characteristics, depending on whether it is considered domestic or non-domestic work.

In the case of domestic work, where the number of girls is greater than that of boys, the rate for urban areas is higher than that for rural areas, especially in the Southeast and Northeast of the country. As the girls grow older, they increase participation in domestic activities,

contrasting with decreased school attendance. This causes a rise in the degree of school delay. As most of the workers work more than 40 hours per week, the chance of their not attending school is high, which contributes to an even higher degree of school delay for these workers, taking for a comparative basis school delay of those who do non-domestic work and those who do not work. It was also verified that most of the domestic workers between 5-17 years of age start working when they are between 12-15 years old.

The proportion of domestic workers whose mothers are deceased is higher than the proportion of those doing non-domestic work. This may indicate that families without the mother-figure tend to more frequently use their own children's work to carry out domestic activities, especially if they are girls.

As to income, it was verified that, although a significant number of workers between 5-17 years of age do not receive any kind of payment in cash or in kind (mainly non-domestic ones), the highest rates of domestic child labour and non-domestic work, occur in families whose *per capita* family income is up to 1 minimum wage. In a way, this fact reinforces the hypothesis of low incomes being one of the determinants of the insertion of children into the work market, at least if one considers only those receiving some kind of payment.

Among non-domestic workers, male workers are predominant, more frequently in the rural area and mainly in the Northeast of Brazil. The proportion of non-domestic workers also rises with age, at the same time as school attendance falls. Unlike domestic workers, those workers join the work market more precociously, between 5 and 11 years of age, most of them working up to 20 hours per week.

This report located and characterized domestic child labour in Brazil, pointing out the regions and states more likely to employ the work of children between 5-17 years of age, and identifying the social groups in which this kind of work occurs more frequently. Through this report, we hope to have provided those in charge of policies to fight child domestic work, with indications of its main tendencies and characteristics, as well as some of the causes of children joining the work market, in the hopes of contributing to a more efficient fight against child labour.

Chapter 1

Background

Article 32 of the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child (CRC) 1989 establishes “the child’s right to be protected from economic exploitation and from performing any work that is likely to be hazardous or to interfere with the child’s education, or to be harmful to the child’s health or physical, mental, spiritual, moral or social development.” The International Labour Organization states emphatically that “child labour is work that deprives children of their childhood, their potential and their dignity, and that is harmful to their physical and mental development.”

Nevertheless, it must be taken into consideration how difficult it is to determine the term “child labour” due to cultural specifications from varied countries. In response the ILO has established a minimum age for admission to employment. Convention 138 on Minimum Age 1973 is defined as “the most comprehensive and authoritative international definition of minimum age for admission to employment” (ILO, 2002).

In Article 2, paragraph 3 of this Convention the minimum age of 15 years is stated, however there is some flexibility offered as in paragraph 3 of this same Article it is stated: “Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 3 of this Article, a member whose economy and educational facilities are insufficiently developed may, after consultation with the organizations of employers and workers concerned, where such exist, initially specify a minimum age of 14 years.”

It is important to point out that work activities carried out within the child’s own home such as helping their parents carry out household tasks, as long as they do not disturb school performance and the child’s bio-psycho-social development, are considered beneficial to the child’s personal and social growth and are not to be included in the category of child labour.

The current report exhibits and analyzes data from the National Household Sample Survey (NHSS) on child domestic activities at the households of third parties in Brazil in select years of the 1990s. The report complies with the ILO’s child labour definition:

“Child labour refers to work that:

- . *is mentally, physically or morally dangerous and harmful to children; and*
- . *interferes with their schooling:*
 - *by depriving them of the opportunity to attend school;*
 - *by obliging them to leave school prematurely; or*

-by requiring them to attempt to combine school attendance with excessively long and heavy work.”

The main focus of this research is on child² domestic labour. Child domestic labour is understood as the work carried out by children in the households of third parties, with remuneration in cash or in kind. House cleaning, laundering, cooking, baby sitting, caring for old people, among others, are tasks included in this kind of work. Remarkably, the domestic work carried out by children within their own household is not considered child labour and therefore is out of the scope of minimum age determination.

ILO Convention 138 allows some flexibility regarding whether to include child domestic labour or not in the minimum age legislation. The Brazilian decision was to include this category and the minimum age to start domestic labour was defined as 16 years. ILO Convention on the Worst Forms of Child Labour 1999 (182), complements Convention 138 and establishes measures to forbid and eliminate the worst forms of child labour. Brazil ratified this Convention in 2000.

Convention 182 defines the worst forms of child labour as:

- (a) all forms of slavery or practices similar to slavery, such as the sale and trafficking of children, debt bondage and serfdom and forced or compulsory labour, including forced or compulsory recruitment of children for use in armed conflict;*
- (b) the use, procuring or offering of a child for prostitution, for the production of pornography or for pornographic performances;*
- (c) the use, procuring or offering of a child for illicit activities, in particular for the production and trafficking of drugs as defined in the relevant international treaties;*
- (d) work which, by its nature or the circumstances in which it is carried out, is likely to harm the health, safety or morals of children.*

Child domestic labour is not explicitly mentioned in Convention 182 but it recommends (accompanying Recommendation 190) “giving special attention to the girl child; and to the problem of hidden work situations, in which girls are at special risk.” It is known that domestic labour is carried out at private households and is frequently a hidden form of labour, difficult to be detected and inspected, and difficult to draw up legislation around. Furthermore, child domestic labour in Brazil, which is carried out especially by girls, is characterized by a lack of remuneration in cash³; physical, sexual or psychological abuse; detrimental impact on children’s education; lack of leisure; long work hours; and negative health, security and/or moral influences. In these regards it is considered a worst form of child labour.

² The Brazilian legislation distinguishes between the categories child and adolescent; the term child is understood as persons up to 12 years and the term adolescent as persons ages from 12 to 17 years. For the purposes of this report the category child includes those ages 5 to 17.

³ Remuneration does take place indirectly in kind, given that the child domestic workers are provided with some meals, and sometimes with shelter and clothes.

Considering that the Brazilian government has ratified ILO Conventions 182 and 138 and created the “Estatuto da Criança e do Adolescente” (ECA) – the *Child and Adolescent Statute*, in 1990, inspired in the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child (CRC), the state, the civil society and the families are politically committed to eradicate child domestic work or restrict it to the requirements of the legislation, assuring, therefore, children’s and adolescents’ rights.

In Brazil, mainly due to the implementation of the ILO’s International Programme on the Elimination of Child Labour (IPEC) in 1992, the child labour issue has been receiving meaningful attention and efforts towards its eradication have been taking place. Worldwide, IPEC has been developing programmes addressing child domestic labour, especially in Asia and Latin America. IPEC’s activities in South America started in 1996, and in 1997, domestic child labour was considered hazardous. In 1998, ILO/IPEC and Save the Children exchanged collaborative relations to work on this issue; the international technical meeting “*Niñez Trabajadora en Hogares de Terceros*” took place. On this occasion, the inter-institutional group involving Save the Children, ILO, UNICEF, Fundação Abrinq and CEDECA Emaús (Belém, Pará state, Brazil) which was implemented in Brazil in 1999, formulated an initial version of a national proposal to eliminate child domestic labour. In Brasília, in June 2000, child domestic labour was again on the agenda and discussed during the seminar “*Elaboração de uma Estratégia de Combate ao Trabalho Infantil no Serviço Doméstico - Elaboration of a Strategy to Eradicate Child Domestic Labour*” sponsored by the ILO with the partnership of the inter-institutional group, assembling representatives of research institutions and governmental and non-governmental organizations. Based on this event, ILO/IPEC, since 1991, has been developing an investigation and intervention project which is being carried out in Belo Horizonte, Recife and Belém. It involves a Rapid Assessment research and an Action Programme for each one of these cities. This national project is part of the regional project by ILO/IPEC on child domestic workers: “*Prevenção e Eliminação do Trabalho Infantil Doméstico em Casas de Terceros na América do Sul*” (Brasil, Colômbia, Paraguai and Peru), launched in March, 2001 forecast to be completed in 2004.

The research presented in this report is part of the effort to understand the reality of child domestic labour in Brazil and its main targets are to characterize the profiles of children (5-17 years of age) involved in this type of activity, as well as to identify factors that force children to enter the domestic labour market, such as poverty or mothers’ education level.

Furthermore, based on the information from NHSS concerning the years 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998 and 1999, the research aims to analyze the evolution of domestic child labour, establishing a base for comparison with non-domestic work and with non-working children.

Chapter 2

The Legal Framework in Brazil

There are legal standards in Brazil that apply to both general child labour and specifically child domestic labour. The standards concerning child labour are in Article 7, clause XXXIII, and 227 of the Federal Constitution and, in particular, in Articles 60 to 69 and 248 of the Estatuto da Criança e do Adolescente (ECA) – the Child and Adolescent Statute. Article 7, Clause XXXIII refers to the minimum age for admission to work, which was altered from 14 to 16 years by the Constitutional Amendment no. 20 of 15 December, 1998.

The legal norms which apply to domestic labour are outlined in clause XXXIV of Article 7 of the Federal Constitution, which guarantees to the domestic workers the rights foreseen in clauses IV (minimum wage) and VI (protection of wage from deductions), VIII (13th month salaries/year), XV (a remunerated day off/week), XVII (remunerated vacations added of 1/3 of the regular wage), XVIII (120-day maternity leave), XIX (paternity leave), XXI (prior notice of dismissal, proportional to working period – minimum 30 days) and XXIV (retirement), as well as the registration in the social security system; in articles 8th and 9th of the Federal Constitution (right to join a work union) in Law n. 5.859/72 and Decree n. 71.885/73 (domestic work); Law n. 1.028/2001 (deposit in the Time of Work Guarantee Fund- Fundo de Garantia por Tempo de Serviço); Laws ns. 8.212/91 and 8.213/91 and Regulatory Decree n. 3.048/99 (Social Security); Law 605/49 (remunerated weekly rest); Law n. 7418/85 and Decree n. 92.247/87 (transport bonus); Law n. 9.029/95 (discrimination at work) and in the *Consolidação das Leis de Trabalho* - Labour Law Consolidation (CLT), "*whose norms do not cover domestic work, except when legal references are made to this Consolidation or due to jurisprudential and doctrinal judgement*" (Oliveira, s/d,5).

Article 227 states that the family, the society and the State ought to provide children and adolescents with, by utmost priority, the rights to life, health, adequate nutrition, education, leisure, professional skills, culture, dignity, respect, freedom, community and family relationship, and to protect them from all forms of negligence, discrimination, violence, cruelty and oppression. The 3rd paragraph of the same article specifies that the right to special protection must extend to include respect for the minimum age, access to school for adolescent workers and others. According to Oliveira⁴ (s/d,4) Article 227 in the Federal Constitutional "*states the general principles which must guide the ordinary legislator, national policies and governmental/non-governmental attitudes concerning children and adolescent's rights, without excluding, therefore, domestic child labour*". Articles 60 to 69 of ECA constitute chapter V, named "*of the right to professional skills and protection at work*", and Article 248 states the penalties for whoever "*neglects to present to the legal*

⁴ For a full legal analysis please refer to: OLIVEIRA, Oris de. (s/d). *O Trabalho Infantil Doméstico em Casa de Terceiros no Direito Brasileiro*. OIT/IPEC. Mimeo.

authority of his/her household, within the period of 5 days, with the objective of legalizing the protection, an adolescent brought from another jurisdiction so as to be of domestic assistance, even though parents or responsible guardians have made explicit their approvals". According to Oliveira (s/d, 24-25), this Article has created the "*figure of a hybrid guardian, distinguished from the "common one", in which there is a guardian who is at the same time a 'stricto sense' employer*", being an irregularity to employ children under 16 for domestic work, regardless the payment of currency and/or assistance and fail to guarantee the rights which rule the domestic work, without any losses for the concerning norms of the ECA in favour of the adolescents aged 16 or more. The enforcement against any abuse detected under the realm of this guardian figure created by Article 248 is the responsibility of the Tutelary Council, Public Ministry and Child and Adolescent Court.

The norm concerning the minimum age forbids that any job or work be offered to children under 14 and it states that the job/work admission minimum age is 16, nevertheless, it allows a 14 year old child to be accepted as an apprentice. It is prohibited to expose workers under age 18 - without exception - to any kind of tasks which may be hazardous, unsanitary, demand hard efforts, and hazardous to physical, mental, moral and social development.

According to the Brazilian legislation domestic child work is only allowed for 16 year old workers or older, and it is not possible for 14 year old workers to be accepted as an apprentice with the purpose of learning a job, as, in accordance to Oliveira (s/d,12-13) "in order to bind together the acquisition of knowledge and an agreement for domestic child work, there must be ALTERABILITY: - a "theoretical" part at a "skill learning center" and its "practice" MONITORED at the job site. Without this interface "theory/practice" there will be no acquisition of knowledge". The mentioned author points out two legal consequences in a case where a child under 16 year old was hired for a domestic job:

- if the minimum age had not been achieved, the work done by the child must be interrupted immediately without any losses concerning both the payment of all work already done by her during the period the child was illegally employed and the compensation of any moral and physical losses and damages;
- if the allowed minimum age had already been reached, the work can continue to be carried out by the child and all the time worked shall be taken into account for all legal purposes and labour rights"(p.7)

Besides the rights mentioned above the child domestic workers (those 16-17 years old) are granted the following rights:

- Legal assistance during the establishment of the work agreement based on the possession of a good-behaviour testimony issued by a police authority or by a reliable person; health certificate, work and social security card with records holding the admission date, salary, vacation data and date of dismissal;
- Right (employer's optional decision) to the Fundo de Garantia por Tempo de Serviço - Time of Work Guarantee Fund;
- Right to attend school (the job cannot stop the worker from attending classes);

- Right to compensation for unjustified dismissal in case the worker is registered in the Time of Work Guarantee Fund (claim of 40% of the Guarantee Fund);
- Right to compensation or reintegration to the job, when dismissal is proved to have been discriminatory due to factors such as sex, origin, race, colour, marital status and family history;
- Right to union membership, even though the Ministry of Labour and Employment does not recognize unions, without any legal support;
- Right to inspection: the Ministry of Labour and Employment has limited action restrained to individual cases with the objective of clearing out doubts on vacation and records on the work card, unable to apply administrative penalties for lack of legal support;
- Right to assistance from the legal representative and, in his/her absence, from the Public Ministry, from the union or from a tutor, for legal actions held in court;
- Right to action to protect their rights at the individual, collective and meta-individual level. In the latter case, action will be taken by the Public Prosecutors, on behalf of the society or by Trade Unions, on behalf of the professional category they represent. Nevertheless, there are no records of cases taken by Public Prosecutors to the Labour Courts aiming to protect the rights of child domestic workers.
- Right to request individual legal actions in spite of a lack of meaningful records of individual and public legal actions focusing on adolescent domestic work;
- Right to a duration of work compatible with the school schedule, although the hours of work norms are not applicable to domestic work.

National, state, municipal and tutelary legal councils, enforced by ECA articles 88, 131 and 132 share responsibility for actions against child labour, in charge of protecting children's rights, in general, and particularly, the rights of those employed in domestic work, together with the Public Ministry and the Child and Adolescent Court. Among the policies of the Conselho Nacional dos Direitos da Criança e do Adolescente (CONANDA)– National Council for Child and Adolescent Rights, the National Programme for Prevention and Eradication of Child Labour is highlighted. It is under the charge of the Fórum Nacional de Prevenção e Erradicação do Trabalho Infantil – National Forum for Prevention and Eradication of Child Labour, an organ composed of governmental and non-governmental organizations, trade unions, and employers associations. That forum created a theme group dealing with domestic child labour, although, as observed by Oliveira (s,d,21) there are no records of “*general or specific initiatives , inside the forum, focusing on child domestic work.*” On the other hand, there are no instructions concerning this kind of work issued by CONANDA.

None of the constitutional reform projects or ordinary laws related to domestic labour aim at the domestic adolescent's specific rights, although, this shall be improved pending the approval of the projects.

When comparing Brazilian laws and ILO Conventions 138 and 182, Oliveira (op. cit., 30-31) concludes that the contents in the national norms and in the Conventions are

compatible, and that in Brazil, Convention 138 is fully applicable to domestic child labour. Furthermore, the author observed that the national legislation is more rigid than Convention 138 regarding the prohibition of light work for those under 16 years old and the impossibility to approve the work at 16 on in unhealthy and unsafe occupational environments, and the fact that the Brazilian law foresees no sanctions for failing to obey the norms concerning the domestic work. For Oliveira (op. cit., 31) “*Brazil accepts the compromise to review the sanctions, at least for child work, when supporting Convention 138*”. Regarding Convention 182, the Ministry of Labour and Employment has nominated a tripartite committee to define a list of the worst child labour features, which was updated by Act SIT (Labour Inspection Services)/MTE (Ministry of Labour) no. 20 of September 13th, 2001, depicting hazardous and unhealthy places and tasks which are forbidden for adolescents. Generally, domestic child labour was not pointed out.

Chapter 3

Research Methodology

The aim of this research is to analyze child labour tendencies in Brazil during the 1990s. To start with, the total population was taken into consideration as well as the percentage of people aged between 5-17 years, focusing on the race, colour and sex of this age group. The proportion of children and adolescents per geographic macro-region (Northeast, Southeast, South, Center-West and North) was registered and the percentage of working people was calculated. The analysis of child domestic labour in households of third parties, with remuneration in cash or in kind, which is the subject of this research, was carried out in comparison with children engaged in non-domestic work and the population of non-working children. This procedure made it possible to point out the specifics of child domestic labour.

The data used in this research were obtained from cd-roms edited by the Pesquisa Nacional por Amostragem de Domicílio-(PNDA), National Household Sample Survey (NHSS) - 1992, 1993, 1998 and 1999 produced by the Instituto Brasileiro de Geografia e Estatística - Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics (IBGE) and refer to all the Brazilian geographical regions except for the rural area of the North region (including the states of Rondônia, Acre, Amazonas Roraima Pará e Amapá).

NHSS's role is to produce basic information for researching Brazilian social-economic development. It is a research methodology based on the sampling of domiciles with multiple purposes looking into several social-economic characteristics of the population, with varied periodicity such as migration, fertility, marriage rates, health, nutrition and other topics that are included in the research system depending on the country's demand for information. Because of its large amount of data for the cases to be studied and the most meaningful sampling, considering that the present research covers the whole country, NHSS is the best data base available. Furthermore, NHSS is carried out yearly which makes it an excellent data source for the studying of trends.

This research focuses on the years 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998 and 1999. This is because in 1991, the NHSS did not take place due to the Population Census; in 1994, due to exceptional reasons NHSS data collection was not carried out; and in 1996 and 1997, the collection of information on labour was not undertaken for the 5-9 year age group.

NHSS defines a *domestic worker* as one who works with remuneration in cash or in kind in one or more households; a *non-domestic worker* as one who works with or without remuneration in cash or in kind in any other economically active sector besides in households; and *non-working* as those who have not performed any type of work in the last reference week.

This research is meant to outline social-economic profiles of child domestic workers based on the following variables:

Sex: to learn about the selectivity of domestic work related to this variable, that is, to check if domestic work is carried out either by female or male children aged from 5 to 17 years or if these activities are carried out exclusively by females.

Age: to learn about the selectivity of domestic work related to age, that is, to check if domestic work is carried out by children and adolescents aged 5 to 17 years without distinction, or if the frequency of domestic workers is separated by age ranges such as 5 to 11, 12 to 15, and 16 to 17 years. There was also a focus on the age at which the subjects started working.

Race/colour: to study the predominance of race/colour among those that carried out domestic activities compared with other child workers engaged in other kinds of activities.

Hours of work: to identify the number of hours, on average, a child domestic worker works per week.

Remuneration: in order to learn what kind of remuneration the child receives; whether it is paid in cash or in kind, and also what the role of this remuneration is within the family revenues.

Education: to check if child domestic workers can read and write and their school qualification. Also to know the grade the child attends/attended so as to compare it with the age and to determine the child's educational delay .

Family: in order to know if the child domestic worker has a living mother and what the family income is per capita.

Maternity: to learn about the occurrence of pregnancy among child domestic workers.

This report contains the following contents:

- 5-17 year old child profiles in Brazil in the 90s;
- evolution of child work in Brazil;
- social-economic features of child domestic workers; and
- final comments and recommendations.

Chapter 4

Profiles of Children Aged Between 5 and 17 in Brazil During the 1990s

In 1992, the population of Brazil was 146 million inhabitants; of these 44 million were children between ages 5 to 17 years, representing 30% of the population at that time. In 1995, this ratio was unchanged, around 29% (44 million) out of a total 152 million inhabitants. In 1999, although the population increased to 160 million, the share of the population in the same age range dropped to 42,7 million inhabitants, that is, 26.7% of the total population at that time. These figures show that the number of children within the 5-17 age range, is a meaningful share of the Brazilian population and those responsible for planning and implementing public policies should be aware of this reality.

Table 1 – 5-17 year old children, as per age range group and reference year

	5-11		12-15		16-17		Total (5-17)
	Freq	%	Freq	%	Freq	%	
1992	23,851,025	55.38	13,197,899	30.64	6,018,131	13.97	43,067,055
1993	23,755,329	54.40	13,790,875	31.58	6,124,041	14.02	43,670,245
1995	23,121,924	52.57	14,342,98	32.61	6,519,645	14.82	43,984,067
1998	22,264,022	51.74	13,801,869	32.08	6,960,618	16.18	43,026,509
1999	22,084,654	51.60	13,734,184	32.09	6,977,224	16.30	42,796,062

Source: Elaborated by Lumen/ICA PUC Minas on data from IBGE: NHSS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

The analysis of the number of children per age range in 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998 and 1999 shows that along the years, the proportion of children in each age range subgroup was kept relatively constant. Nevertheless, in the 5-11 year range, a decrease is noticeable in 1992, (55.38%) compared to 1999 (51.60%) and, on the other hand, there is an increase within the 12-15 year range, in 1992 (30.64%) compared to 1999 (32.09%). A more significant increase is shown in the 16-17 year range from 1992 (13.97%) to 1999 (16.3%).

Table 2 – Brazil- 5-17 year old Children , as per colour /race and reference year

	White		Black		Brown		Indian		Yellow		Not declared		Total
	Freq	%	Freq	%	Freq	%	Freq	%	Freq	%	Freq	%	
1992	21,283,752	49.42	2,126,408	4.94	19,493,851	45.26	36,078	0.08	125,078	0.29	1,888	0	43,067,055
1993	21,579,019	49.41	2,071,511	4.74	19,778,584	45.29	58,194	0.13	171,129	0.39	11,808	0.03	43,670,245
1995	21,819,499	49.61	1,977,695	4.50	19,969,800	45.40	50,071	0.11	159,999	0.36	7,003	0.02	43,984,067
1998	21,087,938	49.01	2,179,775	5.07	19,481,736	45.28	119,748	0.28	152,997	0.36	4,315	0.01	43,026,509
1999	21,092,752	49.29	2,093,821	4.89	19,405,718	45.34	71,234	0.17	127,897	0.30	4,640	0.01	42,796,062

Source: Elaborated by Lumen/ICA PUC Minas on data from IBGE: NHSS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

Regarding race and colour it is noticeable that, on average, 49% of the children aged 5-17 years in the period 1992-1999 are white. Brown⁵ children come second (45% on average); in a remote third place are black children (4.83%), yellow children are fourth (0.34%) and finally, indian children, representing 0.15% of the total population under analysis.

Table 3 - Brazil- 5-17 year old children, as per sex and reference year

	Males	%	Females	%	TOTAL
1992	21.728.389	50,45	21.338.666	49,5	43.067.055
1993	21.918.036	50,19	21.752.209	49,8	43.670.245
1995	22.226.794	50,53	21.757.273	49,5	43.984.067
1998	21.925.446	50,96	21.101.063	49,0	43.026.509
1999	21.687.909	50,68	21.108.153	49,3	42.796.062
AVERAGE	21.897.315	50,56	21.411.473	49,4	43.308.788

Source: Elaborated by Lumen/ICA PUC Minas on data from IBGE: NHSS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

Table 3 shows that the male and female ratios are homogeneous within the group of children ages 5-17 years, although the number of males (50.6%) is slightly larger than that of females (49.4%).

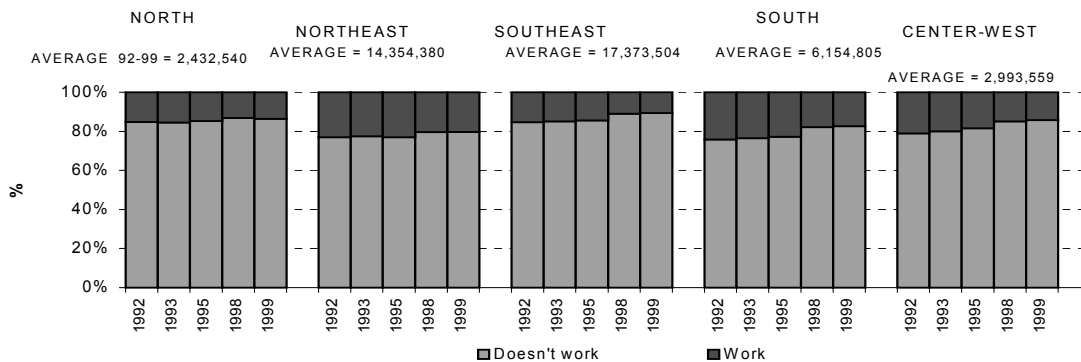
⁵ The term “brown children” has been selected as the best English translation from the Portuguese term “pardo”. “Pardo” - and in the case of this report “brown” - includes all non-white and non-black children (including indigenous peoples and mixes encompassing, but NOT exclusively, black/white mixes).

Chapter 5

Evolution of Child Work in Brazil

The proportion of children in each national macro-region (Southeast, Northeast, South, Center-West and North) obviously reflects the absolute concentration of people within each one of these regions. Consequently, on average, the largest number of children in the 5-17 year old range are in the Southeast (17,3 million), where there is the concentration of 40% of all Brazilian children. The other regions are represented as follows: Northeast (33%), South (14%), Center-West (7%) and North (5.6%) come next.

Graph 1 – Relative distribution (%) of 5 –17 year olds, as per the occupational situation, year and region



Source: Elaborated by Lumen/ICA PUC Minas on data from IBGE: NHSS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

The graph above shows that South and Northeast regions have the largest share of children in charge of some kind of work. Actually, 21% of children within the 5-17 year old range living in these two regions are engaged in work. This rate has been decreasing gradually in all the regions, and this reduction is more intense in the Center-West and weaker in the Northeast, where the proportion was almost constant in the 1992-1999 period.

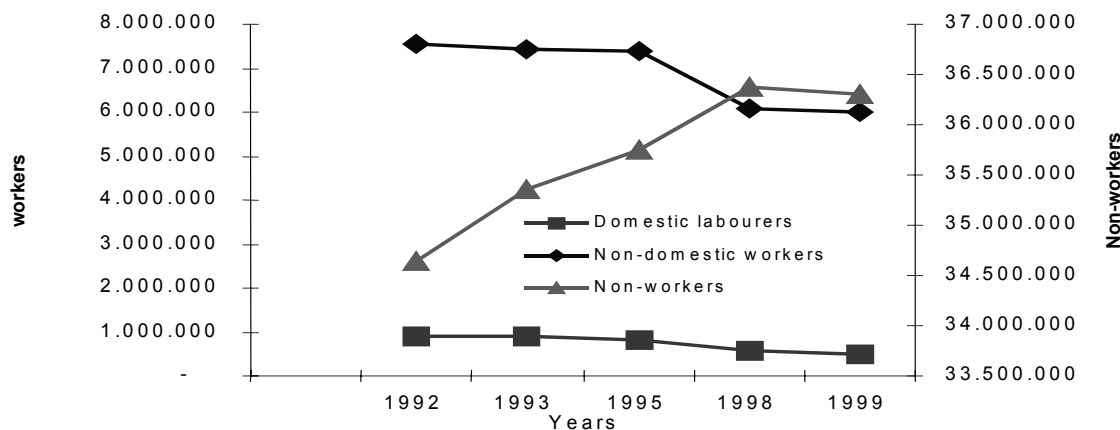
Table 4 – Brazil – Growth rates and number of people ages 5 to 17, as per kind of work and reference year (1992-1999)

Reference year	Domestic workers	Growth rate	Non-domestic-workers	Growth rate	Non-work	Growth rate
1992	882,807	1.256	7,540,641	-1.620	34,643,607	2.062
1993	893,898	-7.301	7,418,493	-0.182	35,357,854	1.110
1995	828,636	-32.387	7,404,987	-17.785	35,750,444	1.756
1998	560,267	-10.250	6,088,002	-1.611	36,378,240	-0.206
1999	502,839		5,989,906		36,303,317	
Yearly Average	733,689	-6.95	6,888,406	-3.03	35,686,692	0.67

Source: Elaborated Lumen/ on data from IBGE: NHSS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

Regarding the years presented in Table 4, it is possible to state that in Brazil, on average, 7,622,095 people within the 5-17 year old range did some kind of work (with or without remuneration). 9.6% (733,689) were involved in some kind of domestic activity, while the other children were in charge of other kinds of work. On average, domestic labour was reduced by 6.95%. Remarkably, within the period 1995-1998, the reduction reached 32.38%.

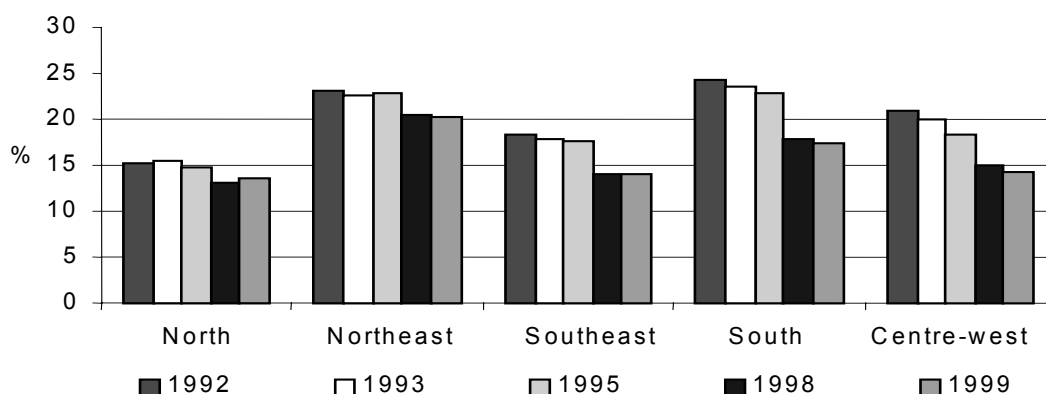
Graph 2 – Trends for child labour and non-working children, as per reference year



Source: Elaborated by Lumen/ICA PUC Minas on data from IBGE: NHSS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

Regarding the NHSS data from 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998 and 1999 (Table 4) it is noticeable that between 1992 and 1993 child domestic labour increased 1.26%. Nevertheless, during the other periods this growth rate was negative, accounting for the reduction of this kind of activity along the studied period. On average, between 1992 and 1999, these children's domestic labour decreased 7.0% per year. Regarding other kinds of work, on the one hand, the average decrease is equal to 3.0% per year. On the other hand, the ratio of children who did not work increased, on average, 0,7% per year within the period 1992-1999, considering that there has been a reduction of the number of children carrying out some kind of work. Hypothetically, policies to eradicate child labour, enforced by Federal, State and Municipal authority action, and the issue of specific legislation (Brazilian Constitution, ECA and CLT) which prohibit child labour, have contributed to achieving a decrease.

Graph 3 – Economically active population aged 5-17 year rate evolution



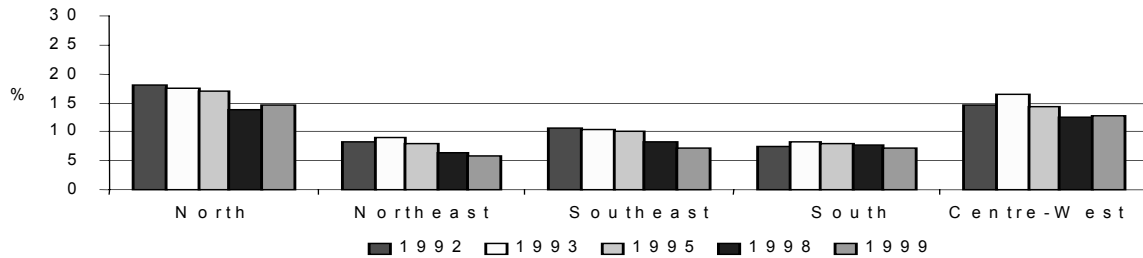
Source: Elaborated by Lumen/ICA PUC Minas on data from IBGE: NHSS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

Studying the evolution of the rate of activities in the macro-regions per year, a meaningful difference is noticed. From 1992 to 1995 the largest rate of child labour was in the South and Northeast. From 1995 onwards, the largest activity rates are in the Northeast and South, respectively.⁶ It is visually noticeable that the largest decrease of child labour between 1992 and 1999 took place in the South and Center-West regions.

Beginning in the 1990s, child labour eradication programmes were intensified due to international pressures. Since then, social mobilization could be observed among private corporations, NGOs and philanthropic institutions. There was a trend towards the decrease of child labour, due to the implementation of such programmes, nevertheless it is noticeable that child labour with low remuneration increased during the last decade. Keeping in mind such concerns, this research assesses the efficiency of such programmes and trusts that the Child and Adolescent Statute has, in certain ways, succeeded in reaching its goal.

⁶ Notice that as for the North region the rural area is not taken into account, its activity rates may be underestimated.

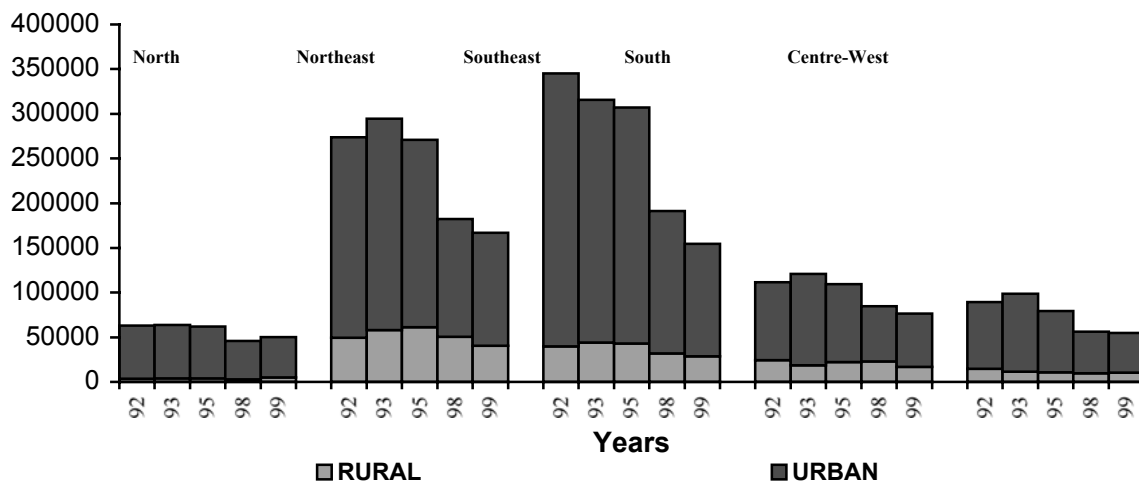
Graph 4 – 5-17 year old child domestic workers’ participation among the working population, 1992-1999



Source: Elaborated by Lumen/ICA PUC Minas on data from IBGE: NHSS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

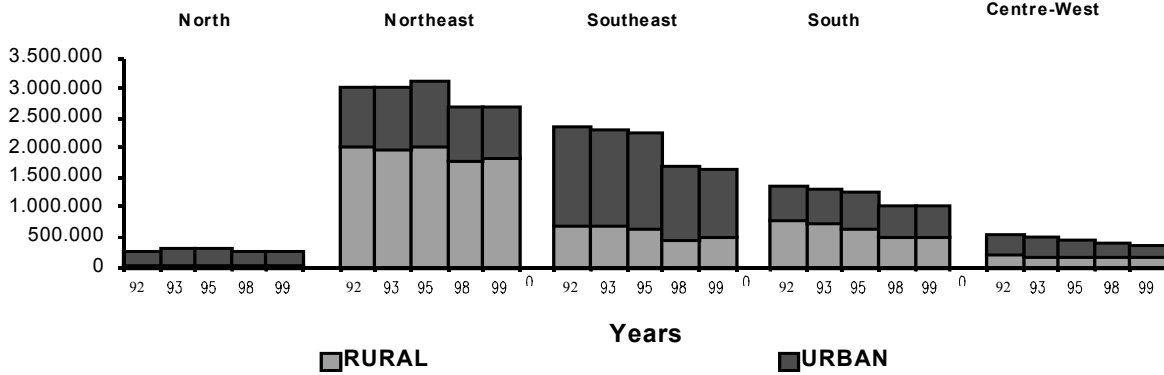
The analysis of domestic activity rates with calculations based upon the number of 5-17 year old working children, shows that the largest number of children involved in domestic activities among the working population are in the North and Center-West regions. Although these activity rates present a reduction since 1992, it is noticeable that from 1998 on there is an increase of the domestic child labour activity rates in the North and Center-West regions, which may be implying a rising trend of this kind of work for future years.

Graph 5 – 5-17 year old domestic workers, as per area of occurrence and region, 1992-1999



Source: Elaborated by Lumen/ICA PUC Minas on data from IBGE: NHSS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

Graph 6 – 5-17 year old non-domestic workers as per area of occurrence and region, 1992-1999



Source: Elaborated by Lumen/ICA PUC Minas on data from IBGE: NHSS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

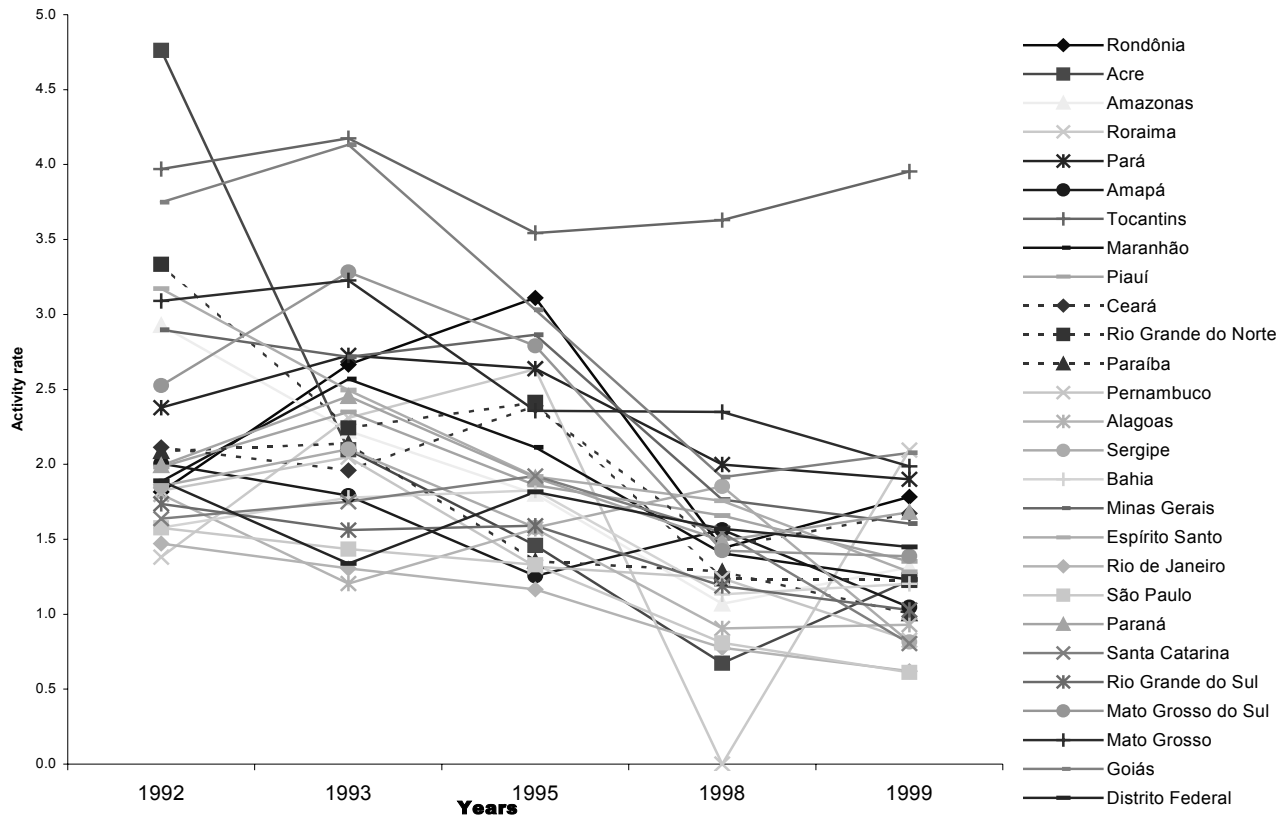
Regarding the distribution of workers throughout urban or rural areas, it is noticeable that in 1992 domestic labour is typically done within the urban area, with a larger variation in the rural area in the South region (21,92%) and Northeast (18,16%). In every Brazilian region the domestic labour is more frequent in the urban area rather than the rural one. In 1998, the smallest concentration in the urban area is in the Northeast (72%) whereas the largest concentration is in the North⁷ (94%), approximately. In 1998, domestic labour in rural areas is higher in the South, 27% and in the Northeast, 28%.

Findings regarding non-domestic work show the following features: in 1999, the urban concentration is larger in the Center-West, 61% of the workers, whereas, in the Northeast, the largest concentration is in the rural areas, 67%; in 1995, in the North region, the largest concentration is in the rural areas, 91%; in the Southeast, in 1995 and 1998, the largest concentration is in the urban areas, 72%. The largest concentration in the South is in the rural areas, in 1992, 56%.

The majority of the non-working children live in Brazilian urban areas.

⁷ Notice that as for the North region the rural area is not taken into account, its activity rates may be underestimated.

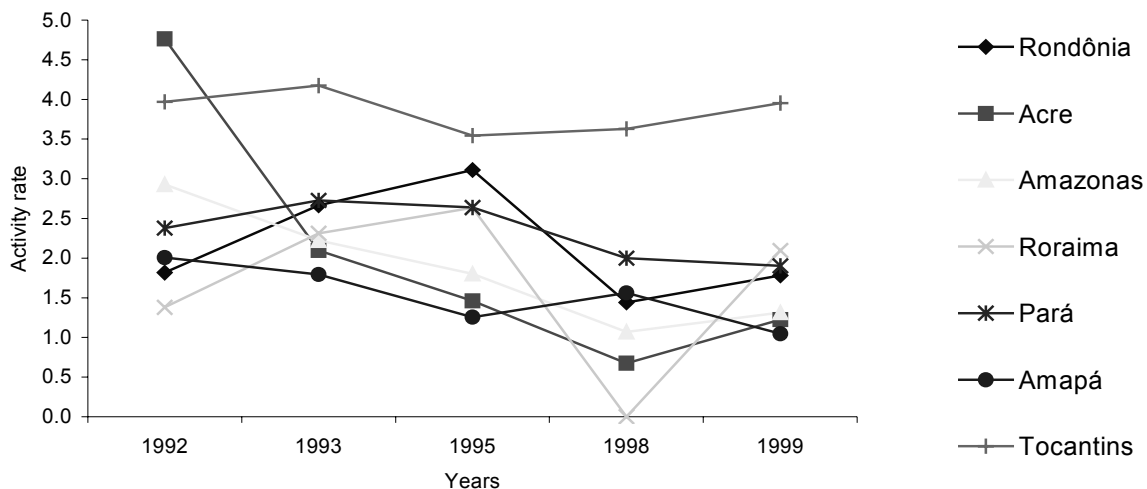
Graph 7 – 5-17 year old child domestic activity rates, as per federal states and reference year



Source: Elaborated by Lumen/ICA PUC Minas on data from IBGE: NHSS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

Graph 7 shows that, in general, the domestic activity rate has been decreasing within the Federal States throughout the selected period of time. Consequently, there was a reduction of this activity rate in Brazil as a whole. The average national domestic activity rate dropped from 2.05%, in 1992 to 1.17%, in 1999. In other words, in 1999, for each group of 100 children, 1.17% were involved in domestic labour activities.

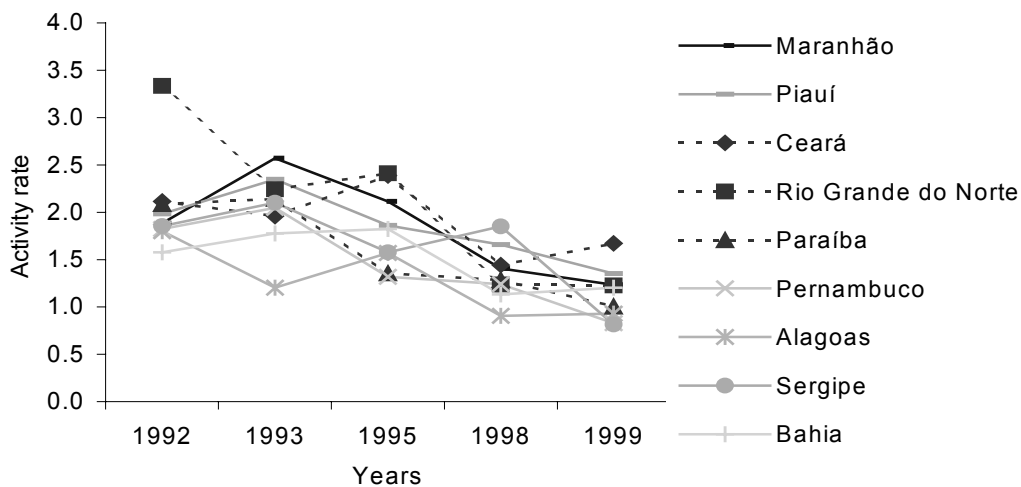
Graph 8 – 5-17 year old child domestic activity rates, as per the North region and reference year



Source: Elaborated by Lumen/ICA PUC Minas on data from IBGE: NHSS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

In the North region the domestic activity rate decreased in every state, except in the state of Tocantins where it increased.

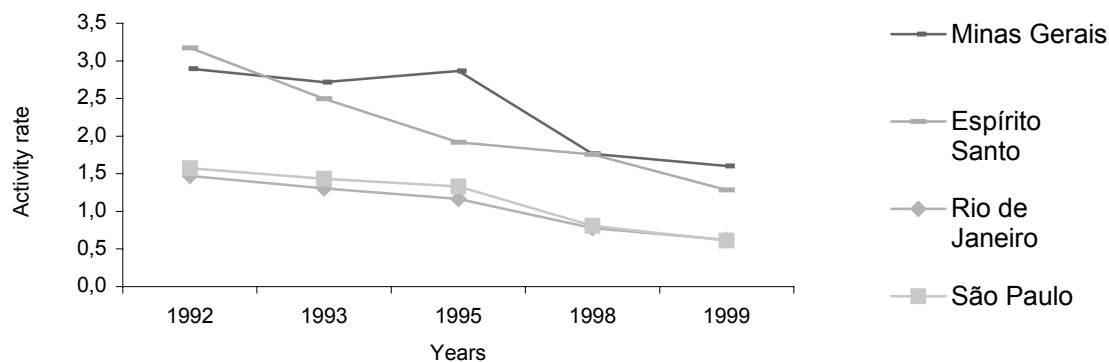
Graph 9 – 5-17 year old child domestic activity rates, as per the Northeast region and reference year



Source: Elaborated by Lumen/ICA PUC Minas on data from IBGE: NRHS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

In every state of the Northeast region, the 5-17 year old child domestic activity rates decreased.

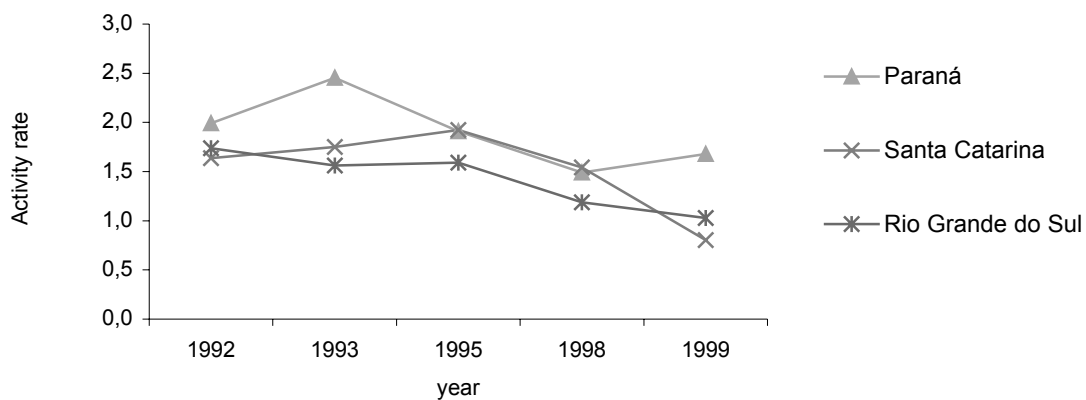
Graph 10 – 5-17 year old child domestic activity rates, as per the Southeast and reference year



Source: Elaborated by Lumen/ICA PUC Minas on data from IBGE: NHSS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

In the Southeast region the domestic activity rate decreased in every state.

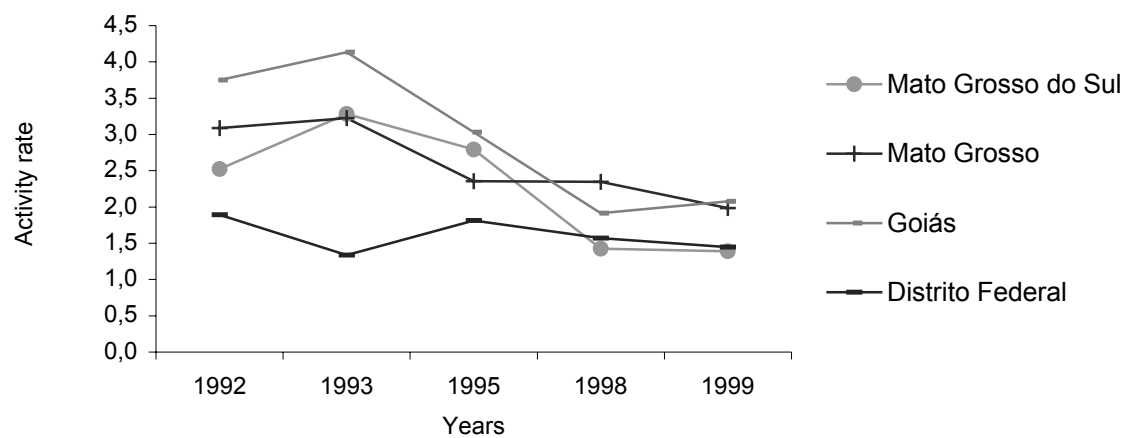
Graph 11 – 5-17 year old child domestic activity rates, as per the South and reference year



Source: Elaborated by Lumen/ICA PUC Minas on data from IBGE: NHSS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

In the South region the domestic activity rate decreased in every state.

Graph 12 – 5-17 year old child domestic activity rates, as per the Center-West and reference year



Source: Elaborated by Lumen/ICA PUC Minas on data from IBGE: NHSS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

In the Center-West region the domestic activity rate decreased in every state.

Chapter 6

Social and Demographic Features of Child Domestic Labour

Sex: When considering the division of boys and girls in child domestic labour, it is noticeable that female children are in the majority. For the 1992-1999 period, on average, for each group of 100 5-17 year olds involved in domestic labour activities, 95 are females and only 5 are males. It should be noted that the proportion is kept fairly constant when the national scenery is divided into macro-regions.

On the other hand, for children engaged in non-domestic activities, this relation is inverted with the number of boys being predominant. On average, between 1992 and 1999, 73% of children involved in non-domestic activities are males; this proportion is even higher in the North (78%) and Center-West (77%) regions, whereas the Northeast (72%), Southeast (72%) and South (67%) regions show a number of boys involved in non-domestic activities lower than the national average.

The distribution of domestic workers per region and per sex does not exhibit great variation. The predominant factor is the high prevalence of girls in this work in all regions and throughout the whole decade (95%). Concerning the non-domestic child workers the largest percentage is male; in all regions the rate is, on average, over 70%, exception for the South region where the rate for child male workers is close to 67%.

Age range:

Table 5 – Brazil – Domestic, non-domestic and non-working children as per selected age ranges (1992-1999)

		Domestic labour	% share among domestic labour	Non-domestic work	% share among non-domestic work	Non-working people	Child total
1992	5-11	51,186	5.80	1,507,992	20.00	22,291,847	23,851,025
	12-15	438,323	49.65	3,401,287	45.11	9,358,289	13,197,899
	16-17	393,298	44.55	2,631,362	34.90	2,993,471	6,018,131
1993	5-11	33,172	3.71	1,426,195	19.22	22,295,962	23,755,329
	12-15	450,531	50.40	3,364,635	45.35	9,975,709	13,790,875
	16-17	410,195	45.89	2,627,663	35.42	3,086,183	6,124,041
1995	5-11	29,696	3.58	1,340,460	18.10	21,751,768	23,121,924
	12-15	417,938	50.44	3,359,870	45.37	10,564,690	14,342,498
	16-17	381,002	45.98	2,704,657	36.52	3,433,986	6,519,645
1998	5-11	19,042	3.40	1,022,604	16.80	21,222,376	22,264,022
	12-15	225,310	40.21	2,640,296	43.37	10,936,263	13,801,869
	16-17	315,915	56.39	2,425,102	39.83	4,219,601	6,960,618
1999	5-11	10,787	2.15	1,012,178	16.90	21,061,689	22,084,654
	12-15	219,530	43.66	2,600,771	43.42	10,913,883	13,734,184
	16-17	272,522	54.20	2,376,957	39.68	4,327,745	6,977,224

Source: Elaboration Lumen/ICA PUC Minas from data from IBGE

Contradicting the Child and Adolescent Statute which accepts children over the age of 14 working as long as the child is under the condition of an apprentice, we noticed that in all the years analysed in this research the highest occurrence of child labour is among the children between ages 12 and 15 years. Separating the kinds of work by age ranges, one notices that in 1992, 1993, 1995, among the domestic workers, the 12-15 year age range was predominant, representing almost 50% of those in the 5-17 year old range.

Nevertheless, in 1998 and 1999, the 16-17 age group represented the majority of domestic workers, representing, on average, 55% of those same workers. It must be pointed out that even gathered in different age groups, the 16-17 year age group represents a significant share of all those involved in some kind of activity, domestic or not. The fact that older age range groups represent a larger share of people involved in some kind of activity reflects the fact that the older the child, the greater his/her chances of getting involved in some kind of work activity. Among the non-domestic workers, the group representing the largest part of those engaged in child labour, it is relevant to point out the predominance of the 12-15 year old group, regardless of the analyzed year. On average, this group represents 44% of the total number of people involved in non-domestic activities; whereas the 5-11 year age group accounts for approximately 18%, the 16-17 year group accounts for 38%. Finally, concerning the non-working children it can be stated that the obtained data reinforce the

inverted relation existing between age and the insertion into the job market. In other words, the older the child the greater his/her chances of getting into some kind of work.

In the period between 1992-1999 it is observed that the majority of female domestic workers started their work activities when they were in the 12-15 year age range; the lowest rate was registered in the Center-West region with 48% in 1993. The 5-11 year range follows. In 1998 the Southeast and South regions showed the lowest number of 5-11 year old child domestic workers, with 23% each. The 16-17 year range was in third place and the highest rate was in the Southeast region in 1998 (14%). For non-domestic child workers the age range in which most children start work is 5-11 in all the studied regions except the Southeast. In this region, the age range to start work with the highest score was the 12-15 year old group.

In general, recognizing that the eradication of child labour is still not a reality, it appears that the Child and Adolescent Statute has still contributed to the reduction of child labour in Brazil, especially among those children under 15 years old. The data approached based on the NHSS information show that the number of child workers has been decreasing in all age ranges, regardless of the kind of work activity.

Age at the beginning of work:

Table 6 – Brazil – Age when domestic and non-domestic workers, between 5-17 years old, started to work (1992-1999)

		Domestic	Beginning % among domestic	Non-domestic	Beginning % among non-domestic	TOTAL
1992	5-11	328,740	4.22	4,107,713	52.67	4,436,453
	12-15	488,352	6.26	2,518,098	32.29	3,006,450
	16-17	56,375	0.72	299,524	3.84	355,899
1993	5-11	332,658	4.28	4,176,580	53.78	4,509,238
	12-15	498,807	6.42	2,382,422	30.68	2,881,229
	16-17	57,187	0.74	318,456	4.10	375,643
1995	5-11	282,807	3.68	4,002,561	52.02	4,285,368
	12-15	483,753	6.29	2,509,507	32.62	2,993,260
	16-17	52,934	0.69	362,092	4.71	415,026
1998	5-11	167,355	2.68	3,188,820	51.05	3,356,175
	12-15	329,006	5.27	2,116,104	33.88	2,445,110
	16-17	59,876	0.96	385,092	6.17	444,968
1999	5-11	152,428	2.49	3,177,165	51.95	3,329,593
	12-15	291,178	4.76	2,052,391	33.56	2,343,569
	16-17	58,347	0.95	384,735	6.29	443,082

Source: Elaboration Lumen/ICA PUC Minas from data from IBGE

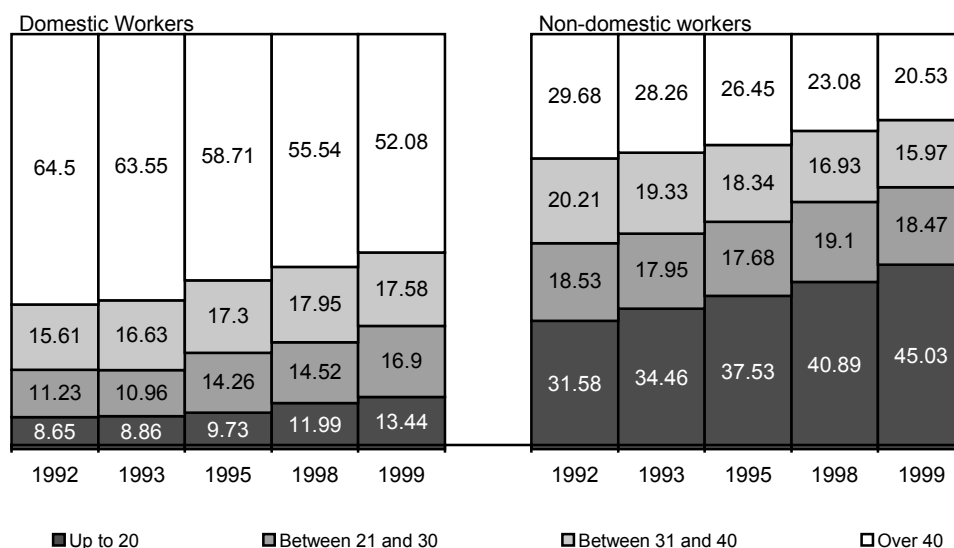
Analyzing the ages at which children from 5 to 17 start working, one notices that, among domestic workers, about 58% start working between the ages of 12 and 15. In second place come those who start their activities between the ages of 5 and 11. About 34% of the children start working at that age. Finally, within the period under consideration, about 8% start working between 16 and 17 years of age.

Among non-domestic workers, the situation is somewhat different. Most start working between 5 and 11 years of age (an average of 58%). One also notices that, between 1992 and 1999, about 35% of the total number of people between 5 and 17 years of age start working between the ages of 12 and 15, while a minority (around 7%) of workers start working between 16-17 years of age.

One may say that, among those who were 5-17 years old in the reference year, most domestic workers start working between 12 and 15 years of age, while the majority of non-domestic workers join the work market earlier, between 5 and 11 years of age.

Work hours:

Graph 13 – Percentage of children between 5-17 years of age, according to the number of hours worked per week and the kind of work



Source: Elaboration Lumen/ICA PUC Minas from data from IBGE: NHSS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

Most domestic workers work for more than 40 hours per week. On average, referring to the period 1992-1999, about 59% of these workers work more than 40 hours a week. However, the trends of the 90s indicates a gradual reduction of that percentage. In 1992, for example, 64.5% of domestic workers worked for more than 40 hours a week, while in 1999 that proportion changed to 52%. On the other hand, the trends for domestic workers to work for up to 20 hours a week has increased over time. In 1992, only 8.65% of those workers dedicated up to 20 hours a week to their working activities, while in 1999 that percentage rose to 13.44%.

Among non-domestic workers, one notices that most of them work up to 20 hours a week. An average of 38% of the non-domestic workers considered in the analyzed period work up to 20 hours a week. In second place come those who work in non-domestic activities for more than 40 hours (26%), and then those who spend between 21 and 30 hours per week in non-domestic activities.

Child domestic workers work for more than 40 hours per week regardless of the region their region. The worst recorded rate was that of the Northeast, with 78% in 1993. In 1999, the Southeast and South regions presented the lowest rates of work duration exceeding 40 hours per week, 36% and 38%, respectively. Among non-domestic girl workers, the highest concentration of work hours is within the limit of 20 hours per week.

Status of child's mother:

Graph 14 – Percentage of children between 5-17 years of age whose mother was alive on the day of the interview, according to the year and the kind of work performed, 1992-1999



Source: Elaboration Lumen/ICA PUC Minas from data from IBGE: NHSS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

The fact that a child's mother is alive⁸ has a different impact on the proportion of children between 5-17 years of age involved in domestic activities and those involved in other kinds of working activities. One notices that the proportion of children whose mothers are deceased is higher among those performing domestic activities. In 1992, about 5% of the domestic workers' mothers were deceased; while in 1999 that proportion was 3.74%. In comparison with those who were working in non-domestic activities in 1992, 3.1% of the workers whose mothers were deceased were working, while in 1999 that percentage was reduced to 2.27%.

During the period 1992-97, one notices that the great majority of children engaged in domestic labour have living mothers, the lowest rate being found in that period in the Northeast, with about 94% in 1995, and the highest rate is that of the Center-West, with 98% in 1999. The year 1999 presents the highest rates of living mothers in the Center-West, Southeast and South, with a small variation for the Northeast and North. Among children engaged in non-domestic work, the percentage of living mothers is also high, the highest rate being recorded in the regions South and Center-West, with 98% in 1998 and 1999 respectively, and the lowest rate in the Center-West, with 96% in 1992. As to children who do not work, the lowest rate was about 97% in the North region in 1993.

⁸ The question asked in NHSS is if the mother was living or deceased in the reference period, on the day of the interview.

In short, as the proportion of domestic workers whose mothers are deceased is higher than the proportion of those involved in non-domestic activities, one may infer that the mother's absence can be an important factor in determining child domestic labour.

Maternity of female child domestic workers:

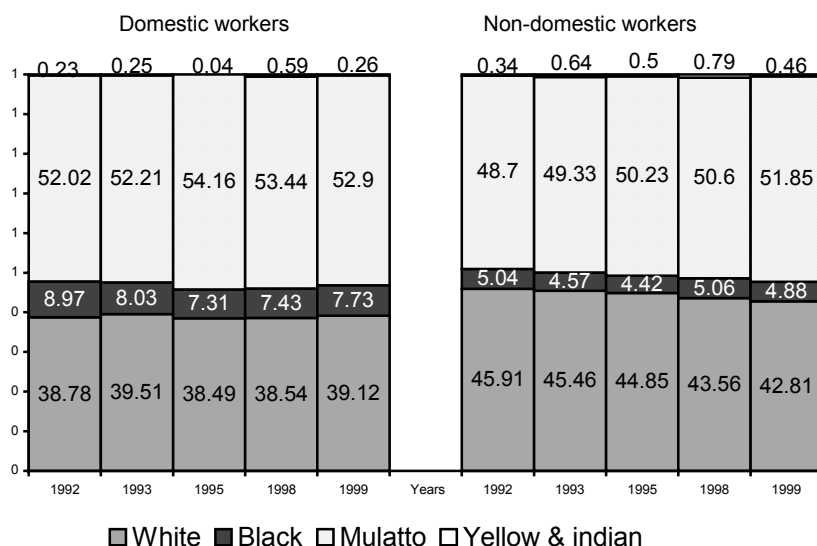
In the 1990s, in all the country's regions, the great majority of female child domestic workers, did not have any children on the day of the NHSS, the South region being the only one with a rate of 87%, inferior to that of the other regions which were all above 90%.

In the Center-West region, the rates of those who had children vary from 4% (1993) to 8.5% (1998). In the Northeast, the proportion of those who had children presents the following variation: the lowest rate was in 1992 - 3% approximately, and the highest rate was 6% in 1998-99. In the North region, the lowest rate of child domestic workers who had children is around 4.5% in 1992, and in 1995 the highest rate is recorded - 9%. In the Southeast, the lowest rate recorded by NRHS is that of 1995, with 4%, and the highest one is that of 1999, with 6%. The South region has the lowest rate (5%) in 1992, 1993 and 1998, and the highest rate in 1999, with 10.5%.

One may conclude that in the Center-West, Northeast and South regions the 1999 rates were twice as high as the lowest recorded rate. In the Southeast, the growth was of 25%. In the North, the 1999 rate, 7% approximately, is lower than the highest recorded rate, with a fall of female child domestic workers with children born alive.

Race/colour:

Graph 15 – Percentage of children between 5-17 years of age, according to race/colour and kind of labour, 1992-1999



Source: Elaboration Lumen/ICA PUC Minas from data from IBGE: NHSS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

Concerning the distribution of child domestic workers per race/colour, one detects a trends in all regions of a higher percentage of black and brown people performing domestic labour, in relation to the other two groups, non-domestic workers and those who do not work, with a small variation in the decade, but with the same race characteristics.

In the Center-West the most common race/colour among child domestic workers is brown, with a variation from 54% (1992) to 63% (1995 to 1999) approximately. The second most common is white children, with variations between 31% (1999) and 38.5% (1992 to 1993) approximately. As for non-domestic workers, the brown children are the highest number, with variations from 54% (1993 and 1999) to 56% (1995) approximately; next are children who are white, with variations from 38% (1998 and 1999) to 41% (1993).

Among the child population who do not work, brown and white children are also outstanding in number, the former with a variation from 50% (1995) to 52% (1992, 1993 and 1999) and the latter with a variation from 44% to 47% approximately.

In the Northeast, the brown children oscillate between 68% and 73% in the whole decade, and the white children, between 17% and 24%.

In the North, most of the child domestic workers are brown, with rates ranging from 74% to 80%. The number of white children is considerable, with a variation from 17% to 20%

approximately. Among non-domestic workers, brown children also are the highest, varying between 72% and 76% approximately. The white children appear in the second place, with percentage variations ranging between 21% and 25%. Most of the children who do not work are also brown, with variations from 67% to 71%, the white children coming in second place, with variations from 26% to 27%.

In the Southeast, we have the following variation between the white and brown children: the former vary from 44% to 53%, and the latter, from 36% to 44%. It is worth remarking that the rate of black workers rises among child domestic workers, oscillating between 10% and 11%.

In the South, child domestic workers are mostly white, with variations from 68% to 75%; in the second place come brown children, varying from 21% to 23% approximately. Non-domestic white workers vary from 81% to 84%, and brown children, from 13% to 16%. Children who do not work are mostly white, with an approximate rate of 81% in the decade. Brown children vary from 14% to 16%.

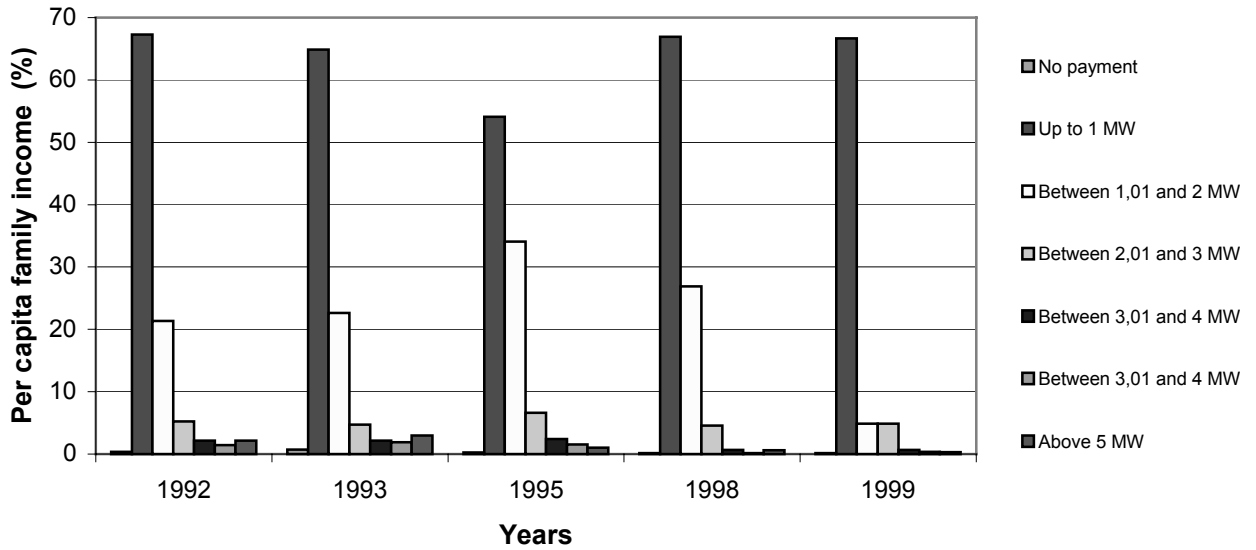
Domestic workers' income:

Considering the total number of child labourers, in Brazil, from 1992 to 1999, more than 50% of the children were from 5 to 11 years old. Among them, over 60% did not earn any kind of salary, and those earning a salary or any other form of payment for their work were predominantly non-domestic workers. Domestic workers were more frequent among children above 12 years of age, and even in that age group there is evidence of exploitation of child labour, taking into account the number of children receiving no salary or any other form of payment.

In general, for remunerated work (in the form of salary or goods), child domestic workers are in a privileged position in relation to non-domestic workers. According to the data analysis, in the 90s there was no significant variation in the rates of domestic children receiving and not receiving any payment. In what concerns non-domestic child workers, however, that rate was far inferior, remaining around 45% in the decade, with a negative mark for 1999 when the percentage of those being paid was 41.85%.

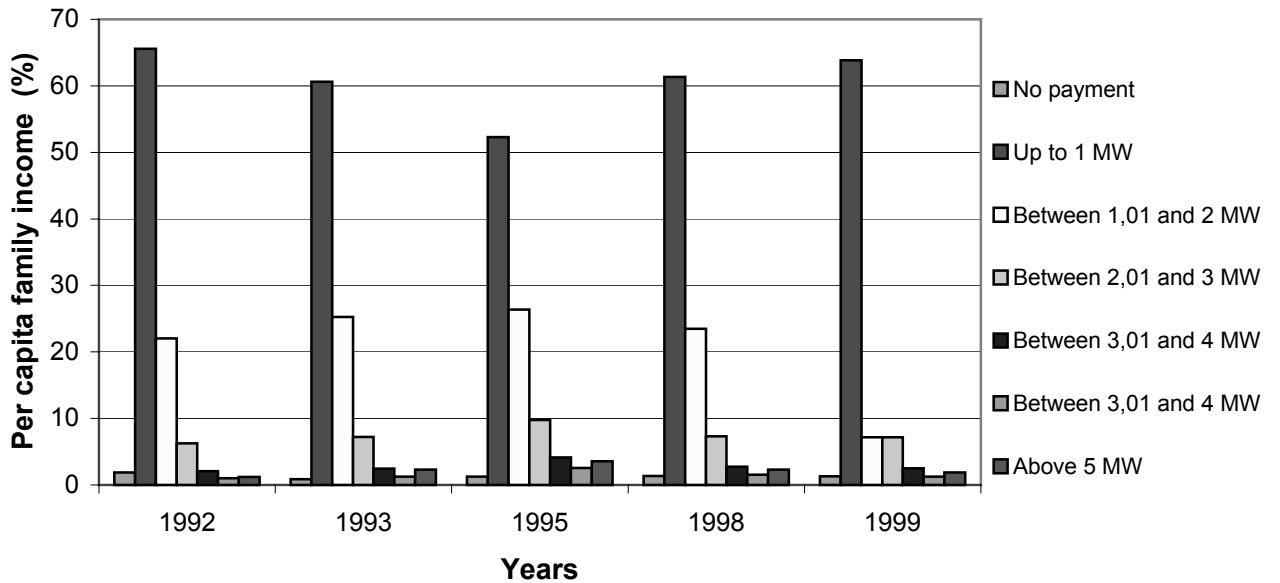
Most female child domestic workers received a wage for their work in all the country's regions during the period 1992-99. The best rate was in the Center-West, reaching 99% of remunerated work in the years 1998-99, and the worst was in the North, with 9% of remunerated work in 1992, 1993 and 1998. The majority of non-domestic child workers did not receive any payment in cash (see footnote 3); the Northeast presented the lowest rate, which reached down to 73% in 1999. The Southeast is the region with the highest payment rate for child non-domestic workers, reaching 68% in 1995.

Graph 16 - Domestic workers' *per capita* family income



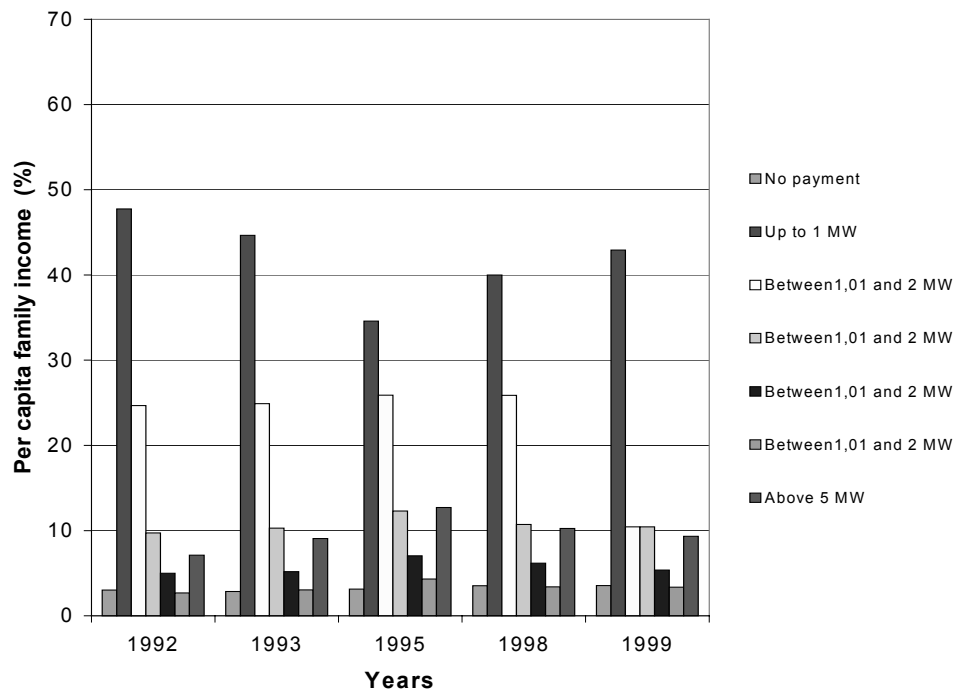
Source: Elaboration Lumen/ICA PUC Minas from data from IBGE: NHSS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

Graph 17 – Non-domestic workers' *per capita* family income



Source: Elaboration Lumen/ICA PUC Minas from data from IBGE: NHSS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

Graph 18 – Children's *per capita* family income



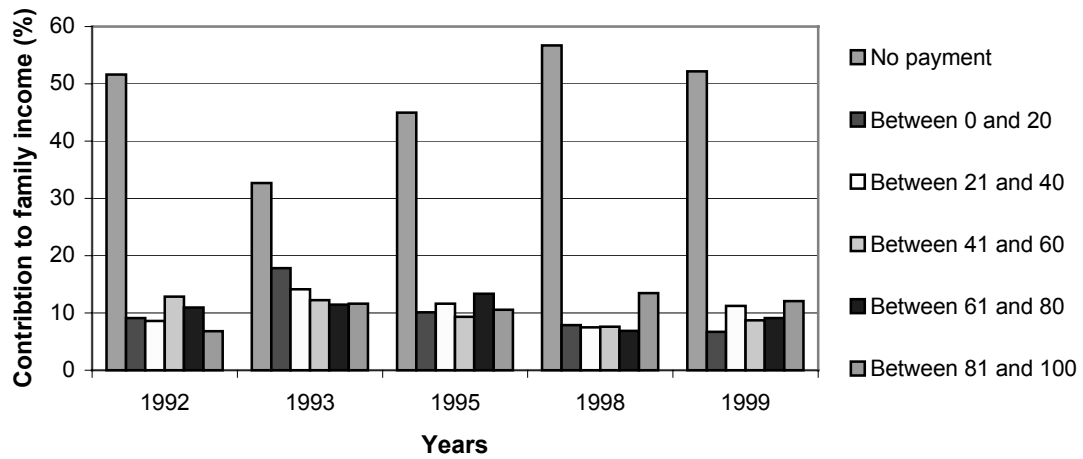
Source: Elaboration Lumen/ICA PUC Minas from data from IBGE: NHSS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

Considering the relationship between the monthly *per capita* family income and the kind of labour carried out by children between 5-17 years of age, one notices that most domestic and non-domestic child workers live in families who receive up to 1 *per capita* minimum wage. Within the period under consideration, on average, 64% of the domestic workers are located in the income rate of up to 1 *per capita* minimum wage. The percentage is of 60.7%, for non-domestic workers, and, for those who do not work, about 42% of the 5-17-year-olds have a monthly *per capita* minimum wage equivalent to 1 minimum wage.

In the Northeast, North and Center-West, the percentage of child labourers receiving 1 minimum wage or less is higher than the national average. In 1992, for example, 75.5% of the child domestic workers living in the Northeast received no more than 1 minimum wage; 70.8% lived in the North, and 68.38% lived in the Center-West.

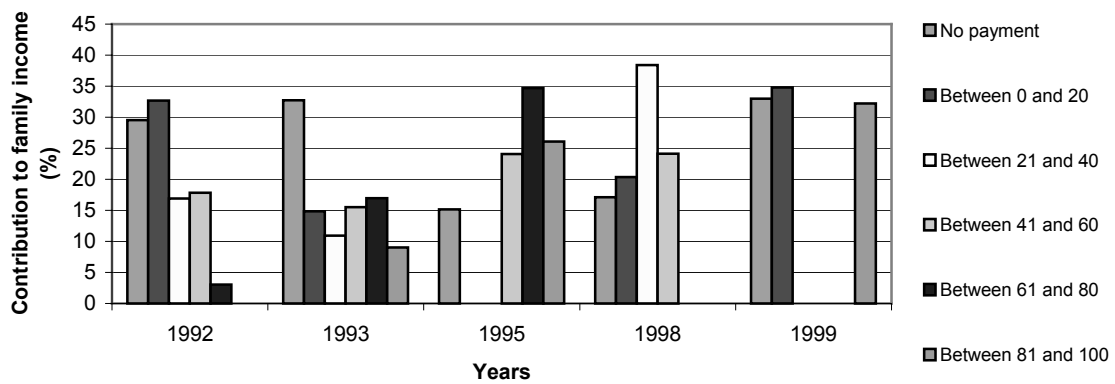
It is noticeable that working children are in per capita family income ranges inferior to non-working children, mainly when it is considered people receiving 1 minimum wage or less. Hypothetically it is possible to infer the existence of some kind of causal relation between the per capita family income range and the supply of workers aged 5-17 years of age, once the rate of child workers in the per capita family income range inferior to 1 minimum wage, is high.

Graph 19 -Domestic workers' contribution to family income



Source: Elaboration Lumen/ICA PUC Minas from data from IBGE: NHSS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

Graph 20 - Non-domestic workers' contribution to family income



Source: Elaboration Lumen/ICA PUC Minas from data from IBGE: NHSS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

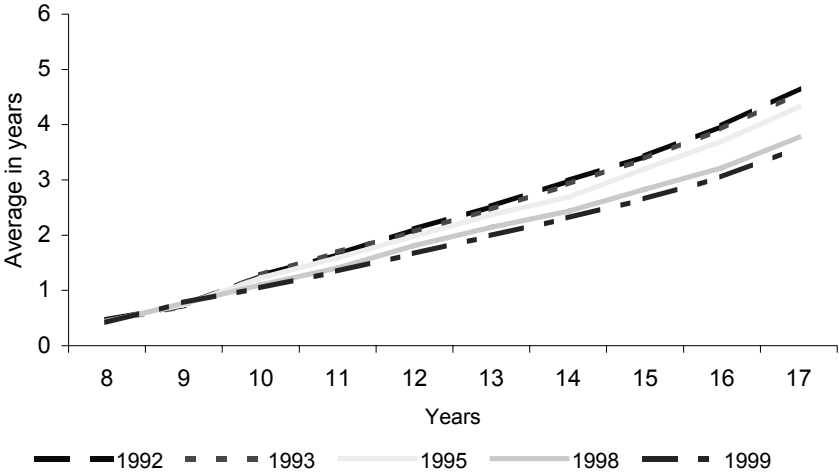
The participation of children in the family income indicates that, among those engaged in non-domestic work during the 1990s, most did not contribute to the family income, probably because they did not receive anything, or else because they received payment in kind. It is also curious to note that about 11% of those workers were responsible for 80 to 100% of the family income, in the period 1992-1999, probably because they played the role of head of the family, they constituted a one-person family, or they were the only source of income in the family.

During the 90s, the domestic workers' percentages of contribution to family income vary considerably, without a clear reduction or increase pattern in the contribution levels under consideration. In 1992, for example, 32.67% of the domestic workers contributed up to 20% of the family income. In 1993, the contribution percentage for the same level dropped to 14.87%; there was no contribution in 1995; in 1998, 20.38% of the domestic workers contributed up to 20% of the family income, and 34.81% did the same in 1999.

Analyzing the contribution of those who work within a macro-regional context, one verifies that the amount of people contributing to each percentage of the family income is extremely varied. In 1992, for example, 67% of the domestic workers contributed up to 20% of the family income in the Center-West. Nevertheless, 81.5% of the children in the North contribute from 60% to 80% to the family income. One possible explanation for those figures is that there are more child labourers in charge of supporting the family in the North than in the Center-West.

School years:

Graph 21 - "Age-school year" discrepancy among those between 8 and 17 years of age



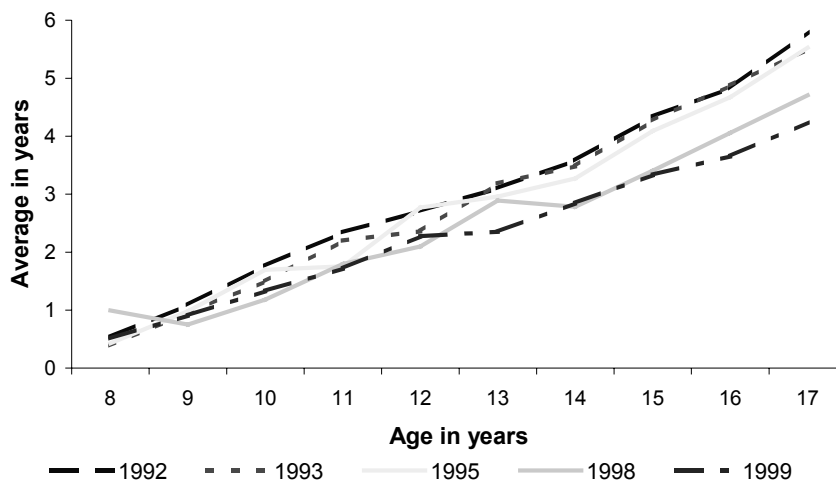
Source: Elaboration Lumen/ICA PUC Minas from data from IBGE: NHSS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

An analysis of school years establishes extremely relevant relations with children's work. The literature argues that, with age, the children tend to work more, while the probability of school evasion tends to rise. In other words, one may say that there is an inverted connection between the probability of studying and age, and a direct connection between the probability of working and age.

Graph 21 shows that the average school disparity increases with age. The older the child, the bigger the difference between his/her real and expected school age, that is, the age he/she should be if he/she were a regular student. In summary it is verified that older children are more delayed in relation to school years than younger ones.

Graph 21 also shows that, although increasing with age, the age/school year discrepancy has dropped over the years. In 1992, for example, the average school delay of those between 8-17 years old was 2.8 years, while in 1999 the same delay dropped to 1.95 years, representing a reduction of 43.6%.

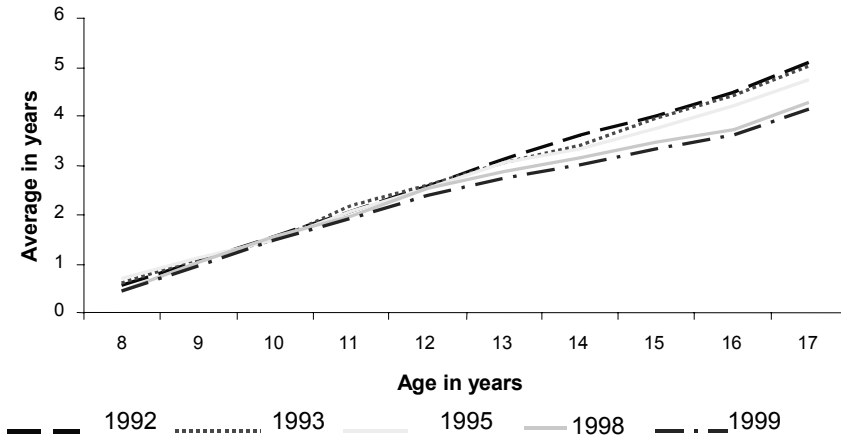
Graph 22 - "Age/school years" discrepancy among those between 8 and 17 years of age, engaged in domestic activities



Source: Elaboration Lumen/ICA PUC Minas from data from IBGE: NHSS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

Among domestic workers, school discrepancy is even higher, which means that these children are later than the others in school years. That hypothesis is reinforced by the fact that a significant amount of these workers spend more than 40 hours per week at their work, which implies that the competition between work and school is more severe in their cases.

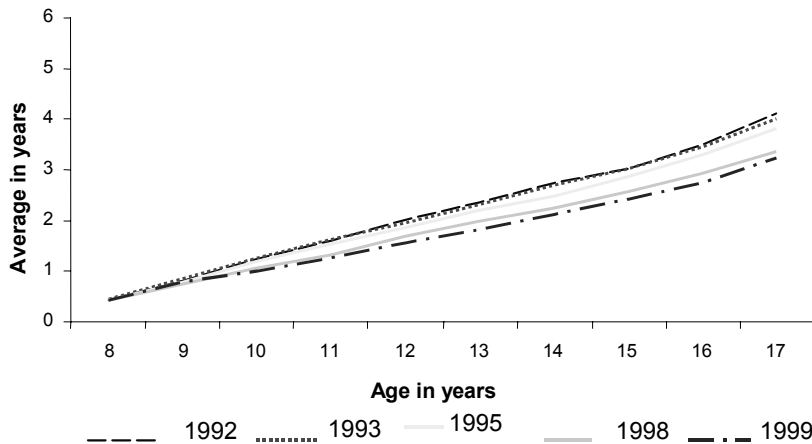
Graph 23 - "Age/school year" discrepancy among those between 8 and 17 years of age involved in non-domestic activities



Source: Elaboration Lumen/ICA PUC Minas from data from IBGE: NHSS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

Among non-domestic workers there is an increasing trends related to school delay as the children grow older. However, the figures detect that for groups of workers aged between 8 and 17 years, the school delay is inferior to that detected among those involved with domestic activities.

Graph 24 - "Age/school year" discrepancy among those between 8 and 17 years of age who do not work



Source: Elaboration Lumen/ICA PUC Minas from data from IBGE: NHSS 1992, 1993, 1995, 1998, 1999

Finally, Graph 24 indicates that those who do not work are the ones with the lowest degrees of discrepancy, confirming the hypothesis of competition between school and work, as those who do not work are the least delayed, while those engaged in some kind of work

activity present a higher school discrepancy, mainly when one considers domestic workers, who work for more hours per week than non-domestic ones.

Disaggregating the analysis per macro-regions in the country one notices that, among domestic workers, the Northeast is the region with the highest average of school year/age discrepancy, while the South presents the lowest figures for that variable. In 1992, for example, the degree of school delay of domestic workers in the Northeast region was 5,16 years, while the South region presented an average delay of 3,72 years. In that same year, the degree of delay for non-domestic workers was 4,75 and 3,04 years in the Northeast and South respectively.

Concerning reading and writing skills, in the 1990s there was an increase in school years of child domestic workers, with 92.05% of that category in the reference year of 1992, and 96.15% in 1999. It is noticeable that the child workers' reading and writing skills are generally quite inferior, reaching only 79.19% in 1992 and 89.55% in 1999. However, this analysis must be properly considered, once the child domestic workers' age rate is higher than that of non-domestic child workers.

In four out of the five regions in the country, child domestic workers can read and write (above 90%) except for the Northeast, which presented a rate of 82.5% in 1993, 17.5% being unable to read or write. Among non-domestic child workers, the worst rate was detected in the North region, with 61% saying they could read and write, and 38% saying they could not, in 1993. Among children who do not work, the worst rate is still in the Northeast region, with a record of approximately 55% who could read and write, and 45% who could not, also in 1993. It should be noted that the rate is relative once that group includes a percentage of children from 5-11 years of age.

Regarding school and pre-school⁹ attendance, the situation for child domestic workers and workers engaged in other activities is not as favourable as some of the reading and writing rates may imply. In the beginning of the decade, taking 1992 for a reference year, 51.7% of the domestic workers did not go to school or to a pre-school, as compared with 41.5% of the non-domestic workers and 19.56% of those children who did not work. Over the course of the decade the situation improved considerably, though still remained far from satisfactory, as in 1999 still 32.9% of the domestic workers did not go to school, as compared with 21% of non-domestic workers and 10.3% of non-working children.

Most child domestic workers attended school or a pre-school from 1995 on, the worst rate being detected in the interval between 1995-1999 in the Northeast, with approximately 53% at school or in a pre-school, and 46% not attending. In 1992, the South, Northeast and Southeast regions had more children absent from school or pre-school than not. In that year, the best rate was that in the North region, with 61% at school/ pre-school, and 38% out. In 1993, the worst rate was in the South, with 52% out of school/pre-school and 48% attending. In the Southeast, 51% were at school/ pre-school, and 49% were out.

⁹ Pre-school is attended by children four to six years old.

Most non-domestic workers attended school or pre-school in the period under analysis. The worst rate was in the Northeast, with around 57% attending school or pre-school and 42% not attending in 1992.

In all the regions during the period under analysis, children who do not work attend school or pre-school, with the lowest rate being recorded in the Northeast: 76% attending school/pre-school and 24% not attending in 1992.

In the Center-West region, child domestic workers, for the majority, attend school from the 5th to the 8th grades (middle school) in the period 1992-1999, the second place being attendance of the 1st to the 4th grades of elementary school.¹⁰ Pre-school (a preparation for official school, from 4 to 6 years of age) shows practically no attendance, and senior high school has an incidence of 18% at most in 1999. In that region, non-domestic child workers present a higher attendance rate at the 5th to 8th grades of middle school, except for 1992. Pre-school has a rate of 1%, at most, and 20% for the second grade in 1999, and children who do not work present a higher attendance rate at the 1st to 4th grade of the elementary school. That group presents the highest pre-school attendance rate, reaching as high as 13% in 1995, while the highest attendance rate for high school is 8% in 1999.

In the Northeast region, child domestic workers have a higher attendance rate from the 1st to the 4th elementary school grades, this trends being inverted only in 1988 and 1999, that is, the highest proportion of child domestic workers occurs from the 5th to the 8th middle school. Pre-school is rarely attended in the region, and the highest attendance rate for high school was approximately 6.5%.

In the Northeast, non-domestic child workers present a higher attendance rate from the 1st to the 4th elementary school grades, but in 1998/99 that trends changed, the highest attendance rate being from the 5th to the 8th middle school grades. Attendance in the kindergarten is at most 5% approximately in 1992, dropping progressively until 1999, with 1%. High school presents the highest rate in 1998, with 5%. In that region, more than half the children who do not work attend the 1st to 4th elementary school grades. Pre-school reached up to 23% in 1993, and senior high school reached approximately 4.5% in 1998/99.

In the North region, among child domestic workers, the highest attendance is from the 5th to the 8th middle school grades, with the only exception being in 1992 when the highest attendance was in the 1st to the 4th elementary school grades. Pre-school attendance is practically zero, and high school rates are low, reaching no more than 14% in 1999. In that region, the highest school attendance among non-domestic child workers is from the 1st to the 4th elementary school grades. Pre-school has the highest rate in 1993, 2%, and senior high school has the highest rate in 1999, 12%. As to children who do not work, more than half attended from the 1st to the 4th elementary school grades. Pre-school has the highest rate in 1993, 16%; and high school has the highest rate in 1999, approximately 6%.

¹⁰ Elementary school (grades 1-4) typically corresponds to students 7-10 years of age; middle school (grades 5-8) typically corresponds to students 11-14 years of age; high school typically corresponds to students above age 14.

In the 1990s, the Southeast region has more than half of its child domestic workers attending from the 5th to the 8th middle school grades. This is the region with the highest attendance rate for high school in 1999, 33% approximately. One notices, in the Southeast, among non-domestic child workers, higher school attendance from the 5th to the 8th middle school grades. Pre-school does not manage to reach 1% throughout the whole decade, and senior high school has the highest rate in 1999, 36%. In that region, children who do not work have a higher attendance rate from the 1st to the 4th elementary school grades. The highest rate for kindergarten is in 1995, with approximately 13%, and for high school in 1999, with 10%.

The South region in the 1990s, experienced more than half of the female child domestic workers attending from the 5th to the 8th middle school grades, except for 1992, when the rate reached 46%. In the South, children do not attend pre-school, and senior high school has the highest rate in 1999, with 39%, a rate higher than that of the Southeast. In the South, non-domestic child workers are more frequently found attending from the 5th to the 8th of middle school grades. Pre-school does not manage to reach 1% in the decade, and high school reaches at most 29% in 1999. The majority of children who do not work attend from the 1st to the 4th elementary school grades. Pre-school reaches at most 12% in 1999, and high school reaches 10% in the same year.

Chapter 7

Final Remarks

Child labour in Brazil, in general, despite showing a decrease during the 1990s, still presents extremely high and unacceptable rates. Out of the total number of children between 5-17 years old (43,308,788), considered in the period 1992-1999, about 17% (7,622,095) did some kind of work. This research has indicated that the Northeast region, besides presenting the highest activity rates in 1998 and 1999, is also the one to present, on average, the highest absolute number of child labourers, while the South presents the highest rates of activity between 1992 and 1995. It was also detected that, during the 1990s, on average, the State of Maranhão shows the highest activity rates, closely followed by Piauí and Tocantins.

Disaggregating child labour into domestic and non-domestic activities, one notices that the former represents, on average, about 10% of the total amount of child labourers. The participation of domestic workers in those who do some kind of work is greater in the North and Center-West regions. In absolute terms, child domestic labour is higher in the Southeast (262.723 people at the age of 5-17), particularly in the State of Minas Gerais. In relative terms, the highest average rates of domestic activity within the period 1992-1999 are found in Tocantins and Goiás.

Analyzing child labour in Brazil during the 1990s, one notices a significant reduction in the number of children engaged in domestic or non-domestic activities. Between 1992 and 1999, domestic labour in Brazil experienced an average reduction of 7% a year, while non-domestic work had an annual decrease of approximately 3%. On the other hand, there was also an average rise of 0.7% in the number of children who do not work.

This report has indicated that child labour, besides presenting differences related to the area of occurrence, also presents distinct characteristics, depending on the category it fits into, i.e. domestic or non-domestic.

In the case of domestic labour, where the number of girls is higher than that of boys, the rate for urban areas is higher than that for rural areas, especially in the Southeast and Northeast of the country. As they grow older, these workers increase their participation in domestic activities, contrasting with a decrease in their school attendance, which causes a rise in the degree of school delay. As most of the workers work more than 40 hours per week, the chance of their not attending school is high, which contributes to an even higher degree of school delay, taking for a comparative basis school delay of those who do non-domestic work and those who do not work. It was also verified that most of the domestic workers between 5-17 years of age started working when they were 12-15 years old.

The proportion of domestic workers whose mothers are deceased is higher than the proportion of those doing non-domestic work, which may indicate that families without the mother-figure tend to use their own children's work to carry out some kind of domestic activity, especially if they are girls.

As to income, it was verified that, although a significant number of workers between 5-17 years of age do not receive any kind of payment (mainly non-domestic ones), the highest rate of working children, domestic or non-domestic, occurs in families whose *per capita* family income is up to 1 minimum wage. In a way, that fact reinforces the hypothesis of low incomes being one of the determinants of the insertion of children into the work market, at least if one considers only those receiving some kind of payment.

Among non-domestic workers, male workers are predominant, more frequently in the rural areas, mainly in the Northeast of Brazil. The proportion of non-domestic workers also rises with age, at the same time as school attendance falls. Unlike domestic workers, those workers join the work market more precociously, at between 5 to 11 years of age, with most of them working up to 20 hours per week.

This report located and characterized child domestic workers and non-domestic child workers in Brazil, pointing out the regions and states more likely to employ the work of children between 5-17 years of age, and identifying the social groups in which the kinds of work occur more frequently.

Through this report we hope to have provided those in charge of policies to fight child labour with indications of the main tendencies and characteristics, as well as some of the causes, of children joining the work market, in the hopes of contributing to a more efficient fight against child labour, with special attention to child domestic work. Below are a series of recommendations to assist in this fight, based on the findings of this report:

Recommendations:

- elaborate actions so as to prevent, eradicate and adequate child domestic labour, taking into consideration features such as sex, race/colour and age;
- insert the specific subject of child domestic labour as content of the public policies;
- introduce the concept of children's rights, especially at workplaces, within the family environment as well as for the employers;
- incite judicial, prosecutor and legislative powers, at all levels, to revise the legislation approaching child domestic labour;
- identify positive potential work markets for young people amplifying their scope of choices;
- build up mechanisms which enable the significance and evaluation of domestic work (educational campaigns, debates);
- include domestic work contribution to the GDP in order to improve its visibility.

Recommendations for local action plans and programmes:

- take into consideration children's physical and mental development and social features;
- introduce racism as a topic among children and their relatives participating in the programme in order to develop self-esteem;
- bring gender into a broader discussion, underlining its relationship with domestic work;
- carry on activities to clear up ideas about the Child and Adolescent Statute and the legislation on domestic work;
- create family income policies and professional training programmes for the origin families, especially for those earning zero to two minimum wages per month;
- evaluate female monoparental family conditions;
- look into wishes and demands of the child domestic workers;
- make children's working conditions comply with the demands of the laws;
- strengthen and reactivate all supporting and servicing nets in order to comply with the programmes on eliminating child domestic labour.

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United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child, 1989

ANNEX:

DATA TABLES BY REGION

Table 7 – Center-West Region by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old

		Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
		Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center- West Region	Mato Grosso do Sul	63120	16.67	454883	20.08	2250286	18.26	2768289	18.49
	Mato Grosso	89369	23.60	646397	28.53	2692487	21.85	3428253	22.90
	Goiás	186020	49.13	1019204	44.99	5075447	41.18	6280671	41.96
	Distrito Federal	40095	10.59	145166	6.41	2305319	18.71	2490580	16.64
Total		378604	100.00	2265650	100.00	12323539	100.00	14967793	100.00

Source: National Household Sample Survey

Table 8 – Northeast Region by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old

		Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
		Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Northeast Region	Maranhão	170103	14.32	2514637	17.33	6542366	11.67	9227106	12.86
	Piauí	83236	7.01	1005020	6.93	3415468	6.09	4503724	6.28
	Ceará	206804	17.41	2108879	14.53	8481221	15.13	10796904	15.04
	Rio Grande do Norte	80515	6.78	551781	3.80	3223164	5.75	3855460	5.37
	Paraíba	79791	6.72	1023469	7.05	3923416	7.00	5026676	7.00
	Pernambuco	163584	13.77	2162494	14.90	8894068	15.86	11220146	15.63
	Alagoas	54106	4.55	607937	4.19	3518687	6.28	4180730	5.83
	Sergipe	40647	3.42	397425	2.74	2048871	3.65	2486943	3.47
Bahia	309241	26.03	4140023	28.53	16024947	28.58	20474211	28.53	
Total		1188027	100.00	14511665	100.00	56072208	100.00	71771900	100.00

Source: National Household Sample Survey

Table 9 – North Region by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old

		Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
		Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
North Region	Rondônia	26903	9.44	118949	8.10	1087177	10.44	1233029	10.14
	Acre	10319	3.62	47621	3.24	457462	4.39	515402	4.24
	Amazônia	54458	19.11	233290	15.89	2676166	25.71	2963914	24.37
	Roraima	4750	1.67	16832	1.15	256252	2.46	277834	2.28
	Pará	113173	39.71	664421	45.27	4098365	39.37	4875959	40.09
	Amapá	8269	2.90	39117	2.67	505745	4.86	553131	4.55
	Tocantins	67105	23.55	347475	23.67	1328850	12.77	1743430	14.33
Total		284977	100.00	1467705	100.00	10410017	100.00	12162699	100.00

Source: National Household Sample Survey

Table 10 – Southeast Region by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old

		Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
		Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Southeast Region	Minas Gerais	553862	42.16	3805381	37.29	18967179	25.17	23326422	26.85
	Espírito Santo	84781	6.45	701917	6.88	3216281	4.27	4002979	4.61
	Rio de Janeiro	168617	12.84	1033818	10.13	14464268	19.20	15666703	18.04
	São Paulo	506353	38.55	4664243	45.70	38700820	51.36	43871416	50.50
Total		1313613	100.00	10205359	100.00	75348548	100.00	86867520	100.00

Source: National Household Sample Survey

Table 11 – South Region by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old

		Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
		Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
South Region	Paraná	232142	46.13	2409872	40.22	9535357	39.27	12177371	39.57
	Santa Catarina	101345	20.14	1367770	22.83	5178010	21.33	6647125	21.60
	Rio Grande do Sul	169739	33.73	2214008	36.95	9565783	39.40	11949530	38.83
Total		503226	100.00	5991650	100.00	24279150	100.00	30774026	100.00

Source: National Household Sample Survey

Table 12 – Sex by year of reference

		Year of reference										Total	
		92		93		95		98		99		Freq.	%
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Sex	Male	21728389	50.45	21918036	50.19	22226794	50.53	21925446	50.96	21687909	50.68	109486574	50.56
	Female	21338666	49.55	21752209	49.81	21757273	49.47	21101063	49.04	21108153	49.32	107057364	49.44
Total		43067055	100.00	43670245	100.00	43984067	100.00	43026509	100.00	42796062	100.00	216543938	100.00

Source: National Household Sample Survey

Table 13 – Age by year of reference

		Year										Total	
		92		93		95		98		99		Freq.	%
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Age	5-11	23851025	55.38	23755329	54.40	23121924	52.57	22264022	51.74	22084654	51.60	115076954	53.14
	12-15	13197899	30.64	13790875	31.58	14342498	32.61	13801869	32.08	13734184	32.09	68867325	31.80
	16-17	6018131	13.97	6124041	14.02	6519645	14.82	6960618	16.18	6977224	16.30	32599659	15.05
Total		43067055	100.00	43670245	100.00	43984067	100.00	43026509	100.00	42796062	100.00	216543938	100.00

Source: National Household Sample Survey

Table 14 – Race / colour by year of reference

		Year of reference										Total	
		92		93		95		98		99		Freq.	%
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Race / colour	Indian	36078	.08	58194	.13	50071	.11	119748	.28	71234	.17	335325	.15
	White	21283752	49.42	21579019	49.41	21819499	49.61	21087938	49.01	21092752	49.29	106862960	49.35
	Black	2126408	4.94	2071511	4.74	1977695	4.50	2179775	5.07	2093821	4.89	10449210	4.83
	Yellow	125078	.29	171129	.39	159999	.36	152997	.36	127897	.30	737100	.34
	Brown	19493851	45.26	19778584	45.29	19969800	45.40	19481736	45.28	19405718	45.34	98129689	45.32
	Not declared	1888	.00	11808	.03	7003	.02	4315	.01	4640	.01	29654	.01
Total		43067055	100.00	43670245	100.00	43984067	100.00	43026509	100.00	42796062	100.00	216543938	100.00

Source: National Household Sample Survey

Table 15 – Region by year of reference

		Year of reference										Total	
		92		93		95		98		99		Freq.	%
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Region	Center-West	2928100	6.80	2998351	6.87	3018499	6.86	3022873	7.03	2999970	7.01	14967793	6.91
	Northeast	14297693	33.20	14650732	33.55	14683992	33.38	14103037	32.78	14036446	32.80	71771900	33.14
	North	2288236	5.31	2342719	5.36	2471479	5.62	2526424	5.87	2533841	5.92	12162699	5.62
	Southeast	17418189	40.44	17506830	40.09	17680052	40.20	17248953	40.09	17013496	39.75	86867520	40.12
	South	6134837	14.24	6171613	14.13	6130045	13.94	6125222	14.24	6212309	14.52	30774026	14.21
Total		43067055	100.00	43670245	100.00	43984067	100.00	43026509	100.00	42796062	100.00	216543938	100.00

Source: National Household Sample Survey

Table 16 – Urban or rural zone by year of reference

		Year of reference										Total	
		92		93		95		98		99		Freq.	%
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Zone	Urban	32496150	75.45	33092776	75.78	33628196	76.46	32961581	76.61	32704255	76.42	164882958	76.14
	Rural	10570905	24.55	10577469	24.22	10355871	23.54	10064928	23.39	10091807	23.58	51660980	23.86
Total		43067055	100.00	43670245	100.00	43984067	100.00	43026509	100.00	42796062	100.00	216543938	100.00

Source: National Household Sample Survey

Table 17 – Born in this town by year of reference

		Year										Total	
		92		93		95		98		99		Freq.	%
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Born in this town	Not declared	8866	.02	408	.00	5026	.01	2562	.01	3661	.01	20523	.01
	Yes	32696901	75.92	33558271	76.84	34208199	77.77	34150558	79.37	34049479	79.56	168663408	77.89
	Not	10361288	24.06	10111566	23.15	9770842	22.21	8873389	20.62	8742922	20.43	47860007	22.10
Total		43067055	100.00	43670245	100.00	43984067	100.00	43026509	100.00	42796062	100.00	216543938	100.00

Source: National Household Sample Survey

Table 18 – Born in this state by year of reference

		Year of reference										Total	
		92		93		95		98		99		Freq.	%
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Born in this state	Yes	6909230	66.68	6707242	66.33	6571122	67.25	5825083	65.65	5732483	65.57	31745160	66.33
	Not	3452058	33.32	3404324	33.67	3199720	32.75	3048306	34.35	3010439	34.43	16114847	33.67
Total		10361288	100.00	10111566	100.00	9770842	100.00	8873389	100.00	8742922	100.00	47860007	100.00

Source: National Household Sample Survey

Table 19 – Lived in this state by year of reference

		Year of reference										Total	
		92		93		95		98		99		Freq.	%
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Morava nesta UF	Yes	595812	28.15	544721	27.50	538171	29.03	457242	25.75	405019	22.99	2540965	26.78
	Not	1507292	71.22	1422127	71.79	1315681	70.97	1318197	74.25	1356643	77.01	6919940	72.93
	Was not born	3991	.19	6173	.31	0	.00	0	.00	0	.00	10164	.11
	Lost data	9373	.44	7935	.40	0	.00	0	.00	0	.00	17308	.18
Total		2116468	100.00	1980956	100.00	1853852	100.00	1775439	100.00	1761662	100.00	9488377	100.00

Source: National Household Sample Survey

Table 20 – Lived in this municipality by year of reference

		Year of reference										Total	
		92		93		95		98		99		Freq.	%
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Morava	Yes	42634994	99.17	43369198	99.42	43716935	99.51	42741856	99.44	42585468	99.58	215048451	99.42
neste	Not	353304	.82	254727	.58	215871	.49	240724	.56	177770	.42	1242396	.57
município	Lost data	2232	.01	0	.00	1546	.00	0	.00	1067	.00	4845	.00
Total		42990530	100.00	43623925	100.00	43934352	100.00	42982580	100.00	42764305	100.00	216295692	100.00

Source: National Household Sample Survey

Table 21 – Child born alive by year of reference

		Year of reference										Total	
		92		93		95		98		99		Freq.	%
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Child born alive	Not declared	146039	3.18	63536	1.36	26101	.53	23047	.44	28412	.55	287135	1.17
	Yes	308806	6.73	324710	6.94	361576	7.31	395021	7.58	399698	7.81	1789811	7.29
	Not	4136565	90.09	4290671	91.70	4558990	92.16	4791515	91.98	4692888	91.64	22470629	91.54
Total		4591410	100.00	4678917	100.00	4946667	100.00	5209583	100.00	5120998	100.00	24547575	100.00

Source: National Household Sample Survey

Table 22 – Living mother by year of reference and groups of children between 5 to 17 years old

Year of reference			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
92	Living mother	Yes	839822	95.13	7284123	96.60	33940242	97.97	42064187	97.67
		Not	40991	4.64	233488	3.10	602913	1.74	877392	2.04
		Doesn't know	1994	.23	23030	.31	100452	.29	125476	.29
	Total		882807	100.00	7540641	100.00	34643607	100.00	43067055	100.00
93	Living mother	Yes	864278	96.69	7170694	96.66	34614543	97.90	42649515	97.66
		Not	28411	3.18	229652	3.10	653253	1.85	911316	2.09
		Doesn't know	1209	.14	18147	.24	90058	.25	109414	.25
	Total		893898	100.00	7418493	100.00	35357854	100.00	43670245	100.00
95	Living mother	Yes	787688	95.06	7175261	96.90	35055839	98.06	43018788	97.81
		Not	38418	4.64	208127	2.81	604393	1.69	850938	1.93
		Doesn't know	2530	.31	21599	.29	89638	.25	113767	.26
		Lost data	0	.00	0	.00	574	.00	574	.00
	Total		828636	100.00	7404987	100.00	35750444	100.00	43984067	100.00
98	Living mother	Yes	540970	96.56	5929410	97.40	35702729	98.14	42173109	98.02
		Not	17610	3.14	145410	2.39	582147	1.60	745167	1.73
		Doesn't know	1687	.30	13182	.22	92230	.25	107099	.25
		Lost data	0	.00	0	.00	1134	.00	1134	.00
	Total		560267	100.00	6088002	100.00	36378240	100.00	43026509	100.00
99	Living mother	Yes	482527	95.96	5840977	97.51	35602015	98.07	41925519	97.97
		Not	18813	3.74	135836	2.27	608212	1.68	762861	1.78
		Doesn't know	1499	.30	13093	.22	93090	.26	107682	.25
	Total		502839	100.00	5989906	100.00	36303317	100.00	42796062	100.00

Source: National Household Sample Survey

Table 23 – Educational background by year of reference and groups of children between 5 to 17 years old

Year of reference		Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total		
		Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%	
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%			
92	Educational background children between 5-17 years	1 st -4 th grade	174458	41.75	2183698	51.32	15163908	64.41	17522064	62.10
		5 th -8 th grade	217032	51.94	1579856	37.13	7112420	30.21	8909308	31.58
		High school	25536	6.11	485953	11.42	1257857	5.34	1769346	6.27
		Graduated	798	.19	5668	.13	7017	.03	13483	.05
	Total		417824	100.00	4255175	100.00	23541202	100.00	28214201	100.00
93	Educational background children between 5-17 years	1 st -4 th grade	176978	37.82	2233260	51.05	15450439	63.11	17860677	60.91
		5 th -8 th grade	257180	54.95	1642894	37.56	7657647	31.28	9557721	32.59
		High school	33850	7.23	495409	11.32	1364936	5.58	1894195	6.46
		Graduated	0	.00	2932	.07	9550	.04	12482	.04
	Total		468008	100.00	4374495	100.00	24482572	100.00	29325075	100.00
95	Educational background children between 5-17 years	1 st -4 th grade	146741	31.86	2258247	47.76	15498545	60.38	17903533	58.02
		5 th -8 th grade	274068	59.50	1835900	38.83	8491042	33.08	10601010	34.36
		High school	39792	8.64	626980	13.26	1663491	6.48	2330263	7.55
		Graduated	0	.00	7341	.16	13232	.05	20573	.07
	Total		460601	100.00	4728468	100.00	25666310	100.00	30855379	100.00
98	Educational background children between 5-17 years	1 st -4 th grade	75353	21.20	1975997	43.38	15656421	56.23	17707771	54.06
		5 th -8 th grade	212042	59.66	1766753	38.78	9745422	35.00	11724217	35.80
		High school	67145	18.89	807812	17.73	2421800	8.70	3296757	10.07
		Graduated	867	.24	4789	.11	18836	.07	24492	.07
	Total		355407	100.00	4555351	100.00	27842479	100.00	32753237	100.00
99	Educational background children between 5-17 years	1 st -4 th grade	64005	19.21	1912034	41.14	15246741	54.02	17222780	51.87
		5 th -8 th grade	195867	58.78	1868961	40.22	10332483	36.61	12397311	37.33
		High school	73341	22.01	862633	18.56	2639118	9.35	3575092	10.77
		Graduated	0	.00	3505	.08	7810	.03	11315	.03
	Total		333213	100.00	4647133	100.00	28226152	100.00	33206498	100.00

Source: National Household Sample Survey

Table 24 – Know how to write and read by year of reference and groups of children between 5 to 17 years old

			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
Year of reference			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
92	Know how to write and read	Not declared	0	.00	8698	.12	54135	.16	62833	.15
		Yes	812664	92.05	5971759	79.19	24261327	70.03	31045750	72.09
		Not	70143	7.95	1560184	20.69	10326796	29.81	11957123	27.76
		Lost data	0	.00	0	.00	1349	.00	1349	.00
	Total		882807	100.00	7540641	100.00	34643607	100.00	43067055	100.00
93	Know how to write and read	Not declared	0	.00	2475	.03	15427	.04	17902	.04
		Yes	822594	92.02	5951792	80.23	24997693	70.70	31772079	72.75
		Not	71304	7.98	1464226	19.74	10344734	29.26	11880264	27.20
	Total		893898	100.00	7418493	100.00	35357854	100.00	43670245	100.00
95	Know how to write and read	Not declared	0	.00	1525	.02	7838	.02	9363	.02
		Yes	774727	93.49	6087762	82.21	26496805	74.12	33359294	75.84
		Not	53909	6.51	1315700	17.77	9245801	25.86	10615410	24.13
	Total		828636	100.00	7404987	100.00	35750444	100.00	43984067	100.00
98	Know how to write and read	Not declared	620	.11	248	.00	7192	.02	8060	.02
		Yes	534433	95.39	5280387	86.73	28519176	78.40	34333996	79.80
		Not	25214	4.50	807367	13.26	7851872	21.58	8684453	20.18
	Total		560267	100.00	6088002	100.00	36378240	100.00	43026509	100.00
99	Know how to write and read	Not declared	0	.00	1583	.03	10149	.03	11732	.03
		Yes	483470	96.15	5363792	89.55	28797046	79.32	34644308	80.95
		Not	19369	3.85	624531	10.43	7496122	20.65	8140022	19.02
	Total		502839	100.00	5989906	100.00	36303317	100.00	42796062	100.00

Source: National Household Sample Survey

Table 25 – Goes to school or pre-school by year of reference and groups of children between 5 to 17 years old

			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
Year of reference			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
92	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	426481	48.31	4408730	58.53	27822022	80.43	32657233	75.94
		Not	456326	51.69	3123213	41.47	6766899	19.56	10346438	24.06
		Lost data	0	.00	0	.00	551	.00	551	.00
	Total		882807	100.00	7531943	100.00	34589472	100.00	43004222	100.00
93	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	473492	52.97	4525193	61.02	29123255	82.40	34121940	78.17
		Not	420406	47.03	2890825	38.98	6218672	17.60	9529903	21.83
		Lost data	0	.00	0	.00	500	.00	500	.00
	Total		893898	100.00	7416018	100.00	35342427	100.00	43652343	100.00
95	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	466798	56.33	4856859	65.60	30308116	84.80	35631773	81.03
		Not	361838	43.67	2546603	34.40	5434008	15.20	8342449	18.97
		Lost data	0	.00	0	.00	482	.00	482	.00
	Total		828636	100.00	7403462	100.00	35742606	100.00	43974704	100.00
98	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	360291	64.38	4656293	76.49	32247199	88.66	37263783	86.62
		Not	199356	35.62	1430881	23.50	4122251	11.33	5752488	13.37
		Lost data	0	.00	580	.01	1598	.00	2178	.01
	Total		559647	100.00	6087754	100.00	36371048	100.00	43018449	100.00
99	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	337613	67.14	4734671	79.07	32565862	89.73	37638146	87.97
		Not	165226	32.86	1253119	20.93	3725560	10.27	5143905	12.02
		Lost data	0	.00	533	.01	1746	.00	2279	.01
	Total		502839	100.00	5988323	100.00	36293168	100.00	42784330	100.00

Source: National Household Sample Survey

Table 26 – Age by year of reference and groups of children between 5 to 17 years old

			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
Year of reference			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
92	Age	5-11	51186	5.80	1507992	20.00	22291847	64.35	23851025	55.38
		12-15	438323	49.65	3401287	45.11	9358289	27.01	13197899	30.64
		16-17	393298	44.55	2631362	34.90	2993471	8.64	6018131	13.97
	Total		882807	100.00	7540641	100.00	34643607	100.00	43067055	100.00
93	Age	5-11	33172	3.71	1426195	19.22	22295962	63.06	23755329	54.40
		12-15	450531	50.40	3364635	45.35	9975709	28.21	13790875	31.58
		16-17	410195	45.89	2627663	35.42	3086183	8.73	6124041	14.02
	Total		893898	100.00	7418493	100.00	35357854	100.00	43670245	100.00
95	Age	5-11	29696	3.58	1340460	18.10	21751768	60.84	23121924	52.57
		12-15	417938	50.44	3359870	45.37	10564690	29.55	14342498	32.61
		16-17	381002	45.98	2704657	36.52	3433986	9.61	6519645	14.82
	Total		828636	100.00	7404987	100.00	35750444	100.00	43984067	100.00
98	Age	5-11	19042	3.40	1022604	16.80	21222376	58.34	22264022	51.74
		12-15	225310	40.21	2640296	43.37	10936263	30.06	13801869	32.08
		16-17	315915	56.39	2425102	39.83	4219601	11.60	6960618	16.18
	Total		560267	100.00	6088002	100.00	36378240	100.00	43026509	100.00
99	Age	5-11	10787	2.15	1012178	16.90	21061689	58.02	22084654	51.60
		12-15	219530	43.66	2600771	43.42	10913883	30.06	13734184	32.09
		16-17	272522	54.20	2376957	39.68	4327745	11.92	6977224	16.30
	Total		502839	100.00	5989906	100.00	36303317	100.00	42796062	100.00

Source: National Household Sample Survey

Table 27 – Age at which child started work by year of reference and groups of children between 5 to 17 years old

			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
Year of reference			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
92	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	328740	37.64	4107713	59.31	479067	41.85	4915520	54.96
		De 12 a 15	488352	55.91	2518098	36.36	582831	50.91	3589281	40.13
		De 16 a 17	56375	6.45	299524	4.33	82949	7.25	438848	4.91
	Total		873467	100.00	6925335	100.00	1144847	100.00	8943649	100.00
93	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	332658	37.43	4176580	60.73	480462	41.62	4989700	55.93
		De 12 a 15	498807	56.13	2382422	34.64	586991	50.85	3468220	38.88
		De 16 a 17	57187	6.44	318456	4.63	86998	7.54	462641	5.19
	Total		888652	100.00	6877458	100.00	1154451	100.00	8920561	100.00
95	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	282807	34.51	4002561	58.23	480043	38.88	4765411	53.37
		De 12 a 15	483753	59.03	2509507	36.51	645689	52.29	3638949	40.76
		De 16 a 17	52934	6.46	362092	5.27	109037	8.83	524063	5.87
	Total		819494	100.00	6874160	100.00	1234769	100.00	8928423	100.00
98	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	167355	30.09	3188820	56.04	373459	33.96	3729634	50.77
		De 12 a 15	329006	59.15	2116104	37.19	608596	55.34	3053706	41.57
		De 16 a 17	59876	10.76	385092	6.77	117590	10.69	562558	7.66
	Total		556237	100.00	5690016	100.00	1099645	100.00	7345898	100.00
99	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	152428	30.37	3177165	56.59	379639	34.29	3709232	51.35
		De 12 a 15	291178	58.01	2052391	36.56	601851	54.36	2945420	40.78
		De 16 a 17	58347	11.62	384735	6.85	125605	11.35	568687	7.87
	Total		501953	100.00	5614291	100.00	1107095	100.00	7223339	100.00

Source: National Household Sample Survey

Table 28 – Weekly working hours by year of reference and groups of children between 5 to 17 years old

Year of reference		Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old				Total		
		Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Freq.	%	
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%			
92	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	76310	8.65	2375812	31.58	2452122	29.17
		Between 21 and 30	99065	11.23	1393768	18.53	1492833	17.76
		Between 31 and 40	137676	15.61	1520510	20.21	1658186	19.73
		Above 40	568880	64.50	2232864	29.68	2801744	33.33
	Total	881931	100.00	7522954	100.00	8404885	100.00	
93	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	79211	8.86	2550830	34.46	2630041	31.70
		Between 21 and 30	97943	10.96	1328912	17.95	1426855	17.20
		Between 31 and 40	148652	16.63	1430960	19.33	1579612	19.04
		Above 40	568092	63.55	2091740	28.26	2659832	32.06
	Total	893898	100.00	7402442	100.00	8296340	100.00	
95	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	80495	9.73	2770961	37.53	2851456	34.73
		Between 21 and 30	117980	14.26	1305671	17.68	1423651	17.34
		Between 31 and 40	143147	17.30	1354551	18.34	1497698	18.24
		Above 40	485719	58.71	1952904	26.45	2438623	29.70
	Total	827341	100.00	7384087	100.00	8211428	100.00	
98	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	66781	11.99	2478671	40.89	2545452	38.46
		Between 21 and 30	80854	14.52	1157841	19.10	1238695	18.72
		Between 31 and 40	99941	17.95	1026121	16.93	1126062	17.01
		Above 40	309243	55.54	1399119	23.08	1708362	25.81
	Total	556819	100.00	6061752	100.00	6618571	100.00	
99	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	67573	13.44	2694671	45.03	2762244	42.58
		Between 21 and 30	84938	16.90	1105095	18.47	1190033	18.34
		Between 31 and 40	88394	17.58	955997	15.97	1044391	16.10
		Above 40	261794	52.08	1228691	20.53	1490485	22.98
	Total	502699	100.00	5984454	100.00	6487153	100.00	

Source: National Household Sample Survey

Table 29 – Paid work (in cash or kind) by year of reference and groups of children between 5 to 17 years old

Year of reference			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%
92	Paid work (in cash or kind)	Yes	846044	95.84	3441710	45.64	0	.00	4287754	9.96
		Not	36763	4.16	4098931	54.36	34643607	100.00	38779301	90.04
	Total		882807	100.00	7540641	100.00	34643607	100.00	43067055	100.00
93	Paid work (wages or objects)	Yes	857124	95.89	3375220	45.50	0	.00	4232344	9.69
		Not	36774	4.11	4043273	54.50	35357854	100.00	39437901	90.31
	Total		893898	100.00	7418493	100.00	35357854	100.00	43670245	100.00
95	Paid work (wages or objects)	Yes	800928	96.66	3381384	45.66	0	.00	4182312	9.51
		Not	27708	3.34	4023603	54.34	35750444	100.00	39801755	90.49
	Total		828636	100.00	7404987	100.00	35750444	100.00	43984067	100.00
98	Paid work (wages or objects)	Yes	537801	95.99	2683766	44.08	0	.00	3221567	7.49
		Not	22466	4.01	3404236	55.92	36378240	100.00	39804942	92.51
	Total		560267	100.00	6088002	100.00	36378240	100.00	43026509	100.00
99	Paid work (wages or objects)	Yes	486275	96.71	2506671	41.85	353	.00	2993299	6.99
		Not	16564	3.29	3483235	58.15	36302964	100.00	39802763	93.01
	Total		502839	100.00	5989906	100.00	36303317	100.00	42796062	100.00

Source: National Household Sample Surveys

Table 30 – Sex, year of reference by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old

			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
Year of reference			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
92	Sex	Male	47987	5.44	5464249	72.46	16216153	46.81	21728389	50.45
		Female	834820	94.56	2076392	27.54	18427454	53.19	21338666	49.55
	Total		882807	100.00	7540641	100.00	34643607	100.00	43067055	100.00
93	Sex	Male	49916	5.58	5330802	71.86	16537318	46.77	21918036	50.19
		Female	843982	94.42	2087691	28.14	18820536	53.23	21752209	49.81
	Total		893898	100.00	7418493	100.00	35357854	100.00	43670245	100.00
95	Sex	Male	49378	5.96	5293388	71.48	16884028	47.23	22226794	50.53
		Female	779258	94.04	2111599	28.52	18866416	52.77	21757273	49.47
	Total		828636	100.00	7404987	100.00	35750444	100.00	43984067	100.00
98	Sex	Male	33202	5.93	4343893	71.35	17548351	48.24	21925446	50.96
		Female	527065	94.07	1744109	28.65	18829889	51.76	21101063	49.04
	Total		560267	100.00	6088002	100.00	36378240	100.00	43026509	100.00
99	Sex	Male	23558	4.68	4245570	70.88	17418781	47.98	21687909	50.68
		Female	479281	95.32	1744336	29.12	18884536	52.02	21108153	49.32
	Total		502839	100.00	5989906	100.00	36303317	100.00	42796062	100.00

Source: National Household Sample Surveys

Table 31 – Region, sex by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1992)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Sex	Male	3353	3.75	413521	78.83	1083371	46.82	1500245	51.24
		Female	86093	96.25	111048	21.17	1230714	53.18	1427855	48.76
	Total	89446	100.00	524569	100.00	2314085	100.00	2928100	100.00	
Northeast	Sex	Male	13882	5.07	2194096	72.60	4935967	44.86	7143945	49.97
		Female	259672	94.93	828063	27.40	6066013	55.14	7153748	50.03
	Total	273554	100.00	3022159	100.00	11001980	100.00	14297693	100.00	
North	Sex	Male	2327	3.69	225269	79.14	904312	46.60	1131908	49.47
		Female	60750	96.31	59380	20.86	1036198	53.40	1156328	50.53
	Total	63077	100.00	284649	100.00	1940510	100.00	2288236	100.00	
Southeast	Sex	Male	24429	7.08	1688656	72.34	7120182	48.31	8833267	50.71
		Female	320765	92.92	645573	27.66	7618584	51.69	8584922	49.29
	Total	345194	100.00	2334229	100.00	14738766	100.00	17418189	100.00	
South	Sex	Male	3996	3.58	942707	68.56	2172321	46.73	3119024	50.84
		Female	107540	96.42	432328	31.44	2475945	53.27	3015813	49.16
	Total	111536	100.00	1375035	100.00	4648266	100.00	6134837	100.00	

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Surveys 1992

Table 32 – Region, sex by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1993)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Sex	Male	5027	5.09	392460	78.68	1109779	46.23	1507266	50.27
		Female	93799	94.91	106351	21.32	1290935	53.77	1491085	49.73
	Total	98826	100.00	498811	100.00	2400714	100.00	2998351	100.00	
Northeast	Sex	Male	15291	5.19	2172161	72.30	5235853	46.12	7423305	50.67
		Female	279391	94.81	832125	27.70	6115911	53.88	7227427	49.33
	Total	294682	100.00	3004286	100.00	11351764	100.00	14650732	100.00	
North	Sex	Male	2303	3.60	236063	78.98	916455	46.29	1154821	49.29
		Female	61586	96.40	62824	21.02	1063488	53.71	1187898	50.71
	Total	63889	100.00	298887	100.00	1979943	100.00	2342719	100.00	
Southeast	Sex	Male	18221	5.77	1648498	72.03	7075280	47.48	8741999	49.93
		Female	297502	94.23	640060	27.97	7827269	52.52	8764831	50.07
	Total	315723	100.00	2288558	100.00	14902549	100.00	17506830	100.00	
South	Sex	Male	9074	7.51	881620	66.39	2199951	46.58	3090645	50.08
		Female	111704	92.49	446331	33.61	2522933	53.42	3080968	49.92
	Total	120778	100.00	1327951	100.00	4722884	100.00	6171613	100.00	

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1993

Table 33 – Region, Sex by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1995)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Sex	Male	5035	6.34	359857	75.67	1152561	46.79	1517453	50.27
		Female	74349	93.66	115732	24.33	1310965	53.21	1501046	49.73
	Total	79384	100.00	475589	100.00	2463526	100.00	3018499	100.00	
Northeast	Sex	Male	19944	7.36	2216439	71.48	5180725	45.80	7417108	50.51
		Female	250897	92.64	884162	28.52	6131825	54.20	7266884	49.49
	Total	270841	100.00	3100601	100.00	11312550	100.00	14683992	100.00	
North	Sex	Male	2202	3.56	242370	79.99	996464	47.30	1241036	50.21
		Female	59735	96.44	60629	20.01	1110079	52.70	1230443	49.79
	Total	61937	100.00	302999	100.00	2106543	100.00	2471479	100.00	
Southeast	Sex	Male	18462	6.01	1625973	72.56	7311175	48.32	8955610	50.65
		Female	288487	93.99	614950	27.44	7821005	51.68	8724442	49.35
	Total	306949	100.00	2240923	100.00	15132180	100.00	17680052	100.00	
South	Sex	Male	3735	3.41	848749	66.06	2243103	47.37	3095587	50.50
		Female	105790	96.59	436126	33.94	2492542	52.63	3034458	49.50
	Total	109525	100.00	1284875	100.00	4735645	100.00	6130045	100.00	

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1995

Table 34 – Region, sex by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1998)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Sex	Male	2258	4.02	291337	73.90	1223199	47.55	1516794	50.18
		Female	53974	95.98	102886	26.10	1349219	52.45	1506079	49.82
	Total	56232	100.00	394223	100.00	2572418	100.00	3022873	100.00	
Northeast	Sex	Male	12149	6.67	1943948	71.98	5217741	46.50	7173838	50.87
		Female	170098	93.33	756621	28.02	6002480	53.50	6929199	49.13
	Total	182247	100.00	2700569	100.00	11220221	100.00	14103037	100.00	
North	Sex	Male	1950	4.25	213960	74.32	1052586	48.01	1268496	50.21
		Female	43958	95.75	73925	25.68	1140045	51.99	1257928	49.79
	Total	45908	100.00	287885	100.00	2192631	100.00	2526424	100.00	
Southeast	Sex	Male	10937	5.72	1203561	70.83	7635309	49.71	8849807	51.31
		Female	180136	94.28	495586	29.17	7723424	50.29	8399146	48.69
	Total	191073	100.00	1699147	100.00	15358733	100.00	17248953	100.00	
South	Sex	Male	5908	6.97	691087	68.68	2419516	48.06	3116511	50.88
		Female	78899	93.03	315091	31.32	2614721	51.94	3008711	49.12
	Total	84807	100.00	1006178	100.00	5034237	100.00	6125222	100.00	

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1998

Table 35 – Region, sex by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1999)

Region		Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old							Total	
		Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%	
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%			
Center-West	Sex	Male	1863	3.40	280249	75.24	1252988	48.70	1535100	51.17
		Female	52853	96.60	92209	24.76	1319808	51.30	1464870	48.83
	Total	54716	100.00	372458	100.00	2572796	100.00	2999970	100.00	
Northeast	Sex	Male	8483	5.09	1904489	70.96	5178892	46.30	7091864	50.52
		Female	158220	94.91	779561	29.04	6006801	53.70	6944582	49.48
	Total	166703	100.00	2684050	100.00	11185693	100.00	14036446	100.00	
North	Sex	Male	2615	5.21	228183	77.80	1047658	47.83	1278456	50.46
		Female	47551	94.79	65102	22.20	1142732	52.17	1255385	49.54
	Total	50166	100.00	293285	100.00	2190390	100.00	2533841	100.00	
Southeast	Sex	Male	7517	4.86	1169775	71.22	7476705	49.14	8653997	50.87
		Female	147157	95.14	472727	28.78	7739615	50.86	8359499	49.13
	Total	154674	100.00	1642502	100.00	15216320	100.00	17013496	100.00	
South	Sex	Male	3080	4.02	662874	66.45	2462538	47.93	3128492	50.36
		Female	73500	95.98	334737	33.55	2675580	52.07	3083817	49.64
	Total	76580	100.00	997611	100.00	5138118	100.00	6212309	100.00	

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1999

Table 36 – Region, age by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1992)

			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
Region			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Age	5-11	6250	6.99	102858	19.61	1498980	64.78	1608088	54.92
		12-15	41364	46.24	234154	44.64	619096	26.75	894614	30.55
		16-17	41832	46.77	187557	35.75	196009	8.47	425398	14.53
	Total		89446	100.00	524569	100.00	2314085	100.00	2928100	100.00
Northeast	Age	5-11	16550	6.05	723677	23.95	7236855	65.78	7977082	55.79
		12-15	134166	49.05	1416677	46.88	2801271	25.46	4352114	30.44
		16-17	122838	44.90	881805	29.18	963854	8.76	1968497	13.77
	Total		273554	100.00	3022159	100.00	11001980	100.00	14297693	100.00
North	Age	5-11	4070	6.45	55103	19.36	1240482	63.93	1299655	56.80
		12-15	32777	51.96	124797	43.84	532690	27.45	690264	30.17
		16-17	26230	41.58	104749	36.80	167338	8.62	298317	13.04
	Total		63077	100.00	284649	100.00	1940510	100.00	2288236	100.00
Southeast	Age	5-11	19562	5.67	302043	12.94	9260064	62.83	9581669	55.01
		12-15	173969	50.40	1030461	44.15	4164295	28.25	5368725	30.82
		16-17	151663	43.94	1001725	42.91	1314407	8.92	2467795	14.17
	Total		345194	100.00	2334229	100.00	14738766	100.00	17418189	100.00
South	Age	5-11	4754	4.26	324311	23.59	3055466	65.73	3384531	55.17
		12-15	56047	50.25	595198	43.29	1240937	26.70	1892182	30.84
		16-17	50735	45.49	455526	33.13	351863	7.57	858124	13.99
	Total		111536	100.00	1375035	100.00	4648266	100.00	6134837	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1992

Table 37 – Region, age by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1993)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center- West	Age	5-11	2854	2.89	92691	18.58	1511640	62.97	1607185	53.60
		12-15	54294	54.94	227824	45.67	675199	28.12	957317	31.93
		16-17	41678	42.17	178296	35.74	213875	8.91	433849	14.47
	Total		98826	100.00	498811	100.00	2400714	100.00	2998351	100.00
Northeast	Age	5-11	12445	4.22	688971	22.93	7383012	65.04	8084428	55.18
		12-15	149756	50.82	1429809	47.59	2981620	26.27	4561185	31.13
		16-17	132481	44.96	885506	29.47	987132	8.70	2005119	13.69
	Total		294682	100.00	3004286	100.00	11351764	100.00	14650732	100.00
North	Age	5-11	3709	5.81	54018	18.07	1222532	61.75	1280259	54.65
		12-15	29221	45.74	139523	46.68	569651	28.77	738395	31.52
		16-17	30959	48.46	105346	35.25	187760	9.48	324065	13.83
	Total		63889	100.00	298887	100.00	1979943	100.00	2342719	100.00
Southeast	Age	5-11	11019	3.49	300044	13.11	9094056	61.02	9405119	53.72
		12-15	157867	50.00	994475	43.45	4455538	29.90	5607880	32.03
		16-17	146837	46.51	994039	43.44	1352955	9.08	2493831	14.24
	Total		315723	100.00	2288558	100.00	14902549	100.00	17506830	100.00
South	Age	5-11	3145	2.60	290471	21.87	3084722	65.31	3378338	54.74
		12-15	59393	49.18	573004	43.15	1293701	27.39	1926098	31.21
		16-17	58240	48.22	464476	34.98	344461	7.29	867177	14.05
	Total		120778	100.00	1327951	100.00	4722884	100.00	6171613	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1993

Table 38 – Region, age by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1995)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Age	5-11	3776	4.76	81697	17.18	1498959	60.85	1584432	52.49
		12-15	38573	48.59	209559	44.06	721546	29.29	969678	32.12
		16-17	37035	46.65	184333	38.76	243021	9.86	464389	15.38
	Total	79384	100.00	475589	100.00	2463526	100.00	3018499	100.00	
Northeast	Age	5-11	8779	3.24	704800	22.73	7155357	63.25	7868936	53.59
		12-15	135701	50.10	1466610	47.30	3092978	27.34	4695289	31.98
		16-17	126361	46.66	929191	29.97	1064215	9.41	2119767	14.44
	Total	270841	100.00	3100601	100.00	11312550	100.00	14683992	100.00	
North	Age	5-11	2079	3.36	56065	18.50	1276309	60.59	1334453	53.99
		12-15	29430	47.52	143997	47.52	618481	29.36	791908	32.04
		16-17	30428	49.13	102937	33.97	211753	10.05	345118	13.96
	Total	61937	100.00	302999	100.00	2106543	100.00	2471479	100.00	
Southeast	Age	5-11	9388	3.06	231276	10.32	8844825	58.45	9085489	51.39
		12-15	157557	51.33	953551	42.55	4769767	31.52	5880875	33.26
		16-17	140004	45.61	1056096	47.13	1517588	10.03	2713688	15.35
	Total	306949	100.00	2240923	100.00	15132180	100.00	17680052	100.00	
South	Age	5-11	5674	5.18	266622	20.75	2976318	62.85	3248614	52.99
		12-15	56677	51.75	586153	45.62	1361918	28.76	2004748	32.70
		16-17	47174	43.07	432100	33.63	397409	8.39	876683	14.30
	Total	109525	100.00	1284875	100.00	4735645	100.00	6130045	100.00	

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1995

Table 39 – Region, age by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1998)

			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
Region			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Age	5-11	646	1.15	53326	13.53	1526463	59.34	1580435	52.28
		12-15	23702	42.15	169944	43.11	762151	29.63	955797	31.62
		16-17	31884	56.70	170953	43.36	283804	11.03	486641	16.10
	Total		56232	100.00	394223	100.00	2572418	100.00	3022873	100.00
Northeast	Age	5-11	5511	3.02	579859	21.47	6749351	60.15	7334721	52.01
		12-15	73584	40.38	1290320	47.78	3222290	28.72	4586194	32.52
		16-17	103152	56.60	830390	30.75	1248580	11.13	2182122	15.47
	Total		182247	100.00	2700569	100.00	11220221	100.00	14103037	100.00
North	Age	5-11	3873	8.44	54366	18.88	1262189	57.57	1320428	52.26
		12-15	23202	50.54	125475	43.59	658945	30.05	807622	31.97
		16-17	18833	41.02	108044	37.53	271497	12.38	398374	15.77
	Total		45908	100.00	287885	100.00	2192631	100.00	2526424	100.00
Southeast	Age	5-11	5544	2.90	159359	9.38	8672500	56.47	8837403	51.23
		12-15	74630	39.06	632073	37.20	4790207	31.19	5496910	31.87
		16-17	110899	58.04	907715	53.42	1896026	12.34	2914640	16.90
	Total		191073	100.00	1699147	100.00	15358733	100.00	17248953	100.00
South	Age	5-11	3468	4.09	175694	17.46	3011873	59.83	3191035	52.10
		12-15	30192	35.60	422484	41.99	1502670	29.85	1955346	31.92
		16-17	51147	60.31	408000	40.55	519694	10.32	978841	15.98
	Total		84807	100.00	1006178	100.00	5034237	100.00	6125222	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1998

Table 40 – Region, age by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1999)

			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
Region			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Age	5-11	879	1.61	51895	13.93	1540618	59.88	1593392	53.11
		12-15	25315	46.27	158102	42.45	739268	28.73	922685	30.76
		16-17	28522	52.13	162461	43.62	292910	11.38	483893	16.13
	Total		54716	100.00	372458	100.00	2572796	100.00	2999970	100.00
Northeast	Age	5-11	3581	2.15	575316	21.43	6615580	59.14	7194477	51.26
		12-15	74040	44.41	1255274	46.77	3296822	29.47	4626136	32.96
		16-17	89082	53.44	853460	31.80	1273291	11.38	2215833	15.79
	Total		166703	100.00	2684050	100.00	11185693	100.00	14036446	100.00
North	Age	5-11	2812	5.61	59368	20.24	1278706	58.38	1340886	52.92
		12-15	21317	42.49	137898	47.02	636225	29.05	795440	31.39
		16-17	26037	51.90	96019	32.74	275459	12.58	397515	15.69
	Total		50166	100.00	293285	100.00	2190390	100.00	2533841	100.00
Southeast	Age	5-11	2920	1.89	151954	9.25	8497411	55.84	8652285	50.86
		12-15	70166	45.36	648268	39.47	4775400	31.38	5493834	32.29
		16-17	81588	52.75	842280	51.28	1943509	12.77	2867377	16.85
	Total		154674	100.00	1642502	100.00	15216320	100.00	17013496	100.00
South	Age	5-11	595	.78	173645	17.41	3129374	60.91	3303614	53.18
		12-15	28692	37.47	401229	40.22	1466168	28.54	1896089	30.52
		16-17	47293	61.76	422737	42.37	542576	10.56	1012606	16.30
	Total		76580	100.00	997611	100.00	5138118	100.00	6212309	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1999

Table 41 – Region, race / colour by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1992)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center- West	Race / colour	Indian	634	.71	3800	.72	7819	.34	12253	.42
		White	34372	38.43	211656	40.35	1043870	45.11	1289898	44.05
		Black	5467	6.11	15103	2.88	43945	1.90	64515	2.20
		Yellow	329	.37	1646	.31	6875	.30	8850	.30
		Brown	48644	54.38	292364	55.73	1211576	52.36	1552584	53.02
	Total		89446	100.00	524569	100.00	2314085	100.00	2928100	100.00
Northeast	Race / colour	Indian	0	.00	595	.02	2765	.03	3360	.02
		White	52728	19.28	700242	23.17	2791605	25.37	3544575	24.79
		Black	23063	8.43	171229	5.67	584552	5.31	778844	5.45
		Yellow	1075	.39	812	.03	4625	.04	6512	.05
		Brown	196688	71.90	2148729	71.10	7617895	69.24	9963312	69.68
	Not declared	0	.00	552	.02	538	.00	1090	.01	
Total		273554	100.00	3022159	100.00	11001980	100.00	14297693	100.00	
North	Race / colour	Indian	0	.00	646	.23	2404	.12	3050	.13
		White	12512	19.84	70450	24.75	532785	27.46	615747	26.91
		Black	3774	5.98	8582	3.01	36922	1.90	49278	2.15
		Yellow	0	.00	373	.13	7057	.36	7430	.32
		Brown	46791	74.18	204598	71.88	1361342	70.15	1612731	70.48
	Total		63077	100.00	284649	100.00	1940510	100.00	2288236	100.00
Southeast	Race / colour	Indian	0	.00	798	.03	6707	.05	7505	.04
		White	162403	47.05	1356442	58.11	9239416	62.69	10758261	61.76
		Black	40070	11.61	158759	6.80	892960	6.06	1091789	6.27
		Yellow	0	.00	10922	.47	71563	.49	82485	.47
		Brown	142721	41.35	807308	34.59	4527322	30.72	5477351	31.45
	Not declared	0	.00	0	.00	798	.01	798	.00	
Total		345194	100.00	2334229	100.00	14738766	100.00	17418189	100.00	
South	Race / colour	Indian	0	.00	4750	.35	5160	.11	9910	.16
		White	80370	72.06	1123170	81.68	3871731	83.29	5075271	82.73
		Black	6781	6.08	26169	1.90	109032	2.35	141982	2.31
		Yellow	0	.00	1634	.12	18167	.39	19801	.32
		Brown	24385	21.86	219312	15.95	644176	13.86	887873	14.47
	Total		111536	100.00	1375035	100.00	4648266	100.00	6134837	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1992

Table 42 – Region, race / colour by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1993)

Region		Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total		
		Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%	
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%			
Center- West	Race / colour	Indian	327	.33	4262	.85	8030	.33	12619	.42
		White	38004	38.46	205467	41.19	1079250	44.96	1322721	44.11
		Black	4075	4.12	16926	3.39	51618	2.15	72619	2.42
		Yellow	0	.00	1879	.38	7387	.31	9266	.31
		Brown	56420	57.09	270277	54.18	1253775	52.23	1580472	52.71
		Not declared	0	.00	0	.00	654	.03	654	.02
		Total	98826	100.00	498811	100.00	2400714	100.00	2998351	100.00
Northeast	Race / colour	Indian	224	.08	13786	.46	15792	.14	29802	.20
		White	51474	17.47	702374	23.38	2942016	25.92	3695864	25.23
		Black	25841	8.77	119354	3.97	553679	4.88	698874	4.77
		Yellow	0	.00	9486	.32	7968	.07	17454	.12
		Brown	217143	73.69	2159286	71.87	7830994	68.98	10207423	69.67
		Not declared	0	.00	0	.00	1315	.01	1315	.01
		Total	294682	100.00	3004286	100.00	11351764	100.00	14650732	100.00
North	Race / colour	Indian	0	.00	0	.00	3272	.17	3272	.14
		White	13073	20.46	66250	22.17	541908	27.37	621231	26.52
		Black	1622	2.54	4887	1.64	25151	1.27	31660	1.35
		Yellow	0	.00	306	.10	4173	.21	4479	.19
		Brown	49194	77.00	227444	76.10	1404223	70.92	1680861	71.75
		Not declared	0	.00	0	.00	1216	.06	1216	.05
		Total	63889	100.00	298887	100.00	1979943	100.00	2342719	100.00
Southeast	Race / colour	Indian	798	.25	0	.00	2507	.02	3305	.02
		White	168452	53.35	1321714	57.75	9346428	62.72	10836594	61.90
		Black	32018	10.14	159000	6.95	881989	5.92	1073007	6.13
		Yellow	252	.08	12476	.55	106435	.71	119163	.68
		Brown	114203	36.17	793747	34.68	4560173	30.60	5468123	31.23
		Not declared	0	.00	1621	.07	5017	.03	6638	.04
		Total	315723	100.00	2288558	100.00	14902549	100.00	17506830	100.00
South	Race / colour	Indian	585	.48	3314	.25	5297	.11	9196	.15
		White	81922	67.83	1075793	81.01	3944894	83.53	5102609	82.68
		Black	8211	6.80	39099	2.94	148041	3.13	195351	3.17
		Yellow	0	.00	1595	.12	19172	.41	20767	.34
		Brown	29483	24.41	208150	15.67	604072	12.79	841705	13.64
		Not declared	577	.48	0	.00	1408	.03	1985	.03
		Total	120778	100.00	1327951	100.00	4722884	100.00	6171613	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1993

Table 43 – Region, race / colour by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1995)

Region		Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total		
		Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%	
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%			
Center-West	Race / colour	Indian	0	.00	6122	1.29	3753	.15	9875	.33
		White	26644	33.56	186169	39.14	1175828	47.73	1388641	46.00
		Black	2736	3.45	15069	3.17	43578	1.77	61383	2.03
		Yellow	0	.00	516	.11	2567	.10	3083	.10
		Brown	50004	62.99	267408	56.23	1237800	50.25	1555212	51.52
		Not declared	0	.00	305	.06	0	.00	305	.01
		Total	79384	100.00	475589	100.00	2463526	100.00	3018499	100.00
Northeast	Race / colour	Indian	0	.00	9450	.30	12453	.11	21903	.15
		White	56367	20.81	688093	22.19	2906243	25.69	3650703	24.86
		Black	21369	7.89	129024	4.16	493138	4.36	643531	4.38
		Yellow	0	.00	1718	.06	6506	.06	8224	.06
		Brown	193105	71.30	2271508	73.26	7889839	69.74	10354452	70.52
		Not declared	0	.00	808	.03	4371	.04	5179	.04
		Total	270841	100.00	3100601	100.00	11312550	100.00	14683992	100.00
North	Race / colour	Indian	346	.56	1275	.42	5069	.24	6690	.27
		White	10793	17.43	69641	22.98	574758	27.28	655192	26.51
		Black	1054	1.70	4778	1.58	25586	1.21	31418	1.27
		Yellow	0	.00	823	.27	1725	.08	2548	.10
		Brown	49744	80.31	226482	74.75	1499028	71.16	1775254	71.83
		Not declared	0	.00	0	.00	377	.02	377	.02
		Total	61937	100.00	302999	100.00	2106543	100.00	2471479	100.00
Southeast	Race / colour	Indian	0	.00	528	.02	1774	.01	2302	.01
		White	142334	46.37	1306689	58.31	9603434	63.46	11052457	62.51
		Black	32464	10.58	153763	6.86	900384	5.95	1086611	6.15
		Yellow	0	.00	8016	.36	113897	.75	121913	.69
		Brown	132151	43.05	771927	34.45	4512117	29.82	5416195	30.63
		Not declared	0	.00	0	.00	574	.00	574	.00
		Total	306949	100.00	2240923	100.00	15132180	100.00	17680052	100.00
South	Race / colour	Indian	0	.00	5679	.44	3622	.08	9301	.15
		White	82787	75.59	1069994	83.28	3919725	82.77	5072506	82.75
		Black	2922	2.67	24507	1.91	127323	2.69	154752	2.52
		Yellow	0	.00	3081	.24	21150	.45	24231	.40
		Brown	23816	21.74	181614	14.13	663257	14.01	868687	14.17
		Not declared	0	.00	0	.00	568	.01	568	.01
		Total	109525	100.00	1284875	100.00	4735645	100.00	6130045	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1995

Table 44 – Region, race / colour by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1998)

Region		Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total		
		Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%	
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%			
Center-West	Race / colour	Indian	319	.57	9185	2.33	10573	.41	20077	.66
		White	19340	34.39	152103	38.58	1149445	44.68	1320888	43.70
		Black	2860	5.09	19250	4.88	74106	2.88	96216	3.18
		Yellow	1191	2.12	1215	.31	8557	.33	10963	.36
		Brown	32522	57.84	212470	53.90	1329409	51.68	1574401	52.08
		Not declared	0	.00	0	.00	328	.01	328	.01
		Total	56232	100.00	394223	100.00	2572418	100.00	3022873	100.00
Northeast	Race / colour	Indian	325	.18	10185	.38	15572	.14	26082	.18
		White	40951	22.47	626633	23.20	3076979	27.42	3744563	26.55
		Black	13578	7.45	152945	5.66	534809	4.77	701332	4.97
		Yellow	0	.00	2272	.08	7928	.07	10200	.07
		Brown	127393	69.90	1908534	70.67	7583608	67.59	9619535	68.21
		Not declared	0	.00	0	.00	1325	.01	1325	.01
		Total	182247	100.00	2700569	100.00	11220221	100.00	14103037	100.00
North	Race / colour	Indian	374	.81	644	.22	7502	.34	8520	.34
		White	8700	18.95	60731	21.10	603132	27.51	672563	26.62
		Black	764	1.66	4349	1.51	30670	1.40	35783	1.42
		Yellow	0	.00	1174	.41	6659	.30	7833	.31
		Brown	36070	78.57	220987	76.76	1544668	70.45	1801725	71.32
		Not declared								
		Total	45908	100.00	287885	100.00	2192631	100.00	2526424	100.00
Southeast	Race / colour	Indian	1116	.58	3846	.23	42490	.28	47452	.28
		White	83774	43.84	965978	56.85	9356886	60.92	10406638	60.33
		Black	21004	10.99	111368	6.55	1039513	6.77	1171885	6.79
		Yellow	0	.00	10617	.62	99547	.65	110164	.64
		Brown	85179	44.58	607338	35.74	4817635	31.37	5510152	31.94
		Not declared	0	.00	0	.00	2662	.02	2662	.02
		Total	191073	100.00	1699147	100.00	15358733	100.00	17248953	100.00
South	Race / colour	Indian	0	.00	6659	.66	10958	.22	17617	.29
		White	63143	74.45	846538	84.13	4033605	80.12	4943286	80.70
		Black	3440	4.06	19896	1.98	151223	3.00	174559	2.85
		Yellow	0	.00	2121	.21	11716	.23	13837	.23
		Brown	18224	21.49	130964	13.02	826735	16.42	975923	15.93
		Not declared								
		Total	84807	100.00	1006178	100.00	5034237	100.00	6125222	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1998

Table 45 – Region, race / colour by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1999)

Region		Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total		
		Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%	
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%			
Center-West	Race / colour	Indian	0	.00	9324	2.50	10542	.41	19866	.66
		White	16980	31.03	141033	37.87	1134942	44.11	1292955	43.10
		Black	3372	6.16	16188	4.35	72309	2.81	91869	3.06
		Yellow	0	.00	207	.06	11995	.47	12202	.41
		Brown	34364	62.80	205706	55.23	1343008	52.20	1583078	52.77
		Total	54716	100.00	372458	100.00	2572796	100.00	2999970	100.00
Northeast	Race / colour	Indian	0	.00	3847	.14	5918	.05	9765	.07
		White	39707	23.82	626013	23.32	3101352	27.73	3767072	26.84
		Black	12246	7.35	140582	5.24	567892	5.08	720720	5.13
		Yellow	204	.12	0	.00	7897	.07	8101	.06
		Brown	114546	68.71	1913608	71.30	7502634	67.07	9530788	67.90
		Total	166703	100.00	2684050	100.00	11185693	100.00	14036446	100.00
North	Race / colour	Indian	309	.62	2703	.92	17482	.80	20494	.81
		White	8691	17.32	68766	23.45	573931	26.20	651388	25.71
		Black	2711	5.40	6738	2.30	36450	1.66	45899	1.81
		Yellow	0	.00	0	.00	3437	.16	3437	.14
		Brown	38455	76.66	215078	73.33	1559090	71.18	1812623	71.54
		Total	50166	100.00	293285	100.00	2190390	100.00	2533841	100.00
Southeast	Race / colour	Indian	0	.00	2190	.13	6942	.05	9132	.05
		White	76914	49.73	896982	54.61	9329329	61.31	10303225	60.56
		Black	16969	10.97	113385	6.90	933555	6.14	1063909	6.25
		Yellow	0	.00	6093	.37	72348	.48	78441	.46
		Brown	60229	38.94	623852	37.98	4870634	32.01	5554715	32.65
		Not declared	562	.36	0	.00	3512	.02	4074	.02
	Total	154674	100.00	1642502	100.00	15216320	100.00	17013496	100.00	
South	Race / colour	Indian	206	.27	1190	.12	10581	.21	11977	.19
		White	54177	70.75	831574	83.36	4192361	81.59	5078112	81.74
		Black	3515	4.59	15281	1.53	152628	2.97	171424	2.76
		Yellow	595	.78	1760	.18	23361	.45	25716	.41
		Brown	18087	23.62	147806	14.82	758621	14.76	924514	14.88
		Not declared	0	.00	0	.00	566	.01	566	.01
	Total	76580	100.00	997611	100.00	5138118	100.00	6212309	100.00	

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1999

Table 46 – Region, zone by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1992)

			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
Region			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Zone	Urban	74643	83.45	318607	60.74	1959903	84.69	2353153	80.36
		Rural	14803	16.55	205962	39.26	354182	15.31	574947	19.64
	Total		89446	100.00	524569	100.00	2314085	100.00	2928100	100.00
Northeast	Zone	Urban	223872	81.84	1010433	33.43	7120877	64.72	8355182	58.44
		Rural	49682	18.16	2011726	66.57	3881103	35.28	5942511	41.56
	Total		273554	100.00	3022159	100.00	11001980	100.00	14297693	100.00
North	Zone	Urban	59639	94.55	250020	87.83	1858011	95.75	2167670	94.73
		Rural	3438	5.45	34629	12.17	82499	4.25	120566	5.27
	Total		63077	100.00	284649	100.00	1940510	100.00	2288236	100.00
Southeast	Zone	Urban	305271	88.43	1649343	70.66	13139885	89.15	15094499	86.66
		Rural	39923	11.57	684886	29.34	1598881	10.85	2323690	13.34
	Total		345194	100.00	2334229	100.00	14738766	100.00	17418189	100.00
South	Zone	Urban	87086	78.08	601192	43.72	3837368	82.55	4525646	73.77
		Rural	24450	21.92	773843	56.28	810898	17.45	1609191	26.23
	Total		111536	100.00	1375035	100.00	4648266	100.00	6134837	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1992

Table 47 – Region, zone by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1993)

			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
Region			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Zone	Urban	87482	88.52	304666	61.08	2028118	84.48	2420266	80.72
		Rural	11344	11.48	194145	38.92	372596	15.52	578085	19.28
	Total		98826	100.00	498811	100.00	2400714	100.00	2998351	100.00
Northeast	Zone	Urban	236513	80.26	1031956	34.35	7396758	65.16	8665227	59.15
		Rural	58169	19.74	1972330	65.65	3955006	34.84	5985505	40.85
	Total		294682	100.00	3004286	100.00	11351764	100.00	14650732	100.00
North	Zone	Urban	59805	93.61	272327	91.11	1896069	95.76	2228201	95.11
		Rural	4084	6.39	26560	8.89	83874	4.24	114518	4.89
	Total		63889	100.00	298887	100.00	1979943	100.00	2342719	100.00
Southeast	Zone	Urban	271776	86.08	1591849	69.56	13275752	89.08	15139377	86.48
		Rural	43947	13.92	696709	30.44	1626797	10.92	2367453	13.52
	Total		315723	100.00	2288558	100.00	14902549	100.00	17506830	100.00
South	Zone	Urban	101983	84.44	619949	46.68	3917773	82.95	4639705	75.18
		Rural	18795	15.56	708002	53.32	805111	17.05	1531908	24.82
	Total		120778	100.00	1327951	100.00	4722884	100.00	6171613	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1993

Table 48 – Region, zone by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1995)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Zone	Urban	68790	86.65	281321	59.15	2090020	84.84	2440131	80.84
		Rural	10594	13.35	194268	40.85	373506	15.16	578368	19.16
	Total		79384	100.00	475589	100.00	2463526	100.00	3018499	100.00
Northeast	Zone	Urban	209321	77.29	1099433	35.46	7507583	66.37	8816337	60.04
		Rural	61520	22.71	2001168	64.54	3804967	33.63	5867655	39.96
	Total		270841	100.00	3100601	100.00	11312550	100.00	14683992	100.00
North	Zone	Urban	58091	93.79	264060	87.15	2013086	95.56	2335237	94.49
		Rural	3846	6.21	38939	12.85	93457	4.44	136242	5.51
	Total		61937	100.00	302999	100.00	2106543	100.00	2471479	100.00
Southeast	Zone	Urban	264078	86.03	1613081	71.98	13434614	88.78	15311773	86.60
		Rural	42871	13.97	627842	28.02	1697566	11.22	2368279	13.40
	Total		306949	100.00	2240923	100.00	15132180	100.00	17680052	100.00
South	Zone	Urban	87277	79.69	639027	49.73	3998414	84.43	4724718	77.07
		Rural	22248	20.31	645848	50.27	737231	15.57	1405327	22.93
	Total		109525	100.00	1284875	100.00	4735645	100.00	6130045	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1995

Table 49 – Region, zone by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1998)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Zone	Urban	46613	82.89	242113	61.42	2177103	84.63	2465829	81.57
		Rural	9619	17.11	152110	38.58	395315	15.37	557044	18.43
	Total		56232	100.00	394223	100.00	2572418	100.00	3022873	100.00
Northeast	Zone	Urban	131570	72.19	929894	34.43	7385111	65.82	8446575	59.89
		Rural	50677	27.81	1770675	65.57	3835110	34.18	5656462	40.11
	Total		182247	100.00	2700569	100.00	11220221	100.00	14103037	100.00
North	Zone	Urban	43201	94.10	258778	89.89	2098262	95.70	2400241	95.01
		Rural	2707	5.90	29107	10.11	94369	4.30	126183	4.99
	Total		45908	100.00	287885	100.00	2192631	100.00	2526424	100.00
Southeast	Zone	Urban	158994	83.21	1222018	71.92	13564850	88.32	14945862	86.65
		Rural	32079	16.79	477129	28.08	1793883	11.68	2303091	13.35
	Total		191073	100.00	1699147	100.00	15358733	100.00	17248953	100.00
South	Zone	Urban	61960	73.06	496955	49.39	4144159	82.32	4703074	76.78
		Rural	22847	26.94	509223	50.61	890078	17.68	1422148	23.22
	Total		84807	100.00	1006178	100.00	5034237	100.00	6125222	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1998

Table 50 – Region, zone by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1999)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Zone	Urban	44461	81.26	229408	61.59	2146913	83.45	2420782	80.69
		Rural	10255	18.74	143050	38.41	425883	16.55	579188	19.31
	Total		54716	100.00	372458	100.00	2572796	100.00	2999970	100.00
Northeast	Zone	Urban	126318	75.77	874533	32.58	7379543	65.97	8380394	59.70
		Rural	40385	24.23	1809517	67.42	3806150	34.03	5656052	40.30
	Total		166703	100.00	2684050	100.00	11185693	100.00	14036446	100.00
North	Zone	Urban	45022	89.75	264528	90.19	2083030	95.10	2392580	94.43
		Rural	5144	10.25	28757	9.81	107360	4.90	141261	5.57
	Total		50166	100.00	293285	100.00	2190390	100.00	2533841	100.00
Southeast	Zone	Urban	125870	81.38	1132778	68.97	13470194	88.52	14728842	86.57
		Rural	28804	18.62	509724	31.03	1746126	11.48	2284654	13.43
	Total		154674	100.00	1642502	100.00	15216320	100.00	17013496	100.00
South	Zone	Urban	59763	78.04	485315	48.65	4236579	82.45	4781657	76.97
		Rural	16817	21.96	512296	51.35	901539	17.55	1430652	23.03
	Total		76580	100.00	997611	100.00	5138118	100.00	6212309	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1999

Table 51 – Region, child born alive by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1992)

			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
Region			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Child born alive	Not declared	644	1.13	3172	5.59	5640	2.86	9456	3.04
		Yes	3489	6.10	3433	6.05	13855	7.03	20777	6.68
		Not	53026	92.77	50136	88.36	177481	90.10	280643	90.27
	Total		57159	100.00	56741	100.00	196976	100.00	310876	100.00
Northeast	Child born alive	Not declared	5204	3.16	13043	3.75	42780	4.26	61027	4.02
		Yes	4882	2.96	28206	8.10	79682	7.94	112770	7.43
		Not	154777	93.88	307025	88.16	881468	87.80	1343270	88.54
	Total		164863	100.00	348274	100.00	1003930	100.00	1517067	100.00
North	Child born alive	Not declared	1408	3.66	372	1.20	10976	6.68	12756	5.46
		Yes	1717	4.46	4952	16.02	12368	7.53	19037	8.14
		Not	35361	91.88	25585	82.78	141010	85.80	201956	86.40
	Total		38486	100.00	30909	100.00	164354	100.00	233749	100.00
Southeast	Child born alive	Not declared	3192	1.48	9570	2.41	31885	2.43	44647	2.32
		Yes	11231	5.20	18419	4.64	82995	6.33	112645	5.86
		Not	201536	93.32	368551	92.94	1195794	91.24	1765881	91.82
	Total		215959	100.00	396540	100.00	1310674	100.00	1923173	100.00
South	Child born alive	Not declared	818	1.14	3659	1.91	13676	3.99	18153	2.99
		Yes	3697	5.14	10430	5.45	29450	8.58	43577	7.18
		Not	67414	93.72	177430	92.64	299971	87.43	544815	89.82
	Total		71929	100.00	191519	100.00	343097	100.00	606545	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1992

Table 52 – Region, living mother by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1992)

Region		Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total		
		Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%	
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%			
Center-West	Living mother	Yes	84707	94.70	504892	96.25	2269977	98.09	2859576	97.66
		Not	4739	5.30	18167	3.46	35924	1.55	58830	2.01
		Doesn't know	0	.00	1510	.29	8184	.35	9694	.33
	Total	89446	100.00	524569	100.00	2314085	100.00	2928100	100.00	
Northeast	Living mother	Yes	261029	95.42	2916972	96.52	10750293	97.71	13928294	97.42
		Not	12525	4.58	95425	3.16	215717	1.96	323667	2.26
		Doesn't know	0	.00	9762	.32	35970	.33	45732	.32
	Total	273554	100.00	3022159	100.00	11001980	100.00	14297693	100.00	
North	Living mother	Yes	60026	95.16	278008	97.67	1898420	97.83	2236454	97.74
		Not	2896	4.59	5488	1.93	39403	2.03	47787	2.09
		Doesn't know	155	.25	1153	.41	2687	.14	3995	.17
	Total	63077	100.00	284649	100.00	1940510	100.00	2288236	100.00	
Southeast	Living mother	Yes	327482	94.87	2255847	96.64	14453105	98.06	17036434	97.81
		Not	15873	4.60	72790	3.12	250518	1.70	339181	1.95
		Doesn't know	1839	.53	5592	.24	35143	.24	42574	.24
	Total	345194	100.00	2334229	100.00	14738766	100.00	17418189	100.00	
South	Living mother	Yes	106578	95.55	1328404	96.61	4568447	98.28	6003429	97.86
		Not	4958	4.45	41618	3.03	61351	1.32	107927	1.76
		Doesn't know	0	.00	5013	.36	18468	.40	23481	.38
	Total	111536	100.00	1375035	100.00	4648266	100.00	6134837	100.00	

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1992

Table 53 – Region, living mother by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1993)

Region		Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total		
		Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%	
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%			
Center-West	Living mother	Yes	94441	95.56	480216	96.27	2346995	97.76	2921652	97.44
		Not	4385	4.44	17736	3.56	47595	1.98	69716	2.33
		Doesn't know	0	.00	859	.17	6124	.26	6983	.23
	Total	98826	100.00	498811	100.00	2400714	100.00	2998351	100.00	
Northeast	Living mother	Yes	285399	96.85	2898608	96.48	11104229	97.82	14288236	97.53
		Not	8862	3.01	97070	3.23	216530	1.91	322462	2.20
		Doesn't know	421	.14	8608	.29	31005	.27	40034	.27
	Total	294682	100.00	3004286	100.00	11351764	100.00	14650732	100.00	
North	Living mother	Yes	61976	97.01	289286	96.79	1926136	97.28	2277398	97.21
		Not	1913	2.99	8877	2.97	48498	2.45	59288	2.53
		Doesn't know	0	.00	724	.24	5309	.27	6033	.26
	Total	63889	100.00	298887	100.00	1979943	100.00	2342719	100.00	
Southeast	Living mother	Yes	305548	96.78	2209526	96.55	14595569	97.94	17110643	97.74
		Not	9387	2.97	72805	3.18	273697	1.84	355889	2.03
		Doesn't know	788	.25	6227	.27	33283	.22	40298	.23
	Total	315723	100.00	2288558	100.00	14902549	100.00	17506830	100.00	
South	Living mother	Yes	116914	96.80	1293058	97.37	4641614	98.28	6051586	98.06
		Not	3864	3.20	33164	2.50	66933	1.42	103961	1.68
		Doesn't know	0	.00	1729	.13	14337	.30	16066	.26
	Total	120778	100.00	1327951	100.00	4722884	100.00	6171613	100.00	

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1993

Table 54 – Region, living mother by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1995)

			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
Region			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Living mother	Yes	76657	96.56	460537	96.84	2420996	98.27	2958190	98.00
		Not	2404	3.03	13505	2.84	39144	1.59	55053	1.82
		Doesn't know	323	.41	1547	.33	3386	.14	5256	.17
	Total		79384	100.00	475589	100.00	2463526	100.00	3018499	100.00
Northeast	Living mother	Yes	254790	94.07	2997604	96.68	11073435	97.89	14325829	97.56
		Not	15504	5.72	93756	3.02	202064	1.79	311324	2.12
		Doesn't know	547	.20	9241	.30	37051	.33	46839	.32
	Total		270841	100.00	3100601	100.00	11312550	100.00	14683992	100.00
North	Living mother	Yes	59519	96.10	294687	97.26	2058664	97.73	2412870	97.63
		Not	2072	3.35	7436	2.45	42319	2.01	51827	2.10
		Doesn't know	346	.56	876	.29	5560	.26	6782	.27
	Total		61937	100.00	302999	100.00	2106543	100.00	2471479	100.00
Southeast	Living mother	Yes	290597	94.67	2172202	96.93	14848991	98.13	17311790	97.92
		Not	15824	5.16	61546	2.75	253274	1.67	330644	1.87
		Doesn't know	528	.17	7175	.32	29341	.19	37044	.21
	Lost data	0	.00	0	.00	574	.00	574	.00	
Total		306949	100.00	2240923	100.00	15132180	100.00	17680052	100.00	
South	Living mother	Yes	106125	96.90	1250231	97.30	4653753	98.27	6010109	98.04
		Not	2614	2.39	31884	2.48	67592	1.43	102090	1.67
		Doesn't know	786	.72	2760	.21	14300	.30	17846	.29
	Total		109525	100.00	1284875	100.00	4735645	100.00	6130045	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1995

Table 55 – Region, living mother by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1998)

			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
Region			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Living mother	Yes	53826	95.72	383351	97.24	2531141	98.40	2968318	98.20
		Not	2406	4.28	9916	2.52	34756	1.35	47078	1.56
		Doesn't know	0	.00	956	.24	6521	.25	7477	.25
	Total		56232	100.00	394223	100.00	2572418	100.00	3022873	100.00
Northeast	Living mother	Yes	176014	96.58	2633265	97.51	11005756	98.09	13815035	97.96
		Not	5413	2.97	61176	2.27	181539	1.62	248128	1.76
		Doesn't know	820	.45	6128	.23	32412	.29	39360	.28
	Lost data	0	.00	0	.00	514	.00	514	.00	
Total		182247	100.00	2700569	100.00	11220221	100.00	14103037	100.00	
North	Living mother	Yes	44856	97.71	278912	96.88	2145979	97.87	2469747	97.76
		Not	1052	2.29	8617	2.99	41155	1.88	50824	2.01
		Doesn't know	0	.00	356	.12	5497	.25	5853	.23
	Total		45908	100.00	287885	100.00	2192631	100.00	2526424	100.00
Southeast	Living mother	Yes	184161	96.38	1648665	97.03	15066825	98.10	16899651	97.97
		Not	6045	3.16	47753	2.81	259760	1.69	313558	1.82
		Doesn't know	867	.45	2729	.16	32148	.21	35744	.21
	Total		191073	100.00	1699147	100.00	15358733	100.00	17248953	100.00
South	Living mother	Yes	82113	96.82	985217	97.92	4953028	98.39	6020358	98.29
		Not	2694	3.18	17948	1.78	64937	1.29	85579	1.40
		Doesn't know	0	.00	3013	.30	15652	.31	18665	.30
	Lost data	0	.00	0	.00	620	.01	620	.01	
Total		84807	100.00	1006178	100.00	5034237	100.00	6125222	100.00	

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1998

Table 56 – Region, living mother by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1999)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Living mother	Yes	53764	98.26	364935	97.98	2534996	98.53	2953695	98.46
		Not	952	1.74	6852	1.84	33394	1.30	41198	1.37
		Doesn't know	0	.00	671	.18	4406	.17	5077	.17
	Total		54716	100.00	372458	100.00	2572796	100.00	2999970	100.00
Northeast	Living mother	Yes	157004	94.18	2626308	97.85	10981180	98.17	13764492	98.06
		Not	9292	5.57	52567	1.96	175105	1.57	236964	1.69
		Doesn't know	407	.24	5175	.19	29408	.26	34990	.25
	Total		166703	100.00	2684050	100.00	11185693	100.00	14036446	100.00
North	Living mother	Yes	48109	95.90	284638	97.05	2141637	97.77	2474384	97.65
		Not	1752	3.49	7634	2.60	38053	1.74	47439	1.87
		Doesn't know	305	.61	1013	.35	10700	.49	12018	.47
	Total		50166	100.00	293285	100.00	2190390	100.00	2533841	100.00
Southeast	Living mother	Yes	148625	96.09	1593723	97.03	14888800	97.85	16631148	97.75
		Not	5262	3.40	46335	2.82	299248	1.97	350845	2.06
		Doesn't know	787	.51	2444	.15	28272	.19	31503	.19
	Total		154674	100.00	1642502	100.00	15216320	100.00	17013496	100.00
South	Living mother	Yes	75025	97.97	971373	97.37	5055402	98.39	6101800	98.22
		Not	1555	2.03	22448	2.25	62412	1.21	86415	1.39
		Doesn't know	0	.00	3790	.38	20304	.40	24094	.39
	Total		76580	100.00	997611	100.00	5138118	100.00	6212309	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1999

Table 57 – Region, educational grade - II - by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1992)

Region		Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old							Total	
		Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%	
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%			
Center-West	Educational grade- II	Kendergarten	0	.00	5466	1.65	225672	11.99	231138	10.22
		Illiterate adult schooling	316	.65	317	.10	1253	.07	1886	.08
		Primary School	17393	35.63	148247	44.79	1068980	56.81	1234620	54.59
		Junior school	26862	55.02	137211	41.45	499170	26.53	663243	29.33
		Grade not declared	2324	4.76	2728	.82	3151	.17	8203	.36
		High school	1923	3.94	36624	11.06	82116	4.36	120663	5.34
		Graduated	0	.00	414	.13	1266	.07	1680	.07
	Total	48818	100.00	331007	100.00	1881608	100.00	2261433	100.00	
Northeast	Educational grade- II	Kendergarten	748	.60	97773	5.65	1883680	22.64	1982201	19.48
		Illiterate adult schooling	515	.42	13872	.80	4281	.05	18668	.18
		Primary School	74935	60.48	1170120	67.66	4659398	56.00	5904453	58.04
		Junior school	42018	33.91	378546	21.89	1534055	18.44	1954619	19.21
		Grade not declared	491	.40	1689	.10	5032	.06	7212	.07
		High school	5196	4.19	63737	3.69	229811	2.76	298744	2.94
		Graduated	0	.00	434	.03	1087	.01	1521	.01
	Sem declaração de grau Not aplicável	0	.00	3247	.19	3246	.04	6493	.06	
Total	123903	100.00	1729418	100.00	8320590	100.00	10173911	100.00		
North	Educational grade- II	Kendergarten	313	.81	1975	1.03	249408	15.60	251696	13.76
		Illiterate adult schooling	0	.00	1492	.78	333	.02	1825	.10
		Primary School	19538	50.42	104474	54.46	932432	58.33	1056444	57.75
		Junior school	17241	44.50	67325	35.09	372129	23.28	456695	24.97
		Grade not declared	798	2.06	992	.52	3174	.20	4964	.27
		High school	858	2.21	15256	7.95	40998	2.56	57112	3.12
		Graduated	0	.00	332	.17	154	.01	486	.03
	Total	38748	100.00	191846	100.00	1598628	100.00	1829222	100.00	
Southeast	Educational grade- II	Kendergarten	0	.00	6466	.48	1570585	12.73	1577051	11.38
		Illiterate adult schooling	796	.47	2133	.16	4864	.04	7793	.06
		Primary School	48175	28.45	438586	32.31	6469332	52.44	6956093	50.17
		Junior school	109794	64.84	646968	47.66	3589116	29.09	4345878	31.35
		Grade not declared	2356	1.39	6143	.45	5519	.04	14018	.10
		High school	7409	4.38	254996	18.79	695522	5.64	957927	6.91
		Graduated	798	.47	2152	.16	2454	.02	5404	.04
	Total	169328	100.00	1357444	100.00	12337392	100.00	13864164	100.00	
South	Educational grade- II	Kendergarten	0	.00	5848	.73	316774	8.60	322622	7.12
		Illiterate adult schooling	0	.00	211	.03	1378	.04	1589	.04
		Primary School	14417	31.56	322271	40.33	2033766	55.21	2370454	52.35
		Junior school	21117	46.22	349806	43.78	1117950	30.35	1488873	32.88
		Grade not declared	0	.00	3203	.40	2470	.07	5673	.13
		High school	10150	22.22	115340	14.44	209410	5.68	334900	7.40
		Graduated	0	.00	2336	.29	2056	.06	4392	.10
	Total	45684	100.00	799015	100.00	3683804	100.00	4528503	100.00	

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1992

Table 58 – Region, educational grade - II - by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1993)

Region		Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old							Total	
		Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%	
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%			
Center-West	Educational grade- II	Kindergarten	0	.00	4272	1.41	239232	12.12	243504	10.45
		Illiterate adult schooling	0	.00	0	.00	1202	.06	1202	.05
		Primary School	16635	31.52	127105	41.99	1093118	55.37	1236858	53.09
		Junior school	33753	63.96	135301	44.70	539058	27.30	708112	30.39
		Grade not declared	735	1.39	1814	.60	3775	.19	6324	.27
		High school	1653	3.13	33350	11.02	97490	4.94	132493	5.69
		Graduated	0	.00	858	.28	407	.02	1265	.05
	Total	52776	100.00	302700	100.00	1974282	100.00	2329758	100.00	
Northeast	Educational grade- II	Kindergarten	0	.00	104549	5.63	2065308	23.10	2169857	19.80
		Illiterate adult schooling	1106	.69	14648	.79	6877	.08	22631	.21
		Primary School	93640	58.44	1260206	67.82	4885174	54.65	6239020	56.94
		Junior school	61657	38.48	412837	22.22	1700629	19.02	2175123	19.85
		Grade not declared	549	.34	1634	.09	4183	.05	6366	.06
		High school	3279	2.05	62749	3.38	274612	3.07	340640	3.11
		Graduated	0	.00	1275	.07	2108	.02	3383	.03
	Sem declaração de grau Not aplicável	0	.00	336	.02	337	.00	673	.01	
Total	160231	100.00	1858234	100.00	8939228	100.00	10957693	100.00		
North	Educational grade- II	Kindergarten	0	.00	4189	2.06	272752	16.28	276941	14.42
		Illiterate adult schooling	0	.00	0	.00	724	.04	724	.04
		Primary School	18564	44.33	108884	53.42	929987	55.52	1057435	55.06
		Junior school	21080	50.33	73748	36.18	413987	24.72	508815	26.49
		Grade not declared	1063	2.54	982	.48	3306	.20	5351	.28
	High school	1173	2.80	16021	7.86	54204	3.24	71398	3.72	
Total	41880	100.00	203824	100.00	1674960	100.00	1920664	100.00		
Southeast	Educational grade- II	Kindergarten	0	.00	8466	.62	1659174	13.05	1667640	11.71
		Illiterate adult schooling	564	.35	1478	.11	4365	.03	6407	.04
		Primary School	38051	23.72	445600	32.46	6505701	51.18	6989352	49.07
		Junior school	101799	63.46	648779	47.26	3802666	29.92	4553244	31.97
		Grade not declared	373	.23	3376	.25	10631	.08	14380	.10
		High school	19638	12.24	264405	19.26	722515	5.68	1006558	7.07
	Graduated	0	.00	799	.06	5940	.05	6739	.05	
Total	160425	100.00	1372903	100.00	12710992	100.00	14244320	100.00		
South	Educational grade- II	Kindergarten	0	.00	1929	.24	364041	9.52	365970	7.84
		Illiterate adult schooling	585	1.01	0	.00	1161	.03	1746	.04
		Primary School	10088	17.34	291465	37.01	2036459	53.26	2338012	50.07
		Junior school	38891	66.85	372229	47.27	1201307	31.42	1612427	34.53
		Grade not declared	509	.87	3025	.38	3615	.09	7149	.15
		High school	8107	13.93	118884	15.10	216115	5.65	343106	7.35
	Graduated	0	.00	0	.00	1095	.03	1095	.02	
Total	58180	100.00	787532	100.00	3823793	100.00	4669505	100.00		

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1993

Table 59 – Region, educational grade - II - by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1995)

Region		Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old							Total	
		Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%	
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%			
Center-West	Educational grade- II	Kindergarten	0	.00	2786	.91	268360	12.87	271146	11.08
		Illiterate adult schooling	0	.00	0	.00	516	.02	516	.02
		Primary School	13931	26.18	122788	39.94	1090554	52.29	1227273	50.17
		Junior school	35892	67.46	135800	44.18	615578	29.52	787270	32.18
		Grade not declared	305	.57	1370	.45	1946	.09	3621	.15
		High school	3079	5.79	43818	14.25	107930	5.17	154827	6.33
		Graduated	0	.00	837	.27	743	.04	1580	.06
	Total		53207	100.00	307399	100.00	2085627	100.00	2446233	100.00
Northeast	Educational grade- II	Kindergarten	202	.14	80823	4.03	1917066	20.87	1998091	17.63
		Illiterate adult schooling	1302	.90	6933	.35	4657	.05	12892	.11
		Primary School	72206	49.80	1375059	68.56	5075609	55.26	6522874	57.55
		Junior school	65836	45.40	462058	23.04	1870507	20.37	2398401	21.16
		Grade not declared	1558	1.07	3363	.17	2809	.03	7730	.07
		High school	3899	2.69	76250	3.80	311101	3.39	391250	3.45
		Graduated	0	.00	1051	.05	2579	.03	3630	.03
	Total		145003	100.00	2005537	100.00	9184328	100.00	11334868	100.00
North	Educational grade- II	Kindergarten	0	.00	3929	1.72	280883	15.60	284812	13.76
		Illiterate adult schooling	0	.00	1067	.47	2253	.13	3320	.16
		Primary School	15553	37.60	116158	50.93	967365	53.73	1099076	53.10
		Junior school	20862	50.44	85214	37.36	475393	26.40	581469	28.09
		Grade not declared	531	1.28	1851	.81	2636	.15	5018	.24
		High school	4417	10.68	19857	8.71	71612	3.98	95886	4.63
		Graduated	0	.00	0	.00	377	.02	377	.02
	Total		41363	100.00	228076	100.00	1800519	100.00	2069958	100.00
Southeast	Educational grade- II	Kindergarten	0	.00	6772	.46	1699415	12.81	1706187	11.44
		Illiterate adult schooling	377	.22	2457	.17	6499	.05	9333	.06
		Primary School	36392	21.60	363100	24.66	6346273	47.84	6745765	45.25
		Junior school	115210	68.38	749795	50.91	4305698	32.46	5170703	34.68
		Grade not declared	0	.00	3061	.21	7604	.06	10665	.07
		High school	16500	9.79	344195	23.37	895448	6.75	1256143	8.43
		Graduated	0	.00	3283	.22	5720	.04	9003	.06
	Total		168479	100.00	1472663	100.00	13266657	100.00	14907799	100.00
South	Educational grade- II	Kindergarten	0	.00	4694	.56	440746	11.10	445440	9.14
		Illiterate adult schooling	0	.00	572	.07	1708	.04	2280	.05
		Primary School	8659	14.74	281142	33.34	2018744	50.84	2308545	47.38
		Junior school	36268	61.74	403033	47.80	1223866	30.82	1663167	34.13
		Grade not declared	1922	3.27	8713	1.03	4708	.12	15343	.31
		High school	11897	20.25	142860	16.94	277400	6.99	432157	8.87
		Graduated	0	.00	2170	.26	3813	.10	5983	.12
	Total		58746	100.00	843184	100.00	3970985	100.00	4872915	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1995

Table 60 – Region, educational grade – II - by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1998)

Region		Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old							Total	
		Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%	
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%			
Center-West	Educational grade- II	Kindergarten	0	.00	1627	.56	241377	10.67	243004	9.37
		Illiterate adult schooling	0	.00	328	.11	319	.01	647	.02
		Primary School	3660	9.36	85198	29.11	1122555	49.64	1211413	46.71
		Junior school	28445	72.76	147773	50.49	728533	32.21	904751	34.89
		Grade not declared	1044	2.67	0	.00	847	.04	1891	.07
		High school	5944	15.20	57089	19.50	165235	7.31	228268	8.80
		Graduated	0	.00	685	.23	2678	.12	3363	.13
	Total		39093	100.00	292700	100.00	2261544	100.00	2593337	100.00
Northeast	Educational grade- II	Kindergarten	0	.00	52174	2.48	1648112	16.93	1700286	14.23
		Illiterate adult schooling	506	.46	12070	.57	8077	.08	20653	.17
		Primary School	38063	34.85	1362731	64.72	5436752	55.85	6837546	57.22
		Junior school	63098	57.78	569252	27.03	2225779	22.87	2858129	23.92
		Grade not declared	505	.46	5677	.27	4074	.04	10256	.09
		High school	7032	6.44	103304	4.91	409405	4.21	519741	4.35
		Graduated	0	.00	505	.02	1741	.02	2246	.02
	Total		109204	100.00	2105713	100.00	9733940	100.00	11948857	100.00
North	Educational grade- II	Kindergarten	0	.00	1737	.75	255734	13.33	257471	11.77
		Illiterate adult schooling	0	.00	552	.24	1794	.09	2346	.11
		Primary School	13156	37.07	107909	46.36	993703	51.79	1114768	50.97
		Junior school	19486	54.90	98640	42.38	553845	28.87	671971	30.73
		Grade not declared	303	.85	983	.42	5493	.29	6779	.31
		High school	2549	7.18	22769	9.78	107689	5.61	133007	6.08
		Graduated	0	.00	152	.07	453	.02	605	.03
	Total		35494	100.00	232742	100.00	1918711	100.00	2186947	100.00
Southeast	Educational grade- II	Kindergarten	0	.00	3209	.25	1757317	12.64	1760526	11.51
		Illiterate adult schooling	0	.00	1699	.13	1347	.01	3046	.02
		Primary School	14333	11.75	244096	19.34	6034873	43.40	6293302	41.16
		Junior school	73081	59.93	577081	45.71	4744175	34.12	5394337	35.28
		Grade not declared	497	0.41	7304	0.58	14779	0.11	22580	.15
		High school	33163	27.20	428649	33.95	1343681	9.66	1805493	11.81
		Graduated	867	.71	401	.03	8694	.06	9962	.07
	Total		121941	100.00	1262439	100.00	13904866	100.00	15289246	100.00
South	Educational grade- II	Kindergarten	0	.00	4049	.53	448603	10.13	452652	8.63
		Illiterate adult schooling	0	.00	0	.00	1451	.03	1451	.03
		Primary School	5893	10.80	175494	23.01	2066325	46.66	2247712	42.85
		Junior school	27932	51.20	374007	49.04	1493090	33.72	1895029	36.13
		Grade not declared	2277	4.17	10102	1.32	17609	.40	29988	.57
		High school	18457	33.83	196001	25.70	395790	8.94	610248	11.63
		Graduated	0	.00	3046	.40	5270	.12	8316	.16
	Total		54559	100.00	762699	100.00	4428138	100.00	5245396	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1998

Table 61 – Region, educational grade – II - by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1999)

Region		Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old							Total	
		Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%	
		Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%			
Center-West	Educational grade- II	Kindergarten	0	.00	1994	.70	263517	11.53	265511	10.17
		Illiterate adult schooling	0	.00	0	.00	340	.01	340	.01
		Primary School	4528	11.10	77675	27.45	1082513	47.35	1164716	44.62
		Junior school	28258	69.26	144518	51.06	756533	33.09	929309	35.60
		Grade not declared	416	1.02	1406	.50	1603	.07	3425	.13
		High school	7599	18.62	57077	20.17	180666	7.90	245342	9.40
		Graduated	0	.00	340	.12	1076	.05	1416	.05
	Total	40801	100.00	283010	100.00	2286248	100.00	2610059	100.00	
Northeast	Educational grade- II	Kindergarten	0	.00	34757	1.59	1604360	16.06	1639117	13.34
		Illiterate adult schooling	1076	1.00	15755	.72	8774	.09	25605	.21
		Primary School	41229	38.49	1363582	62.23	5377548	53.84	6782359	55.20
		Junior school	58046	54.19	671267	30.63	2507602	25.11	3236915	26.35
		Grade not declared	0	.00	5827	.27	10445	.10	16272	.13
		High school	6762	6.31	99775	4.55	478624	4.79	585161	4.76
		Graduated	0	.00	408	.02	398	.00	806	.01
	Total	107113	100.00	2191371	100.00	9987751	100.00	12286235	100.00	
North	Educational grade- II	Kindergarten	399	1.13	1973	.83	258850	13.29	261222	11.75
		Illiterate adult schooling	0	.00	0	.00	806	.04	806	.04
		Primary School	8520	24.22	105196	44.01	988167	50.72	1101883	49.58
		Junior school	20786	59.08	102509	42.88	571000	29.31	694295	31.24
		Grade not declared	505	1.44	807	.34	4328	.22	5640	.25
		High school	4970	14.13	28560	11.95	124270	6.38	157800	7.10
		Graduated	0	.00	0	.00	952	.05	952	.04
	Total	35180	100.00	239045	100.00	1948373	100.00	2222598	100.00	
Southeast	Educational grade- II	Kindergarten	0	.00	3172	.25	1698188	12.28	1701360	11.20
		Illiterate adult schooling	0	.00	1627	.13	2779	.02	4406	.03
		Primary School	6520	6.13	204405	16.40	5712431	41.30	5923356	39.01
		Junior school	64590	60.70	583358	46.80	5002951	36.17	5650899	37.21
		Grade not declared	0	.00	4069	.33	13828	.10	17897	.12
		High school	35295	33.17	447683	35.92	1398206	10.11	1881184	12.39
		Graduated	0	.00	2191	.18	3595	.03	5786	.04
	Sem declaração de grau Not aplicável	0	.00	0	.00	505	.00	505	.00	
Total	106405	100.00	1246505	100.00	13832483	100.00	15185393	100.00		
South	Educational grade- II	Kindergarten	0	.00	5684	.73	458680	10.17	464364	8.71
		Illiterate adult schooling	0	.00	0	.00	2138	.05	2138	.04
		Primary School	3208	6.67	161176	20.80	2084952	46.22	2249336	42.17
		Junior school	24187	50.27	367309	47.41	1494397	33.13	1885893	35.36
		Grade not declared	2004	4.17	10467	1.35	11699	.26	24170	.45
		High school	18715	38.90	229538	29.63	457352	10.14	705605	13.23
		Graduated	0	.00	566	.07	1789	.04	2355	.04
	Total	48114	100.00	774740	100.00	4511007	100.00	5333861	100.00	

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1999

Table 62 – Region, know how to write and read by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1992)

			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
Region			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Know how to write and read	Not declared	0	.00	316	.06	2249	.10	2565	.09
		Yes	87124	97.40	470445	89.68	1719258	74.30	2276827	77.76
		Not	2322	2.60	53808	10.26	592578	25.61	648708	22.15
		Total	89446	100.00	524569	100.00	2314085	100.00	2928100	100.00
		Total								
Northeast	Know how to write and read	Not declared	0	.00	8171	.27	34572	.31	42743	.30
		Yes	225202	82.32	1773326	58.68	5975173	54.31	7973701	55.77
		Not	48352	17.68	1240662	41.05	4991684	45.37	6280698	43.93
		Lost data	0	.00	0	.00	551	.01	551	.00
		Total	273554	100.00	3022159	100.00	11001980	100.00	14297693	100.00
North	Know how to write and read	Not declared	0	.00	0	.00	3887	.20	3887	.17
		Yes	57425	91.04	234671	82.44	1331038	68.59	1623134	70.93
		Not	5652	8.96	49978	17.56	605585	31.21	661215	28.90
		Total	63077	100.00	284649	100.00	1940510	100.00	2288236	100.00
Southeast	Know how to write and read	Not declared	0	.00	0	.00	6701	.05	6701	.04
		Yes	332358	96.28	2183160	93.53	11589101	78.63	14104619	80.98
		Not	12836	3.72	151069	6.47	3142166	21.32	3306071	18.98
		Lost data	0	.00	0	.00	798	.01	798	.00
		Total	345194	100.00	2334229	100.00	14738766	100.00	17418189	100.00
South	Know how to write and read	Not declared	0	.00	211	.02	6726	.14	6937	.11
		Yes	110555	99.12	1310157	95.28	3646757	78.45	5067469	82.60
		Not	981	.88	64667	4.70	994783	21.40	1060431	17.29
		Lost data								
		Total	111536	100.00	1375035	100.00	4648266	100.00	6134837	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1992

Table 63 – Region, Know how to write and read by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1993)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center- West	Know how to write and read	Not declared	0	.00	655	.13	1636	.07	2291	.08
		Yes	95580	96.72	446889	89.59	1825884	76.06	2368353	78.99
		Not	3246	3.28	51267	10.28	573194	23.88	627707	20.94
	Total	98826	100.00	498811	100.00	2400714	100.00	2998351	100.00	
Northeast	Know how to write and read	Not declared	0	.00	549	.02	5298	.05	5847	.04
		Yes	243080	82.49	1850204	61.59	6248590	55.05	8341874	56.94
		Not	51602	17.51	1153533	38.40	5097876	44.91	6303011	43.02
	Total	294682	100.00	3004286	100.00	11351764	100.00	14650732	100.00	
North	Know how to write and read	Not declared	0	.00	473	.16	1895	.10	2368	.10
		Yes	61133	95.69	253958	84.97	1384195	69.91	1699286	72.53
		Not	2756	4.31	44456	14.87	593853	29.99	641065	27.36
	Total	63889	100.00	298887	100.00	1979943	100.00	2342719	100.00	
Southeast	Know how to write and read	Not declared	0	.00	798	.03	6388	.04	7186	.04
		Yes	304331	96.39	2128184	92.99	11852993	79.54	14285508	81.60
		Not	11392	3.61	159576	6.97	3043168	20.42	3214136	18.36
	Total	315723	100.00	2288558	100.00	14902549	100.00	17506830	100.00	
South	Know how to write and read	Not declared	0	.00	0	.00	210	.00	210	.00
		Yes	118470	98.09	1272557	95.83	3686031	78.05	5077058	82.26
		Not	2308	1.91	55394	4.17	1036643	21.95	1094345	17.73
	Total	120778	100.00	1327951	100.00	4722884	100.00	6171613	100.00	

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1993

Table 64 – Region, Know how to write and read by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1995)

			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
Region			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Know how to write and read	Not declared	0	.00	0	.00	305	.01	305	.01
		Yes	78312	98.65	430940	90.61	1928739	78.29	2437991	80.77
		Not	1072	1.35	44649	9.39	534482	21.70	580203	19.22
	Total		79384	100.00	475589	100.00	2463526	100.00	3018499	100.00
		Yes	228620	84.41	2011190	64.86	6749298	59.66	8989108	61.22
		Not	42221	15.59	1089411	35.14	4563252	40.34	5694884	38.78
Total		270841	100.00	3100601	100.00	11312550	100.00	14683992	100.00	
North	Know how to write and read	Not declared	0	.00	306	.10	2366	.11	2672	.11
		Yes	58685	94.75	259021	85.49	1527710	72.52	1845416	74.67
		Not	3252	5.25	43672	14.41	576467	27.37	623391	25.22
	Total		61937	100.00	302999	100.00	2106543	100.00	2471479	100.00
Southeast	Know how to write and read	Not declared	0	.00	978	.04	1777	.01	2755	.02
		Yes	301716	98.30	2146313	95.78	12484831	82.51	14932860	84.46
		Not	5233	1.70	93632	4.18	2645572	17.48	2744437	15.52
	Total		306949	100.00	2240923	100.00	15132180	100.00	17680052	100.00
South	Know how to write and read	Not declared	0	.00	241	.02	3390	.07	3631	.06
		Yes	107394	98.05	1240298	96.53	3806227	80.37	5153919	84.08
		Not	2131	1.95	44336	3.45	926028	19.55	972495	15.86
	Total		109525	100.00	1284875	100.00	4735645	100.00	6130045	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1995

Table 65 – Region, Know how to write and read by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1998)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Know how to write and read	Not declared	0	.00	0	.00	655	.03	655	.02
		Yes	55694	99.04	376053	95.39	2131966	82.88	2563713	84.81
		Not	538	.96	18170	4.61	439797	17.10	458505	15.17
	Total	56232	100.00	394223	100.00	2572418	100.00	3022873	100.00	
Northeast	Know how to write and read	Not declared	0	.00	0	.00	968	.01	968	.01
		Yes	164162	90.08	2015712	74.64	7441273	66.32	9621147	68.22
		Not	18085	9.92	684857	25.36	3777980	33.67	4480922	31.77
	Total	182247	100.00	2700569	100.00	11220221	100.00	14103037	100.00	
		Yes	42635	92.87	261917	90.98	1689594	77.06	1994146	78.93
		Not	3273	7.13	25968	9.02	503037	22.94	532278	21.07
Total	45908	100.00	287885	100.00	2192631	100.00	2526424	100.00		
Southeast	Know how to write and read	Not declared	0	.00	248	.01	5307	.03	5555	.03
		Yes	188574	98.69	1647030	96.93	13021482	84.78	14857086	86.13
		Not	2499	1.31	51869	3.05	2331944	15.18	2386312	13.83
	Total	191073	100.00	1699147	100.00	15358733	100.00	17248953	100.00	
South	Know how to write and read	Not declared	620	.73	0	.00	262	.01	882	.01
		Yes	83368	98.30	979675	97.37	4234861	84.12	5297904	86.49
		Not	819	.97	26503	2.63	799114	15.87	826436	13.49
	Total	84807	100.00	1006178	100.00	5034237	100.00	6125222	100.00	

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1998

Table 66 – Region, Know how to write and read by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1999)

			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
Region			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Know how to write and read	Yes	53970	98.64	355250	95.38	2125014	82.60	2534234	84.48
		Not	746	1.36	17208	4.62	447782	17.40	465736	15.52
	Total		54716	100.00	372458	100.00	2572796	100.00	2999970	100.00
Northeast	Know how to write and read	Yes	153972	92.36	2167873	80.77	7749035	69.28	10070880	71.75
		Not	12731	7.64	515128	19.19	3434122	30.70	3961981	28.23
		Not declared	0	.00	1049	.04	2536	.02	3585	.03
	Total		166703	100.00	2684050	100.00	11185693	100.00	14036446	100.00
North	Know how to write and read	Yes	47558	94.80	268209	91.45	1673125	76.38	1988892	78.49
		Not	2608	5.20	25076	8.55	517265	23.62	544949	21.51
	Total		50166	100.00	293285	100.00	2190390	100.00	2533841	100.00
Southeast	Know how to write and read	Yes	151390	97.88	1601639	97.51	12967362	85.22	14720391	86.52
		Not	3284	2.12	40329	2.46	2242723	14.74	2286336	13.44
		Not declared	0	.00	534	.03	6235	.04	6769	.04
	Total		154674	100.00	1642502	100.00	15216320	100.00	17013496	100.00
South	Know how to write and read	Yes	76580	100.00	970821	97.31	4282510	83.35	5329911	85.80
		Not	0	.00	26790	2.69	854230	16.63	881020	14.18
		Not declared	0	.00	0	.00	1378	.03	1378	.02
	Total		76580	100.00	997611	100.00	5138118	100.00	6212309	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1999

Table 67 – Region, goes to school or pre-school by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1992)

			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
Region			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	48818	54.58	331007	63.14	1881608	81.39	2261433	77.30
		Not	40628	45.42	193246	36.86	430228	18.61	664102	22.70
	Total		89446	100.00	524253	100.00	2311836	100.00	2925535	100.00
Northeast	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	123903	45.29	1729418	57.38	8320590	75.87	10173911	71.37
		Not	149651	54.71	1284570	42.62	2646267	24.13	4080488	28.63
		Lost data	0	.00	0	.00	551	.01	551	.00
	Total		273554	100.00	3013988	100.00	10967408	100.00	14254950	100.00
North	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	38748	61.43	191846	67.40	1598628	82.55	1829222	80.08
		Not	24329	38.57	92803	32.60	337995	17.45	455127	19.92
	Total		63077	100.00	284649	100.00	1936623	100.00	2284349	100.00
Southeast	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	169328	49.05	1357444	58.15	12337392	83.75	13864164	79.63
		Not	175866	50.95	976785	41.85	2394673	16.25	3547324	20.37
	Total		345194	100.00	2334229	100.00	14732065	100.00	17411488	100.00
South	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	45684	40.96	799015	58.12	3683804	79.37	4528503	73.90
		Not	65852	59.04	575809	41.88	957736	20.63	1599397	26.10
	Total		111536	100.00	1374824	100.00	4641540	100.00	6127900	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1992

Table 68 – Region, goes to school or pre-school by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1993)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	52776	53.40	302700	60.76	1974282	82.29	2329758	77.76
		Not	46050	46.60	195456	39.24	424796	17.71	666302	22.24
	Total		98826	100.00	498156	100.00	2399078	100.00	2996060	100.00
	Total									
Northeast	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	160231	54.37	1858234	61.86	8939228	78.78	10957693	74.82
		Not	134451	45.63	1145503	38.14	2407238	21.22	3687192	25.18
	Total		294682	100.00	3003737	100.00	11346466	100.00	14644885	100.00
North	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	41880	65.55	203824	68.30	1674960	84.68	1920664	82.07
		Not	22009	34.45	94590	31.70	303088	15.32	419687	17.93
	Total		63889	100.00	298414	100.00	1978048	100.00	2340351	100.00
Southeast	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	160425	50.81	1372903	60.01	12710992	85.33	14244320	81.40
		Not	155298	49.19	914857	39.99	2184669	14.67	3254824	18.60
		Lost data	0	.00	0	.00	500	.00	500	.00
	Total		315723	100.00	2287760	100.00	14896161	100.00	17499644	100.00
South	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	58180	48.17	787532	59.30	3823793	80.97	4669505	75.66
		Not	62598	51.83	540419	40.70	898881	19.03	1501898	24.34
	Total		120778	100.00	1327951	100.00	4722674	100.00	6171403	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1993

Table 69 – Region, goes to school or pre-school by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1995)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	53207	67.02	307399	64.64	2085627	84.67	2446233	81.05
		Not	26177	32.98	168190	35.36	377594	15.33	571961	18.95
	Total		79384	100.00	475589	100.00	2463221	100.00	3018194	100.00
Northeast	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	145003	53.54	2005537	64.68	9184328	81.19	11334868	77.19
		Not	125838	46.46	1095064	35.32	2128222	18.81	3349124	22.81
	Total		270841	100.00	3100601	100.00	11312550	100.00	14683992	100.00
North	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	41363	66.78	228076	75.35	1800519	85.57	2069958	83.84
		Not	20574	33.22	74617	24.65	303658	14.43	398849	16.16
	Total		61937	100.00	302693	100.00	2104177	100.00	2468807	100.00
Southeast	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	168479	54.89	1472663	65.75	13266657	87.68	14907799	84.33
		Not	138470	45.11	767282	34.25	1863746	12.32	2769498	15.67
	Total		306949	100.00	2239945	100.00	15130403	100.00	17677297	100.00
South	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	58746	53.64	843184	65.64	3970985	83.91	4872915	79.54
		Not	50779	46.36	441450	34.36	760788	16.08	1253017	20.45
	Total		109525	100.00	1284634	100.00	4732255	100.00	6126414	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1995

Table 70 – Region, goes to school or pre-school by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1998)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	39093	69.52	292700	74.25	2261544	87.94	2593337	85.81
		Not	17139	30.48	101523	25.75	310219	12.06	428881	14.19
	Total		56232	100.00	394223	100.00	2571763	100.00	3022218	100.00
Northeast	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	109204	59.92	2105713	77.97	9733940	86.76	11948857	84.73
		Not	73043	40.08	594856	22.03	1485313	13.24	2153212	15.27
	Total		182247	100.00	2700569	100.00	11219253	100.00	14102069	100.00
North	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	35494	77.32	232742	80.85	1918711	87.51	2186947	86.56
		Not	10414	22.68	55143	19.15	273768	12.49	339325	13.43
		Lost data	0	.00	0	.00	152	.01	152	.01
	Total		45908	100.00	287885	100.00	2192631	100.00	2526424	100.00
Southeast	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	121941	63.82	1262439	74.31	13904866	90.57	15289246	88.67
		Not	69132	36.18	435880	25.66	1447114	9.43	1952126	11.32
		Lost data	0	.00	580	.03	1446	.01	2026	.01
	Total		191073	100.00	1698899	100.00	15353426	100.00	17243398	100.00
South	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	54559	64.81	762699	75.80	4428138	87.97	5245396	85.65
		Not	29628	35.19	243479	24.20	605837	12.03	878944	14.35
	Total		84187	100.00	1006178	100.00	5033975	100.00	6124340	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1998

Table 71 – Region, goes to school or pre-school by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1999)

			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
Region			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	40801	74.57	283010	75.98	2286248	88.86	2610059	87.00
		Not	13915	25.43	89448	24.02	286548	11.14	389911	13.00
	Total		54716	100.00	372458	100.00	2572796	100.00	2999970	100.00
Northeast	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	107113	64.25	2191371	81.68	9987751	89.31	12286235	87.55
		Not	59590	35.75	491630	18.32	1194446	10.68	1745666	12.44
		Lost data	0	.00	0	.00	960	.01	960	.01
	Total		166703	100.00	2683001	100.00	11183157	100.00	14032861	100.00
North	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	35180	70.13	239045	81.51	1948373	88.95	2222598	87.72
		Not	14986	29.87	54240	18.49	242017	11.05	311243	12.28
	Total		50166	100.00	293285	100.00	2190390	100.00	2533841	100.00
Southeast	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	106405	68.79	1246505	75.92	13832483	90.94	15185393	89.29
		Not	48269	31.21	394930	24.05	1376816	9.05	1820015	10.70
		Lost data	0	.00	533	.03	786	.01	1319	.01
	Total		154674	100.00	1641968	100.00	15210085	100.00	17006727	100.00
South	Goes to school or pre-school	Yes	48114	62.83	774740	77.66	4511007	87.82	5333861	85.88
		Not	28466	37.17	222871	22.34	625733	12.18	877070	14.12
	Total		76580	100.00	997611	100.00	5136740	100.00	6210931	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1999

Table 72 – Region, starting work age by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1992)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	36393	41.13	289276	60.03	43521	41.63	369190	54.71
		De 12 a 15	47568	53.76	175572	36.44	54917	52.54	278057	41.20
		De 16 a 17	4523	5.11	17006	3.53	6096	5.83	27625	4.09
	Total		88484	100.00	481854	100.00	104534	100.00	674872	100.00
Northeast	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	116294	43.02	1975927	72.34	213062	56.55	2305283	68.23
		De 12 a 15	137073	50.70	688687	25.21	144431	38.34	970191	28.71
		De 16 a 17	16969	6.28	67014	2.45	19249	5.11	103232	3.06
	Total		270336	100.00	2731628	100.00	376742	100.00	3378706	100.00
North	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	24273	38.71	148028	56.19	24119	39.75	196420	50.78
		De 12 a 15	33031	52.68	96336	36.57	31472	51.86	160839	41.58
		De 16 a 17	5400	8.61	19090	7.25	5091	8.39	29581	7.65
	Total		62704	100.00	263454	100.00	60682	100.00	386840	100.00
Southeast	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	102997	30.12	949721	42.68	142409	32.18	1195127	39.71
		De 12 a 15	212871	62.25	1123239	50.48	260427	58.85	1596537	53.05
		De 16 a 17	26117	7.64	152147	6.84	39713	8.97	217977	7.24
	Total		341985	100.00	2225107	100.00	442549	100.00	3009641	100.00
South	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	48783	44.37	744761	60.88	55956	34.90	849500	56.88
		De 12 a 15	57809	52.57	434264	35.50	91584	57.12	583657	39.08
		De 16 a 17	3366	3.06	44267	3.62	12800	7.98	60433	4.05
	Total		109958	100.00	1223292	100.00	160340	100.00	1493590	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1992

Table 73 – Region, starting work age by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1993)

			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
Region			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	45894	46.44	284892	61.38	34618	40.62	365404	56.38
		De 12 a 15	47827	48.40	157369	33.91	45352	53.22	250548	38.66
		De 16 a 17	5105	5.17	21853	4.71	5252	6.16	32210	4.97
	Total		98826	100.00	464114	100.00	85222	100.00	648162	100.00
Northeast	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	117269	40.11	2032248	73.81	243782	59.64	2393299	69.28
		De 12 a 15	158445	54.19	647338	23.51	142064	34.75	947847	27.44
		De 16 a 17	16670	5.70	73632	2.67	22929	5.61	113231	3.28
	Total		292384	100.00	2753218	100.00	408775	100.00	3454377	100.00
North	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	25970	40.98	168795	59.57	34967	51.27	229732	55.36
		De 12 a 15	31372	49.50	102479	36.16	27832	40.81	161683	38.96
		De 16 a 17	6032	9.52	12093	4.27	5408	7.93	23533	5.67
	Total		63374	100.00	283367	100.00	68207	100.00	414948	100.00
Southeast	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	103748	33.00	940191	43.30	117793	26.34	1161732	39.61
		De 12 a 15	187748	59.71	1073983	49.46	285383	63.81	1547114	52.75
		De 16 a 17	22938	7.30	157159	7.24	44069	9.85	224166	7.64
	Total		314434	100.00	2171333	100.00	447245	100.00	2933012	100.00
South	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	39777	33.25	750454	62.26	49302	34.00	839533	57.11
		De 12 a 15	73415	61.37	401253	33.29	86360	59.56	561028	38.16
		De 16 a 17	6442	5.38	53719	4.46	9340	6.44	69501	4.73
	Total		119634	100.00	1205426	100.00	145002	100.00	1470062	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1993

Table 74 – Region, starting work age by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1995)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	30433	38.67	259607	59.36	48540	45.84	338580	54.44
		De 12 a 15	41755	53.06	153092	35.00	51369	48.52	246216	39.59
		De 16 a 17	6504	8.27	24654	5.64	5973	5.64	37131	5.97
	Total		78692	100.00	437353	100.00	105882	100.00	621927	100.00
Northeast	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	111014	41.45	2092322	73.93	232104	59.09	2435440	69.77
		De 12 a 15	139778	52.19	676333	23.90	136016	34.63	952127	27.28
		De 16 a 17	17024	6.36	61505	2.17	24661	6.28	103190	2.96
	Total		267816	100.00	2830160	100.00	392781	100.00	3490757	100.00
North	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	22989	37.73	157765	56.43	35292	43.86	216046	51.32
		De 12 a 15	35125	57.65	111345	39.83	39860	49.54	186330	44.26
		De 16 a 17	2814	4.62	10473	3.75	5311	6.60	18598	4.42
	Total		60928	100.00	279583	100.00	80463	100.00	420974	100.00
Southeast	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	82771	27.13	782085	36.38	117966	24.86	982822	33.55
		De 12 a 15	203198	66.61	1154829	53.71	298574	62.93	1656601	56.55
		De 16 a 17	19079	6.25	213013	9.91	57918	12.21	290010	9.90
	Total		305048	100.00	2149927	100.00	474458	100.00	2929433	100.00
South	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	35600	33.27	710782	60.38	46141	25.47	792523	54.08
		De 12 a 15	63897	59.71	413908	35.16	119870	66.16	597675	40.79
		De 16 a 17	7513	7.02	52447	4.46	15174	8.37	75134	5.13
	Total		107010	100.00	1177137	100.00	181185	100.00	1465332	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1995

Table 75 – Region, starting work age by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1998)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	16167	28.75	175631	46.97	24351	29.27	216149	42.11
		De 12 a 15	33819	60.14	169202	45.25	49459	59.46	252480	49.19
		De 16 a 17	6246	11.11	29074	7.78	9372	11.27	44692	8.71
	Total		56232	100.00	373907	100.00	83182	100.00	513321	100.00
Northeast	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	72378	39.76	1832592	73.62	213999	56.24	2118969	69.44
		De 12 a 15	95617	52.52	579304	23.27	143258	37.65	818179	26.81
		De 16 a 17	14046	7.72	77245	3.10	23229	6.11	114520	3.75
	Total		182041	100.00	2489141	100.00	380486	100.00	3051668	100.00
North	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	15231	34.24	140785	52.29	24785	34.14	180801	46.80
		De 12 a 15	26343	59.23	112237	41.69	40878	56.31	179458	46.46
		De 16 a 17	2904	6.53	16199	6.02	6930	9.55	26033	6.74
	Total		44478	100.00	269221	100.00	72593	100.00	386292	100.00
Southeast	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	44297	23.25	557357	34.15	73841	17.95	675495	30.24
		De 12 a 15	118556	62.22	873133	53.50	280869	68.26	1272558	56.96
		De 16 a 17	27686	14.53	201635	12.35	56737	13.79	286058	12.80
	Total		190539	100.00	1632125	100.00	411447	100.00	2234111	100.00
South	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	19282	23.25	482455	52.12	36483	24.01	538220	46.38
		De 12 a 15	54671	65.91	382228	41.29	94132	61.95	531031	45.76
		De 16 a 17	8994	10.84	60939	6.58	21322	14.03	91255	7.86
	Total		82947	100.00	925622	100.00	151937	100.00	1160506	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1998

Table 76 – Region, starting work age by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1999)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	14396	26.31	186287	52.11	22280	24.84	222963	44.42
		De 12 a 15	34277	62.65	145351	40.66	52342	58.36	231970	46.22
		De 16 a 17	6043	11.04	25881	7.24	15060	16.79	46984	9.36
	Total		54716	100.00	357519	100.00	89682	100.00	501917	100.00
Northeast	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	61080	36.64	1816295	73.09	209272	52.36	2086647	68.39
		De 12 a 15	87841	52.69	593094	23.87	162293	40.61	843228	27.64
		De 16 a 17	17782	10.67	75515	3.04	28088	7.03	121385	3.98
	Total		166703	100.00	2484904	100.00	399653	100.00	3051260	100.00
North	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	15645	31.41	143701	53.08	24822	38.62	184168	47.86
		De 12 a 15	27718	55.64	110407	40.78	32255	50.18	170380	44.28
		De 16 a 17	6450	12.95	16619	6.14	7201	11.20	30270	7.87
	Total		49813	100.00	270727	100.00	64278	100.00	384818	100.00
Southeast	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	39242	25.46	546290	34.52	85751	22.42	671283	31.67
		De 12 a 15	95864	62.19	839486	53.04	240678	62.92	1176028	55.49
		De 16 a 17	19035	12.35	196979	12.45	56072	14.66	272086	12.84
	Total		154141	100.00	1582755	100.00	382501	100.00	2119397	100.00
South	Starting work age	De 5 a 11	22065	28.81	484592	52.77	37514	21.94	544171	46.67
		De 12 a 15	45478	59.39	364053	39.64	114283	66.84	523814	44.93
		De 16 a 17	9037	11.80	69741	7.59	19184	11.22	97962	8.40
	Total		76580	100.00	918386	100.00	170981	100.00	1165947	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1999

Table 77– Region, weekly working hours by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1992)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old				Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center- West	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	8344	9.33	146485	27.94	154829	25.23
		Between 21 and 30	13640	15.25	95640	18.24	109280	17.81
		Between 31 and 40	15205	17.00	77680	14.82	92885	15.14
		Above 40	52257	58.42	204447	39.00	256704	41.83
	Total	89446	100.00	524252	100.00	613698	100.00	
Northeast	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	11652	4.26	1130895	37.59	1142547	34.81
		Between 21 and 30	21438	7.84	697603	23.19	719041	21.91
		Between 31 and 40	33140	12.11	656692	21.83	689832	21.02
		Above 40	207324	75.79	523201	17.39	730525	22.26
	Total	273554	100.00	3008391	100.00	3281945	100.00	
North	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	2133	3.38	90630	31.84	92763	26.68
		Between 21 and 30	8206	13.01	59806	21.01	68012	19.56
		Between 31 and 40	7307	11.58	49617	17.43	56924	16.37
		Above 40	45431	72.02	84596	29.72	130027	37.39
	Total	63077	100.00	284649	100.00	347726	100.00	
Southeast	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	42222	12.26	560627	24.02	602849	22.51
		Between 21 and 30	43103	12.52	309758	13.27	352861	13.18
		Between 31 and 40	67647	19.65	548679	23.51	616326	23.01
		Above 40	191346	55.57	914626	39.19	1105972	41.30
	Total	344318	100.00	2333690	100.00	2678008	100.00	
South	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	11959	10.72	447175	32.59	459134	30.95
		Between 21 and 30	12678	11.37	230961	16.83	243639	16.42
		Between 31 and 40	14377	12.89	187842	13.69	202219	13.63
		Above 40	72522	65.02	505994	36.88	578516	39.00
	Total	111536	100.00	1371972	100.00	1483508	100.00	

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1992

Table 78 – Region, weekly working hours by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1993)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old				Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center- West	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	8709	8.81	132784	26.67	141493	23.71
		Between 21 and 30	15872	16.06	89213	17.92	105085	17.61
		Between 31 and 40	16767	16.97	84127	16.89	100894	16.91
		Above 40	57478	58.16	191829	38.52	249307	41.78
	Total	98826	100.00	497953	100.00	596779	100.00	
Northeast	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	15679	5.32	1280051	42.69	1295730	39.34
		Between 21 and 30	16317	5.54	674159	22.48	690476	20.97
		Between 31 and 40	33023	11.21	575738	19.20	608761	18.48
		Above 40	229663	77.94	468834	15.63	698497	21.21
	Total	294682	100.00	2998782	100.00	3293464	100.00	
North	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	6242	9.77	97169	32.63	103411	28.59
		Between 21 and 30	7409	11.60	63977	21.48	71386	19.74
		Between 31 and 40	10791	16.89	52345	17.58	63136	17.46
		Above 40	39447	61.74	84310	28.31	123757	34.22
	Total	63889	100.00	297801	100.00	361690	100.00	
Southeast	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	28309	8.97	573782	25.13	602091	23.17
		Between 21 and 30	42553	13.48	300134	13.14	342687	13.18
		Between 31 and 40	66952	21.21	500841	21.93	567793	21.85
		Above 40	177909	56.35	908630	39.79	1086539	41.80
	Total	315723	100.00	2283387	100.00	2599110	100.00	
South	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	20272	16.78	467044	35.26	487316	33.72
		Between 21 and 30	15792	13.08	201429	15.21	217221	15.03
		Between 31 and 40	21119	17.49	217909	16.45	239028	16.54
		Above 40	63595	52.65	438137	33.08	501732	34.71
	Total	120778	100.00	1324519	100.00	1445297	100.00	

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1993

Table 79 – Region, weekly working hours by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1995)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old				Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	9688	12.20	156334	32.92	166022	29.95
		Between 21 and 30	14377	18.11	73638	15.50	88015	15.88
		Between 31 and 40	13933	17.55	67263	14.16	81196	14.65
		Above 40	41386	52.13	177703	37.42	219089	39.52
	Total	79384	100.00	474938	100.00	554322	100.00	
Northeast	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	15013	5.55	1455624	47.12	1470637	43.77
		Between 21 and 30	20423	7.55	644068	20.85	664491	19.78
		Between 31 and 40	28195	10.43	527726	17.08	555921	16.55
		Above 40	206806	76.47	461925	14.95	668731	19.90
	Total	270437	100.00	3089343	100.00	3359780	100.00	
North	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	3262	5.29	110033	36.43	113295	31.16
		Between 21 and 30	9560	15.52	67514	22.36	77074	21.20
		Between 31 and 40	7337	11.91	47011	15.57	54348	14.95
		Above 40	41455	67.28	77444	25.64	118899	32.70
	Total	61614	100.00	302002	100.00	363616	100.00	
Southeast	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	32719	10.66	566995	25.37	599714	23.60
		Between 21 and 30	54376	17.71	295247	13.21	349623	13.76
		Between 31 and 40	76809	25.02	526293	23.55	603102	23.73
		Above 40	143045	46.60	846097	37.86	989142	38.92
	Total	306949	100.00	2234632	100.00	2541581	100.00	
South	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	19813	18.18	481975	37.56	501788	36.04
		Between 21 and 30	19244	17.66	225204	17.55	244448	17.56
		Between 31 and 40	16873	15.49	186258	14.52	203131	14.59
		Above 40	53027	48.67	389735	30.37	442762	31.80
	Total	108957	100.00	1283172	100.00	1392129	100.00	

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1995

Table 80 – Region, weekly working hours by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1998)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old				Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center- West	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	8827	15.79	126406	32.12	135233	30.09
		Between 21 and 30	9721	17.39	74088	18.83	83809	18.65
		Between 31 and 40	9814	17.55	57782	14.68	67596	15.04
		Above 40	27543	49.27	135261	34.37	162804	36.22
	Total		55905	100.00	393537	100.00	449442	100.00
Northeast	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	12081	6.66	1377392	51.18	1389473	48.37
		Between 21 and 30	14768	8.14	584015	21.70	598783	20.85
		Between 31 and 40	25517	14.06	400981	14.90	426498	14.85
		Above 40	129056	71.14	328677	12.21	457733	15.94
	Total		181422	100.00	2691065	100.00	2872487	100.00
North	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	1392	3.10	101791	36.15	103183	31.61
		Between 21 and 30	8178	18.23	62077	22.05	70255	21.52
		Between 31 and 40	7077	15.78	34839	12.37	41916	12.84
		Above 40	28205	62.88	82860	29.43	111065	34.03
	Total		44852	100.00	281567	100.00	326419	100.00
Southeast	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	28079	14.70	465629	27.53	493708	26.23
		Between 21 and 30	30252	15.83	263858	15.60	294110	15.62
		Between 31 and 40	44005	23.03	379078	22.41	423083	22.47
		Above 40	88737	46.44	582873	34.46	671610	35.68
	Total		191073	100.00	1691438	100.00	1882511	100.00
South	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	16402	19.63	407453	40.58	423855	38.97
		Between 21 and 30	17935	21.46	173803	17.31	191738	17.63
		Between 31 and 40	13528	16.19	153441	15.28	166969	15.35
		Above 40	35702	42.72	269448	26.83	305150	28.05
	Total		83567	100.00	1004145	100.00	1087712	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1998

Table 81 – Region, weekly working hours by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1999)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old				Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	7805	14.26	132665	35.62	140470	32.88
		Between 21 and 30	11572	21.15	68590	18.42	80162	18.77
		Between 31 and 40	10505	19.20	48150	12.93	58655	13.73
		Above 40	24834	45.39	123053	33.04	147887	34.62
	Total	54716	100.00	372458	100.00	427174	100.00	
Northeast	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	11792	7.07	1541908	57.47	1553700	54.52
		Between 21 and 30	16880	10.13	512698	19.11	529578	18.58
		Between 31 and 40	19234	11.54	357446	13.32	376680	13.22
		Above 40	118797	71.26	270987	10.10	389784	13.68
	Total	166703	100.00	2683039	100.00	2849742	100.00	
North	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	2672	5.34	128954	44.08	131626	38.42
		Between 21 and 30	5906	11.81	63847	21.82	69753	20.36
		Between 31 and 40	9106	18.20	38750	13.24	47856	13.97
		Above 40	32342	64.65	61026	20.86	93368	27.25
	Total	50026	100.00	292577	100.00	342603	100.00	
Southeast	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	28718	18.57	505347	30.84	534065	29.78
		Between 21 and 30	34225	22.13	257662	15.72	291887	16.28
		Between 31 and 40	35070	22.67	358922	21.90	393992	21.97
		Above 40	56661	36.63	516838	31.54	573499	31.98
	Total	154674	100.00	1638769	100.00	1793443	100.00	
South	Weekly working hours	Up to 20	16586	21.66	385797	38.67	402383	37.46
		Between 21 and 30	16355	21.36	202298	20.28	218653	20.36
		Between 31 and 40	14479	18.91	152729	15.31	167208	15.57
		Above 40	29160	38.08	256787	25.74	285947	26.62
	Total	76580	100.00	997611	100.00	1074191	100.00	

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1999

Table 82 – Region, non-paid or paid work by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1992)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Non paid or paid work	Yes	87111	97.39	272515	51.95	0	.00	359626	12.28
		Not	2335	2.61	252054	48.05	2314085	100.00	2568474	87.72
	Total		89446	100.00	524569	100.00	2314085	100.00	2928100	100.00
Northeast	Non paid or paid work	Yes	262516	95.96	976302	32.30	0	.00	1238818	8.66
		Not	11038	4.04	2045857	67.70	11001980	100.00	13058875	91.34
	Total		273554	100.00	3022159	100.00	11001980	100.00	14297693	100.00
North	Non paid or paid work	Yes	56920	90.24	139903	49.15	0	.00	196823	8.60
		Not	6157	9.76	144746	50.85	1940510	100.00	2091413	91.40
	Total		63077	100.00	284649	100.00	1940510	100.00	2288236	100.00
Southeast	Non paid or paid work	Yes	334670	96.95	1497611	64.16	0	.00	1832281	10.52
		Not	10524	3.05	836618	35.84	14738766	100.00	15585908	89.48
	Total		345194	100.00	2334229	100.00	14738766	100.00	17418189	100.00
South	Non paid or paid work	Yes	104827	93.98	555379	40.39	0	.00	660206	10.76
		Not	6709	6.02	819656	59.61	4648266	100.00	5474631	89.24
	Total		111536	100.00	1375035	100.00	4648266	100.00	6134837	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1992

Table 83 – Region, child born alive by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1993)

			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
Region			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Child born alive	Not declared	983	1.61	1513	2.82	4255	1.88	6751	1.98
		Yes	2529	4.15	2669	4.97	21628	9.56	26826	7.87
		Not	57483	94.24	49564	92.22	200235	88.55	307282	90.15
	Total		60995	100.00	53746	100.00	226118	100.00	340859	100.00
Northeast	Child born alive	Not declared	767	.42	3568	1.02	11103	1.11	15438	1.01
		Yes	6492	3.55	26801	7.66	87632	8.74	120925	7.88
		Not	175600	96.03	319547	91.32	903782	90.15	1398929	91.12
	Total		182859	100.00	349916	100.00	1002517	100.00	1535292	100.00
North	Child born alive	Not declared	0	.00	1043	3.37	4207	2.33	5250	2.06
		Yes	3164	7.41	2600	8.41	20494	11.33	26258	10.32
		Not	39562	92.59	27280	88.22	156154	86.34	222996	87.62
	Total		42726	100.00	30923	100.00	180855	100.00	254504	100.00
Southeast	Child born alive	Not declared	788	.40	2097	.55	20927	1.58	23812	1.25
		Yes	9460	4.76	10634	2.80	85764	6.48	105858	5.57
		Not	188508	94.84	366586	96.64	1216273	91.94	1771367	93.18
	Total		198756	100.00	379317	100.00	1322964	100.00	1901037	100.00
South	Child born alive	Not declared	585	.74	4680	2.26	7020	1.95	12285	1.90
		Yes	3549	4.47	13931	6.73	27363	7.59	44843	6.93
		Not	75258	94.79	188539	91.02	326300	90.47	590097	91.17
	Total		79392	100.00	207150	100.00	360683	100.00	647225	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1993

Table 84 – Region, non paid or paid work by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1993)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Non paid or paid work	Yes	95862	97.00	258362	51.80	0	.00	354224	11.81
		Not	2964	3.00	240449	48.20	2400714	100.00	2644127	88.19
	Total		98826	100.00	498811	100.00	2400714	100.00	2998351	100.00
Northeast	Non paid or paid work	Yes	279271	94.77	955367	31.80	0	.00	1234638	8.43
		Not	15411	5.23	2048919	68.20	11351764	100.00	13416094	91.57
	Total		294682	100.00	3004286	100.00	11351764	100.00	14650732	100.00
North	Non paid or paid work	Yes	58836	92.09	161880	54.16	0	.00	220716	9.42
		Not	5053	7.91	137007	45.84	1979943	100.00	2122003	90.58
	Total		63889	100.00	298887	100.00	1979943	100.00	2342719	100.00
Southeast	Non paid or paid work	Yes	306533	97.09	1476226	64.50	0	.00	1782759	10.18
		Not	9190	2.91	812332	35.50	14902549	100.00	15724071	89.82
	Total		315723	100.00	2288558	100.00	14902549	100.00	17506830	100.00
South	Non paid or paid work	Yes	116622	96.56	523385	39.41	0	.00	640007	10.37
		Not	4156	3.44	804566	60.59	4722884	100.00	5531606	89.63
	Total		120778	100.00	1327951	100.00	4722884	100.00	6171613	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1993

Table 85 – Region, child born alive by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1995)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Child born alive	Not declared	915	1.93	1525	2.51	6100	2.57	8540	2.47
		Yes	2532	5.33	3792	6.23	23272	9.80	29596	8.56
		Not	44039	92.74	55544	91.26	208051	87.63	307634	88.97
	Total		47486	100.00	60861	100.00	237423	100.00	345770	100.00
Northeast	Child born alive	Not declared	713	.41	404	.12	1222	.11	2339	.15
		Yes	9447	5.46	28726	8.27	92231	8.54	130404	8.14
		Not	163014	94.13	318286	91.62	987032	91.35	1468332	91.71
	Total		173174	100.00	347416	100.00	1080485	100.00	1601075	100.00
North	Child born alive	Not declared	0	.00	0	.00	1757	.84	1757	.62
		Yes	3844	8.87	3692	12.17	23938	11.43	31474	11.12
		Not	39486	91.13	26638	87.83	183760	87.73	249884	88.26
	Total		43330	100.00	30330	100.00	209455	100.00	283115	100.00
Southeast	Child born alive	Not declared	0	.00	826	.20	4074	.28	4900	.24
		Yes	8505	4.31	15235	3.76	94129	6.50	117869	5.75
		Not	188609	95.69	388633	96.03	1349367	93.22	1926609	94.01
	Total		197114	100.00	404694	100.00	1447570	100.00	2049378	100.00
South	Child born alive	Not declared	1290	1.80	1945	.98	5330	1.35	8565	1.28
		Yes	4767	6.65	9813	4.92	37653	9.50	52233	7.83
		Not	65675	91.56	187659	94.10	353197	89.15	606531	90.89
	Total		71732	100.00	199417	100.00	396180	100.00	667329	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1995

Table 86 – Region, non paid or paid work by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1995)

			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
Region			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Non paid or paid work	Yes	78101	98.38	242248	50.94	0	.00	320349	10.61
		Not	1283	1.62	233341	49.06	2463526	100.00	2698150	89.39
	Total		79384	100.00	475589	100.00	2463526	100.00	3018499	100.00
Northeast	Non paid or paid work	Yes	256160	94.58	927621	29.92	0	.00	1183781	8.06
		Not	14681	5.42	2172980	70.08	11312550	100.00	13500211	91.94
	Total		270841	100.00	3100601	100.00	11312550	100.00	14683992	100.00
North	Non paid or paid work	Yes	58502	94.45	150224	49.58	0	.00	208726	8.45
		Not	3435	5.55	152775	50.42	2106543	100.00	2262753	91.55
	Total		61937	100.00	302999	100.00	2106543	100.00	2471479	100.00
Southeast	Non paid or paid work	Yes	301350	98.18	1525401	68.07	0	.00	1826751	10.33
		Not	5599	1.82	715522	31.93	15132180	100.00	15853301	89.67
	Total		306949	100.00	2240923	100.00	15132180	100.00	17680052	100.00
South	Non paid or paid work	Yes	106815	97.53	535890	41.71	0	.00	642705	10.48
		Not	2710	2.47	748985	58.29	4735645	100.00	5487340	89.52
	Total		109525	100.00	1284875	100.00	4735645	100.00	6130045	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1995

Table 87 – Region, child born alive by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1998)

			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
Region			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Child born alive	Yes	3524	8.53	6276	9.78	24101	9.11	33901	9.16
		Not	37776	91.47	57892	90.22	240527	90.89	336195	90.84
	Total		41300	100.00	64168	100.00	264628	100.00	370096	100.00
Northeast	Child born alive	Yes	7752	6.21	23965	8.13	103399	8.62	135116	8.35
		Not	115054	92.14	270020	91.56	1084509	90.43	1469583	90.77
		Not declared	2057	1.65	916	.31	11386	.95	14359	.89
	Total		124863	100.00	294901	100.00	1199294	100.00	1619058	100.00
	Child born alive	Yes		1484	5.54	3632	10.84	26026	10.79	31142
North	Total	Not	25305	94.46	29868	89.16	215116	89.21	270289	10.33
		26789	100.00	33500	100.00	241142	100.00	301431	100.00	89.67
	Child born alive	Yes		7576	5.40	13973	3.82	112184	6.66	133733
Southeast	Total	Not	132726	94.60	351203	96.03	1567987	93.05	2051916	6.10
		Not declared	0	.00	533	.15	4891	.29	5424	93.65
	140302	100.00	365709	100.00	1685062	100.00	2191073	100.00	.25	
Child born alive	Yes		3106	5.14	10084	5.97	47939	9.61	61129	
South	Total	Not	57298	94.86	157544	93.29	448690	89.98	663532	8.40
		Not declared	0	.00	1240	.73	2024	.41	3264	91.15
	60404	100.00	168868	100.00	498653	100.00	727925	100.00	.45	
	Total		60404	100.00	168868	100.00	498653	100.00	727925	100.00

Table 88 – Region, non paid or paid work by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1998)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Non paid or paid work	Yes	55704	99.06	220344	55.89	0	.00	276048	9.13
		Not	528	.94	173879	44.11	2572418	100.00	2746825	90.87
	Total		56232	100.00	394223	100.00	2572418	100.00	3022873	100.00
Northeast	Non paid or paid work	Yes	173402	95.15	768950	28.47	0	.00	942352	6.68
		Not	8845	4.85	1931619	71.53	11220221	100.00	13160685	93.32
	Total		182247	100.00	2700569	100.00	11220221	100.00	14103037	100.00
North	Non paid or paid work	Yes	41448	90.28	162859	56.57	0	.00	204307	8.09
		Not	4460	9.72	125026	43.43	2192631	100.00	2322117	91.91
	Total		45908	100.00	287885	100.00	2192631	100.00	2526424	100.00
Southeast	Non paid or paid work	Yes	184775	96.70	1107997	65.21	0	.00	1292772	7.49
		Not	6298	3.30	591150	34.79	15358733	100.00	15956181	92.51
	Total		191073	100.00	1699147	100.00	15358733	100.00	17248953	100.00
South	Non paid or paid work	Yes	82472	97.25	423616	42.10	0	.00	506088	8.26
		Not	2335	2.75	582562	57.90	5034237	100.00	5619134	91.74
	Total		84807	100.00	1006178	100.00	5034237	100.00	6125222	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1998

Table 89 – Region, child born alive by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1999)

Region			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Child born alive	Yes	1728	4.38	3053	5.88	23239	8.86	28020	7.92
		Not	37744	95.62	48909	94.12	239048	91.14	325701	92.08
	Total		39472	100.00	51962	100.00	262287	100.00	353721	100.00
Northeast	Child born alive	Yes	6745	5.77	32256	9.81	94436	7.72	133437	7.99
		Not declared	110200	94.23	294403	89.51	1125317	91.99	1529920	91.66
	Total		116945	100.00	328902	100.00	1223313	100.00	1669160	100.00
North	Child born alive	Yes	2301	6.75	3398	12.94	24500	10.29	30199	10.12
		Not	31803	93.25	22859	87.06	213693	89.71	268355	89.88
	Total		34104	100.00	26257	100.00	238193	100.00	298554	100.00
Southeast	Child born alive	Yes	6217	5.82	19695	6.20	116235	7.10	142147	6.90
		Not declared	99575	93.18	295130	92.87	1510322	92.29	1905027	92.43
	Total		106858	100.00	317772	100.00	1636519	100.00	2061149	100.00
South	Child born alive	Yes	6086	10.44	11265	6.36	48544	9.65	65895	8.92
		Not declared	50757	87.07	164413	92.82	448715	89.21	663885	89.91
	Total		1451	2.49	1452	.82	5731	1.14	8634	1.17
Total		58294	100.00	177130	100.00	502990	100.00	738414	100.00	

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1999

Table 90 – Region, non paid or paid work by groups of children between 5 to 17 years old (1999)

			Groups of children between 5 to 17 years old						Total	
			Domestic workers		Non-domestic workers		Non-working children		Freq.	%
Region			Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%		
Center-West	Non paid or paid work	Yes	54385	99.40	196271	52.70	0	.00	250656	8.36
		Not	331	.60	176187	47.30	2572796	100.00	2749314	91.64
	Total		54716	100.00	372458	100.00	2572796	100.00	2999970	100.00
Northeast	Non paid or paid work	Yes	157950	94.75	712212	26.53	353	.00	870515	6.20
		Not	8753	5.25	1971838	73.47	11185340	100.00	13165931	93.80
	Total		166703	100.00	2684050	100.00	11185693	100.00	14036446	100.00
North	Non paid or paid work	Yes	46434	92.56	140193	47.80	0	.00	186627	7.37
		Not	3732	7.44	153092	52.20	2190390	100.00	2347214	92.63
	Total		50166	100.00	293285	100.00	2190390	100.00	2533841	100.00
Southeast	Non paid or paid work	Yes	151782	98.13	1049213	63.88	0	.00	1200995	7.06
		Not	2892	1.87	593289	36.12	15216320	100.00	15812501	92.94
	Total		154674	100.00	1642502	100.00	15216320	100.00	17013496	100.00
South	Non paid or paid work	Yes	75724	98.88	408782	40.98	0	.00	484506	7.80
		Not	856	1.12	588829	59.02	5138118	100.00	5727803	92.20
	Total		76580	100.00	997611	100.00	5138118	100.00	6212309	100.00

Source: IBGE: National Household Sample Survey 1999