Aruba

A: Identification

Title of the CPI: Consumer Price Index

Organisation responsible: Central Bureau of Statistics

Periodicity: Monthly

Index reference period: December 2006 = 100

Main uses of CPI: Indexation of wages, pensions and/or social security payment, indexation of rents, contracts and/or other payments, main inflation indicator used for monetary policy and deflate household expenditures in national accounts.

B: CPI Coverage

Geographical Coverage

Weights: Nation-wide

Price collection: Nation-wide

Population coverage: Resident households of nationals.

Consumption expenditure includes:

- Food consumed away from home

C: Concepts, definitions, classifications and weights

Definition of the CPI and its objectives: The Consumer price index (CPI) measures changes in prices of consumer goods and services by households. It is the measure of the rate of price changes for goods and services bought by consumers.

Classification: COICOP (Classification of individual consumption by purpose)

Sources of weights: Household expenditure surveys.

Frequency of weight updates: Every 3-5 years

D: Sample design

E: Data Collection
**Frequency with which prices are collected:** Prices are collected on a monthly basis for goods and services from the stores according to the standard price observation list by price observers.

**Methods of Price Collection**

- Personal data collection

**Treatment of seasonal items and seasonality**

**Treatment of housing**

**F: Computation**

**G: Editing and validation procedures**

**H: Documentation and dissemination**

**Level of detailed CPI published**

**Paper publication:** All items CPI, Division-level (12 Divisions), Group-level app. 40 groups

**Online:** All items CPI, Division-level (12 Divisions), Group-level app. 40 groups

**Documentation**


**I: Other Information**

Completed by ILO in 2013.