SOURCE

Name of source: 2011 Census of Population, Households and Dwellings

Institution responsible for the statistics: Croatian Bureau of Statistics, Ilica 3 10000 Zagreb Croatia, Tel: + 385 1 4893400, Fax: + 385 1 4812585, e-mail: bursici@dzs.hr

Type of source: Population census

Periodicity: Every 10 years

Objectives: The main objective of the statistics is to obtain basic data on the population with difficulties in performing daily life activities due to a long-term illness, disability or old age, i.e. to obtain information on the number of persons having difficulty functioning in everyday life, their demographic characteristics and territorial distribution.

COVERAGE

Disabilities: Seeing difficulty, hearing or speaking difficulty, remembering difficulty, concentrating or communicating difficulties, mobility difficulty, other difficulties

Population groups: All

Total population covered: 100% (full coverage Census)

Economic activities: All economic activities

Sectors covered: All sectors

Labour force status: Employed persons, unemployed persons, persons outside labour force

Status in Employment: Employees, employers, own-account workers, contributing family workers, members of producers’ cooperatives, persons not classifiable by status

Geographic areas: Whole country

Establishments: NR

Other limitations: Na

TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

Term used to denote ‘disability’: ‘Difficulties in performing daily life activities’

Definition of this term: Persons with difficulties in performing daily life activities are persons who due to a long-term illness, disability or old age have difficulties performing activities of daily living at home, school, work etc. These are, therefore, persons who have difficulties in functioning in everyday life. The difficulties are defined independently of the certificate issued
by competent government institutions, confirming the difficulties of each person (e.g. disability, injury, handicap, etc.).

Source of this definition: Definition recommended by the Conference of European Statisticians Recommendations for the 2010 Census of Population and Housing.

Questions used to identify persons with disabilities: ‘Does the person have difficulties in performing activities of daily living due to long term illness, disability or old age?’ ‘What type of difficulty is it: seeing difficulty, hearing or speaking difficulty, difficulty remembering, concentrating or communicating, mobility difficulties, other difficulties?’ ‘What is your physical mobility level: fully mobile; permanently limited mobility aided by cane, crutches or walking frame; permanently limited mobility aided by wheelchair; permanently immobile; other?’ ‘What is the cause of your disability: Since birth; War of Independence and its consequences; Occupational impairment; Illness; Traffic accident; Other?’ ‘Does the person need to be aided by another person in performing activities of daily living?’ ‘Does the person use the assistance of another person in performing activities of daily living?’ Possible answers: yes, no.

Minimum duration to be considered as a person with disability: 6 months

CLASSIFICATION

Classifications: Sex, age, level of education ISCED 1997, other personal characteristics (e.g. marital status), type of living arrangements (e.g. in a household, institution), status in employment Occupation ISCO-08, economic activity (Industry) NACE Rev. 2, type of disability

Cross-classifications: Data on difficulties can be cross-classified with variables collected in 2011 Census (sex, age, marital status, activity, industry, occupation, educational attainment, school attendance, main sources of livelihood, place of birth, citizenship, migration features, ethnicity, religion, family features, household features)

REFERENCE PERIOD: 31 March 2011 (Census day)

DISSEMINATION


Website: http://www.dzs.hr/Eng/censuses/census2011/results/censustabshtm.htm
http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/products-datasets/-/hlth_dim060