Gabon

SOURCE

Name of source: Recensement Général de la Population et de l'Habitat 2003

Institution responsible for the statistics: Direction Générale de la Statistique et des Etudes Economiques Ministère du développement, de la performance publique, de la prospective et de la statistique. Libreville Gabon

Type of source: Population Census

Periodicity: Every 10 years

Objectives: To identify:
- The demographic characteristics of the disabled people.
- The sociocultural characteristics of the disabled people.
- The socioeconomic characteristics of the disabled people.
- The living environment of the disabled people.

COVERAGE

Disabilities: All types (seeing, hearing, speaking, moving/mobility, body movement, gripping/holding, learning, behaviour, personal care difficulties)

Population groups: 6 year and over

Total population covered: 100%

Economic activities: All economic activities

Sectors covered: All sectors

Labour force status: Employed persons, unemployed persons, persons not economically active

Status in Employment: Employees, employers, own-account workers, contributing family workers, members of producers’ cooperatives

Geographic areas: Whole country

Establishments: NR

Other limitations: Na

TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

Term used to denote 'disability': ‘La déficience, l'incapacité, le handicap’ (deficiency, incapacity, handicap)

Definition of this term:
The WHO attributes to the notion of handicap 3 concepts: the deficiency, the incapacity, the handicap.

- The deficiency is defined as any deficiency, loss or disorder in an anatomical structure (an organ or system function) or of a physiological or psychological function.
- The incapacity, is the echo of the deficiency in everyday life, a decrease or a loss of the capacity to perform an activity in the manner or within the range considered normal for a human being, but also to the accessibility of the environment.
- The handicap, is defined as the social disadvantage for a given individual, resulting from a deficiency that limits or prevents him/her from the fulfilment of social roles that are normal (in terms of 26 different types of physical dependences, mobility impairments, assisted or impossible schooling, or economic dependence).

Source of this definition: WHO

Questions used to identify persons with disabilities: ‘Do you have any of the following type of disability: deafness, total muteness, blindness, mental impairment, other?’ Possible answers: yes, no.
‘What is the cause of your disability: since born, accident at work, traffic accident, other accident, disease, other, unknown?’

Minimum duration to be considered as a person with disability: Na

CLASSIFICATION

Classifications: Sex, age, region, type of occupation

Cross-classifications: Na

REFERENCE PERIOD: Na

DISSEMINATION


Website: http://iusp2009.princeton.edu/papers/90467