Chile

**SOURCE**

**Name of source:** Premier Estudio Nacional de la Discapacidad en Chile ENDISC 2004

**Institution responsible for the statistics:** Fondo Nacional de la Discapacidad and Chile National Statistics Institute

**Type of source:** Household survey

**Periodicity:** First time

**Objectives:** To study the prevalence of all types and grades of disability and see to which extent this condition affects people in all the aspects of everyday life.

**COVERAGE**

**Disabilities:** Physical, visual, hearing, intellectual, psychological, visceral

**Population groups:** All ages

**Total population covered:** All. The sample covers 13,769 households

**Economic activities:** NR

**Sectors covered:** All sectors

**Labour force status:** All

**Status in Employment:** All

**Geographic areas:** Whole country

**Establishments:** NR

**Other limitations:** No

**TERMS AND DEFINITIONS**

**Term used to denote 'disability':** ‘Discapacidad - disability’

**Definition of this term:** It is a generic term, which includes impairments of body functions and/or body structure, activity limitations and participation restrictions, indicating the negative aspects people with disabilities face while interacting with other non-disabled people and environmental factors they have difficulties with. In this sense the person with a disability would be that individual with functional and/or structural body dysfunctions, activity limitation, and restricted participation, that result from the negative interaction of his or her health condition and the contextual factors in which he or she develops.

The disability is determined on the basis of 4 criteria:
- Negative health state;
- Limitations or Difficulties in performing activities;
- Restrictions in Participation;
- Environmental Barriers (physical and attitudinal).

Questions used to identify persons with disabilities:

Negative health state is determined on the basis of:
- General health state both physical and mental
- Presence of pain
- Health problem that caused difficulty in performing daily activities, including work related
- Presence of diagnosis made by specialist regarding to negative health condition
- Severe problems in vital body systems or lesions (respiratory, cardiovascular, endocrine genitourinary among others)

Limitations or Difficulties in performing activities is determined on the basis of following difficulties:
- seeing,
- hearing,
- self care,
- moving,
- understanding,
- communicating

Restrictions in Participation: intends to establish how different difficulties or problems (i.e. Seeing; Hearing; Physical Heath and Movement; Mental and Intellectual; Psychological or Psychiatric; Communicating (severe); Discrimination; With Alcoholic Beverages; and (or Drug Related) have affected the individual’s ability to engage in recreational and social activities, self-care, house chores, study, gainful employment.

Each answer was scored in a 0 -3-range according to degree of difficulty (0-None, 1-Slight or Mild, 2-Much, 3- Extreme)

By adding the scores, the presence or absence of disability was determined and person categorised in one of the following categories:
- 0 - No disability
- 1 - Mild
- 2 - Moderate
- 3 - Severe disability

Source of this definition: International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health

Minimum duration to be considered as a person with disability: No

CLASSIFICATION

Classifications: Sex, age, level of education, other personal characteristics (e.g. marital status), type of living arrangements (e.g. in a household, institution), status in employment, occupation, economic activity

Cross-classifications: No
REFERENCE PERIOD: 2004

DISSEMINATION

National publications: PRIMER ESTUDIO NACIONAL DE LA DISCAPACIDAD E INFORMES REGIONALES 2004

Website:
http://www.ine.cl/canales/chile_estadistico/encuestas_discapacidad/discapacidad.php