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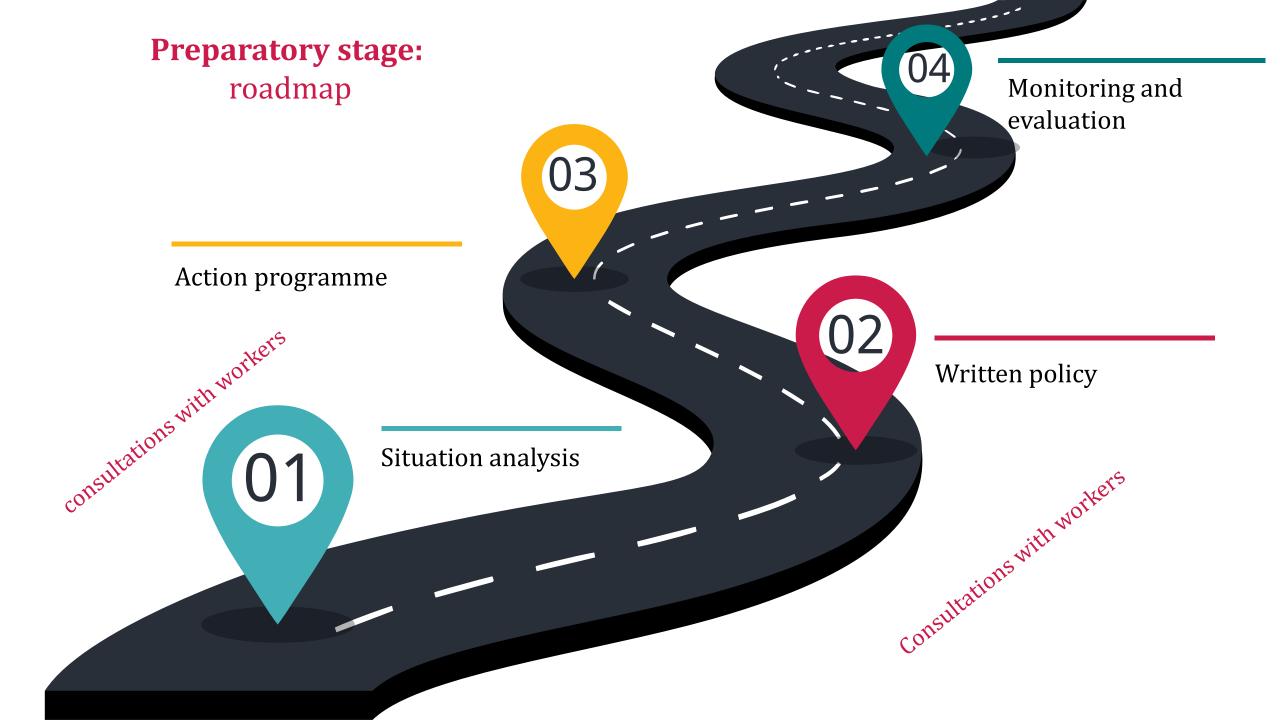
Project is funded by the European Union

With care for yourself and everyone

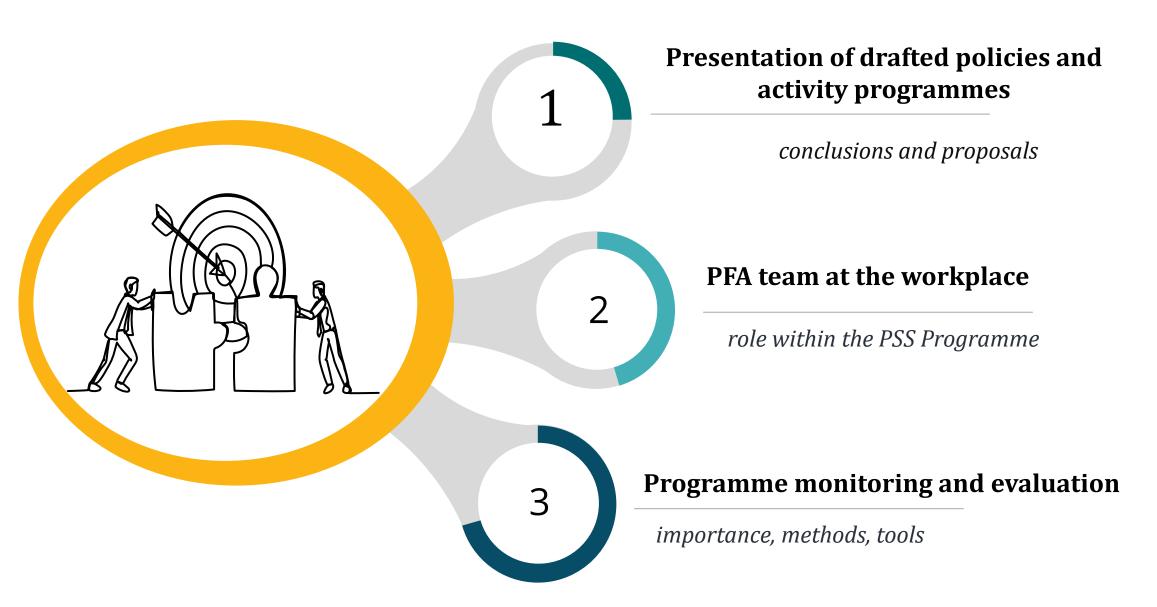
PSYCHOSOCIAL SUPPORT AT WORKPLACE PROGRAMMES PILOT INITIATIVE

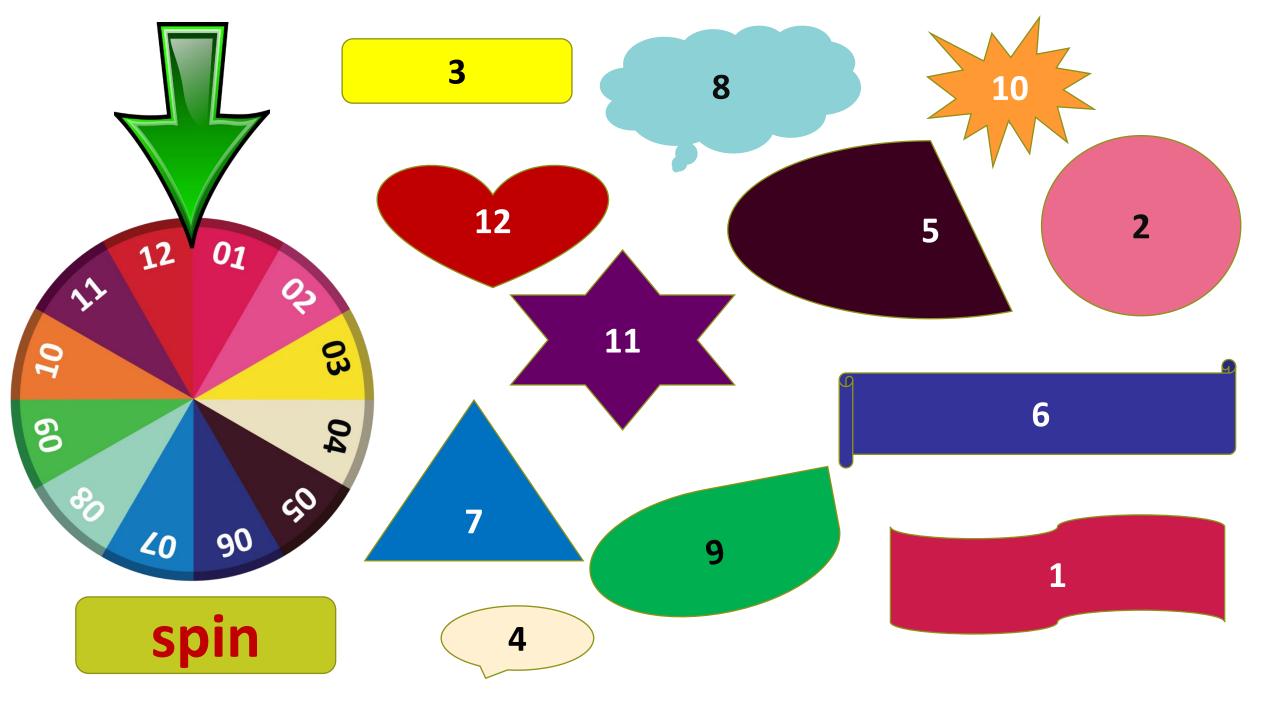


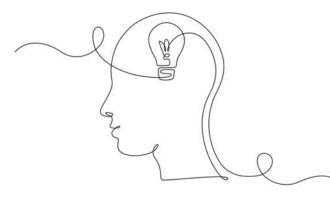
22 December 2022 MEETING 3_



Objectives of our meetings







Presentation of draft policies and programmes of psychosocial support by enterprises



Why is adoption of a written policy and programme of activities on PSS important?



What programme activities have you selected for implementation in 2023, and what resources are required?



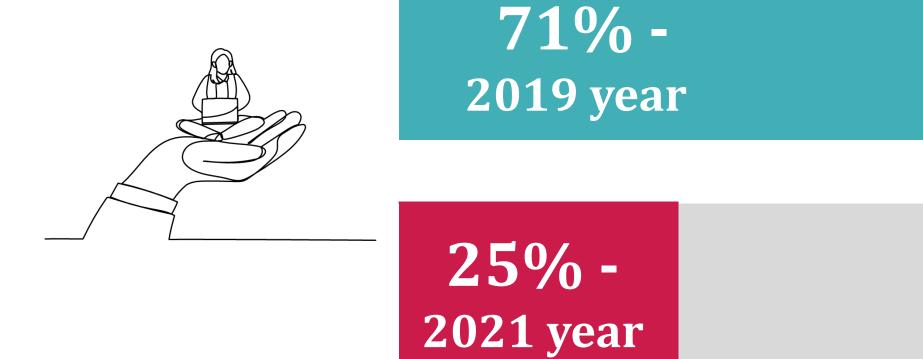
What difficulties do you see on the way of implementation of these activities?



What are conclusions and proposals based on results of this work?

Support at workplace during and after the COVID-19 crisis period

(5400 workers from various sectors, Australia, Germany, Great Britain, USA)



Source: Fourth Annual Workforce Attitudes Toward Mental Health. Headspace Health. 2022

PSS Programme content

(prevention/protection/recovery: individual resources, leadership, organizational changes)

How can I support myself? (information and training activities, self-help groups, etc.)

How can I support a colleague/patient/client/near and dear one? (PFA training)

How can managers help in posttrauma adaptation? (communication, reasonable accommodation, policy)



What are guarantees of confidentiality and non-stigmatization? (written policy, positive culture, psychological safety)

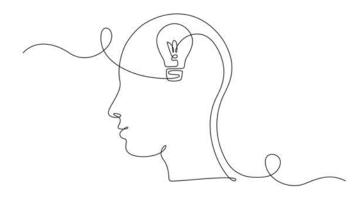
How to encourage workers to use a psychologist's services timely? (communication principles, methods and tools)

What resources are offered by the enterprise to support mental well-being of workers? (organizational changes, measures, preferences, etc.)



Good practice examples

- ✓ **Organizational changes.** For example, between 12:00 and 14:00 on Wednesdays the self-care time workers can go in for sports, or read, or take a "random coffee", etc.
- ✓ **Motivating videoclips.** For example, in videoclips some workers openly shared their own stories on mental health problems they had had and what had helped them. The video contains a general director's speech aimed to reduce stigma and underline the importance of early approach for help.
- ✓ **Systematic information and training activities** on support of mental and physical health.
- ✓ **Psychological first aid team** evidence-based practice of building psychologically resilient and safe workplaces.
- ✓ **Periodic monitoring of psychological well-being of workers –** demonstration of support and a possibility to improve interventions.



Attention! Question



What is your vision of the ways of implementing such a resource as the psychological first aid (PFA) at the enterprise level?

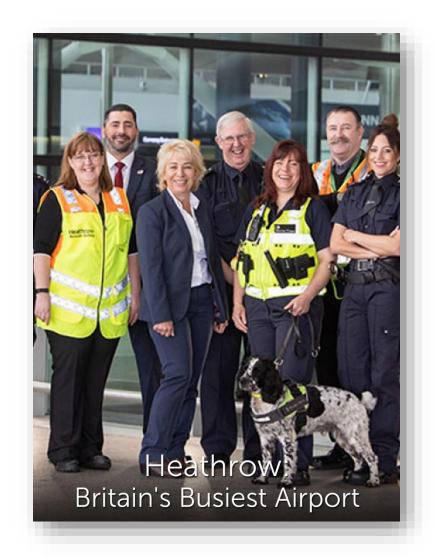
Example of introducing PFA

Heathrow airport, London

Step 1. Trainings for line managers

- ✓ Why is it important to ensure mental safety at workplace and how to do it?
- ✓ How to «catch» workers before they «fall», that is how to identify the early symptoms and provide timely initial interventions?
- ✓ How to help worker to effectively and quickly adapt at work after trauma?
 - Step 2. Guidelines for managers regarding communication
 - **Step 3. Training «peer-to-peer»**

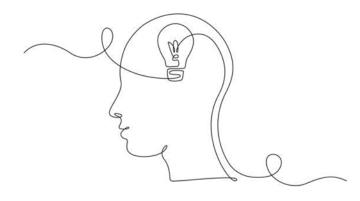
Result: absence from work caused by stress **reduced by** 80%



Ways of implementing the psychological first aid at workplace

- ✓ **Development of the regulations on PFA** within the framework of the programme of psychosocial support at workplace, indicating:
- what PFA means, what its goal and benefits are;
- who the regulations apply to (all workers only or also interns, patients/clients/apprentices, contractors),
- duties and principles of the person/team providing PFA;
- obligations of the employer within the regulations;
- what is expected of workers within the regulations;
- contacts for complaints, feedback and proposals.
- ✓ Training on PFA (whom to train, how many, who is the facilitator, what is the training programme)
- ✓ PFA team support (financial or other incentives, supervision, psychological, communication channel)
- ✓ Monitoring of PFA at the workplace (goal, methods and tools, coordinator)





Attention! Question



What should be the obligations and principles for a person/team providing PFA that should be described in the relevant regulation?

Key functions of the person/team providing PFA (sample)

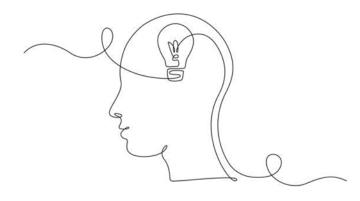
- 1) The PFA provider's role is voluntary and performed simultaneously with professional duties.
- 2) The PFA provider is not a psychologist or psychiatrist and does not substitute for them.
- 3) The PFA provider's role is to recognize early signs of mental problems, assess suicide risk, listen, offer professional aid and/or psychological self-help strategies.
- 4) The PFA provider must observe the principle of confidentiality and unbiased attitude.
- 5) Any worker who took training and may devote time within his/her professional duties for PFA provision may be the PFA provider.
- 6) Before providing PFA, the PFA provider must be in satisfactory mental and physical conditions, otherwise refer the person to some other PFA provider at the enterprise.
- 7) The PFA provider must take part in trainings to improve the knowledge and skills of PFA provision ad psychological self-recovery.



Good practice example A programme attracting attention: R U OK?, Australia







Attention! Question



Why is monitoring and evaluation of the PSS Program at the workplace necessary?





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Checklist

Checklist of questions which will help define the goals and methods of M&E within the PSS Programme



How will we know that:



the Programme's action plan is being implemented?



workers feel support at the workplace?



our enterprise's PSS strategy is effective?

PSS Programme effectiveness criteria (sample)

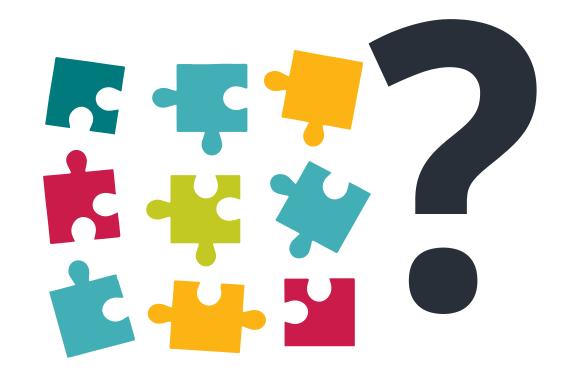
Are workers satisfied with measures and resources within the PSS Programme?

(qualitative and quantitative indicators)

Have the overall stress level and the number of days off/sick leaves/injuries decreased? (comparative entry and exit indicators)

Has the level of support from managers and colleagues increased?

(comparative entry and exit indicators)



Homework: analyze your action plan as per this model

Programme reasonable goals

S.

M.

A.

R.

Т.

What result is expected?

What indicator will show that result?

Is the result attainable?

Does the result meet the needs?

When is the result expected?



Specific



Measurable



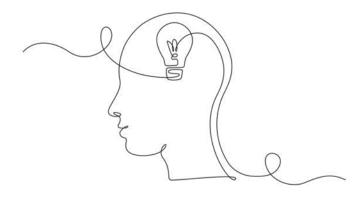
Attainable



Relevant



Time Based



Attention! Question



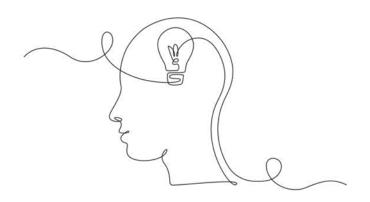
What methods and tools can be used for evaluation of indicators of the programme activities?



M&E methods and tools



- 1 Survey
- **2** Interview
- **Focus groups**
- **4** Organizational data





Sample survey on perception of resources and measures within the psychosocial support programme by workers

M&E steps within the PSS Programme

Goals and objectives as per the intervention strategy



Data collection methods (data source, tools,

frequency)



Dissemination of results

01



03



05



Process indicators and result indicators

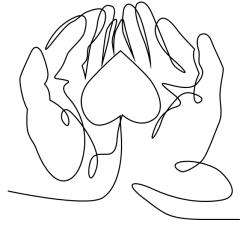
(indicators for measurement)



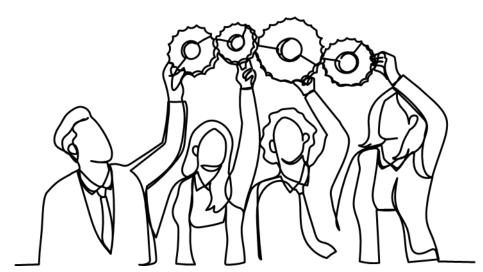
Roles and responsibilities within M&E (data manager)



Not only ideas but their realization is important



Let's just do this!



Homework for 13 January

Agree upon the programme activity plan (PSS Programme)

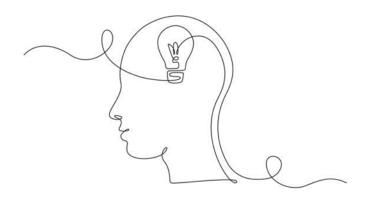
Present the Programme to workers

Endorse candidates for the PFA team



Develop the Programme monitoring and evaluation system, and prepare a presentation to the next online meeting







Your questions and proposals?

Project implemented by

Project TOWARDS SAFE, HEALTHY AND DECLARED WORK IN UKRAINE



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