

COUNTRY BASELINE UNDER THE ILO DECLARATION ANNUAL REVIEW

Mongolia - 2021

*THE ELIMINATION OF ALL FORMS OF FORCED OR COMPULSORY
LABOUR Protocol of 2014 P029 to the Forced Labour Convention*

REPORTING

Fulfilment of Government's reporting obligations

p29 Fulfilment of Government's reporting obligations

Yes

Involvement of Employers' and Workers' organizations in the reporting process

91. When preparing its report, did the Government consult? [10.1]

a) The most representative employers organizations, b) The most representative workers organizations, c) The competent authorities

92. To which employers organizations was the report sent? [12] Please provide the list

Mongolian Employers' Federation

93. To which workers organizations was the report sent? [13] Please provide the list

Confederation of Mongolian Trade Union

OBSERVATIONS BY THE SOCIAL PARTNERS

Employers' organizations

83. Have employers and or workers organizations been consulted in the

Yes

development and implementation of adopted measures? [6.1]	
95. Did employers organizations comment on the report? [11a]	Yes
97. Please provide URL(s) to the responses and comments of the employers and workers organizations to the above questions, if you have received them	n/a
Workers' organizations	
83. Have employers and or workers organizations been consulted in the development and implementation of adopted measures? [6.1]	Yes
96. Did workers organizations comment on the report? [11b]	Yes
EFFORTS AND PROGRESS MADE IN REALIZING MEASURES TARGETED BY THE PROTOCOL	
Ratification	
Ratification intention	
61. If you have ratified Convention No. 29 but not the 2014 Protocol to Convention No. 29, what are the prospects for ratification of the Protocol?	Likely
62. What, if any, are the impediments to the ratification of the 2014 Protocol to Convention No. 29?	Not many impediments. but need to harmonize relevant domestic regulation and reforming
Existence of a policy and or plan of action for the suppression of forced or compulsory labour	

<p>63. Is there a national policy and plan of action aimed at realizing the principle of effective and sustained suppression of all forms of forced or compulsory labour through prevention, victim protection and access to remedies? [1.1]</p>	<p>Yes</p>
<p>65. Please also indicate the manner in which employers' and workers' organizations have been consulted. [1.3]</p>	<p>National tripartite committee on labour; social consensus on need for consultation.</p>
<p>68. Is there a national policy and plan of action setting out measures and specific action for combatting trafficking in persons for the purposes of forced or compulsory labour? [1.5]</p>	<p>Yes</p>
<p>69. Please describe these measures. [1.5]</p>	<p>Law on Combatting human trafficking and the National Action Plan which stipulates the principles, scope, prevention and protection of the victims.</p>
<p>70. Does the Government collect and analyse statistical data and other information on the nature and extent of forced or compulsory labour? [1.6]</p>	<p>Yes</p>
<p>71. Please describe these data. [1.6.1]</p>	<p>No case through court decision. The National Human Rights Commission conducted a study on the existence of forced labour for soldiers and prisoners. Study at national level to be conducted with regard to the compulsory or forced labour planned.</p>
<p>Measures taken or envisaged to prevent forms of forced labour</p>	
<p>74. Have measures been taken or are measures envisaged for the prevention of all forms of forced or compulsory labour? [2.1]</p>	<p>Yes</p>

<p>75. If so, please indicate the type of measures, [2.2]</p>	<p>b) Strengthening and broadening of the coverage of legislation, particularly labour law,e) Addressing the root causes that perpetuate forced labour,h) Capacity building for the competent authorities</p>
<p>76. Have measures been taken or are measures envisaged for the identification, release, protection, recovery and rehabilitation of victims of all forms of forced or compulsory labour? [3.1]</p>	<p>No</p>
<p>Measures taken or envisaged to facilitate access to remedies</p>	
<p>78. Have measures been taken or are measures envisaged to provide victims of all forms of forced or compulsory labour with access to remedies? [4.1]</p>	<p>No</p>
<p>Cooperation with other Member States, international / regional organizations or NGOs</p>	
<p>81. Does the Government cooperate with other member States, international and regional organizations, or non-governmental organizations to achieve the effective and sustained suppression of forced or compulsory labour? [5.1]</p>	<p>Yes</p>
<p>82. Please briefly describe the modalities of this cooperation. [5.2]</p>	<p>2019 survey on whether Mongolia is ready for ratification of P29 in cooperation with ILO.</p>
<p>Special initiatives or Progress</p>	
<p>85. Please describe any significant changes which have taken place since your last report (for example, changes in the legislative and institutional framework, launching of major programmes, new data, changes in the number of persons in forced labour who</p>	<p>Labour law revision of Mongolia that stipulates broader scope, including labour relations.</p>

have been identified, released and protected, penalties imposed on perpetrators). [7]

CHALLENGES IN REALIZING MEASURES TARGETED BY THE PROTOCOL

86. What are the main obstacles encountered by your country with regard to realizing the principle of effective and sustained suppression of all forms of forced labour through prevention, victim protection and access to remedies? [8]

a) Lack of awareness,d) Social and economic circumstances,e) Political situation,g) Lack of resources in the institutional framework,k) Lack of resources in employers organizations

TECHNICAL COOPERATION NEEDS

Request

87. Does your Government think that it should establish technical cooperation activities with the ILO or pursue those that already exist for the prevention and effective suppression of forced or compulsory labour, victim protection and access to remedies? [9.1]

Yes

88. If so, please indicate the needs in this area by level of importance (not important, less important, important, most important) [9.2]

b) Awareness-raising and mobilization activities => Important
c) Collection and analysis of data and information => Important
d) Guidance on the development of the national policy and plan of action => Important
e) Strengthening the legal framework => Important
f) Capacity building for the competent authorities => Important

g) Inter-institutional coordination => Important

h) Promotion of fair recruitment and placement practices => Important

i) Promotion of fair migration policies => Important

j) Vocational training, job-creation and income-generation programmes for at-risk populations => Important

k) Basic social security guarantees => Important

l) Guidance on supporting due diligence => Important

m) Capacity building for employers' and workers' organizations => Less Important

n) Promotion of freedom of association and collective bargaining to enable at-risk workers to join workers' organizations => Important

o) Exchange of experiences between countries or regions; international cooperation => Important

p) Other => Important