The New Welfare

Geneva
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Claudia Fiaschi
How the Welfare State Begins
# Welfare: How it worked

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Economy</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Citizenship Pact:</strong> Satisfying interests in a collective way and protection of fundamental rights</td>
<td><strong>Production</strong> of economic value</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Fiscal solidarity:</strong> Equal and Sustainable Tax levy</td>
<td><strong>Employment</strong></td>
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</tbody>
</table>
| **Social solidarity** Redistribution of resources (services or contributions):  
  - Promotion: education, formation  
  - Protection: health, ageing, care dependency  
  - Contribution: poverty, unemployment | **Excessive wealth** |

**Universalism – Equity**

**Sustainability of individual and collective well-being**
How the Welfare State Ends
## Welfare: what is not working anymore

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Economy</th>
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<tr>
<td>Economic crisis</td>
<td>Unsufficient fiscal levy</td>
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<tr>
<td>Unemployment and impoverishment of families</td>
<td>Aggravation of tax levy</td>
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<td>Low productivity: impoverishment of enterprises</td>
<td>Unfavourable ratio between collective costs and distributed benefits</td>
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<tr>
<td>Unsustainability of individual and collective well-being</td>
<td>Crisis of the welfare State - Crisis of citizenship Pact - Social conflict</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

A poorer, more unequal and less safe country
The reaction of the system in front of the crisis

Development of the THIRD SECTOR: SELF-ORGANIZATION of CITIZENS in front of the system fallacies.

ADMINISTRATIVE DECENTRALIZATION: EMPOWERMENT OF TERRITORIES IN RESPECT OF TWO CRUCIAL PROBLEMS (RESOURCES and CONSENSUS)

ORGANIZATION OF FAMILIES SPENDING BEHAVIOURS (PRIORITIES AND SUSTAINABILITY)
New Welfare: what to protect and what to promote

Collective welfare: people, families, communities

Protect

Promote

Childcare
- 0-6
- Primary school
- Secondary school

Youth
- Skills (Post-graduate education)
- House

Employment
- Active Policies (First job, fragile employment, new citizens)

Culture, Tourism, Sport
- Cultural offer
- Tourism for all
- Sport for all

Migration and new citizens
- Hospitality
- Job
- Development cooperation

Wealth
Care dependency
Social fragility
Ageing
Art. 1 Law 381/91
“*The purpose of social co-operative is the pursuit of the general community interest in promoting human concerns and in the social integration of citizens by means of: a) the management of social, health and educational services; b) the carrying-out of sundry activities -agricultural, industrial, business or services - having as their purpose the gainful employment of the disadvantaged*”.

The objective of a social cooperative is to maximize the social results compatibly with the economic ones.
Social Cooperation

Types of enterprises

A Type cooperative
• Health care and educational services;
• Fiscal agevolazione (VAT 4%)

B Type cooperative
• Different sectors of production
• 30% of disadvantaged workers
• Sgravi contributivi for disadvantaged workers

C type cooperative
• A cooperative of social cooperatives (consortium)
Workers members
• Contribute to the realisation of the social purpose through paid work (national collective agreements)

Voluntary members
• Contribute to the realisation of the social purpose through un-paid/voluntary work

Users members
• Contribute to the development of the idea of the cooperative

Supporting members
• Contribute to the development of the cooperative through the provision of remunerated capital
Social Cooperation

*Numbers*

11,000 social cooperatives in Italy

6,129 cooperative members of Federsolidarietà

- 4,116 A type cooperatives
- 2,013 B type cooperatives

223,310 members (23,000 volunteers)

227,100 employees (16,800 disadvantaged)

€6.4 billions value of production
Italian welfare and social cooperatives

- Services management in partnership with the public administration (procurements, concessions, project financing)
- Services management direct to the citizen (market)
- Social innovation (new solutions to known problems; new solutions to unknown problems)

  new universalism
  new sustainability of the services’ quality
  new economic accessibility to services
THE GROUP

CGM is the largest network of social enterprises in Italy

For the development of social enterprise

A job for everyone

The medical and dentist centers' network with the health in the heart

A strategic alliance between religious congregations and laic organizations

OUR NETWORK

- 69 consortia
- 840 cooperatives and social enterprises
- 41,400 workers
- 74% have an open-ended contract
- 15,850 associates and other volunteers
- 28,500 women
- 2,900 no-EU citizens
- More than 8,000 young people between 18 and 35 years old
- Over 1.3 billion € aggregated production's value
- 70 million € social capital

CGM FINANCE

www.cgmfinance.it

For the development of social enterprise

COOPER

www.consorziomestieri.it
www.cooperjob.it

A job for everyone

WELFARE

www.welfareitalia.eu

The medical and dentist centers' network with the health in the heart

CHARIS

www.consorziocharis.it

A strategic alliance between religious congregations and laic organizations

CGM is the largest network of social enterprises in Italy
A type

Services for the promotion of the wellbeing, of citizens’ health and households’ care lifelong (community residence for minors, rest homes, daily centers for disabled, home assistance’s services, medical centers’ management)

100,000 people benefit from our care’s services

- Elderly: 29%
- Fragile people and dependence: 29%
- People with disability: 20%
- Minors with disadvantage: 17%
- Psychiatric patients: 5%

We take care of 130,000 people every year with specialized medicine’s services, industrial medicine, medical assistance and more.

Services and answers to households’ needs: children, minors, young people, school, free time and sport (kindergarten, game rooms, aggregation centers for young people, school integration)

- 500 nursery schools and services for 18,000 children to 3 years old
- 12,500 students with disability
- 2,200 students with special educational needs
- Over 50,000 teenagers and young people
Services and projects to answer main needs and to integrate migrants and refugees

We welcome **18,000** among migrants, asylum seekers and refugees In
- **220** welcome centers
- **170** dedicated housing structures
- **100** protection system for refugees and asylum seekers - SPRAR project

Housing accessible solutions and promotion of urban cohesion’s projects

Welcome: **4,400 beds** in more than **500** housing units
Job’s integrated services for enterprises, public administration and private: selection, orientation, placement, training. Job insertion of disadvantaged people (long-term unemployed, person with disability, psychiatric patients, former prisoners)

5,600 disadvantaged workers
90,000 people benefit from job’s services among internship, training, work-related laboratories and vocational guidance

Structures and diversified services’ management for touristic welcome (information points, museums’ management, festivals and events’ organization, guided tours)

More than 100 cooperatives manage tourism and culture related services
With the management of 90 libraries and more than 50 among touristic sites and museums.
2,700 beds in touristic structures
B type

Systems and interventions for the production of green energy, for energy efficiency and the development of solar energy

25 cooperatives are specialized in energy efficiency and renewable energy

Management of restaurants and other locations where to taste products which give value to local food traditions

100 among restaurants and bars counting 4,000 places

Biological plantations which give value to traditional cultivations; management of educational farms

50 cooperatives work in the field of social agriculture
CASE HISTORIES

• Pan Consortium (*childcare*)
• Energia solidale (*social innovation*)
• Co-Care (*social innovation*)
• Kairos Consortium (*job inclusion for detainees*)
• Altremani (*job inclusion for people with disabilities*)
QUESTIONS?
GRAZIE!

fiaschi.c@confcooperative.it