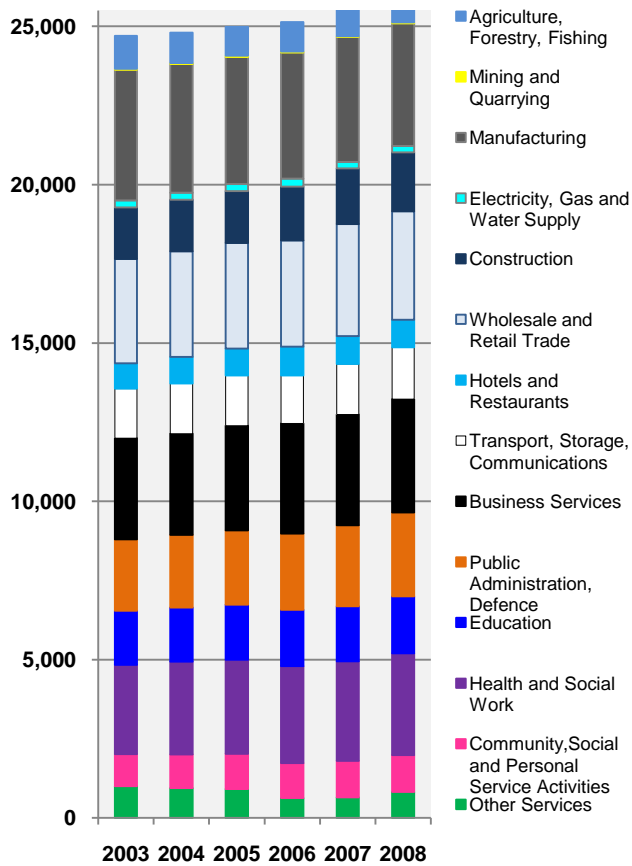
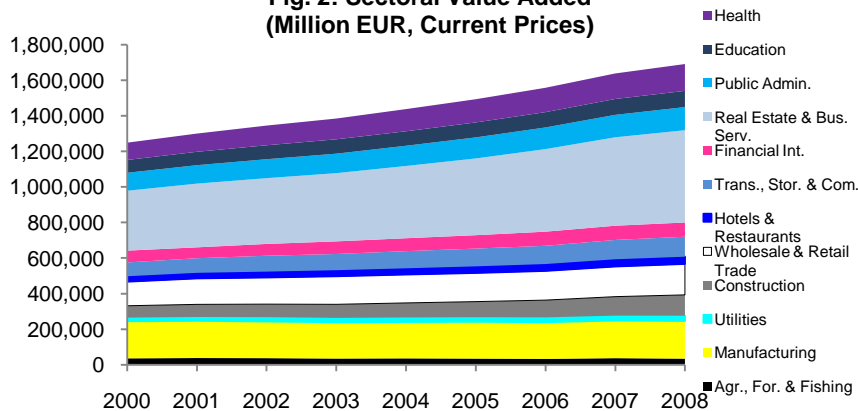


Fig. 1: Employment by Major Economic Activity, ('000s), 2003-2008



Source: ILO Laborsta; Persons aged 15 years and over.

Fig. 2: Sectoral Value Added (Million EUR, Current Prices)



Source: OECD, STAN database.

Manufacturing

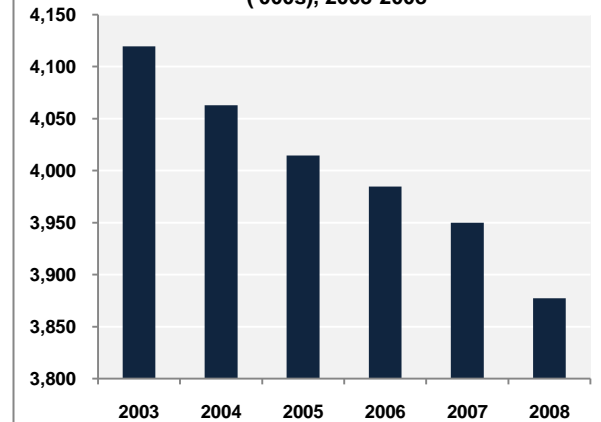
In France, the manufacturing sector was the largest employer among major economic activities in 2008, accounting for about 15 per cent of total employment (see Figs. 1 & 3). However, manufacturing employment has been declining at an average annual rate of 1.2 per cent per year since 2003, in contrast to the average 1 per cent annual growth seen in the total economy over the same period. In 2003 the sector employed over 4.1 million workers and declined to just 3.88 million in 2008. Manufacturing contributed about 12 per cent to total GDP in 2008; compared to more than 16 per cent in 2000 (see Fig. 2).

Within the industry, employment is concentrated in specific subsectors, namely, food, beverage & tobacco manufacturing, automobile manufacturing, fabricated metal parts manufacturing and chemicals & chemical products manufacturing. Firms operating in the manufacturing sector produce a variety of consumer goods both for domestic consumption and export markets including items related to the auto industry, electronics & machinery, as well as food products, chemicals and pharmaceuticals, textiles and clothing. In addition to the final manufactured products, French firms are internationally known for technological innovation in aerospace, defence, transportation, and other specialized manufactures.

The principal manufacturing companies in France are located in the Ile-de-France, Rhone-Alps, Nord-Pas-de-Calais, and Pays de la Loire regions. Even though some French companies, such as Renault, Peugeot-Citroen and Airbus, are now large, internationally known companies, most French firms are characterized as moderate to small-sized enterprises.

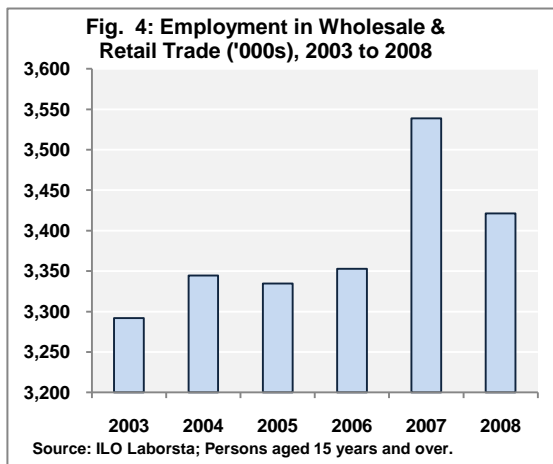
In terms of working conditions within the industry, workers in manufacturing received 17.9 Euros per hour, on average, in 2008. This rate is higher than the average rate of 17.2 Euros per hour for all major economic activities taken as a whole, and reflects an increase of nearly 27 per cent over the rate recorded in 2000. This compares with a 26.5 per cent increase in the average hourly rate for all major economic activities taken as a whole. Average hours worked in manufacturing measured 37.35 hours per week in 2008, down slightly from the 38.63 hours per week average recorded in 2000. These averages compare with the averages for all workers in all sectors, at 37.55 hours per week in 2008 and 38.95 hours per week in 2000.

Fig. 3: Employment in Manufacturing ('000s), 2003-2008



Source: ILO Laborsta; Persons aged 15 years and over.

Wholesale & Retail Trade



Among major economic activities, the second largest employer in France is the wholesale and retail trade sector (commerce). Only the manufacturing and health sectors provide more jobs. In 2008 the wholesale and retail trade sector provided 3.4 million jobs, or 13.2 per cent of the total jobs in France (see Figs. 1 & 4). Growth in jobs in this sector has been relatively slow, at an average annual rate of 0.8 per cent per year between 2003 and 2008, compared to 1.0 per cent per year for all sectors taken as a whole

over the same period. The sector contributed about 10 per cent of total GDP value added in 2008, similar to the average share recorded since 2000 (see Fig. 2).

The large number of small retail establishments in France is declining in the face of growing competition from international retailers in clothing and other related retail sectors, including H&M, Zara, and Ikea and from French retail chains in food and hypermarkets (e.g. Carrefour, Leclerc, and Auchan). Food retail is a significant portion of this sector. Competition has also increased in food retail, with diversification of retail alternatives, such as discounters, specialty prepared frozen food stores and shopping on the Internet. Internet retailing is growing rapidly with the improvement of payment security. Traditional outlets, nonetheless, retain about 20 per cent or more of the market.

In terms of international merchandise trade (often through wholesale merchants), exports reached 601.2 billion USD in 2008 and merchandise imports reached 703.5 billion USD in 2008. Manufactures comprised more than 77 per cent of total exports, with agricultural products and fuels and mining products contributing 12.6 and 7.5 per cent of exports, respectively.

Working time in the wholesale and retail trade sector has been slightly higher than the national average. In 2000, workers in this sector worked an average of 39.59 hours per week, compared to the national average of 38.95 hours per week that year. In 2008 the average working time in wholesale and retail trade was 38.04 hours per week, compared to the national average of 27.55 hours per week. Wages in this sector have been relatively low compared to the national average for all major economic activities. The average wage rate for wholesale and retail trade in 2008 was 15.2 Euros per hour, compared to the 17.2 Euros per hour average for all sectors. Only the hotels and restaurants sector had a lower average rate in 2008 at 12.1 Euros per hour. In the wholesale and retail trade sector, the average hourly wage rate has increased about 23.6 per cent since 2000, from 12.3 Euros per hour, to 15.2 Euros per hour in 2008.

Key Labour Market Indicators (2009)

Economically Active Population:

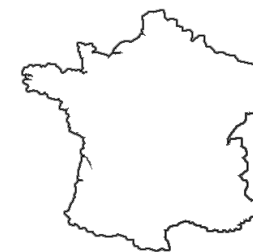
Total: 28,277,150
Men: 14,800,800
Women: 13,476,350

Labour Force Participation Rate:

Total: 56.9%
Men: 62.4%
Women: 51.9%

Unemployment Rate:

Total: 9.1%
Men: 8.9%
Women: 9.4%



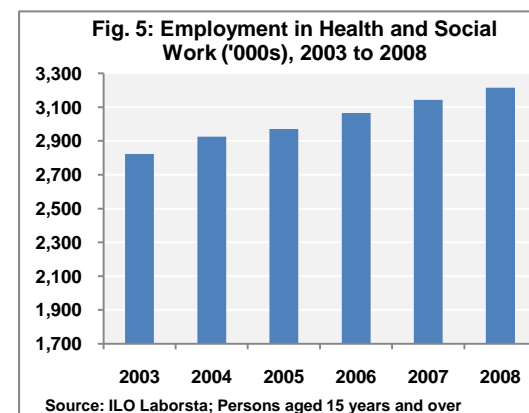
Health & Social Work

The health services sector was the third largest employer in France in 2008, with nearly 3.2 million workers employed (see Figs. 1 & 5). Between 2003 and 2008, employment in the sector grew at an average annual rate of 2.3 per cent, adding about 391,200 jobs. The sector is comprised of various occupational specialties including nurses and doctors, pharmacists, technicians, midwives, physical and occupational therapists, and social workers, among others. Female workers comprised nearly 80 per cent of the industry's workforce in 2008. The upward employment trend is expected to continue with the increasing demand for skilled health services workers due to an ageing French population. In terms of value added to GDP, the sector contributed around 8.6 per cent of France's total value added in 2008, up from 7.5 per cent in 2003 (see Fig. 2).

The share of health care expenditure in France has exceeded 10 per cent of GDP throughout the past decade, one of the highest in the EU. Total health care expenditure reached more than 11.6 per cent of GDP in 2009. While France has universal public health insurance system, some people also complement their coverage with private supplementary insurance. In terms of health care facilities there were about 2,815 hospitals across the country with a total capacity of about 440,000 beds, one-third of which in private hospitals in 2008.

Working conditions within the sector tended to range across occupational specialties. Due to the need to provide 24-hour care, working arrangements in health facilities are complex.

Shift work, part-time schedules and non-traditional hours often characterize working time for employees. However, the average weekly working time was 37.1 hours in 2008, compared to 37.6 hours for workers in all sectors. This has increased from 2003 when workers averaged 36.6 hours per week. Workers in the health and social work sector were paid at an average hourly rate of 18.5 Euros per hour, compared to 17.7 Euros per hour for workers in all major economic activities. However, earnings tend to vary across occupations in the industry.



France

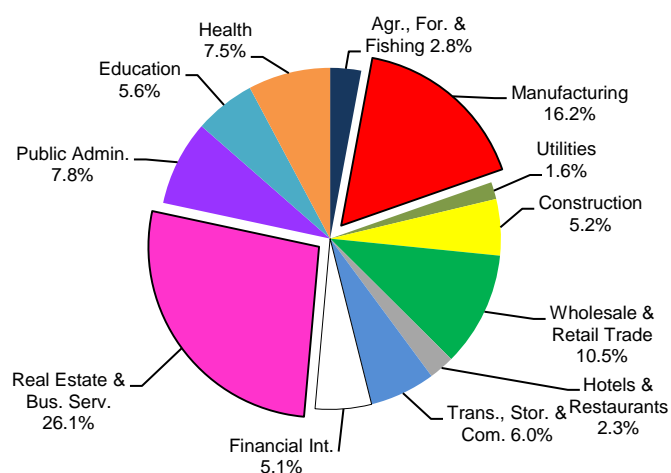
Table 1: GDP Value Added by Industry (Million EUR, Current Prices) & % Share in Total Value Added

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Total GDP	1,290,743.0	1,344,658.0	1,392,586.0	1,434,812.0	1,490,230.0	1,547,758.0	1,614,341.4	1,697,407.1	1,752,429.8
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Agr., For. & Fishing	36,611.0	38,330.0	37,664.0	35,534.0	36,514.0	35,313.0	33,880.0	37,591.0	35,031.2
	2.8%	2.9%	2.7%	2.5%	2.5%	2.3%	2.1%	2.2%	2.0%
Manufacturing	208,785.0	209,370.0	206,545.0	204,113.0	204,660.0	207,212.0	206,105.1	211,917.9	211,923.1
	16.2%	15.6%	14.8%	14.2%	13.7%	13.4%	12.8%	12.5%	12.1%
Utilities	20,250.0	21,448.0	23,976.0	24,460.0	25,278.0	25,393.0	26,989.0	27,184.6	29,319.3
	1.6%	1.6%	1.7%	1.7%	1.7%	1.6%	1.7%	1.6%	1.7%
Construction	66,560.0	70,847.0	73,131.0	76,137.0	81,689.0	87,546.0	96,957.0	106,699.0	117,102.4
	5.2%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	5.5%	5.7%	6.0%	6.3%	6.7%
Wholesale & Retail Trade	135,679.0	146,287.0	150,157.0	158,133.0	160,018.0	161,544.0	164,529.1	169,859.3	174,331.2
	10.5%	10.9%	10.8%	11.0%	10.7%	10.4%	10.2%	10.0%	9.9%
Hotels & Restaurants	30,229.0	30,972.0	32,716.0	33,713.0	34,581.0	36,741.0	38,302.0	40,253.0	40,216.4
	2.3%	2.3%	2.3%	2.3%	2.3%	2.4%	2.4%	2.4%	2.3%
Trans., Stor. & Com.	77,571.0	82,174.0	89,290.0	91,174.0	96,471.0	99,839.0	102,693.2	108,701.5	112,368.1
	6.0%	6.1%	6.4%	6.4%	6.5%	6.5%	6.4%	6.4%	6.4%
Financial Int.	66,430.0	61,129.0	66,343.0	70,828.0	72,690.0	75,279.0	79,210.0	79,991.0	79,968.0
	5.1%	4.5%	4.8%	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%	4.7%	4.6%
Real Estate & Bus. Serv.	336,640.0	358,238.0	369,763.0	383,610.0	406,165.0	431,584.0	464,378.0	497,054.9	518,959.9
	26.1%	26.6%	26.6%	26.7%	27.3%	27.9%	28.8%	29.3%	29.6%
Public Admin.	100,894.0	103,705.0	106,447.0	109,484.0	113,772.0	118,233.0	121,597.0	126,171.0	130,049.0
	7.8%	7.7%	7.6%	7.6%	7.6%	7.6%	7.5%	7.4%	7.4%
Education	72,171.0	75,200.0	78,496.0	80,956.0	81,396.0	84,240.0	86,102.0	89,188.0	91,021.8
	5.6%	5.6%	5.6%	5.6%	5.5%	5.4%	5.3%	5.3%	5.2%
Health	97,237.0	102,474.0	110,583.0	116,651.0	124,666.0	130,416.0	136,994.0	143,553.0	150,787.2
	7.5%	7.6%	7.9%	8.1%	8.4%	8.4%	8.5%	8.5%	8.6%

Source: OECD, STAN database.

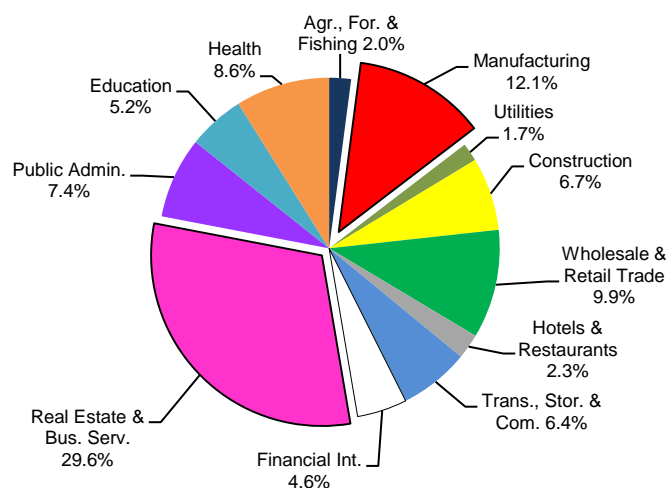
Notes: Sectors are classified according to the national classification of industrial sectors as reported by the national source. Sum of individual sectors may not equal total due to rounding and other adjustments introduced by the national source.

Share in Sectoral Value Added, 2000



Source: OECD, STAN database.

Share in Sectoral Value Added, 2008



Source: OECD, STAN database.

Table 2: World Merchandise Exports (Thousand USD, Current Prices)

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Total All Products	295,345,419.5	289,599,104.8	304,891,879.4	358,131,717.3	413,708,421.6	434,354,245.1	479,012,852.0	539,730,711.5	594,504,995.0	464,112,811.0
All Food Items	32,404,286.0	30,784,324.8	34,226,710.2	41,606,398.4	45,565,324.2	46,498,660.9	50,088,501.8	58,913,423.8	68,744,572.2	57,547,705.8
Food	24,118,724.9	22,789,207.1	25,167,434.7	30,648,043.1	33,670,300.5	34,398,108.8	36,391,028.0	43,273,670.4	51,828,420.0	43,994,998.5
Beverages & Tobacco	8,285,561.1	7,995,117.7	9,059,275.6	10,958,355.3	11,895,023.8	12,100,552.1	13,697,473.8	15,639,753.4	16,916,152.2	13,552,707.3
Agricultural Raw Materials	3,234,054.1	2,956,118.9	3,035,578.6	3,560,490.0	4,034,801.0	4,083,269.6	4,403,802.4	4,985,034.3	4,997,254.2	4,005,571.3
Ores, Metals, Precious Stones & Non-Monetary Gold	6,017,039.6	5,860,250.9	5,866,287.8	6,654,622.2	9,511,561.7	9,854,811.8	14,316,228.7	16,380,986.5	16,610,828.2	10,114,782.2
Ores & Metals	5,667,170.9	5,369,603.0	5,327,200.2	6,064,373.1	8,732,960.5	9,219,535.3	13,497,288.4	15,545,993.8	15,489,685.2	9,137,678.3
Fuels	8,182,940.9	7,350,381.5	7,349,236.6	9,396,168.1	11,859,172.7	17,918,791.9	20,723,019.8	20,741,176.2	30,139,046.9	16,389,413.1
Coal, Coke, & Briquettes	89,887.1	83,329.1	56,788.6	76,389.4	196,695.2	176,615.2	205,147.8	257,209.1	368,487.0	272,723.1
Petroleum, Petroleum Products & Related Materials	4,779,917.7	4,154,262.7	3,950,654.6	5,355,082.5	6,863,796.5	10,886,725.4	13,482,499.3	13,928,634.9	20,226,307.1	11,199,513.0
Gas, Natural & Manufactured	498,322.0	426,266.7	477,694.7	857,022.3	1,071,664.1	2,506,370.5	3,130,231.8	3,396,940.4	4,384,125.1	2,587,472.0
Electric Current	2,814,814.1	2,686,522.9	2,864,098.7	3,107,673.8	3,727,016.9	4,349,080.8	3,905,141.0	3,158,391.8	5,160,127.7	2,329,705.0
Manufactured Goods	239,020,703.2	236,564,301.9	248,182,064.3	289,467,782.9	334,354,793.2	347,797,081.5	379,760,202.1	426,449,970.3	460,370,683.9	364,496,790.6
Chemicals	40,440,268.9	41,863,461.6	46,250,835.4	55,411,620.4	64,301,354.4	69,228,751.0	75,206,161.3	87,850,121.6	99,984,184.2	86,489,852.5
Machinery & Transport Equipment	132,951,919.5	130,066,563.5	133,325,117.8	153,164,742.9	176,430,055.1	180,727,067.9	197,599,706.0	214,875,134.7	227,846,135.8	174,992,210.5
Iron & Steel	8,849,635.0	8,444,631.2	9,240,562.5	11,156,554.5	13,966,268.0	15,291,350.4	17,653,173.6	21,670,982.4	23,075,013.2	14,208,877.2
Textile Fibres, Yarn, Fabrics & Clothing	12,504,028.2	12,203,908.5	12,963,697.4	14,779,870.8	15,920,610.5	15,877,476.9	16,725,750.6	18,919,929.2	19,475,524.6	16,032,594.1
Other Manufactured Goods	65,628,514.8	64,634,276.8	68,606,111.1	80,891,419.7	93,623,383.7	97,841,262.6	106,954,334.9	123,724,713.9	132,540,363.9	103,014,727.6

Source: UNCTADStat. Data presented according to SITC Rev.3 and standard UNCTAD product groupings.

Table 3: World Merchandise Imports (Thousand USD, Current Prices)

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Total All Products	303,757,850.6	293,865,640.5	303,831,441.9	362,517,303.5	434,241,853.0	475,856,799.5	529,902,263.1	611,364,435.5	695,004,283.3	540,502,282.9
All Food Items	23,917,571.8	24,241,903.7	26,402,141.8	31,946,387.4	35,796,467.0	37,002,434.7	39,390,668.4	47,108,565.1	55,623,658.9	50,356,585.6
Food	21,018,257.2	20,947,190.3	22,727,633.0	27,672,558.8	31,194,488.5	32,237,145.5	34,467,442.0	41,420,934.6	49,555,937.2	44,700,132.8
Beverages & Tobacco	2,899,314.6	3,294,713.5	3,674,508.8	4,273,828.7	4,601,978.5	4,765,289.2	4,923,226.3	5,687,630.6	6,067,721.7	5,656,452.8
Agricultural Raw Materials	5,775,678.5	5,000,553.6	5,080,142.7	6,041,017.7	6,740,361.3	6,943,492.4	7,256,787.4	8,591,711.4	9,021,114.5	6,821,659.2
Ores, Metals, Precious Stones & Non-Monetary Gold	9,811,758.9	8,938,092.4	8,257,850.7	9,239,670.4	12,240,440.3	13,373,730.8	19,123,494.3	22,357,712.4	22,663,499.3	12,618,527.4
Ores & Metals	8,897,300.2	8,049,013.6	7,569,675.6	8,621,239.4	11,341,757.6	12,375,846.3	18,070,998.8	21,031,669.1	21,182,375.0	11,586,846.6
Fuels	30,067,962.5	27,921,953.9	27,850,862.5	34,824,080.6	46,830,701.6	63,758,997.0	78,200,702.4	81,817,049.9	117,428,804.8	71,944,436.8
Coal, Coke, & Briquettes	931,740.8	859,582.0	974,891.5	1,128,677.7	1,843,523.1	2,118,130.9	2,216,863.0	2,187,055.8	4,396,642.5	2,472,056.5
Petroleum, Petroleum Products & Related Materials	23,882,391.2	20,895,823.3	20,737,150.6	25,513,958.6	35,078,964.0	49,211,941.6	59,650,669.5	62,617,737.7	87,131,929.9	50,382,650.0
Gas, Natural & Manufactured	5,009,473.3	5,967,899.5	5,792,756.8	7,575,832.9	9,050,478.5	12,047,272.4	15,648,389.2	16,160,595.0	24,791,814.3	17,690,821.0
Electric Current	244,357.1	198,649.1	346,063.6	605,611.4	857,736.0	381,652.1	684,780.8	851,661.5	1,108,418.2	1,398,909.2
Manufactured Goods	234,149,701.8	227,729,854.2	236,199,788.3	280,427,126.6	332,599,307.5	354,756,383.6	385,914,789.4	451,430,791.2	490,120,136.7	398,633,888.6
Chemicals	37,129,926.1	37,408,549.7	40,198,745.8	49,332,420.5	57,533,363.0	63,249,699.9	67,219,469.3	80,778,900.7	88,997,816.3	78,221,571.3
Machinery & Transport Equipment	119,060,855.1	113,294,270.9	114,559,615.1	133,595,949.9	159,414,044.5	170,013,096.2	186,513,679.3	213,823,149.6	229,105,219.2	181,928,967.8
Iron & Steel	8,508,269.0	7,654,383.5	7,948,184.2	9,596,433.0	13,676,725.0	14,531,309.1	17,209,846.2	21,788,150.1	23,836,260.3	12,867,655.9
Textile Fibres, Yarn, Fabrics & Clothing	18,470,735.8	18,584,928.7	19,283,158.6	22,524,705.3	25,088,877.2	25,829,399.7	26,941,977.4	30,316,265.5	32,704,049.4	28,448,947.8
Other Manufactured Goods	77,958,920.6	77,027,033.6	81,441,427.4	97,498,756.3	115,651,899.9	121,493,587.5	132,181,640.8	156,828,741.0	172,017,101.2	138,483,349.5

Source: UNCTADStat. Data presented according to SITC Rev.3 and standard UNCTAD product groupings.

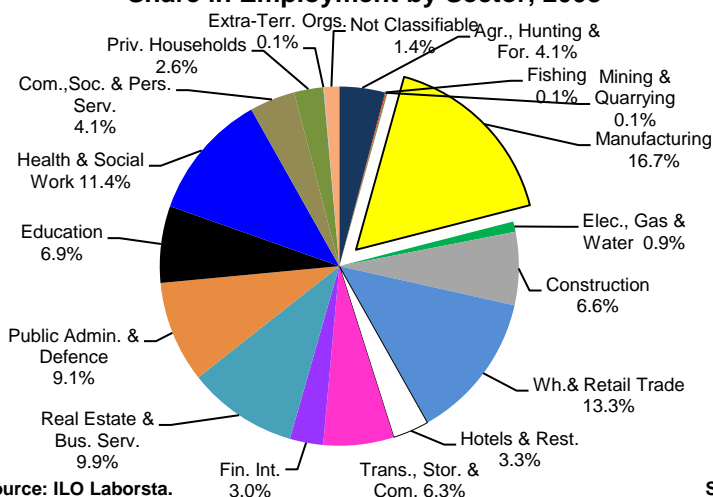
Table 4: Employment by Major Economic Activity (thousands) & % Share in Total Employment

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Total Employment	24,695.8	24,800.3	24,978.0	25,133.5	25,565.2	25,913.2
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Agriculture, Hunting and Forestry	1,013.6	937.4	887.8	913.5	861.5	770.0
	4.1%	3.8%	3.6%	3.6%	3.4%	3.0%
Fishing	19.1	17.0	17.9	18.0	14.4	19.1
	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Mining and Quarrying	35.0	32.6	42.1	29.0	24.3	25.5
	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Manufacturing	4,119.3	4,062.7	4,014.5	3,984.8	3,949.8	3,877.2
	16.7%	16.4%	16.1%	15.9%	15.4%	15.0%
Electricity, Gas and Water Supply	228.6	224.7	218.6	245.8	200.4	201.2
	0.9%	0.9%	0.9%	1.0%	0.8%	0.8%
Construction	1,624.8	1,624.2	1,640.4	1,705.4	1,755.1	1,860.0
	6.6%	6.5%	6.6%	6.8%	6.9%	7.2%
Wholesale and Retail Trade	3,291.8	3,344.6	3,334.8	3,352.8	3,538.8	3,421.3
	13.3%	13.5%	13.4%	13.3%	13.8%	13.2%
Hotels and Restaurants	804.5	834.8	851.1	911.1	878.8	870.5
	3.3%	3.4%	3.4%	3.6%	3.4%	3.4%
Transport, Storage, Communications	1,566.6	1,590.1	1,585.4	1,518.9	1,602.9	1,640.7
	6.3%	6.4%	6.3%	6.0%	6.3%	6.3%
Financial Intermediation	740.6	685.4	753.2	807.4	826.0	793.3
	3.0%	2.8%	3.0%	3.2%	3.2%	3.1%
Real Estate, Rental, Business Services	2,452.3	2,502.6	2,546.8	2,662.6	2,666.0	2,784.8
	9.9%	10.1%	10.2%	10.6%	10.4%	10.7%
Public Administration, Defence	2,255.9	2,300.2	2,347.7	2,407.2	2,563.3	2,652.5
	9.1%	9.3%	9.4%	9.6%	10.0%	10.2%
Education	1,707.5	1,709.1	1,744.1	1,776.7	1,735.9	1,791.6
	6.9%	6.9%	7.0%	7.1%	6.8%	6.9%
Health and Social Work	2,823.8	2,925.5	2,970.2	3,066.4	3,143.4	3,215.0
	11.4%	11.8%	11.9%	12.2%	12.3%	12.4%
Community, Social and Personal Service Activities	1,010.9	1,060.8	1,112.6	1,102.9	1,156.9	1,161.8
	4.1%	4.3%	4.5%	4.4%	4.5%	4.5%
Private Households Employment	650.0	645.3	605.0	580.7	592.4	607.9
	2.6%	2.6%	2.4%	2.3%	2.3%	2.3%
Extra-Territorial Organizations	14.0	14.9	15.5	18.4	18.9	19.0
	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Not classifiable by economic activity	337.5	288.3	290.5	31.8	36.4	201.8
	1.4%	1.2%	1.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.8%

Note: Persons aged 15 years and over. Sectors are classified according to ISIC Rev.3, as reported in ILO Laborsta. Sum of individual sectors may not equal total due to rounding. Total employment is comprised of all persons above a specific age who during a specified brief period were either in paid employment at work, with a job but not at work, or self-employed. This category covers not only employees (wage earners and salaried employees), but also employers, own-account workers, members of producers' cooperatives, contributing family workers and workers not classifiable by status. Data are non-seasonally adjusted.

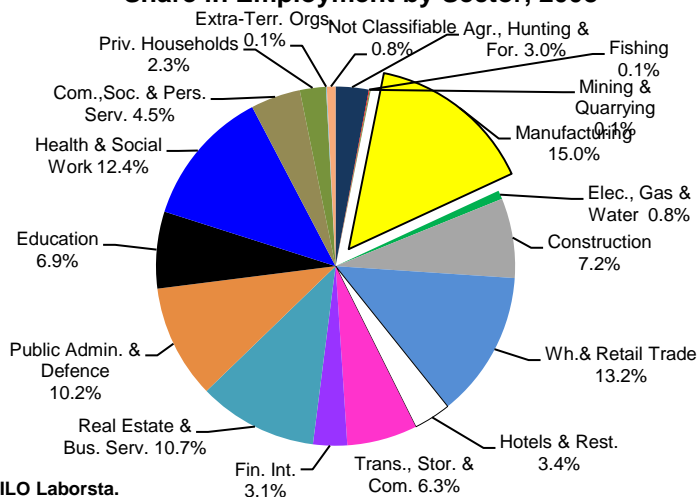
Source: ILO Laborsta.

Share in Employment by Sector, 2003



Source: ILO Laborsta.

Share in Employment by Sector, 2008



Source: ILO Laborsta.

Table 5: Employment in Manufacturing (thousands)

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Recycling	32.4	27.7	32.4	31.9	32.2
Furniture; Manufacturing NEC	146.4	131.6	145	145.7	118.4
Other Transport Equipment	155.8	140.6	138.1	160.4	173.4
Motor Vehicles, Trailers and Semi-Trailers	330.3	329	330.6	317	337.9
Precision Instruments, Watches and Clocks	150.2	135.5	145.7	168.2	181
Communication Equipment and Apparatus	124.8	133.6	129.1	100.8	97.1
Electrical Machinery, Apparatus NEC	141.8	134.1	148.2	150.3	151.3
Office, Accounting, Computing Machinery	27	18.5	15.8	31.1	26.9
Machinery and Equipment NEC	316.3	326.4	320.3	317.8	310
Fabricated Metal Products NEC	438.5	436.6	427.5	468.7	427.5
Basic Metals	126.6	120.5	119.1	133.1	121.6
Other Non-Metallic Mineral Products	164.8	150.1	134.6	138.5	139.4
Rubber and Plastics Products	243.2	231	230.7	228.8	223.3
Chemicals and Chemical Products	312.7	332.1	308.6	276.9	276.6
Petroleum Refining and Related Products	28.9	26.1	23.6	29.1	34
Printing and Publishing	202.2	206.2	200.2	211.8	192.8
Paper and Paper Products	89.4	94.7	84.8	71.7	85.5
Wood and Wood Products	86.6	87.7	75.1	80.8	81
Leather Products and Footwear	32.5	32.5	35.4	30.1	30.9
Clothing	58	58.5	54.1	49.2	47.7
Textiles	99.7	85.2	76.8	70.8	58.9
Tobacco Products	7.3	3.2	1.3	2.1	2.4
Food Products & Beverages	577.7	603.8	613.9	552.5	581.2

Note: Persons aged 15 years and over. Sectors are classified according to ISIC Rev.3, as reported in ILO Laborsta. Sum of individual sectors may not equal total due to rounding. Paid employment refers to workers in jobs where the incumbents hold explicit (written or oral) or implicit employment contracts which give them a basic remuneration which is not directly dependent upon the revenue of the unit for which they work, typically wages and salaries. Data are non-seasonally adjusted.

Source: ILO Laborsta.

Table 6: Average Weekly Hours Usually Worked by Economic Activity

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Total Economy	39.0	38.4	38.3	36.63	37.1	37.3	37.2	37.5	37.6
Agriculture, Hunting and Forestry	:	:	:	37.3	37.3	37.4	37.5	37.7	37.8
Fishing	:	:	:	57.5	55.9	51.1	52.7	50.9	57.1
Mining and Quarrying	40.0	39.3	38.2	35.99	36.6	38.1	40.2	41.7	37.9
Manufacturing	38.6	37.9	37.4	36.19	36.8	37.1	37.1	37.2	37.4
Electricity, Gas and Water Supply	36.6	36.7	36.3	34.35	35.8	35.8	35.7	36.1	36.3
Construction	39.6	39.0	38.1	36.98	37.2	37.5	37.3	37.3	37.4
Wholesale and Retail Trade	39.6	39.0	38.1	37.45	37.8	37.8	37.8	37.9	38.0
Hotels and Restaurants	42.5	41.6	41.0	40.79	40.5	41.7	40.6	41.1	40.3
Transport, Storage and Communications	39.4	38.1	37.9	36.95	37.3	37.6	38.0	38.2	38.4
Financial Intermediation	39.6	38.6	38.3	36.50	37.4	37.3	37.6	37.7	38.0
Real Estate, Renting and Business Activities	40.1	39.6	38.9	37.25	38.1	38.5	38.3	38.2	38.4
Public Administration and Defence; Compulsory Social Security	39.6	39.4	37.8	36.84	37.1	37.4	37.0	37.6	37.6
Education	:	:	:	32.8	33.4	33.8	33.4	34.2	33.7
Health and Social Work	:	:	:	36.6	36.9	36.8	36.8	37.1	37.1
Other Community, Social and Personal Service Activities	:	:	:	36.5	36.6	37.0	37.5	37.4	37.0
Households with Employed Persons	:	:	:	37.5	36.9	37.9	37.9	36.8	37.5
Extra-Territorial Organizations and Bodies	:	:	:	38.8	37.4	40.4	38.6	38.4	41.1
Not classifiable by economic activity	:	:	:	37.1	35.8	38.9	40.2	35.7	38.1

Note: Persons aged 15 years and over. Sectors are classified according to ISIC Rev.3, as reported in ILO Laborsta. Sum of individual sectors may not equal total due to rounding.

Source: ILO Laborsta.

Table 7: Average Earnings per Hour by Economic Activity (Euros)

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Mining and Quarrying	16.6	16.4	17.0	18.2	16.3	16.7	17.4	17.7
Manufacturing	14.1	14.7	15.3	15.9	16.4	16.8	17.3	17.9
Electricity, Gas and Water Supply	16.8	18.7	19.0	19.3	19.9	21.2	22.7	23.7
Construction	12.0	12.7	13.5	13.9	14.3	14.6	15.1	15.5
Wholesale and Retail Trade	12.3	12.7	13.2	13.7	14.0	14.4	14.7	15.2
Hotels and Restaurants	9.4	9.7	10.2	10.6	10.9	11.3	11.7	12.1
Transport, Storage and Communications	12.8	13.4	13.8	14.3	14.6	15.0	15.6	16.1
Financial Intermediation	20.1	21.7	21.9	22.2	23.1	23.6	24.4	26.0
Real Estate, Renting and Business Activities	14.7	15.5	16.4	16.8	17.1	17.5	18.0	18.5

Note: Persons aged 15 years and over. Sectors are classified according to ISIC Rev.3, as reported in ILO Laborsta. Sum of individual sectors may not equal total due to rounding.

Source: ILO Laborsta.