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BETTER DATA TO BETTER MONITOR THE STATUS OF WOMEN IN INFORMAL EMPLOYMENT, UNPAID WORK AND WORK IN AGRICULTURE

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1. CONTEXT

In 2012, Madagascar has made two major national surveys:

- the national survey regarding the implementation of the MDG, a merger of three investigations into one;
- The national survey of Employment and the Informal Sector.

These surveys have provided us with relevant and timely information on the status of women through employment. The national survey of Employment and the Informal Sector is a survey that combines households approach and production unit approach

CONTEXT (CONT.)

The national survey of Employment and the Informal Sector took place in two phases: 1) an household survey; 2) an investigation into informal sector.

Phase 1 capture both the employment and economic activities of households. Currently, it is one of statistical system to monitor poverty in Madagascar. In this phase, the collection took place in September and October of 2012 and a questionnaire on activities was administered to all members of the household aged 5 years and over (population of working age).

Phase 2, the survey of informal sector, has been designed to capture the informal activities. Informal production units were identified during Phase 1. Phase 2 allowed to know the conditions of production and economic performance of establishments in the informal sector. The production units in the primary branches were excluded from the scope of the investigation. In this phase, the collection operation took place from November 2012 to January 2013.

We will see later same results of this investigations but, let me highlighting statistics that affect women.

2. POVERTY

POVERTY IS PREDOMINANTLY RURAL IN MADAGASCAR. 73% OF THE FEMALE LABOR FORCE ARE IN THE AGRICULTURE INFORMAL ENTERPRISES RATE OF POVERTY IN MADAGASCAR BETWEEN 2001 AND 2012

MILIEU	2001	2002	2005	2010	2012
Madagascar	69,6	80,7	68,7	76,5	71,5
Urban	44,1	61,6	52,0	54,2	48,5
Rural	77,1	86,4	73,5	82,2	77,3

SOURCE: INSTAT/EPM2001, 2002, 2005, 2010, 2012 - ENSOMD, 2012

2. POVERTY (CONT.)

THE POVERTY RATE INCREASES GRADUALLY AS THE HOUSEHOLD SIZE INCREASE. AND THE HOUSEHOLD HEADED BY WOMEN ARE LESS POOR THAN THOSE HEADED BY MEN BECAUSE, THE SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD HEADED BY WOMEN IS REDUCED THAN THOSE HEADED BY MEN.

INCIDENCE OF POVERTY BY HOUSEHOLD SIZE

Household Size	1or2	3or4	5or6	7orPlus	Madagascar
Poverty Ratio	31,4	57,3	74,7	89,6	71,5

SOURCE : INSTAT/ENSOMD 2012-2013

The study also showed that the probability of becoming poor decreases as the level of education increases.

Besides, the ratio (girl/boy) in education is 1.05 in the primary and 0.73 in higher education, therefore decreases as the level increases.

3. EMPLOYMENT

75% OF THE LABOR FORCE HAVE A VERY LOW LEVEL.

DISTRIBUTION OF LABOR FORCE BY EDUCATIONAL LEVEL

Education	uneducated	Primary	Secondary	Superior	Madagascar
Total	30,4	44,8	22,7	2,2	100,0

SOURCE : INSTAT/ENSOMD 2012-2013

3. EMPLOYMENT (CONT.)

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AVERAGE ANNUAL INCOME BY GENDER AND LEVEL OF EDUCATION

Education	Man	Woman	Madagascar
Uneducated	1 389	918	1 217
Uncompleted Primary	1 179	739	1 002
Completed Primary	1 590	935	1 360
Uncompleted Secondary 1	1 704	1 102	1 488
Completed Secondary 1	2 164	1 584	1 948
Uncompleted Secondary 2	2 283	1 551	2 022
Completed Secondary 2	2 956	2 089	2 570
Superior	3 971	3 561	3 816
Total	2 025	1 462	1 813

SOURCE : INSTAT/ENSOMD 2012-2013

4. INFORMAL SECTOR

Distribution of employment by gender (%) by institutional sector in 2012

Gender	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	FORMAL ENTERPRISES	INFORMAL ENTERPRISES OUTSIDE AGRICULTURE	AGRICULTURE INFORMAL ENTERPRISES	ASSOCIATIVE ENTERPRISES	MADAGASCA R
Male	3,4	4,2	14,6	77,1	0,8	100
Female	1,6	3,5	21,4	73,1	0,4	100
Total	2,5	3,8	17,9	75,2	0,6	100

4. INFORMAL SECTOR(CONT.)

RATIO FEMALE/MALE WORKING IN THE INSTITUTIONAL SECTOR

Sector	Formal	Informal
Ratio Female/Male	0,69	1,01

SOURCE : INSTAT/ENSOMID 2012-2013

5. YOUTH TRANSITION TO WORKING LIFE

Table of Intergenerational transfers by the industry

Branch of the father	Industry				
	Agriculture	Industry	Trade	Service	Madagascar
Agriculture	84,5	5,1	0,6	9,8	100
Industry	36,6	24,1	2,5	36,7	100
Trade	33,6	14,2	4,7	47,5	100
Service	27,8	15,2	3,0	54,0	100
Total	74,9	7,2	1,1	16,8	100

5. YOUTH TRANSITION TO WORKING LIFE (CONT.)

JOBS EXPECTED BY YOUNG GENERATION AND JOBS CREATION IN 2012

	INSTITUTIONAL SECTOR				
	ADMINISTRATION	PUBLIC ENTERPRISE	PRIVATE FORMAL SECTOR	INFORMAL SECTOR	MADAGASCAR
JOBS EXPECTED BY YOUNG GENERATION	27,6	2	17,8	52,6	100
JOBS CREATED IN 2012	2,5	0,3	4,2	93	100

SOURCE: INSTAT/DSM



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

