Convention No. 156
Convention concerning Equal Opportunities and
Equal Treatment for Men and Women Workers:
Workers with Family Responsibilities, 1981

The General Conference of the International Labour Organisation,

Having been convened at Geneva by the Governing Body of the International Labour Office, and
having met in its Sixty-seventh Session on 3 June 1981, and

Noteing the Declaration of Philadelphia concerning the Aims and Purposes of the International Labour
 Organisation which recognises that “all human beings, irrespective of race, creed or sex, have
the right to pursue their material well-being and their spiritual development in conditions of
freedom and dignity, of economic security and equal opportunity”, and

Noteing the terms of the Declaration on Equality of Opportunity and Treatment for Women Workers
and of the resolution concerning a plan of action with a view to promoting equality of
opportunity and treatment for women workers, adopted by the International Labour Conference
in 1975, and

Noteing the provisions of international labour Conventions and Recommendations aimed at ensuring
equality of opportunity and treatment for men and women workers, namely the Equal
Remuneration Convention and Recommendation, 1951, the Discrimination (Employment and
Occupation) Convention and Recommendation, 1958, and Part VIII of the Human Resources
Development Recommendation, 1975, and

Recalling that the Discrimination (Employment and Occupation) Convention, 1958, does not
expressly cover distinctions made on the basis of family responsibilities, and considering that
supplementary standards are necessary in this respect, and

Noteing the terms of the Employment (Women with Family Responsibilities) Recommendation, 1965,
and considering the changes which have taken place since its adoption, and

Noteing that instruments on equality of opportunity and treatment for men and women have also been
adopted by the United Nations and other specialised agencies, and recalling, in particular, the
fourteenth paragraph of the Preamble of the United Nations Convention on the Elimination
of All Forms of Discrimination against Women, 1979, to the effect that States Parties are “aware
that a change in the traditional role of men as well as the role of women in society and in the
family is needed to achieve full equality between men and women”, and

Recognising that the problems of workers with family responsibilities are aspects of wider issues
regarding the family and society which should be taken into account in national policies, and

Recognising the need to create effective equality of opportunity and treatment as between men and
women workers with family responsibilities and between such workers and other workers, and

Considering that many of the problems facing all workers are aggravated in the case of workers with
family responsibilities and recognising the need to improve the conditions of the latter both by
measures responding to their special needs and by measures designed to improve the conditions
of workers in general, and

Having decided upon the adoption of certain proposals with regard to equal opportunities and equal
 treatment for men and women workers: workers with family responsibilities, which is the fifth
item on the agenda of the session, and

Having determined that these proposals shall take the form of an international Convention,
adopts this twenty-third day of June of the year one thousand nine hundred and eighty-one the
following Convention, which may be cited as the Workers with Family Responsibilities Convention,
1981:
Article 1

1. This Convention applies to men and women workers with responsibilities in relation to their dependent children, where such responsibilities restrict their possibilities of preparing for, entering, participating in or advancing in economic activity.
2. The provisions of this Convention shall also be applied to men and women workers with responsibilities in relation to other members of their immediate family who clearly need their care or support, where such responsibilities restrict their possibilities of preparing for, entering, participating in or advancing in economic activity.
3. For the purposes of this Convention, the terms “dependent child” and “other member of the immediate family who clearly needs care or support” mean persons defined as such in each country by one of the means referred to in Article 9 of this Convention.
4. The workers covered by virtue of paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article are hereinafter referred to as “workers with family responsibilities”.

Article 2

This Convention applies to all branches of economic activity and all categories of workers.

Article 3

1. With a view to creating effective equality of opportunity and treatment for men and women workers, each Member shall make it an aim of national policy to enable persons with family responsibilities who are engaged or wish to engage in employment to exercise their right to do so without being subject to discrimination and, to the extent possible, without conflict between their employment and family responsibilities.
2. For the purposes of paragraph 1 of this Article, the term “discrimination” means discrimination in employment and occupation as defined by Articles 1 and 5 of the Discrimination (Employment and Occupation) Convention, 1958.

Article 4

With a view to creating effective equality of opportunity and treatment for men and women workers, all measures compatible with national conditions and possibilities shall be taken —

(a) to enable workers with family responsibilities to exercise their right to free choice of employment; and
(b) to take account of their needs in terms and conditions of employment and in social security.

Article 5

All measures compatible with national conditions and possibilities shall further be taken —

(a) to take account of the needs of workers with family responsibilities in community planning; and
(b) to develop or promote community services, public or private, such as child-care and family services and facilities.

Article 6

The competent authorities and bodies in each country shall take appropriate measures to promote information and education which engender broader public understanding of the principle of equality of opportunity and treatment for men and women workers and of the problems of workers with family responsibilities, as well as a climate of opinion conducive to overcoming these problems.

Article 7

All measures compatible with national conditions and possibilities, including measures in the field of vocational guidance and training, shall be taken to enable workers with family responsibilities to
become and remain integrated in the labour force, as well as to re-enter the labour force after an absence due to those responsibilities.

Article 8
Family responsibilities shall not, as such, constitute a valid reason for termination of employment.

Article 9
The provisions of this Convention may be applied by laws or regulations, collective agreements, works rules, arbitration awards, court decisions or a combination of these methods, or in any other manner consistent with national practice which may be appropriate, account being taken of national conditions.

Article 10
1. The provisions of this Convention may be applied by stages if necessary, account being taken of national conditions: Provided that such measures of implementation as are taken shall apply in any case to all the workers covered by Article 1, paragraph 1.
2. Each Member which ratifies this Convention shall indicate in the first report on the application of the Convention submitted under article 22 of the Constitution of the International Labour Organisation in what respect, if any, it intends to make use of the faculty given by paragraph 1 of this Article, and shall state in subsequent reports the extent to which effect has been given or is proposed to be given to the Convention in that respect.

Article 11
Employers' and workers' organisations shall have the right to participate, in a manner appropriate to national conditions and practice, in devising and applying measures designed to give effect to the provisions of this Convention.

(Final Provisions)