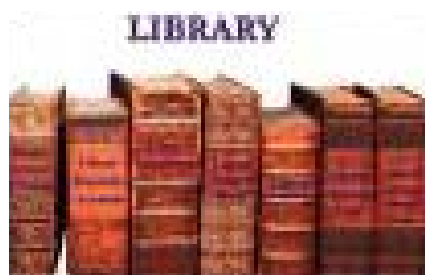




International Labour Organization



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**ILO SRO-MANILA DOCUMENTATION CENTRE**  
*List of Library Accessions*  
**(July-September, 2005)**

**JULY 2005**

<b>02.03.1</b>	<b>India: An inventory of micro-insurance schemes.</b>
----------------	--

MFN : 3448  
CALL No. : ILO, 02.03.1; IIN. 2005  
ISBN : 92-2-117318-6  
PUBLISHER : ILO-STEP  
DATE : 08.07.05

DESCRIPTORS

<ILO pub.>,<Insurance>,<Insurance scheme>,<Micro-insurance>,<Social security>,<India>

ABSTRACT

As poverty and social exclusion remain major problems in the world, even as we are in the third millennium, the quest for solutions continues. There are only a scarce amount of documented micro-insurance initiatives and concerning India, this is a first attempt to identify the various micro-insurance schemes that are established. This inventory provides information on 51 micro insurance schemes, which allow interested parties to obtain an initial overview. Though every effort has been made to reach out as many initiatives as possible, at no point one can claim that every ongoing initiative has been identified.

<b>02.03.1</b>	<b>Ashwini case study.</b>
----------------	----------------------------

MFN : 3484  
CALL No. : ILO, 02.03.1; KAS. 2005  
AUTHOR : Kanathigoda, S.  
ISBN : 92-2-117316-X  
PUBLISHER : ILO-STEP  
DATE : 08.07.05

DESCRIPTORS

<ILO pub.>,<Social security>,<Case study>,<Ashwini>,<Insurance>,<Insurance scheme>,<India>

ABSTRACT

In the recent years, it has been observed in India a growing perception of the necessity to extend social protection to all excluded groups and a wider commitment to actively contribute to this extension through various strategies including the promotion on new micro-insurance schemes. As a direct result, numerous actors of the civil society (community-based organizations, women's groups, trade informal economy trade unions, NGOs, micro-finance institutions) have already taken numerous initiatives designing and setting-up micro-insurance schemes that were tailor-made to answer the priority needs and contributory capacity of their target groups.

<b>02.03.1</b>	<b>Insurance products provided by insurance companies to the disadvantaged groups in India.</b>
----------------	---

MFN : 3486  
ISBN : 92-2-117151-5  
PUBLISHER : ILO-STEP  
DATE : 01.07.05

**DESCRIPTORS**

<ILO pub.>,<Insurance>,<Public insurance>,<Private insurance>,<Micro insurance>,  
<Social protection>,<Social security>,<Disadvantaged groups>,<India>

**ABSTRACT**

In the recent years, it has been observed in India a growing perception of the necessity to extend social protection to all excluded groups and a wider commitment to actively contribute to this extension through various strategies including the promotion on new micro-insurance schemes. As a direct result, numerous actors of the civil society (community-based organisations, women's groups, informal economy, trade unions, NGOs, micro-finance institutions) had already designed and set up in-house micro-insurance schemes that were tailor-made to answer the priority needs and contributory capacity of their target groups. At the central government level, as well as at the state level, multiple initiatives have also been taken in order to extend social protection to the poor, such as the setting up of sector-based welfare funds or provident funds, the creation of a social security fund, the development of innovative public-private partnership initiatives, and the marketing through public insurance companies of new subsidized insurance products.

<b>02.03.1</b>	<b>Inventory of micro-insurance schemes in the Philippines.</b>
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MFN : 3509  
CALL No. : ILO, 02.03.1; IIN. 2005  
ISBN : 92-2-116962-6  
PUBLISHER : ILO-STEP  
DATE : 01.07.05

**DESCRIPTORS**

<ILO pub.>,<Micro-insurance scheme>,<Insurance>,<Social security>,<Social protection>,  
<Cooperatives>,<Micro-finance>,<Mutual benefit associations>,<Philippines>

**ABSTRACT**

Social security is a basic human right. Yet more than half of the world's population lacks any form of social security coverage. Lack of social security is largely concentrated in the informal economy in which women are disproportionately represented. This study gives an overview of existing micro-insurance schemes in the Philippines is part of a global effort to document ongoing experiences of communities, local organizations, trade unions and the like. It attempts to capture the differences, the outreach, the types of organizations providing micro-insurance, the extent of coverage, in terms of population and benefits, and the linkages that these schemes may have with public or private programmes and with other schemes.

<b>02.03.1</b>	<b>Institutional change and its impact on the poor and excluded: The Indian decentralization experience.</b>
----------------	--

MFN : 3681  
CALL No. : ILO, 02.03.1; NIN. 2005  
AUTHOR : Narayana, D.  
ISBN : 92-2-117206-6  
PUBLISHER : ILO-STEP  
DATE : 01.07.05

DESCRIPTORS

<ILO pub.>,<Social protection>,<Social security>,<Decentralization>,<Governance>,  
<Local governance>,<India>

ABSTRACT

This study analyses the impact of democratic decentralization on the chances of social excluded groups to participate in newly created local governance institutions -Panchaya Rai Institutions - in three Indian states. From the findings of this study one can conclude that the success of institutional reforms aiming to increase political participation depend on the specific design of the process itself as well as on the local conditions.

<b>02.03.1</b>	<b>The role of social health protection in reducing poverty: The case of Africa.</b>
----------------	--

MFN : 3773  
CALL No. : ILO, 02.03.1; WTH. 2005  
AUTHORS : Waelkens, M.P.; W. Soors; B. Criel  
ISBN : 92-2-117020-9  
PUBLISHER : ILO-STEP  
DATE : 29.07.05

DESCRIPTORS

<ILO pub.>,<Social protection>,<Poverty alleviation>,<Health>,<Health insurance>,  
<Social health>,<Africa>

ABSTRACT

Social protection is increasingly seen as a key strategy to contribute to poverty reduction and to sustainable development. But in Africa, where the informal economy sector remains huge and where poorly effective risk management strategies often prevail, there still is a long way to go. Community health insurance, however, appears to be an interesting option for meeting the goal of universal social protection. There is convincing evidence of its positive effect on access to health care. Moreover, community health insurance constitutes a promising channel to give voice to the poor. Today, this particular instrument of social health protection reaches only a small fraction of the African population, but enjoys a growing acceptance and is subject to increasing demands.

<b>13.01.1</b>	<b>Labour regulations: Act No. 21/2000, Act No. 13/2003 and Act No. 2/2004.</b>
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MFN : 3490  
CALL No. : INS, 13.01.1; ILA. 2005  
ISBN : 92-2-017414-6  
PUBLISHERS : ILO-Jakarta, Ministry of Manpower and Transmigration, Jakarta  
DATE : 29.07.05

DESCRIPTORS

<ILO pub.>,<Labour regulations>,<Indonesia>

## ABSTRACT

The first edition of the compilation of implementing regulations contains the regulations so far completed of Act No. 21 of 2000 consisting of one regulation, Act No. 12 of 2003 with 29 regulations and Act No. 2 of 2004 composed of five regulations.

<b>13.01.1</b>	<b>Major labour laws of Indonesia.</b>
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MFN : 3502  
CALL No. : INS, 13.01.1; IMA. 2004  
ISBN : 92-2-015838-8  
PUBLISHERS : ILO-Jakarta, Ministry of Manpower and Transmigration, Jakarta  
DATE : 29.07.05  
DESCRIPTORS

<ILO pub.>,<Labour laws>,<ILO convention>,<ILO ratification>,<Indonesia>

### ABSTRACT

Indonesia has completed all the main legal instruments of labour law reform by enacting the Act No. 2 of 2004 regarding industrial relations dispute settlement on 14 January 2004, through the State Gazette No. 6 of 2004. To be effectively implemented, various efforts need to be done including change in paradigm, mental attitude and institutional adjustment and development.

<b>13.01.2</b>	<b>A global alliance against forced labour: Global report under the follow-up to the ILO declaration on fundamental principles and rights at work, 2005.</b>
----------------	--

MFN : 3737  
CALL No. : ILO, 13.01.2; IGL. 2005  
ISBN : 92-2-115360-6  
PUBLISHER : ILO  
DATE : 29.07.05  
DESCRIPTORS

<ILO pub.>,<Forced labour>,<Trafficking>,<Slavery>,<Poverty>,<Discrimination>,  
<Migration>

### ABSTRACT

Forced labour is an emotive subject, and governments are sometimes reluctant to probe into and recognize its existence within their national borders. It is far from easy to generate and sustain the political will to instigate the detailed investigations needed to identify forced labour practices and confront them. The victims themselves may be reluctant to come forward to provide testimony, fearing not only reprisals from their exploiters but perhaps also action against them by immigration and other law enforcement authorities.

<b>13.01.3</b>	<b>The employment intensity of growth: Trends and macroeconomic determinants.</b>
----------------	---

MFN : 4044  
CALL No. : ILO, 13.01.3; KTH. 2005  
AUTHOR : Kapsos, S.  
ISBN : 92-2-117575-8  
PUBLISHER : ILO-Employment Strategy Dept.  
DATE : 29.07.05  
DESCRIPTORS

<ILO pub.>,<Employment>,<Employment elasticity>,<Macro-economic>,<Asia>,<Pacific>,  
<Latin America>,<Caribbean>,<Africa>,<Middle East>

## ABSTRACT

The paper's findings related to determinants of employment elasticities are highly relevant in policy discussions aimed at promoting employment and productivity for economic growth and poverty reduction. Importantly, the paper finds no evidence across economies of a link between measures of the extent of employment protection in an economy and its job intensity of growth. While subsequent work is certainly needed to examine this issue in greater detail, the finding could have significant implications in the areas of social dialogue, collective bargaining and social protection.

<b>13.05.1</b>	<b>Hours of work: From fixed to flexible?</b>
----------------	---

MFN : 3489  
CALL No. : ILO, 13.05.1; IHO. 2005  
ISBN : 92-2-115364-9  
PUBLISHER : ILO  
DATE : 29.07.05

### DESCRIPTORS

<ILO pub.>,<Hours of work>,<Working hours>,<Working time>,  
<Working time arrangement>,<Part-time work>,<ILO convention>,  
<ILO recommendation>,<Role of ILO>

## ABSTRACT

Hours of work have always been a prime focus and a topic of vital importance for standard setting in the ILO. The reduction of hours of work and in particular the eight-hour day had been since the middle of the nineteenth century one of the most constant demands of the labour movement. The elaboration and adoption of international labour standards governing hours of work has been given high priority by the ILO since its creation in 1919.

<b>13.06.1</b>	<b>Comparative labour law and industrial relations in industrialized market economies.</b>
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MFN : 3682  
CALL No. : OTHERS, 13.06.1; BCO. 2004  
AUTHORS : R. Blanpain, et al.  
ISBN : 90-411-2289-3  
PUBLISHER : Kluwer Law International  
DATE : 29.07.05

### DESCRIPTORS

<Labour law>,<International labour law>,<Industrial relations>,<Industrialized market>,  
<Trade union>,<Human resources management>,<Employment>,<Employment law>,  
<Employment contracts>,<Multinational enterprises>,<Code of conduct>,  
<Freedom of association>,<Working conditions>,<Globalization>,<Collective bargaining>,  
<Strikes>,<Lockouts>,<Disputes>,<Settlement of disputes>

## ABSTRACT

The book is divided in three main parts: an introduction relating to methodology and documentation, including the use of internet. The second part concerns international actors, like the international employer's organizations and the international trade union movement, as well as human resources management. The third concerns the sources of regulation, concentrating on international and European labour law, as well as on codes of conduct for multinational enterprises and describes also the rules in case of conflict of laws.

**13.06.1 National social dialogue on employment policies in Europe.**

MFN : 4041  
CALL No. : ILO, 13.06.1; RNA. 2005  
AUTHORS : Rychly, L.; M. Vylitova  
ISBN : 92-2-117208-2  
PUBLISHER : ILO-DIALOGUE  
DATE : 29.07.05

**DESCRIPTORS**

<ILO pub.>,<Social dialogue>,<Employment>,<Employment policy>,<Europe>

**ABSTRACT**

This study intends to contribute to the process of mutual learning by looking at one major element common to the employment policies of both institutions: social dialogue. The study covers 11 countries with distinct traditions, different stages of economic development and diverse social situations and industrial relations patterns. This choice was intentional: the study tried to establish the extent to which social dialogue influenced employment policies in different social and economic contexts.

**13.06.1 Informal economy, undeclared work and labour administration.**

MFN : 4042  
CALL No. : ILO, 13.06.1; DIN. 2005  
AUTHOR : Daza, J.L.  
ISBN : 92-2-117360-7  
PUBLISHER : ILO-DIALOGUE  
DATE : 29.07.05

**DESCRIPTORS**

<ILO pub.>,<Informal sector>,<Informal economy>,<Labour administration>,  
<Labour law>,<Undeclared work>,<Contracts>,<Written contract>,<Verbal contract>

**ABSTRACT**

The Dialogue Department views this work as a contribution to the ongoing debate on promoting decent work in the informal economy and the changing role of labour ministries in this area. This document should be seen as a first step towards the practical work which is going to take place in the coming years.

**13.06.5 Collective bargaining in the Philippine public sector: Joint regulation or reinforced unilateralism?**

MFN : 3674  
CALL No. : PHI, 13.06.5; ACO. 2005  
AUTHOR : Anonuevo, C.A.  
ISBN : 971-535-028-3  
PUBLISHER : Friedrich Ebert Stiftung  
DATE : 01.07.05

**DESCRIPTORS**

<Collective bargaining>,<Collective negotiation>,<Public sector>,<Philippines>

**ABSTRACT**

Collective bargaining in the public sector is a contested process. It has been formally and legally called collective negotiations to differentiate it from wage bargaining in the private sector. There is an intense debate about the term and the concept. This study provides an empirical picture of the controversial industrial relations process. The research also provides the empirical background

of the Philippines in terms of its political-economic situation and a detailed description of the private and public sector industrial relations system to put into context the collective negotiations.

<b>14.02.2</b>	<b>Labour market and training needs assessment: Mapping of reintegration opportunities for children associated with fighting forces. A report covering Liberia.</b>
----------------	---

MFN : 3488  
CALL No. : ILO, 14.02.2; ILA. 2005  
ISBN : 92-2-117248-1  
PUBLISHERS : ILO-IPEC, UNICEF-Liberia  
DATE : 08.07.05

**DESCRIPTORS**

<ILO pub.>,<Children>,<Labour market>,<Training>,<Training needs>,<Fighting forces>,  
<Armed-conflict>,<Reintegration>,<Liberia>

**ABSTRACT**

The greatest casualty of the violence became the children of Liberia who were deprived of schooling and normal childhood, given drugs and arms, used as pawns and sexual slaves, and ultimately exploited to launch one of Africa's bloodiest conflicts. Realizing the need to learn from the past experience, this study was commissioned to make concrete recommendations for the current reintegration programme for children associated with fighting forces (CAFF). It specifically identifies those sectors that have the potential to absorb demobilized CAFF and other war-affected youth.

<b>14.04.2</b>	<b>Employers' organizations taking the lead on gender equality: Case studies from 10 countries.</b>
----------------	---

MFN : 3736  
CALL No. : ILO, 14.04.2; IEM. 2005  
ISBN : 92-2-117277-5  
PUBLISHER : ILO-Bureau for Employers' Activities  
DATE : 29.07.05

**DESCRIPTORS**

<ILO pub.>,<Gender equality>,<Gender and development>,<Employers' organization>,  
<Case study>,<Croatia>,<Jamaica>,<Kenya>,<Malaysia>,<New Zealand>,<Norway>,  
<Philippines>,<Saudi Arabia>,<Syria>,<Yemen>

**ABSTRACT**

Gender equality is an important issue for society, and no one should be in any doubt that very many employers worldwide have been instrumental in attaining greater levels of equality between women and men at work. The case studies presented in this publication provide insights into the efforts that are being made in this respect by employers and their organizations in countries across the world. The gender equality issues that employers' organizations seek to address evidently vary considerably from country to country. There is, however, a common thread which emerges from analysis of the case studies - namely that, when employers act together through their representative organizations, they can influence reform in a way that is beneficial both to themselves and to society as a whole, rather than having it imposed upon them.

**15.04.1 Micro insurers: Inventory of micro insurance scheme in Bangladesh.**

MFN : 4043  
CALL No. : ILO, 15.04.1; IMI. 2003  
PUBLISHERS : ILO-STEP, GENPROM  
DATE : 29.07.05

## DESCRIPTORS

<IO pub.>,<Micro insurance>,<Micro insurer>,<Health>,<Bangladesh>

## ABSTRACT

This report constitutes an inventory of micro-insurance operating in Bangladesh, as of October 2003. As required by the terms of reference for this study, the report provides a range of information on micro-insurance schemes available to income-poor and low-income earners in Bangladesh, their respective provider organizations.

**AUGUST 2005****01.03.7 Judgments of the administrative tribunal of the international labour organization (99th Session, April-July 2005).**

MFN : 4049  
CALL No. : ILO, 01.03.7; IJU. 2005  
ISSN : 0378-7362  
PUBLISHER : ILO  
DATE : 05.08.05

## DESCRIPTORS

<ILO pub.>,<Administrative tribunal>,<Role of ILO>,<Judgments>

**02.03.1 Philippines: From short-term growth to sustained development.**

MFN : 4053  
CALL No. : WB, 02.03.1; WPH. 2005  
PUBLISHER : World Bank  
DATE : 12.08.05

## DESCRIPTORS

<Economic development>,<Sustainability>,<Public sector>,<Social responsibility>,  
<Service delivery>,<Philippines>

## ABSTRACT

Economic growth of 6.1 percent in 2004, the fastest in 15 years, has raised hopes that the Philippines can enter a new phase of sustained growth and poverty reduction. The country certainly has significant assets to draw on. Structural reforms dating from the 1980s have integrated significant sectors of the economy to global trade and investment flows, instilling competition into the private economy and transforming the export base from reliance on commodities to being dominated by semiconductor and electronics components.

**03.02.2 Country programme action plan between the government of the Republic of the Philippines and the United Nations Children's Fund: Sixth country programme for children, 2005-2009.**

MFN : 4062  
CALL No. : UN, 03.02.2; UCO. 2005  
PUBLISHER : UNICEF  
DATE : 26.08.05  
DESCRIPTORS

<Children>,<Action plan>,<Country programme>,<UNICEF>,<Government>,<Philippines>

**ABSTRACT**

The basic cooperation agreement (BCA) concluded between the Government of the Republic of the Philippines and UNICEF on 20 November 1948 provides the basis of the relationship between the government and UNICEF. This country programme action plan for the period January 2005-December 2009 is to be interpreted and implemented in conformity with the BCA. The programme and projects described herein have been agreed jointly by the Government and UNICEF. UNICEF will expand advocacy to mobilize political leadership in realizing the rights of children while increasing efforts to target and converge interventions on the most disadvantaged children in the most under-served communities of the poorest provinces, municipalities and barangays (villages).

**03.02.2 The sustainable difference: Energy and environment to achieve the MDGs.**

MFN : 4063  
CALL No. : UN, 03.02.2; UTH. 2005  
PUBLISHERS : UNDP, Energy & Environment-Bureau for Development Policy  
DATE : 26.08.05  
DESCRIPTORS

<Energy>,<Environment>,<Sustainable>,<Millennium development goals>,<Africa>,  
<Arab states>,<Asia>,<Europe>,<Latin America>

**ABSTRACT**

To respond to the monumental opportunities created by the current multilateral alignment behind a common global development agenda, UNDP's energy and environment practice and its partners must make it our priority to help developing countries tackle the issue of sustainability on the road to reaching the MDGs. UNDP focuses on building the capacity of developing countries to manage energy and environmental change - capacity that is crucial to ensuring economic and social stability as well as sustained progress in eradicating poverty.

**03.03.6 Positive action: Reducing poverty through social dialogue. A guidebook for trade unions and employers' organizations.**

MFN : 4048  
CALL No. : REG, 03.03.6; HPO. 2005  
AUTHORS : Harvey, R.; C.H. Lee  
ISBN : 92-2-116151-X  
PUBLISHER : ILO-Bangkok  
DATE : 05.08.05  
DESCRIPTORS

<ILO pub.>,<Social dialogue>,<Poverty reduction>,<Decent work>,<Gender equality>,  
<Trade union>,<Employers' organization>,<Millennium development goals>,<Guidebook>

## ABSTRACT

This guidebook is aimed at helping trade unions and employers' organizations take an active role in the poverty reduction strategy paper (PRSP) process through social dialogue. The PRSP process has become a major decision-making mechanism in the development of social and economic policy geared toward reducing poverty in developing countries. It emphasizes the importance of all stakeholders throughout its formulation, implementation and monitoring. Through their participation, workers and employers can make a worthy contribution to poverty reduction, economic development and social justice.

<b>03.03.6</b>	<b>Positive action: Reducing poverty through social dialogue. A training manual for trade unions.</b>
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MFN : 4050  
CALL No. : REG, 03.03.6; HPO. 2005  
AUTHORS : Harvey, R.; Raghwan  
ISBN : 92-2-116177-3  
PUBLISHER : ILO-Bangkok  
DATE : 05.08.05

### DESCRIPTORS

<ILO pub.>,<Social dialogue>,<Poverty reduction>,<Decent work>,<Gender equality>,  
<Trade union>,<Employers' organization>,<Millennium development goals>,<Manual>

## ABSTRACT

Trade unions are increasingly being called upon to participate in the process of the development of poverty reduction strategy papers (PRSPs) in their respective countries. This is an encouraging development. This manual is based on experiences shared during the development of PRSPs in Cambodia and Viet Nam during the period of 2002-2004. The experiences, particularly in Cambodia, showed the union movement was able to prepare itself, and participate in the process successfully to some degree. This manual is to be used in conjunction with the PRSP guidebook.

<b>04.01.6</b>	<b>Rules of the game: A brief introduction to international labour standards.</b>
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MFN : 4058  
CALL No. : ILO, 04.01.6; IRU. 2005  
ISBN : 92-2-116648-1  
PUBLISHER : ILO  
DATE : 26.08.05

### DESCRIPTORS

<ILO pub.>,<Labour standards>,<International labour standards>,<Wages>,  
<Freedom of association>,<Collective bargaining>,<Forced labour>,<Equal opportunity>,  
<Tripartite consultation>,<Labour administration>,<Labour inspection>,<Working time>,  
<Employment policy>,<Employment promotion>,<Employment security>,<Social policy>,  
<Social security>,<Occupational safety>,<Occupational health>,<Maternity protection>,  
<Migrant workers>,<Seafarers>,<Fishers>,<Indigenous people>

## ABSTRACT

Achieving the goal of decent work in the globalized economy requires action at the international level. The world community is responding to this challenge in part by developing international legal instruments on trade, finance, environment, human rights and labour. The ILO contributes to this legal framework by elaborating and promoting international labour standards aimed at making sure that economic growth and development go along with the creation of decent work.

**04.03.3 Decentralization in the Philippines: Strengthening local government financing and resource management in the short term.**

MFN : 4060  
CALL No. : ADB, 04.03.3; ADE. 2005  
PUBLISHERS : ADB, World Bank  
DATE : 26.08.05

**DESCRIPTORS**

<Decentralization>,<Government>,<Local government>,<Financing>,<Tax policy>,  
<Administration>,<Resource management>,<Expenditure management>,  
<Managing performance>,<Philippines>

**ABSTRACT**

This report reviews two facets of decentralization currently engaging policymakers: (a) the sources of financing under decentralization; and (b) cross-cutting processes to strengthen the accountability of resource use. It does not assess whether decentralization is justified in the Philippines - it approaches the arrangements as they exist, and explicitly focuses on actions that could be feasibly completed within six to nine months.

**07.04.4 Cook Islands: 2001 economic report, policies for progress.**

MFN : 4051  
CALL No. : ADB, 07.04.4; ACO. 2002  
ISBN : 971-561-430-2  
PUBLISHER : ADB  
DATE : 05.08.05

**DESCRIPTORS**

<Economic report>,<Economic developments>,<Public sector>,<Private sector>,  
<Financial sector>,<Productive sector>,<Environment>,<Education>,<Education sector>,  
<Health>,<Health sector>,<Cook Islands>,<ADB pub.>

**ABSTRACT**

The report provides a comprehensive review of the economy for three audiences: first and foremost, for the government as it seeks to manage the economy effectively to achieve desired economic development goals; second, for the private sector, NGOs and individuals within the Cook Islands who play an increasingly important role in the policy development process so critical to sound economic management; and third, for the donor community as a guide to further improving the effectiveness and priority-based targeting of assistance programmes in the Cook Islands.

**08.09.3 Promoting fair globalization in textiles and clothing in a post-MFA environment.**

MFN : 4055  
CALL No. : ILO, 08.09.3; IPR. 2005  
ISBN : 92-2-117495-6  
PUBLISHER : ILO  
DATE : 12.08.05

**DESCRIPTORS**

<ILO pub.>,<Globalization>,<Textile industry>,<Clothing industry>,<Environment>,  
<Employment>,<United States>,<European Union>,<Romania>,<Turkey>,<Bangladesh>,  
<Cambodia>,<China>,<India>,<Pakistan>,<Philippines>,<Viet Nam>,<Africa>,<Latin America>

## ABSTRACT

Textiles and clothing was until recently the only major manufacturing sector that did not come under the rules of *General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT)*. Instead, it was subject to extensive use of quotas by the major importing countries. The quota system started with the long-term agreement regarding international trade in cotton textiles and substitutes (LTA) under the auspices of the *GATT* in 1962. The LTA was extended to materials other than cotton in 1974, and became known as the multifibre arrangement (MFA). Consequently, a significant clothing exporting industry was established in preference-receiving countries, based on comfortable preference margins.

<b>11.02.2</b>	<b>An approach to sustainable funding of road maintenance.</b>
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MFN : 1005  
CALL No. : ADB, 11.02.2; AAN. 2001  
PUBLISHER : ADB  
DATE : 05.08.05

### DESCRIPTORS

<Infrastructure>,<Roads>,<Road maintenance>,<Road users>,<Sustainable funding>,  
<Developing countries>,<ADB pub.>

## ABSTRACT

It is widely accepted that roads play an important role in development, and help to reduce poverty. To realize their potential contribution, however, roads need to be properly maintained. In many of the Asian Development Bank's (ADB's) developing member countries (DMCs), the standard of road maintenance is poor. Often the main reason is that funding of road maintenance is inadequate. This report presents the findings of an ADB regional technical assistance, RETA 5871 Road Fund Strategy, to examine the problem of road funding and propose solutions.

<b>11.02.2</b>	<b>Private sector operations: Strategic directions and review.</b>
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MFN : 4045  
CALL No. : ADB, 11.02.2; APR. 2004  
PUBLISHER : ADB  
DATE : 05.08.05

### DESCRIPTORS

<Private sector>,<Poverty reduction>,<Employment>,<Business>,<Business process>,  
<Conflict of interest>,<Partnership>,<ADB pub.>

## ABSTRACT

This paper (a) assesses private sector group (PSG's) past performance; (b) elaborates on an updated operational strategy for private sector operations (PSO) in the context of the broader ADB strategy for private sector development (PSD); and (c) analyzes the operational and resource implications of the updated PSO operational strategy.

**11.02.2 Private sector development.**

MFN : 4046  
CALL No. : ADB, 11.02.2; APR. 2005  
PUBLISHER : ADB  
DATE : 05.08.05

## DESCRIPTORS

<Private sector>,<Private sector development>,<Poverty reduction>,<Communication>,  
<Implementing>,<Monitoring>,<Orientation>,<Skills>,<ADB pub.>

## ABSTRACT

Identifying the private sector as the key to sustainable, rapid growth, the private sector development (PSD) strategy aims to help expand and strengthen private sector participation in the development of the developing member country (DMCs). The strategy is designed to provide a systematic and coherent framework within which ADB will seek to promote the private sector to support growth and reduce poverty.

**11.02.2 Nutrition and food fortification.**

MFN : 4047  
CALL No. : ADB, 11.02.2; HNU. 2005  
AUTHOR : Hardjanti, K.  
PUBLISHER : ADB  
DATE : 05.08.05

## DESCRIPTORS

<Nutrition>,<Food>,<Food fortification>,<Sustainability>,<Efficacy>,<Efficiency>,  
<ADB pub.>

## ABSTRACT

Nutrition is integral to the first millennium development goal (MDG) on hunger and poverty. It is also instrumental in the efforts to achieve other MDGs, particularly those related to improvements in primary education enrolment and attainment, gender equity, child mortality, maternal health, and the ability to combat disease. Malnutrition is a multigenerational issue, as fetal development during gestation is influenced by maternal nutrition status. In 2004, ADB undertook a special evaluation study to review and analyze current and future nutrition and food fortification issues with a view to guiding future interventions in the broad area of health, nutrition and population.

**12.09 Programme and budget for the biennium, 2006-07.**

MFN : 4059  
CALL No. : ILO, 12.09; IPR. 2005  
ISBN : 92-2-117756-4  
PUBLISHER : ILO  
DATE : 26.08.05

## DESCRIPTORS

<ILO pub.>,<Programme>,<Budget>,<Technical cooperation>,<Governance>,<Support>,  
<Management>,<Role of ILO>

## ABSTRACT

In the interests of providing readers with complete information on both the proposed programme and budget as adopted by the international labour conference in June 2005, this document provides information on the initial proposals and the amendments made prior to their adoption.

**13.01.3 Youth: Pathways to decent work: Promoting youth employment - tackling the challenge.**

MFN : 4056  
CALL No. : ILO, 13.01.3; IYO. 2005  
ISBN : 92-2-115373-8  
PUBLISHER : ILO  
DATE : 26.08.05

**DESCRIPTORS**

<ILO pub.>,<Youth>,<Youth employment>,<Young people>,<Decent work>,<Employment>,  
<Education>,<Training>

**ABSTRACT**

This report begins with a global overview of youth employment and the socio-economic factors, which help or hinder young people in getting decent jobs. It discusses national-level initiatives, identifying key lessons in formulating successful policies and programmes. The report also illustrates ILO support to constituents in promoting decent work for young people, highlighting approaches and tools that have been or could be useful to constituents.

**13.01.3 Decent work and poverty reduction strategies (PRS): An ILO advocacy guidebook.**

MFN : 4057  
CALL No. : ILO, 13.01.3; IDE. 2005  
PUBLISHER : ILO-Policy Integration Dept.  
DATE : 26.08.05

**DESCRIPTORS**

<ILO pub.>,<Decent work>,<Poverty reduction>,<Advocacy>,<Guidebook>

**ABSTRACT**

This guidebook provides techniques to improve advocacy and negotiation skills in multilateral and multidimensional settings are important in order to advance the decent work agenda in the context of national poverty reduction strategy (PRS) processes. The need for systematic training in strengthening institutional capacity has been felt at ILO headquarters as well as in the field. This need is also evident among ILO constituents, as they increasingly work with policy-makers at country level in the design and implementation of PRS. The objective is to ensure that these strategies embrace the principles and rights at work, productive employment and social protection and listen to the voices of ILO constituents.

**13.04.2 Promotional framework for occupational safety and health.**

MFN : 4054  
CALL No. : ILO, 13.04.2; IPR. 2005  
ISBN : 92-2-115367-3  
PUBLISHER : ILO  
DATE : 12.08.05

**DESCRIPTORS**

<ILO pub.>,<Occupational safety>,<Occupational health>,<Role of ILO>,  
<Promotional framework>

**ABSTRACT**

This report has been drawn up on the basis of the replies received, the substance of which is given in the following pages. Where in response to a multi-part question a member State

has replied differently in respect of one or more parts, it may be named as both "affirmative" and "negative", with the relevant parts indicated. The proposed Conclusions appear at the end of the report immediately after the Office commentary on the replies received.

<b>14.01.2</b>	<b>UNFPA state of world population, 2005: The promise of equality.</b>
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MFN : 4061  
 CALL No. : UN, 14.01.2; UUN. 2005  
 ISBN : 0-89714-750-2  
 PUBLISHER : UNFPA  
 DATE : 26.08.05

**DESCRIPTORS**

<Population>,<Equality>,<Gender equity>,<Health>,<Reproductive health>,  
 <Millennium development goal>,<Human rights>,<Adolescents>,<Poverty reduction>,  
 <Young people>,<HIV>,<AIDS>,<Employment>,<Violence>,<Women>

**ABSTRACT**

Gender equality is a human right, one of the millennium development goals and key to achieving the other seven. The UN millennium project concluded that reproductive health is essential to achieving the MDGs, including the goal of gender equality. Investments in gender equality and reproductive health offer multiple rewards that can accelerate social and economic progress, with lasting impact on future generations.

<b>19.04.2</b>	<b>Summary of proceedings: Thirty-Eight annual meeting of the Board of Governors.</b>
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MFN : 4052  
 CALL No. : ADB, 19.04.2; ASU. 2005  
 PUBLISHER : ADB  
 DATE : 12.08.05

**DESCRIPTORS**

<Annual meeting>,<Board of Governors>,<Proceedings>,<ADB pub.>

**ABSTRACT**

The Thirty-Eight annual meeting of the board of governors was held in Lutfi Kirdar Istanbul Convention and Exhibition Centre in Istanbul, Turkey from 4 to 6 May 2005.

**SEPTEMBER 2005**

<b>01.03.7</b>	<b>The situation of workers of the occupied Arab territories. Report of the Director-General.</b>
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MFN : 4077  
 CALL No. : ILO, 01.03.7; ITH. 2005  
 ISBN : 92-2-115382-7  
 PUBLISHER : ILO  
 DATE : 30.09.05

**DESCRIPTORS**

<ILO pub.>,<Workers>,<Economy>,<Economic growth>,<Social partners>,<Inequality>,  
 <Israel>,<Palestinian>,<Arab territories>

**ABSTRACT**

This report points to practical action the ILO and its constituents can take to promote better conditions of life in the occupied territories. The ILO must act within its limited resources. Yet the policy approaches agreed with tripartite Palestinian interlocutors can also be taken up by

the Palestinian authorities in their dealings with bilateral and multilateral funding sources. These measures could have a significant impact on the lives of workers and their families. The ILO would be happy to be associated with this endeavour. It is our contribution today to the establishment of the future Palestinian State.

<b>03.05</b>	<b>Promoting cooperatives: A guide to ILO recommendation 193.</b>
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MFN : 4064  
 CALL No. : ILO, 03.05; IPR. 2004  
 ISBN : 0-85195-300-X  
 PUBLISHERS : ICA, ILO, The Coop College  
 DATE : 09.09.05  
 DESCRIPTORS

<ILO pub.>,<Cooperatives>,<ILO recommendation>,<International labour standards>,  
 <Poverty>,<Guide>

**ABSTRACT**

Recommendation 193 provides a framework for governments to develop the laws, administrative systems and policies that can enable cooperatives to flourish. The International Cooperative Alliance (ICA) played a central role in developing the recommendation. Recommendation 193 is not an end in itself. It must be translated into action. We need to ensure both that national poverty-reduction strategies promote cooperatives and that we develop the mechanisms to enable people to organize themselves and bring the power of cooperation into their communities.

<b>04.01.7</b>	<b>Seafarers' identity documents: Convention (revised), 2003 (No. 185). The standard for the biometric template required by the convention.</b>
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MFN : 4075  
 CALL No. : ILO, 04.01.7; ISE. 2005  
 ISBN : 92-2-115788-1  
           92-2-116838-7  
 PUBLISHER : ILO  
 DATE : 30.09.05  
 DESCRIPTORS

<ILO pub.>,<Seafarers>,<Maritime>,<ILO convention>,<Biometric>,  
 <Biometric template>,<Bar code>

**ABSTRACT**

In June 2003, the ILO adopted the seafarers' identity documents convention (revised), 2003 (No. 185). The revision of the earlier convention of 1958 was prompted by discussions held in the International Maritime Organization (IMO), reviewing measures and procedures to prevent acts of terrorism that threaten the security of passengers and crews and the safety of ships. The new ILO convention has now been communicated to the governments of ILO members for their consideration with a view to ratification. It will become binding, as an international treaty, on all members that ratify it.

<b>08.09.2</b>	<b>Upgrading the Central Java wood furniture industry: A value-chain approach.</b>
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MFN : 4069  
CALL No. : ILO, 08.09.2; EUP. 2005  
AUTHOR : Ewasechko, A.C.  
ISBN : 92-2-017038-8  
PUBLISHER : ILO-Manila  
DATE : 16.09.05

DESCRIPTORS

<ILO pub.>,<Furniture industry>,<Furniture sector>,<Wood industry>,<Employment>,  
<Value chain analysis>,<Central Java>,<Indonesia>

ABSTRACT

Furniture production in Central Java has spawned a long tradition of skills and production techniques that have been passed down from generation to generation. This industry experienced a strong revival in the 1970s and rapidly penetrated global markets during the 1980s and 1990s, leading to an intense process of local industrial expansion and strengthening of interfirm relationships of production, sales and out-sourcing of skilled carving work within the SME clusters.

<b>11.02.2</b>	<b>Fisheries.</b>
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MFN : 4066  
CALL No. : ADB, 11.02.2; AFI. 2005  
PUBLISHER : ADB  
DATE : 09.09.05

DESCRIPTORS

<Fisheries>,<Fisheries sector>,<Aquaculture>,<Fishing industry>,<Asia>,<Pacific>,  
<ADB pub.>

ABSTRACT

Significant developments have emerged in the fisheries sector that impinge on ADB policies. With increases in population, human impacts have become more pronounced on the environment and its renewable resources such as fish. ADB's experience in fisheries operations, identifies emerging challenges and opportunities, and defines a revised and updated strategic basis and policy for future. The paper is based on ADB's experience in the sector, including lessons from ADB's post-evaluation findings; a review of relevant literature; extensive in-house dialogue; views of selected developing member countries (DMCs) governments; and consultations with major bilateral and multilateral agencies, non-government organizations (NGOs) and research institutions.

<b>13.01.1</b>	<b>Current labor situation in Korea.</b>
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MFN : 3587  
CALL No. : OTHERS, 13.01.1; KCU. 2005  
PUBLISHER : Korea International Labour Foundation  
DATE : 23.09.05

DESCRIPTORS

<Labour>,<Labour market>,<Working conditions>,<Industrial relations>,<Labour law>,  
<Korea>

ABSTRACT

Korea has successfully overcome a variety of constraints, including a limited endowment in natural resources, low levels of capital formation and technological development, and a small domestic market in the process of industrialization started in the 1960s. Such endeavours have allowed Korea to escape from the trap of poverty and created the so-called "Miracle on the Han

River". The rapid pace of economic growth, however, also brought about various problems such as a widening income gap as well as an increase in industrial accidents and job-related diseases, triggering workers' loud calls for improvement in working conditions.

<b>13.06.5</b>	<b>Convention No. 154: Promoting collective bargaining.</b>
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MFN : 4068  
 CALL No. : ILO, 13.06.5; OCO. 2005  
 AUTHORS : Olney, S.; M. Rueda  
 ISBN : 92-2-117468-9  
 PUBLISHER : ILO-DIALOGUE  
 DATE : 09.09.05

**DESCRIPTORS**

<ILO pub.>,<Collective bargaining>,<Social dialogue>,<ILO convention>,<Public service>,  
 <Role of ILO>

**ABSTRACT**

Collective bargaining is an important form of social dialogue. Institutions for social dialogue and collective bargaining help protect the fundamental rights of workers, help provide social protection and promote sound industrial relations. Social dialogue, in turn, is an important part of good governance. Because social dialogue involves the social partners (employers' and workers' organizations) it further encourages accountability and participation in decisions that affect the lives of all society. These factors directly contribute to better government.

<b>14.04.1</b>	<b>Progress of the world's women 2005: Women, work and poverty.</b>
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MFN : 4067  
 CALL No. : UN, 14.04.1; CPR. 2005  
 AUTHORS : Chen, M., et al.  
 ISBN : 1-932827-26-9  
 PUBLISHERS : UNDP, UNIFEM, ILO  
 DATE : 09.09.05

**DESCRIPTORS**

<Women>,<Work>,<Poverty reduction>,<Employment>,<Gender and development>,  
 <Informal work>,<Unpaid work>,<Informal economy>,<Millennium development goal>

**ABSTRACT**

Women workers are not only concentrated in the informal economy, they are in the more precarious forms of informal employment, where earnings are the most unreliable and the most meagre. While in some instances, their income can be important in helping families move out of poverty, this is only true if there is more than one earner. This is a sobering fact to consider as we redouble our efforts to implement the millennium development goals, including the elimination of poverty and the achievement of gender equality.

<b>14.04.2</b>	<b>UN gender strategy framework in the Philippines, 2005-2009: Sustaining women's human rights and gender equality.</b>
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MFN : 4065  
 CALL No. : UN, 14.04.2; UUN. 2005  
 PUBLISHER : UN Country Team  
 DATE : 09.09.05

**DESCRIPTORS**

<Gender and development>,<Gender equality>,<Gender mainstreaming>,  
 <Gender advocacy>,<Women>,<Environment>,<Environmental sustainability>,<Philippines>

## ABSTRACT

This document strives to address UN's commitment to promoting respect for basic human rights and freedoms and equal access for all groups in societies to decision making, planning, political participation, education and productive resources. The Philippines has several legal instruments that reflect, incorporate and elaborate upon the principles of international agreements related to gender equality and women's empowerment. Clear strategies are required to fully and effectively implement these laws and meet the international goals and targets that the Philippines has ratified.

<b>15.04.1</b>	<b>Extending maternity protection to women in the informal economy: The case of the Philippines.</b>
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MFN : 4070  
CALL No. : ILO, 15.04.1; IEX. 2005  
PUBLISHERS : ILO-STEP, CONDIT  
DATE : 16.09.05

### DESCRIPTORS

<ILO pub.>,<Maternity protection>,<Women>,<Informal economy>,<Case study>,  
<Community-based schemes>,<Philippines>

## ABSTRACT

This study aims to explore how community-based initiatives have been able to integrate maternity protection within the services offered to members and their families. It explores new ways and practices through which maternity protection through community-based health-financing schemes can be expanded to cover women in the informal economy. The research would contribute to the knowledge base concerning how to effectively extend or reinforce the maternity benefits provided by micro-health insurance schemes which reach workers with no access to statutory social security schemes or to expensive private health care alternatives.

<b>15.04.1</b>	<b>Reference guide and tools on health micro-insurance schemes in the Philippines.</b>
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MFN : 4071  
CALL No. : ILO, 15.04.1; IRE. 2004  
ISBN : 92-2-116745-3  
PUBLISHER : ILO-STEP  
DATE : 16.09.05

### DESCRIPTORS

<ILO pub.>,<Health>,<Health sector>,<Micro-insurance>,<Guide>,<Tools>,<Philippines>

## ABSTRACT

This reference guide and tools on health and micro-insurance schemes (HMIS) is intended to further upgrade the knowledge and appreciation of managers, administrators, initiators and promoters in setting up and managing HMIS in the Philippines. It aims to empower those working in the informal economy to make their HMIS fully operational, sustainable and responsive to the health needs of the individual workers and their families. It hopes to develop the capabilities of community-based organizations.

**15.04.1 Promoting health micro-insurance scheme to local communities: Workshop documentation.**

MFN : 4072  
CALL No. : ILO, 15.04.1; IPR. 2005  
PUBLISHER : ILO-STEP  
DATE : 16.09.05

**DESCRIPTORS**

<ILO pub.>,<Health>,<Health sector>,<Micro-insurance>,<Local communities>,  
<Proceedings>,<Philippines>

**ABSTRACT**

Many communities all over the world have organized schemes in response to the need for security and greater access to social services. We believe that local communities can find creative ways of broadening the scope of social protection and play a pivotal role in the achievement of the overarching goal of universal coverage. The Philippines has been a leader in this domain, with numerous community based organizations (cooperatives, women's groups and groups of indigenous people) and NGOs spearheading health and other micro-insurance schemes. Implementers and managers of these community-based schemes have promoted their endeavours utilizing different approaches and strategies which have varying results in increasing awareness and encouraging members in joining.

**15.04.1 Management of a gender-sensitive health micro-insurance scheme: Workshop documentation.**

MFN : 4073  
CALL No. : ILO, 15.04.1; IMA. 2005  
PUBLISHER : ILO-STEP  
DATE : 16.09.05

**DESCRIPTORS**

<ILO pub.>,<Gender and development>,<Gender-sensitive>,<Health>,<Health sector>,  
<Micro-insurance>,<Proceedings>,<Philippines>

**ABSTRACT**

The training activity was organized on a participatory basis to encourage active involvement, and the exchange of views and experiences among the participants. Attention was given to the presentation of best practices through case studies reflecting experiences gained locally and internationally. The gender dimension was highlighted throughout the entire programme.

**15.04.2 4th AIDS medium term plan, 2005-2010: Philippines.**

MFN : 4076  
CALL No. : PHI, 15.04.2; PPH. 2005  
PUBLISHERS : Phil. National AIDS Council, UNAIDS  
DATE : 30.09.05

**DESCRIPTORS**

<AIDS>,<HIV>,<Risks>,<Vulnerabilities>,<Current profile>,<Monitoring>,<Evaluation>,  
<Medium-term plan>,<Philippines>

**ABSTRACT**

The fourth medium-term plan on HIV/AIDS, 2005-2010 is an important milestone in the national response to the HIV/AIDS problem in the Philippines. It comes at a crucial time when the country is crossing over a "low and slow" situation to a "hidden and growing" HIV/AIDS phenomenon, which could escalate into epidemic proportions if left unchecked. This roadmap seeks

to ensure that such a precarious situation is faced squarely and dealt with purposively. Concerned and committed stakeholders and partners, including UNAIDS and people living with HIV/AIDS, had consistently and graciously shared their treasure, time and talent to make it realistic and responsive to the need of the hour. It sets out clear guiding principles, policy directions and strategies that will guide operational translation and implementation.

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