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OFFICE OF MONGOLIA



INTERNATIONAL LABOUR
ORGANIZATION

SURVEY ON SEX WORKERS AND SEXUALLY EXPLOITED CHILDREN. 2010

ULAANBAATAR

2010

NATIONAL STATISTICAL OFFICE OF MONGOLIA

SURVEY REPORT ON SEX WORKERS AND SEXUALLY EXPLOITED CHILDREN

ULAANBAATAR

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LIST OF ADDREVIATIONS

AIDS	Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome
CLS	Child Labour Survey
ILO	International Labour Organization
FRG	Federal Republic of Germany
IPEC	International Programme for Elimination of Child Labour
HIV	Human Immunodeficiency Virus
LFS	Labour Force Survey
NGO	Non Governmental Organization
NSO	National Statistical Office
PDCM	Police Department of the Capital City
PRC	People's Republic of China
PRO	Public Relations Office
PSU	Primary Sampling Unit
RF	Russian Federation
RoK	Republic of Korea
STI	Sexually Transmitted Infections
USA	United States of America

CHAPTER 1

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

CHAPTER 1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1.1 Survey objective and importance

Detailed information has been collected and data base has been built on child economic activities and the profile and scope of child labour as a result of two child labour surveys which have been conducted by the National Statistical Office (NSO) with the technical and financial support of International Labour Organization (ILO). One of these two surveys was carried out as a module attached to Labour Force Survey (2002-2003) and the second survey was conducted independently covering the period of 2006-2007. However, being household based, these two surveys were not able to collect the data on worst forms of child labour including sexual exploitation of children.

Sexually exploited children and adult female sex workers are increasingly exposed to risk of falling victim to human trafficking, therefore, baseline data is essentially required for planning and taking measures to prevent and stop crimes of sex violence, sexual exploitation and human trafficking.

At the same time, social requirement has arisen to provide accurate and reliable data and information on existing situation of adult commercial sex work and child sexual exploitation.

The key objectives of the survey are defined as follows:

- To estimate the number of sexually exploited children and adult female sex workers in Ulaanbaatar city;
- To determine causes and factors for women's engagement in commercial sex work and children's sexual exploitation;
- To identify and evaluate major reasons and consequences of child and adult engagement in commercial sex work;
- To identify socio-economic characteristics of sexually exploited children;
- To estimate the number of children and women who cannot stop working as commercial sex workers even though they wish so
- To make recommendations on stopping sexual exploitation of children.

The scope of the current survey which has been conducted with the financial and technical support of International Programme for Elimination of Child Labour (IPEC), International

Labour Organization captures the capital city of Ulaanbaatar. The survey intends to draw the following values or importance:

- To produce data on sexual exploitation of children, one of the worst forms of child labour which is not captured by household sample surveys and to build a methodology for collecting such data;
- To provide data and raise the awareness at the national coordinating mechanism (for instance, members of national council for coordinating the implementation of a national programme for prevention of human trafficking particularly prevention of sexual exploitation of child and women), national coordinating committee on child labour issues, government organizations, non governmental organizations, employers and trade unions and improve the rationale and feasibility for further actions and policies;
- To support influential activities for amending and improving legislation relevant to eradication of sexual exploitation of children;
- To support activities of law enforcement and social service organizations which operate against child exploitation and negative social phenomena;
- To provide assistance to production of child protection indicators;
- To improve the methodology of surveying and studying the worst forms of child labour.

1.2 Survey report structure and content

The report on findings of the survey on sex workers and sexually exploited children is made up of five chapters as listed below:

Chapter 1. Executive summary

Chapter 2. Survey methodology and organisation

Chapter 3. Commercial sex workers

Chapter 4. Sexually exploited children

Chapter 5. Conclusions and recommendations

Chapter One presents the survey objective and intention as well as the survey report structure, content and the summary of findings. Chapter Two highlights the survey methodology and organisation, difficulties encountered during the data collection process and issues of concerns and recommendations to take into account in future undertaking of these

surveys. Chapter Three introduces how many commercial sex workers are there, what common characteristics all of them share, what commercial sex work they are engaged in, what their health status is, what they know about sexually transmitted infections, AIDS/HIV and human trafficking and what their consumption of alcohol and drugs is. Chapter Three also presents what future intentions and aims of commercial sex workers. Similarly, Chapter Four illustrates children in sexual exploitation analysed by the indicators alike in Chapter Three or the number of sexually exploited children estimated by age group and location, their general characteristics, the way children are being exposed to sexual exploitation, their health status, their knowledge of sexually transmitted infections, AIDS/HIV and human trafficking, consumption of alcohol and drugs and their future intentions and dreams.

1.3 Summary of survey findings

The survey estimates that 20.5 percent or 4683 out of 22.8 thousand total respondents are sex workers and sexually exploited children. Meanwhile, complementary data on sexually exploited children was collected from commercial sex workers who work on streets, one of the target respondents of the survey. Using this data, over 140 children were found sexually exploited in Ulaanbaatar. As the finding of the complementary data shows, sexually exploited children are not made to work on streets, instead they are taken to clients and back by pimps. This might lead to underestimation in the number of sexually exploited children. The section below presents the data on commercial sex workers and complementary data on sexually exploited children.

- The survey estimates 4683 persons who are sex workers and children in sexual exploitation. When the number is sex disaggregated, 85.0 percent or 4643 are women and girls.
- Out of the total sex workers and sexually exploited children 13.6 percent work on streets.
- Six in every ten commercial sex workers and sexually exploited children find their clients at karaoke, bars and entertainment places with seats more than 30 while one in every ten of them locate clients in sauna and massage places.
- The survey finds one in every ten persons or 43 children are sexually exploited.

Commercial sex workers

- The distributive estimate of the survey shows that there are 4640 commercial sex adult workers (hereinafter referred as commercial sex workers) with break up of 99.1 percent for women and 0.9 percent for men.
- Out of all commercial sex workers 13.6 percent work on streets and 86.4 percent find clients at karaoke, bar, entertainment places, sauna and massage places.
- The median age of commercial sex workers is 34 and the oldest age is 53 years. Every second commercial sex worker is in the age range of 21-29.
- Every three in five commercial sex workers are complete secondary educated and one in five has university degree. The proportion of commercial sex workers with primary education and no education is small or 2.6.
- Of commercial sex workers 17.0 percent are studying. When this percentage is estimated by type of schooling, 79.0 percent are found studying at universities, 13.2 percent are at college and 7.8 percent are at vocational training and production center.
- Among commercial sex workers who do not study 52.4 percent are school drop out with break up of 60.0 percent as secondary school drop out and 39.6 percent as university drop out. The cause for school and university drop out is a lack of financial means.
- Among the survey respondents 57.5 percent live with their families.
- Of the commercial sex workers 47.3 percent have children. When the percentage is estimated by the number of children, 76.2 percent are found having 1-2 child and 23.8 percent having three and more children. Every second of these commercial sex workers has a child under the age of five.
- Every third commercial sex workers have housing and engage in paid work besides their involvement in commercial sex work.
- The key causes for engaging into commercial sex work are need to make money followed by need to pay tuition and feed families.
- Almost half the percentage of them have been engaged in commercial sex work for 1-3 years. Among women, the longest duration of engagement in commercial sex work is 26 years and for men it is estimated to be 12 years.

- Every second commercial sex workers were raped before they started engaging in commercial sex work.
- When first and present places at which commercial sex workers find clients are compared, the percentage has increased for finding on call basis and at night club, bar and entertainment places by 1.1 punct and 18.1 punct respectively.
- Of all commercial sex workers 4.9 percent worked overseas with break up of 71.7 percent in China, 7.2 percent in Singapore, 4.9 percent in the Russian Federation, 4.9 percent in Makao and 4.6 percent in the Republic of Korea.
- Among all commercial sex workers 99.4 percent are cash paid by clients for service and the remaining 0.6 percent are paid by other means.
- Average monthly income of commercial sex workers range between 200.0-500.0 thousand tugrigrs.
- Commercial sex workers serve three clients per day. The median age of clients is 34 with the youngest being 15 years and the oldest being 80 years.

Sexually exploited children

- A total of 4683 persons are found engaging in commercial sex work and falling in sexual exploitation. Out of them 0.9 percent or 43 children or girls are under the age of 18 who are sexually exploited.
- Except for two girls who are 15 years, almost all the girls are 17 years.
- Among sexually exploited girls 14.0 percent are stuyding at college, 46.5 percent have primary education and 39.5 percent have no education.
- Of these girls 23.3 percent live with their families, 34.9 percent live on their own, 34.9 percent with their friends and 6.9 percent with boyfriends.
- Three in four sexually exploited girls said that they have understanding relations with their families and every third girl responded that they are psychologically abused, beaten, threatened, forced not to go to school and scolded to leave home.
- Five in every ten sexually exploited children went into first sexual intercourse in order to earn money while two in ten of these chidren did so to pay debt and feed family.

- Out of all girls 4.7 were first sexually exploited at the age of 14 and 95.3 percent at the age of 16.
- Among sexually exploited girls 44.2 percent were raped mostly by their step fathers /90 percent/.
- Families of sexually exploited girls are not aware that the girls have been engaged in commercial sex work.
- Four in five sexually exploited girls find clients at karaokes, bars and entertainment places with 30 or more seats.
- Almost one in every ten sexually exploited girls work with pimps through whom they are paid. All girls owe debts to pimps.
- Pimps for girls are women aged between 21-30 who were acquaintances before and had close relations. As well, through friends girls got introduced to pimps.
- Out of sexually exploited girls 7.0 percent were injured by clients during the service.
- Among sexually exploited children, 34.9 percent went into first sexual intercourse at the age of 13. And 18.6 percent of sexually exploited children had first sexual intercourse at the age of 14 and 46.5 percent at the age of 16.
- Of sexually exploited girls 34.9 percent answered that they know about symptoms of sexually transmitted infections while 4.7 percent responded they know little and 60.5 percent answered they do not know. This finding reveals low awareness of STIs.
- More than half the percentage of girls never had STI/AIDS/HIV analysis and over 60 percent were never infected by STIs while 34.9 percent were infected and received treatment.

Complementary data on sexually exploited children

- Based on the complementary data, the survey estimates that more than 140 children are sexually exploited in Ulaanbaatar city.
- Pimps keep children mainly at hotel (41.1 percent), rented housing (18.4 percent) and their own housing (15.2 percent) in ger district areas such as Salhit, Hanin Material, Dari Eh, Altan Ulgii, Hailaast, 7 buudal and others. Meanwhile, pimps frequently change the living places of sexually exploited children.

- According to the complementary data, the youngest is 13 year old among the sexually exploited children.
- Pimps consist of mainly women who used to work as commercial sex workers before (nicknamed such as Eagle, Scarred, Onon, Miigaa, Tsoomoo, Dark Tuya, Tavidangiin Oyunaa, Boldmaa, Rough Skinned Tuya, Fat Tamiraa, Skewed Tongue Saraa, Chirrup, Nandia, 49 etc). Among pimps are family couples, as well (Oyunaa-Manlai, Jijgee-Ganaa).
- According to the survey respondents, about 40 percent of pimps who force children in sexual exploitation abuse or exert pressure on girls and 18.4 percent beat the girls. Some of the pimps have groups working under them and make girls who ran away or show protest abused and beaten by these groups or criminal groups. About 5 percent of pimps go after girls who ran away home and bring them back with the use of threats and pressure.
- Sexually exploited children are delivered to clients on call basis and transported by cars which are changed every day.
- When the respondents were asked where sexually exploited children are found over 40 percent answered do not know well while 27.3 percent, 11.6, 5.8 percent, 3.3 percent and 2.5 percent responded that these children are found on street, bars, home run aways, through friends and through TV chat lines, respectively.

CHAPTER 2

SURVEY METHODOLOGY AND ORGANISATION

CHAPTER 2. SURVEY METHODOLOGY AND ORGANISATION

2.1 Survey frame

The survey covered the territories of eight districts of Ulaanbaatar city. The district of Bagahangai is excluded because it is low populated and lacks any information on target population.

The target population of the survey is children under the age of 18 who are sexually exploited and adults engaged in commercial sex work. The target population is highly likely to work in sites or places as categorized as follows: (1) on streets, (2) at karaokes, bars, night clubs, (3) massage and sauna places. Karaokes, bars, entertainment places and night clubs are divided into two groups by number of seat or capacity: small ones which have 30 and less seats and big ones with 30 and more seats.

The sampling frame consists of the following 6 strata based on location.:

- 1) Commercial sex workers on street;
- 2) Officially registered “SMALL” or karaokes, bars, entertainment places and night clubs with up to 30 seats;
- 3) Officially registered “BIG” or karaokes, bars, entertainment places and night clubs with 30 and more seats;
- 4) Unregistered “SMALL” or karaokes, bars, entertainment places and night clubs with up to 30 seats;
- 5) Unregistered “BIG” or karaokes, bars, entertainment places and night clubs with 30 and more seats;
- 6) Massage and sauna places.

2.2 Survey sampling

The survey sampling was made two stage stratified random sampling. In the first stage, sampling was made from each of 6 stratum based on location which have high probability of working by commercial sex workers. Primary sampling units are defined to be streets, karaokes, bars, entertainment places, night clubs, massage and sauna places. In the second stage, respondents at these six strata were chosen or sampled to be captured in the survey.

Sampling stratum

Stratum 1 - Streets;

Stratum 2 - Officially registered “SMALL” or karaokes, bars, entertainment places and night clubs with up to 30 seats;

Stratum 3 - Officially registered “BIG” or karaokes, bars, entertainment places and night clubs with 30 and more seats;

Stratum 4 - Unregistered “SMALL” or karaokes, bars, entertainment places and night clubs with up to 30 seats;

Stratum 5 - Unregistered “BIG” or karaokes, bars, entertainment places and night clubs with 30 and more seats;

Stratum 6 - Massage and sauna places.

Primary sampling units:

- For Stratum 1: streets.
- For Stratum 2-5 karaokes, bars, entertainment places, night clubs.
- For Stratum massage and sauna places.

Primary sampling units were selected with simple random sampling method whereas secondary sampling units or numbers of survey respondents were allocated or distributed differently for each stratum. (See Sampling design section in Annex 1).

Table 1

Primary sampling units and number of respondents at each stratum in the survey on commercial sex work workers and sexually exploited children

Strata no	Location	Target population	Number of selected primary sampling units	Number of respondents at each unit	All respondents
1	Commercial sex workers on street*	21	21	-	254
2	Officially registered “SMALL” or karaokes, bars, entertainment places and night clubs with up to 30 seats	189	39	8	312

3	Officially registered “BIG” or 30 karaokes, bars, entertainment places and night clubs with 30 and more seats	439	70	12	840
4	Unregistered “SMALL” or karaokes, bars, entertainment places and night clubs with up to 30 seats	46	32	8	256
5	Unregistered “BIG” or 30 karaokes, bars, entertainment places and night clubs with 30 and more seats	63	27	12	324
6	Massage and sauna parlors	149	34	8	272
Total		907	223		2258

* 254 respondents were chosed out of 640 who registered working on 21 sites on street.

2.3 Survey questionnaire

The survey questionnaire was designed taking into account of the survey objectives and frame and on the basis of ILO recommedination, methodology and experience of international and domestic organizations in conducting such surveys.

The survey questionnaire form consists of 12 chapters with 106 questions in total to identify causes for girls and women to engage in commercial sex work and fall in sexual exploitation, their consequences, future concerns and tendency:

A: Reference

Chapter I. Background information

Chapter II. Migration

Chapter III. Marital status and family

Chapter IV. Employment during and prior to the survey undertaking

Chapter V. Health and knowledge of STIs, AIDS/HIV

Chapter VI. Consumption of alcohol and drugs

Chapter VII. Free time

Chapter VIII. Commercial sex work and sexual exploitation

Chapter IX. Health and work conditions

Chapter X. Clients

Chapter XII. Perception about future

Chapter XII. Knowledge of human trafficking crime

2.4 Questionnaire pretesting

A draft questionnaire was pretested by a team of researchers of “Gender Equality Center” in order to review and improve its design, content and structure. The team of “Gender Equality Center” which is commissioned to collect data conducted the pretesting of the questionnaire covering 15 women engaged in commercial sex work at 6 sites on street and 20 clients at 15 bars and entertainment places. Based on the results of pretesting the questionnaire form was improved by rewording, having better logical sequence of questions and making some necessary adjustments.

2.5 Survey organisation

The survey working group which comprised of governmental organizations and non governmental organizations was established at the National Statistical Committee. The working group was in charge of organizing, administering and implementing the survey undertaking. The National Statistical Office provided technical expertise and methodological counselling and implemented a set of actions which include drafting a questionnaire form, designing sampling and sampling frame, making sampling, organizing training for supervisors and interviewers, compiling, processing and analysing the data and preparing and disseminating a draft findings report jointly with the working group members. Data collection was executed by “Gender Equality Center” NGO which operates for supporting girls and women victimized in sexual exploitation and human trafficking through social reintegration and returning them back to normal social life. ILO IPEC provided technical consultancy service in drafting the questionnaire and designing the sample as well as other steps of the survey when required.

2.6 Training for supervisors and interviewers

Training was organized for supervisors and interviewers in order to ensure the quality of the survey undertaking and collect the data which lives up to the requirements. During the training, the survey objectives, importance and methodology as well as the concept and definitions used in the survey were introduced, detailed instruction was given on how to complete the questionnaire form and manual on completing the questionnaire was distributed.

During the training the indicators for selecting the clients at service organizations for the survey interview was provided and the ethics and safety to follow during the data collection and collection of complementary information on children in sexual exploitation were emphasizingly presented. As well the survey introduced on how the assistance can be provided to the underaged victims.

2.7 Data collection and processing

Data collection was managed by “Gender Equality Center” and jointly implemented by eight specialized non governmental organizations. Interviewers’ teams led by supervisors went to selected street sites, bars, entertainment places, sauna and massage places and held individual interviews with each of selected respondents to collect the data. Data collection field work was executed between March 4 and March 24, 2010 and during the data collection process the monitoring was made by the Gender Equality Center to take necessary guiding and corrective measures in case of need.

Receiving, checking and entry of data, editing, processing and making estimates were made at the National Statistical Office.

CSPPro3.1 software package which is used for processing census and survey data was applied in computer entry of data, checking and editing while SPSS13.0 software was used in process of compiled data results, making statistical analysis of related tables and production of the survey output tables on the basis of checking and editing the data processing results.

2.8 Strengths and limitations of the survey

Researchers gave due acknowledgement to the survey for being timely, well designed in terms of methodology and well managed effort.

Strengths of the survey:

- The survey undertaking involved specialists of many organizations and a policeman was mobilized to work at each of the interviewers’ teams hence having ensured safety of data collectors and facilitated a condition for collecting reliable and accurate data.

- Establishment of a contract on code of ethics with interviewers and supervisors managed to prevent any possible mistake or misbehaviour during the survey undertaking.
- The involvement of the officers of Public Relations of the Capital City's Policy Department was instrumental in dealing with and overcoming difficulties and problems which were encountered during the survey.
- Working in teams promoted learning to work in teams and making collective decisions which had positive impact on the quality of the survey results.
- Renumeration to the survey respondents made the completion of questionnaire and data collection easy and significantly prompted the respondents to give accurate information.

Limitations of the survey:

- Some of the interviewers were not professional with implication of creating some problems during the survey.
- Data collection timing was not favourable in terms of season. It was difficult to make interviews on street in the evenings when temperatures fell below -20 degrees. Therefore, one team of interviewers hired a car and made interview with the respondents inside the car.
- The questionnaire had too many pages and as a consequence, the respondent tend to get bored and tired.

2.9 Difficulties and problems encountered during data collection process, the ways the problems have been coped with and lessons learnt

- Managing time was problematic as the survey involved employees of many organizations. Therefore, supervisor was appointed to work for each team and internal team management was made. An official request was sent to all involved organizations to enable working in the evenings.
- There were irritation and opposing emerged during the data collection at some sample units. Therefore, the interviewers' teams were given an official letter stamped and signed by Chief Police Board and National which addresses service organizations for

support. Upon showing this letter the service organizations were better cooperating with the interviewers' teams.

- Much time was spent or wasted on searching and locating some sampled night clubs, bars, entertainment places and sauna places which have moved and changed the location. When relevant organizations were asked to help finding it was found out that most of service organizations work at rented place and with arrival of new renting organization, the name of the place goes to change.
- It was difficult to visit night clubs, bars and entertainment places and make interviews with clients. It was observed that asking questions in Chapters 5, 6, 7 and 8 in noisy environment put respondent clients in an uncomfortable condition.
- A large number of service organizations placed tables and chairs on open site with exposure to public. Under this condition, the respondent clients tried not to attract public attention, felt reserved and ignored questions.
- Some of the registered and unregistered places with up to 30 seats had few number of clients during the visits. This disabled making selection and led to frequent visits to the same place in order to qualify for adequate selection.
- Young girls and women who are being served at service organizations tend to be cautious whether the teams were from TV programme or making secret camera shooting. Yet, the interviewers explanation of the survey objectives and importance managed to build trust between interviewers and respondents.
- Police organizations and non governmental organizations tend to deny each other's data as there was no standardized data on commercial sex workers. As a result of working in team under the survey, they think that the standardized data has been compiled.

CHAPTER 3

COMMERCIAL SEX WORKERS

Chapter 3. Commercial sex workers

This chapter presents the data and estimate on commercial sex workers and sexually exploited children. According to the survey distributive estimate which captures street sites and service organizations in eight districts of Ulaanbaatar city 20.5 percent or 4683 of 22.8 thousand respondents are engaged in commercial sex work and sexual exploitation. This number further breaks up into 99.1 percent for female and 0.9 percent for male.

3.1 Number of commercial sex workers by age group, district and location

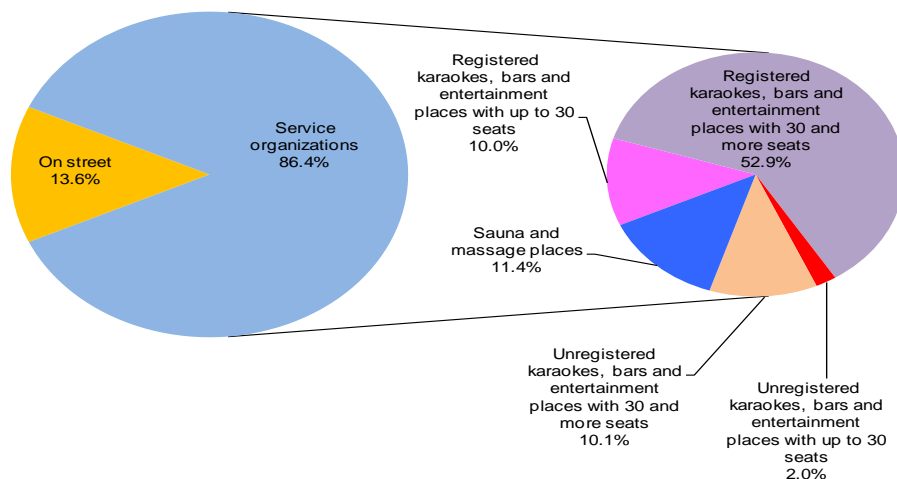
The survey finds a total of 4683 persons in commercial sex work and sexual exploitation. Of them 99.1 percent or 4640 are adults or commercial sex workers. Commercial sex workers and sexually exploited children vary by working sites; those working on street, working at karaokes, bars and entertainment places on pretence of being customers, employees and clients of sauna and massage places. Of the total 4.6 thousand commercial sex workers 13.6 percent work on street and 86.4 percent work at service organizations.

Table 3.1.

Number of commercial sex workers by age groups and location

Age group	All	Of which survey respondents by location					
		Streets	Karaoke, bars, entertainment places				Sauna and massage places
			Registered		unregistered		
			With seats up to 30	With 30 and more seats	With seats up to 30	With 30 and more seats	
All	4 640	633	465	2 453	92	470	527
18-20	586	55	39	438	-	16	38
21-24	1 452	132	116	786	41	140	237
25-29	1 017	118	155	521	19	91	113
30-34	750	112	97	324	17	98	102
35-39	572	92	39	340	15	59	27
40-44	189	101	-	30	-	48	10
45-49	55	23	-	14	-	18	-
50 and above years	19	-	19	-	-	-	-

Figure 3.1.
Location of commercial sex workers, by percentage



The survey captures eight districts of Ulaanbaatar city except for Baganhangai district. When commercial sex workers are analysed by location as seen in the table below, 31.5 percent are found in Bayangol district, 26.1 percent in Suhbaatar district, 17.0 percent in Bayanzurh district, 13.9 percent in Chingeltei district, 7.2 percent in Songinohairhan district, 3.9 percent in Han-Uul district and 0.4 percent in Nalaih district.

Table 3.2.
Commercial sex workers by age group, district and percentage

Age group	All		Of which: By districts						
	No	%	Han-Uul	Bayanzurh	Nalaih	Bayangol	Suhbaatar	Chingeltei	Songino-hairhan
All	4 640	100.0	3.9	17.0	0.4	31.5	26.1	13.9	7.2
18-20	586	100.0	4.7	20.6	0.3	48.0	20.8	3.2	2.4
21-24	1 452	100.0	1.8	29.8	0.1	28.7	21.1	13.8	4.7
25-29	1 017	100.0	3.4	11.0	0.2	33.2	27.0	19.0	6.2
30-34	750	100.0	4.6	4.7	0.4	36.0	26.5	12.9	14.9
35-39	572	100.0	3.7	4.2	0.7	26.6	42.8	15.2	6.8
40-44	189	100.0	15.3	15.9	3.2	2.1	28.6	15.3	19.6
45-49	55	100.0	14.5	25.5	1.8	-	21.8	36.4	-
50 and above years	19	100.0	-	100.0	-	-	-	-	-

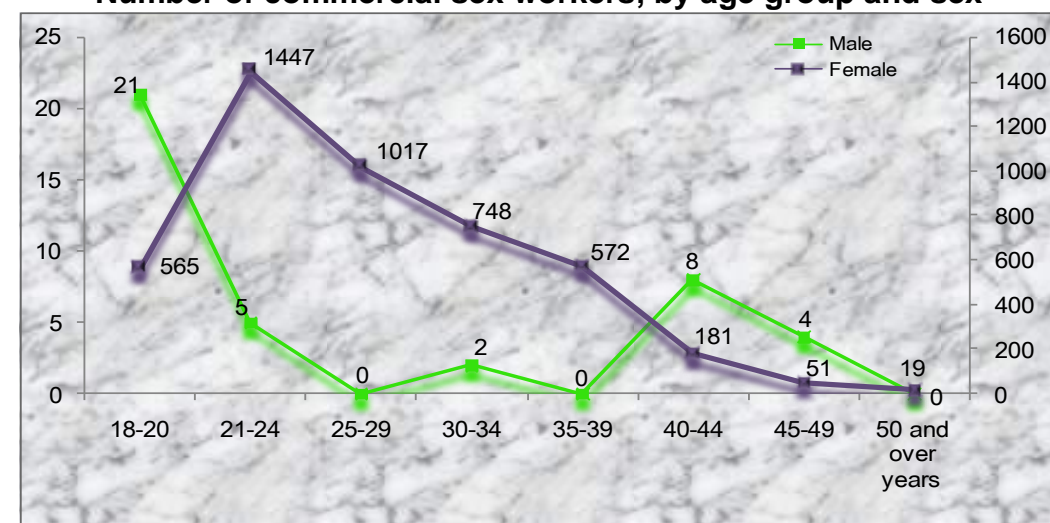
Age disaggregation of all commercial sex workers reveals that 18-39 year old are predominantly engaged in commercial sex work. About 31.3 percent of all commercial sex workers are in the age range of 21-24. By sex disaggregation 52.5 percent of male commercial sex workers are 18-20 year old and 31.5 percent of female commercial sex workers are 21-24 years.

Table 3.3.
Number of commercial sex workers by age group

Age group	All		Male		Female	
	No	%	No	%	No	%
All	4 640	100.0	40	100.0	4 600	100.0
18-20	586	12.6	21	52.5	565	12.3
21-24	1 452	31.3	5	12.5	1 447	31.5
25-29	1 017	21.9	-	-	1 017	22.1
30-34	750	16.2	2	5.0	748	16.3
35-39	572	12.3	-	-	572	12.4
40-44	189	4.1	8	20.0	181	3.9
45-49	55	1.2	4	10.0	51	1.1
50 and over years	19	0.4	-	-	19	0.4

The median age of commercial sex workers is 34 with the youngest being 18 years and the oldest being 53 years.

Figure 3.2.
Number of commercial sex workers, by age group and sex



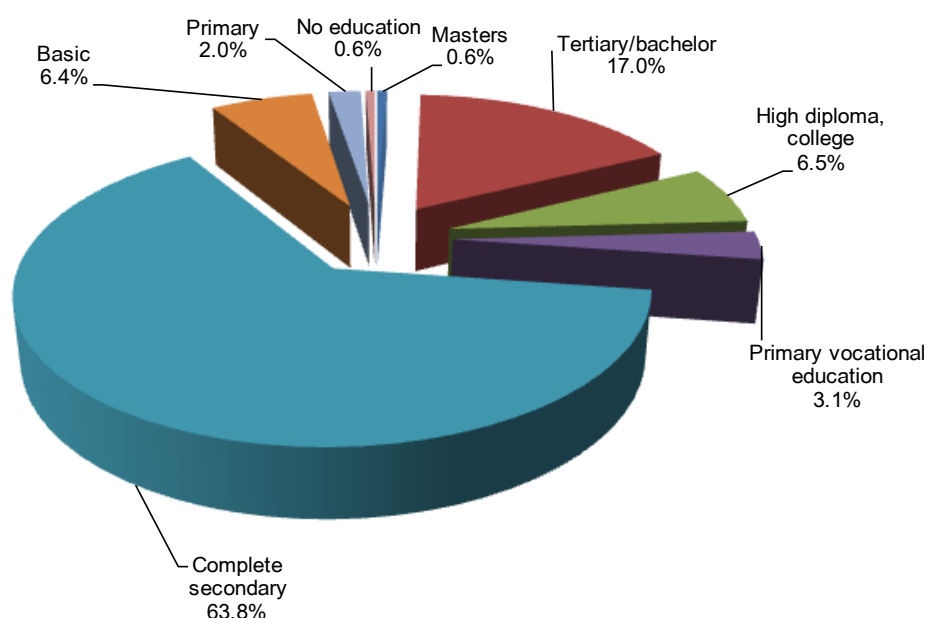
3.2 General characteristics of commercial sex workers

The education level of commercial sex workers demonstrates that every three in five hold complete secondary education and one in five has university degree. It is interesting to find that only 2.6 percent of commercial sex workers is non educated or have primary education.

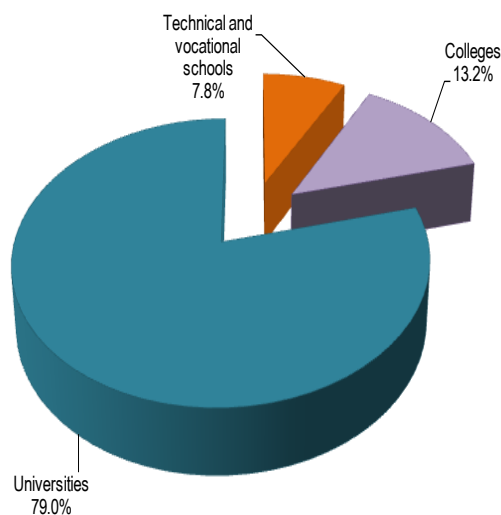
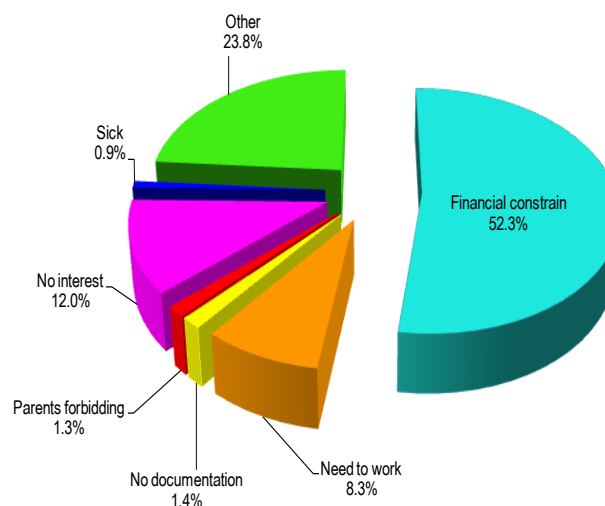
Table 3.4.

Education level of commercial sex workers by sex and proportion				
Indicators	All		Of which	
	No	%	Male	Female
Masters degree	28	0.6	-	0.6
Tertiary/bachelor degree	789	17.0	-	17.2
High diploma/ college	301	6.5	25.0	6.3
Primary vocational	145	3.1	-	3.1
Complete secondary	2 960	63.8	65.0	63.8
Basic	298	6.4	10.0	6.4
Primary	93	2.0	-	2.0
No education	26	0.6	-	0.6
Total		%	100.0	100.0
	No		40	4 600

Figure 3.3.
Education level of commercial sex workers, by proportion



Among commercial sex workers 17.0 percent are studying at universities, colleges and vocation training and production centers /figure 3.4/. Out of commercial sex workers who do not study 52.4 percent dropped out of school or university. This percentage further divides into 60.0 percent who left secondary school and 39.6 percent who quit university. At the same time 1.4 percent responded that they did not know what grade they had been studying before they dropped out of school.

Figure 3.4.**Stuyding at schooling type and percentage****Figure 3.5.****Commercial sex workers who dropped out of school, by cause and percentage**

The analysis of causes for dropping out of universities, colleges and vocational training and production centers and secondary schools shows that 52.3 percent of all commercial sex workers did so because of financial problems, 12.0 percent because of no interest in studying, 8.3 percent because of need to work, 1.4 percent because of no documentation, 1.3 percent because of parents' forbidding and 0.9 percent because of sickness.

Among those who dropped out of secondary school 41.7 percent quit schooling when they were in middle grade and 17.3 percent did so when they were studying at primary grade. Of those who left universities. 32.3 percent quit studying at the first year course, 55.2 percent at the second year course, 11.8 percent at the third year course and 0.7 percent at the fourth year course.

Out of commercial sex workers who quit universities and vocational training and production centers and those who never attended formal schooling 23.9 percent went to informal training as opposed to 76.1 percent who were not involved.

Every second commercial sex workers are religious or 60.4 percent are buddhist, 20.8 percent are christian and 18.8 percent are believers in shamanism.

The survey finds that 40.7 percent of commercial sex workers have been living in the current residential place less than five years whereas 59.3 percent have been living five and more years. Among commercial sex workers who have in-migrated 35.1 percent did so within the last one year and 64.9 percent within the last four years.

Figure 3.6.

Causes for non registration by commercial sex workers in present residential living, by percentage

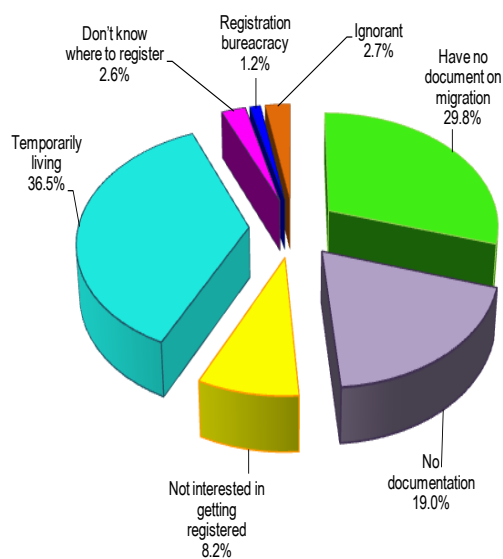
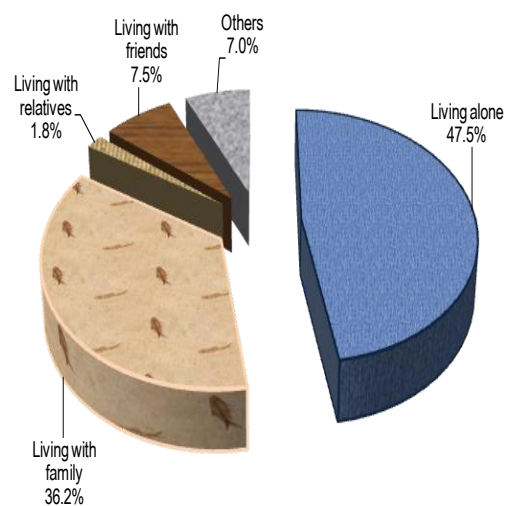
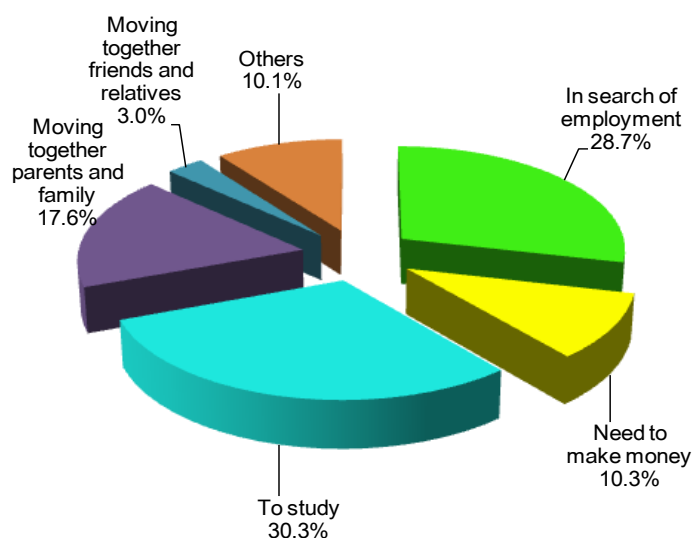


Figure 3.7.

In migrant commercial sex workers by co-habitant and percentage



Of in-migrant commercial sex workers 72.4 percent are registered with the administration unit of the territory wherein they have been currently residing. Figure 3.6 illustrates the key reasons for why they have not been registered.

Figure 3.8.**Causes for migration, by percentage**

As seen in Figure 3.8 on causes for migration by commercial sex workers three in every ten migrated in order to study and find employment and one in every five moved together with parents and families.

Among all commercial sex workers 57.3 percent are never married, 9.4 percent are married and 3.7 percent are widowed. The same picture or tendency is observed with sex disaggregated estimate which is shown in the following table.

Table 3.5.**Marital status of commercial sex workers by sex and proportion**

	All	Male	Female
Never married	57.3	65.0	57.2
Married	9.4	20.0	9.3
Live in partner	4.9	-	5
Live separately	6.1	-	6.2
Divorced	18.6	10.0	18.6
Widowed	3.7	5.0	3.7
Total			
%	100.0	100.0	100.0
No	4 640	40	4 600
Of which -No of the married	434	8	426

Family situation, family size and understanding relations with family members, family upbringing and code of ethics might impact on his/her behaviour and even push to engaging into commercial sex work. The current survey includes among its objectives to identify what

relations and understanding the respondents have with their families and whether they live with their families.

As per the survey results, one in two commercial sex workers occasionally have understanding relations with families and two in five commercial sex workers have very good understanding relations with families. On the contrary, 8 percent of all commercial sex workers who gave interviews said that they have no understanding relations with their families /figure 3.9/.

When this indicator is estimated by age groups, 55.7 percent of commercial sex workers of 18-34 years occasionally have understanding relations with their families, 37.1 percent have very good understanding relations as opposed to 7.2 percent who have no understanding relations with their families. For the age range of 40-44 the percentages are 76.2 percent for having very good understanding relations, 17.5 percent for having no understanding relations and 6.3 percent for occasional understanding relations. The estimate for the age range of 45-49 years shows that 69.1 percent have very good understanding relations with their families, 25.5 percent have occasional understanding relations and 5.4 percent have understanding relations with their families. All commercial sex workers aged 50 and above keep very good understanding relations with their families.

Figure 3.9.

Understanding relations with other members of family, by percentage

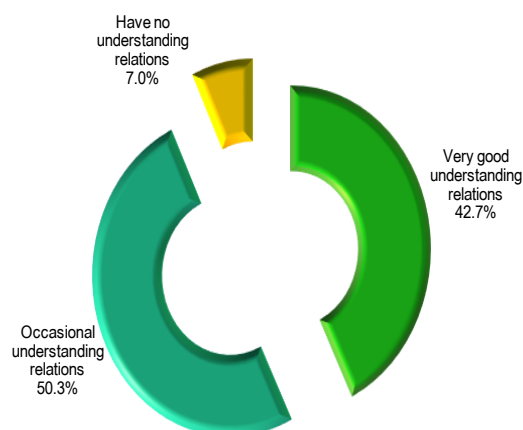
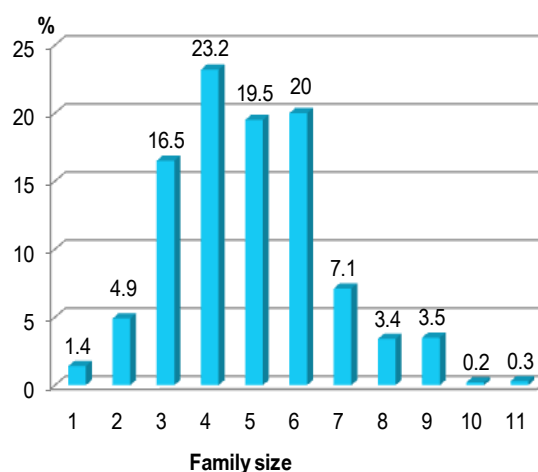


Figure 3.10.

family size of commercial sex workers, by percentage



Family size of every fifth commercial sex workers is comprised of 4-6 members. The above figure 3.10 witnesses that the average family size of commercial sex workers is 5 members.

The survey finds 72.6 percent of all commercial sex workers experience the pressure and abuse from other family members. As shown in Figure 3.11, every second commercial sex workers live under psychological abuse and threat and one in ten are scolded to bring money to feed family. Generally, they experience physical and psychological pressure.

Figure 3.11.

**Pressure and abuse from families,
by percentage**

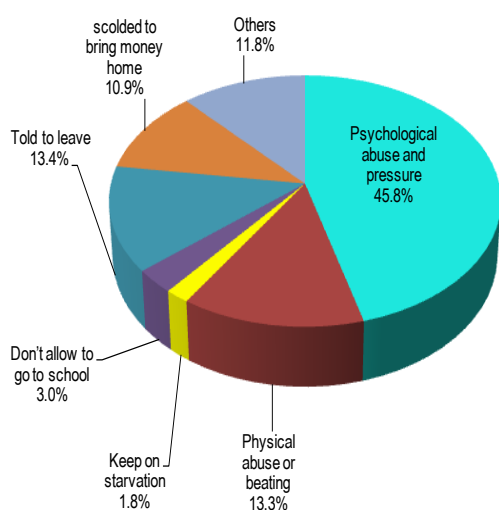
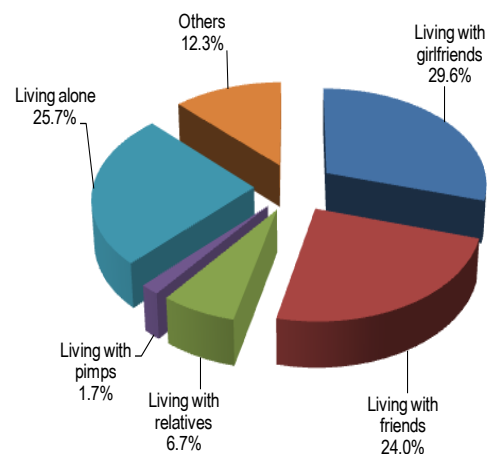


Figure 3.12.

**Commercial sex workers living
separately from their families,
by co-habitant and percentage**



Among commercial sex workers 42.5 percent do not live with their families. When these commercial sex workers are seen by whom they live with, three in ten live with boyfriend or girlfriend and one in five live on their own or with friends. /figure 3.12/.

Figure 3.13.
Commercial sex workers who have children,
by number of children and percentage

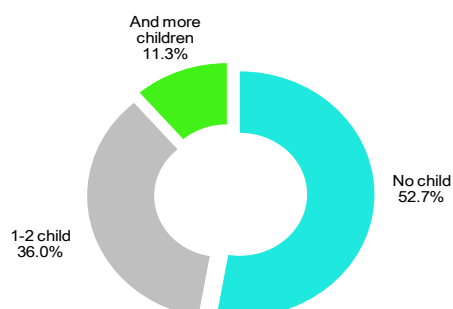
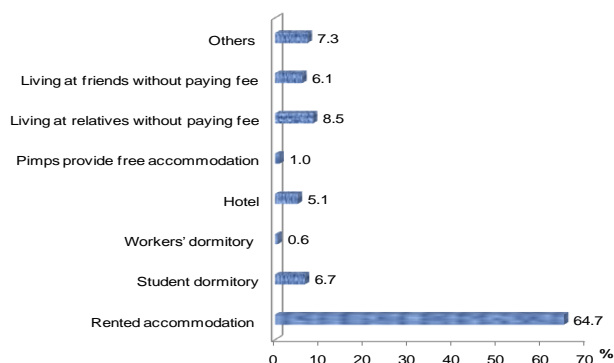


Figure 3.14.
Present living condition,
by percentage



Out of all commercial sex workers 52.7 percent have no children and 47.3 percent have children which further splits up into 76.2 percent for having one to two children and 23.8 percent for having three and more children. Every second commercial sex workers with children have a child under the age of 5.

While 38.6 percent of all commercial sex workers have their own housing or accommodation to live, 61.4 percent have no own housing. They live in dormitories and rented accommodation.

The survey finding shows that one in three commercial sex workers are employed in paid work in addition to their engagement in commercial sex work. When this indicator is estimated by age group, paid employment is found high among commercial sex workers of 21-24 years.

Table 3.6.

Employment of commercial sex workers by sex and proportion

Age group	All		Male		Female	
	Employed	Unemployed	Employed	Unemployed	Employed	Unemployed
18-20	8.4	14.4	73.1	14.3	7.1	14.4
21-24	39.9	27.8	19.2	-	40.3	27.9
25-29	21.1	22.2	-	-	21.5	22.4
30-34	14.8	16.7	7.7	-	14.9	16.8
35-39	12.9	12.1	-	-	13.2	12.1
40-44	1.7	5.0	-	57.1	1.7	4.8
45-49	1.2	1.2	-	28.6	1.3	1
50 and over years	-	0.6	-	-	-	0.6
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	No	1 347	3 293	26	1 321	3 279

When commercial sex workers with past and present employment are seen by age groups every in two had their first paid work when they were 18-20 year old. The same is true for one in five at the age of 21-24.

Of all commercial sex workers who had been employed in the past 29.2 percent quit the job because of low payment, 26.6 percent because of other reasons, 9.7 percent because of studying at universities and colleges, 8.9 percent because of poor work conditions and 7.2 percent of because of pressure and abuse from colleagues. And 4.1 percent had to leave the job due to pressure and abuse from employers while 6.7 percent percent got fired.

Figure 3.15.

Primary job in which commercial sex workers had been employed in, by age groups and percentage

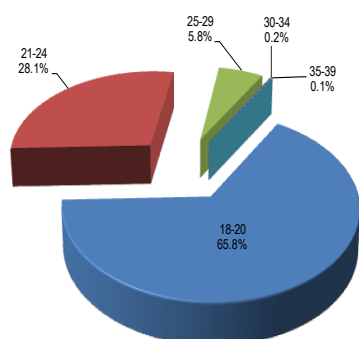
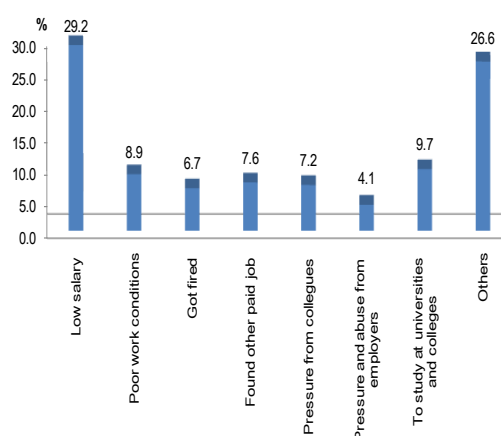


Figure 3.16.

Reasons for leaving the job, by percentage



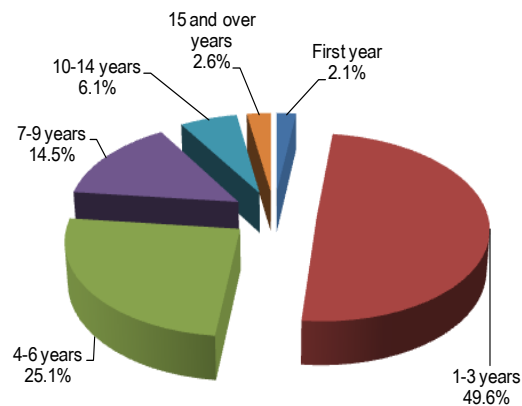
3.3 Engagement in commercial sex work

This section presents the survey findings on how long the respondents have been engaged in commercial sex work, what factors have led them to this way of living, what problems they are faced with and what their clients and pimps are like.

3.3.1. Duration of engagement in commercial sex work

On average, they have been engaged in commercial sex work for four years.

Figure 3.17.
Duration of engagement in commercial sex work, by percentage



Among commercial sex workers 49.6 percent have been engaged in this work for 1-3 years. The longest years of engagement in commercial sex work is 26 years for female and 12 years for male.

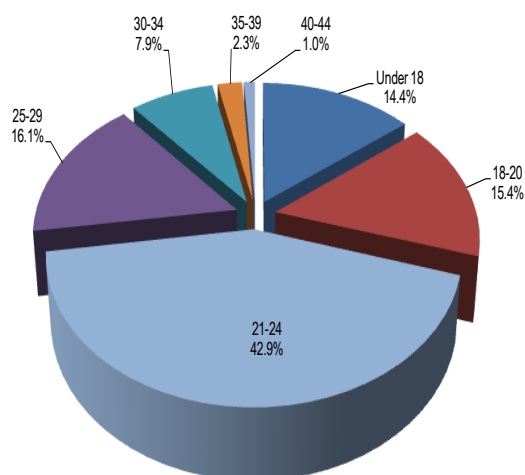
The analysis of duration of engagement in commercial sex work by location shows that about one in three working on street have been in this business for 15 and more years and one in two of all commercial sex workers engage in this business at big karaoke, bars and entertainment places. The same picture is observed when commercial sex workers are grouped by duration of engagement in commercial sex work.

Table 3.7.

Duration of engagement in commercial sex work by location and proportion

Duration	All		Of which : location of respondents					
			On street	Karaoke, bar and entertainment place				Sauna, massage
	No	%		Registered		Unregistered		
				Up to 30 seats	30 and more seats	Up to 30 seats	30 6a more seats	
Total	4 640	100.0	631	465	2 459	91	469	525
1 st year	97	100.0	22.7	0.0	53.6	12.4	7.2	4.1
1-3 years	2 303	100.0	12.7	13.5	46.9	2.6	9.8	14.5
4-6 years	1 162	100.0	12.0	8.3	60.3	0.9	10.2	8.3
7-9 years	673	100.0	11.4	5.8	59.7	0.0	10.8	12.3
10-14 years	285	100.0	23.2	0.0	59.6	3.2	11.2	2.8
15 and above years	120	100.0	28.4	15.8	45.8	0.0	10.0	0.0

Figure 3.18.
First engagement in commercial sex
work by age group and percentage



The average age is 23 with the youngest age being 14 and the oldest age being 44 according to the estimate of age groups at which the respondents started engaging in commercial sex work. In general, 14.1 percent of commercial sex workers started engaging in this business when they were under 18 years.

Table 3.8.

Number of commercial sex workers by age at which they started prostituting,
by age group, location and proportion

Age group at which the respondents started engaging in commercial sex work	All	Of which : location of respondents					
		On street	Karaoke, bar and entertainment place				Sauna and massage places
			Registered		Unregistered		
			Up to 30 seats	With 30 and more seats	Up to 30 seats	With 30 and more seats	
Total	100.0	14.2	8.7	57.1	-	10.1	9.9
Under 18	100.0	3.5	5.3	76.0	1.5	2.5	11.2
18-20	100.0	10.0	11.7	52.5	2.7	10.9	12.2
21-24	100.0	19.6	10.4	46.3	1.6	8.3	13.8
25-29	100.0	26.0	10.7	37.3	3.0	15.9	7.1
30-34	100.0	53.2	17.8	-	3.7	17.8	7.5
35-39	100.0	27.1	-	14.6	-	58.3	-
40-44	100.0	13.6	10.0	53.0	2.0	10.1	11.3

3.3.2. Causes for engaging in commercial sex work

Need to earn money is prevalent for primary and current reasons for engagement in commercial sex work. One in two commercial sex workers have cited this as their ongoing reason for engagement in commercial sex. The second major reason is driven by the need of earning money to cover tuition cost and feed family. One in every ten commercial sex workers have stated this need.

Out of commercial sex workers, 80.9 percent are unaware of their engagement in commercial sex.

Figure 3.19.
Person who recruited into first engagement
in commercial sex work, by percentage

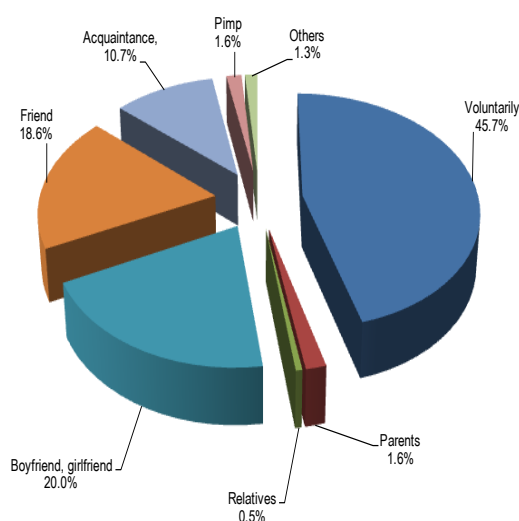
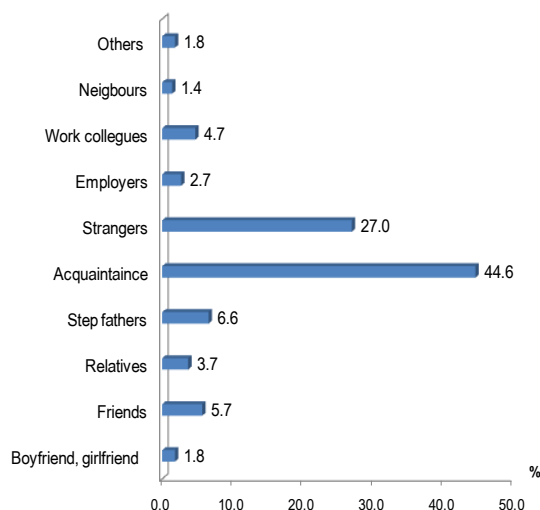


Figure 3.20.
First person who raped,
by percentage



As illustrated in Figure 3.19 two in every five commercial sex workers started engaging in paid sex due to their own interest and curiosity whereas one in two was first lured into paid sex by their boyfriend, girlfriend and acquaintance.

Among all commercial sex workers 10.5 percent were raped before they started engaging in commercial sex with break up of 86.5 percent being raped once, 8.8 percent being raped twice, 1.0 percent being raped three times and 3.7 percent being raped four and more times. Two in five commercial sex workers who had been raped before their engagement in paid sex were raped by their acquaintances. /Figure 3.20/.

3.3.3. Places at which commercial sex workers engage in paid sex

When primary and present sites where commercial sex workers find their clients are compared, the percentage has risen for sex workers who provide service on call basis by clients. Three in ten commercial sex workers disseminate their phone numbers and one in five contact clients through reference call number. One in ten commercial sex workers provide service to clients through contact mediated by hotel receptionists, pimps, security staff, friends and TV chatline.

Figure 3.21.

Place at which commercial sex workers started finding clients, by percentage

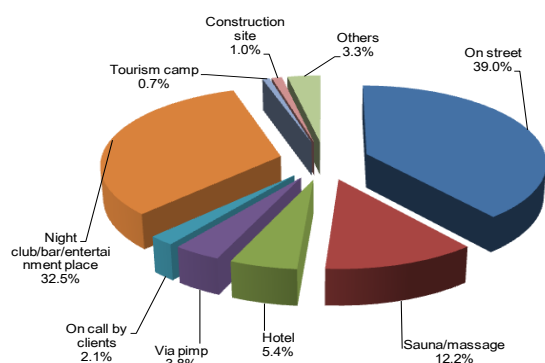


Figure 3.22.

Place at which commercial sex workers are finding clients, by percentage

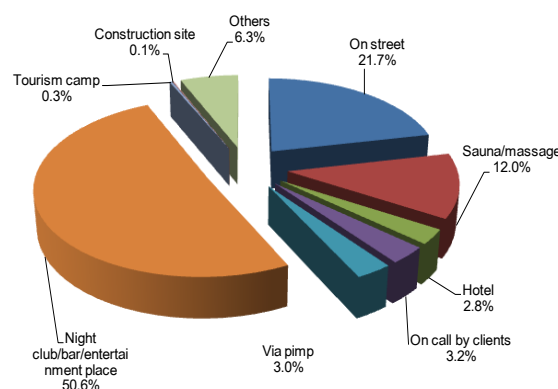


Table 3.9.
Location at which commercial sex workers find first and present clients, by percentage

Location	No of commercial sex workers		Primary and present locations		Difference
	Primary	Present	Primary	Present	
On street	1 810	1 005	39.0	21.7	-17.3
Sauna/massage	564	557	12.2	12.0	-0.2
Hotel	250	128	5.4	2.8	-2.6
on call by clients	96	147	2.1	3.2	1.1
Via pimp	176	141	3.8	3.0	-0.8
Night club/bar/entertainment place	1 509	2 350	32.5	50.6	18.1
Tourism camp	34	13	0.7	0.3	-0.4
Construction site	48	5	1.0	0.1	-0.9
Others	153	294	3.3	6.3	3.0
Total	%	-	100.0	100.0	-
	No	4 640	-	-	-

Of commercial sex workers 38.8 percent have changed their location of finding clients in the last year. The reasons for change in location are to increase their income and work under safe and acceptable conditions (38.2 percent), to have no specific reason or just in case (24.4 percent), to avoid police control and pressure (8.7 percent) and to have other reasons (1.7 percent). And 0.8 percent of commercial sex workers have changed the location because they had conflict with their pimps.

Recently, commercial sex workers are increasingly working overseas. According to the survey finding, 4.9 percent of commercial sex workers worked overseas out of which 25.8 percent did not initially know that they would be engaged in sex work when they were trafficked.

Figure 3.23.

Countries in which commercial sex workers engaged in sex work, by percentage

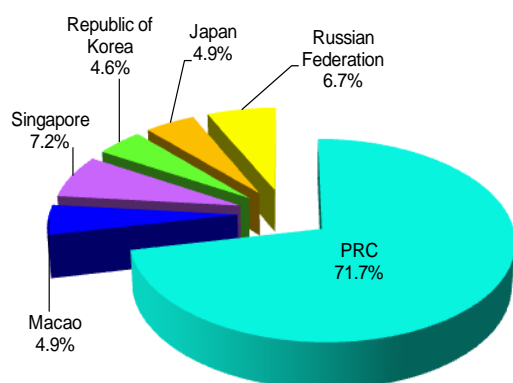
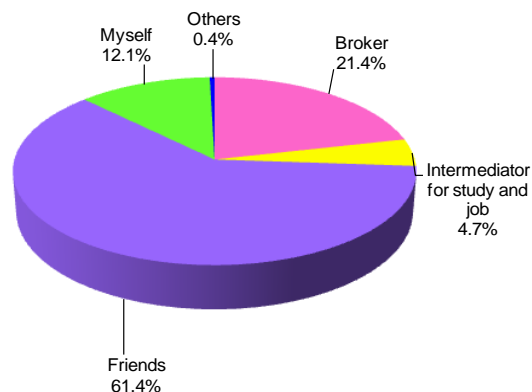


Figure 3.24.

Persons who facilitated commercial sex workers to traffick overseas, by percentage



3.3.4. Income from commercial sex and its expenditure

Among commercial sex workers 99.4 percent are paid in cash by clients and the remaining 0.6 percent receive payment in non cash means. Of all commercial sex workers 92.2 percent are directly paid by clients while 5.4 percent are paid through pimps. And 2.6 percent are paid either directly or through pimps.

61.2 percent of commercial sex workers earn 200.0-500.0 thousand tugriks per month.

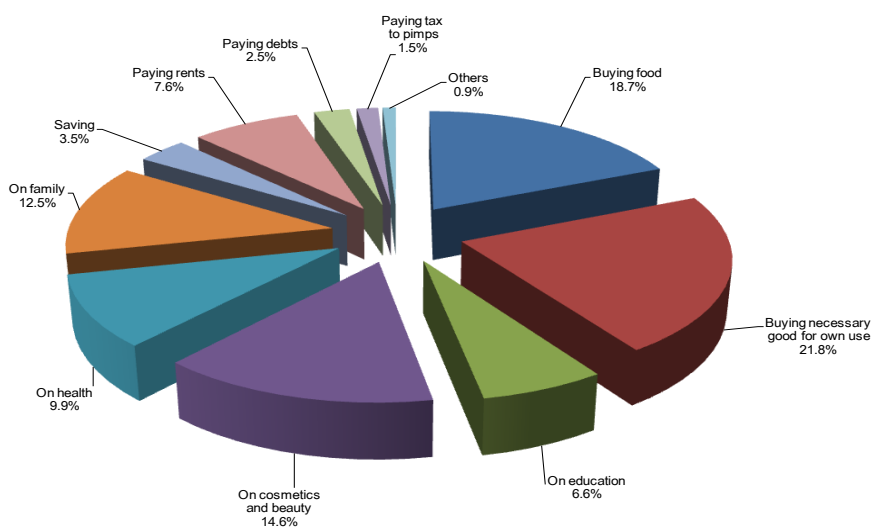
Table 3.10.

Monthly income of commercial sex workers, by sex and percentage

Income	All	Male	Female
Up to 50000	0.9	-	0.9
50000-99999	1.5	-	1.6
100000-199999	9.6	10.0	9.6
200000-299999	15.9	12.5	16.0
300000-399999	27.7	25.0	27.7
400000-499999	17.7	52.5	17.3
500000-599999	7.2	-	7.2
600000-699999	10.4	-	10.5
700000-799999	3.0	-	3.0
800000 and above	6.1	-	6.2
Total			
%	100.0	100.0	100.0
No	4 640	40	4 600

Of commercial sex workers 21.9 percent spend their income on buying necessary goods for own use and 18.8 percent spend on buying food. The following figure demonstrates the income expenditure.

Figure 3.25
Expenditure of income by commercial sex workers, by percentage



3.3.5. Characteristics of clients and pimps

The current section presents the detailed information on pimps and clients of commercial sex workers.

Clients

The survey finds that commercial sex workers serve 3 clients on average every day. The median age of clients is 34 with the youngest being 15 year old and the oldest being 80 year old.

Among commercial sex workers 48.1 percent served foreign clients. When these sex workers who have foreign clients are seen by age groups 36.0 percent are 21-24 year old, 26.7 percent are 25-29 year old, 22.5 percent are 30-34 year old, 6.0 percent are 35-34 year old, 5.9 percent are 18-20 year old, 1.7 percent are 40-44 year old and 1.2 percent are 45-49 year old. Every third foreign client is citizen of the Republic of China /figure 3.27/.

Of the total commercial sex workers 50.2 percent received an offer from clients to do different thing rather than having sex. Among the offers 55.1 percent were asking for dating, 14.8 percent were inviting to work overseas, 11.9 percent were doing different job other than engaging in paid sex, 7.7 percent were to marry and 10.5 percent were other offers.

And 51.2 percent of commercial sex workers were asked to find other girls and women /figure 3.26/.

Figure 3.26.

Persons who proposed to recruit new women and girls, by percentage

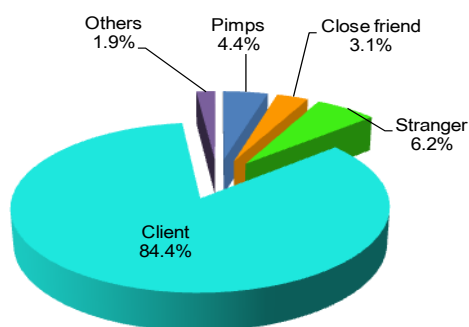
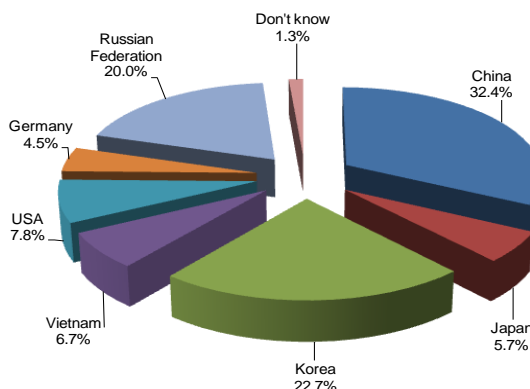


Figure 3.27.

Foreign clients, by percentage



Pimps

According to the survey finding 16.5 percent of commercial sex workers find their clients through pimps. Commercial sex workers who work with pimps are all female.

Out of pimps 51.9 percent are female and one in every two pimps is in the age range of 25-34.

Figure 3.28.

Commercial sex workers who are controlled by pimps, by age group and percentage

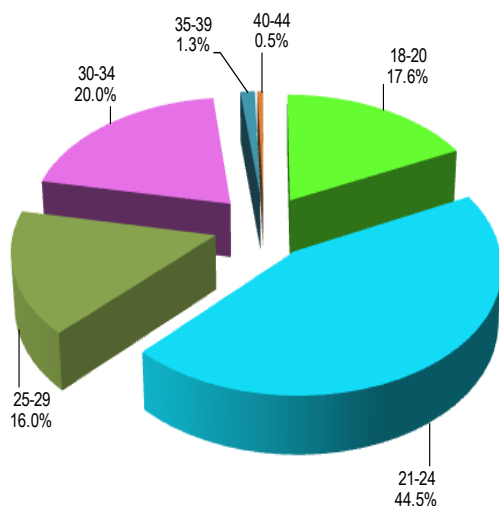
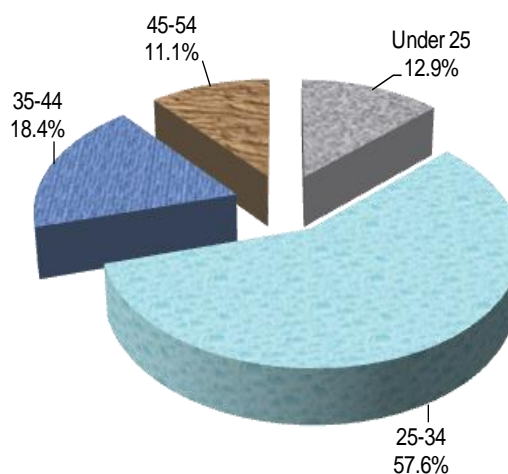


Figure 3.29.

Pimps, by age group and percentage

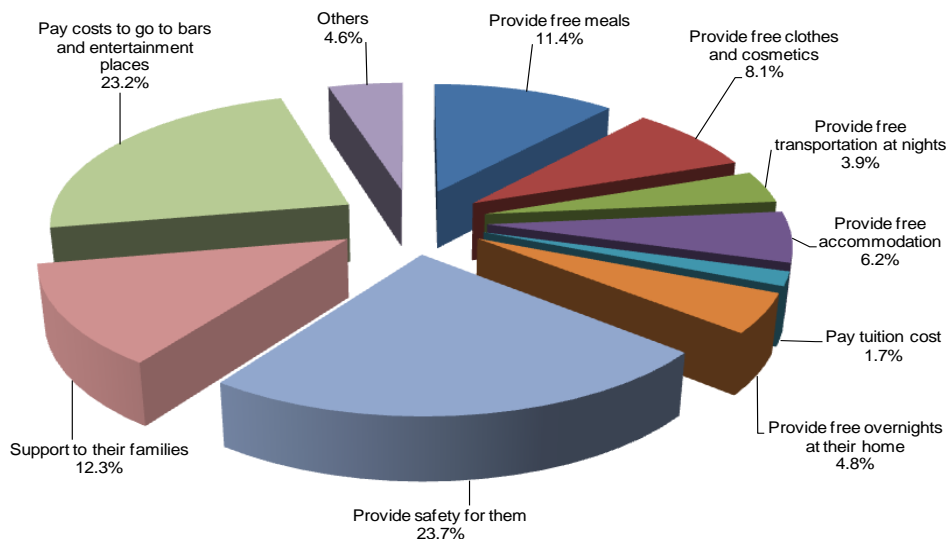


Among commercial sex workers who work with pimps 59.8 percent did not know their pimps at all when started working with them while 26.4 percent knew them a little and 13.8 percent knew them well. When how sex workers met their pimps is seen 62.3 percent responded that they met pimps through their friends, 28.3 percent initiated themselves to meet pimps, 5.0 percent had their boyfriend and girlfriend working as pimp, 3.2 percent had met pimps by other reasons and 1.2 percent had very close relations. When the respondents were asked if they are able to leave pimps when they want 50.9 percent said yes, 19.8 percent stated “don’t know” and 16.3 percent answered “it depends”. And 13.0 percent of sex workers responded that they are not able to leave pimps. The reasons for not being able to leave pimps are physical and psychological abuse and threat (77.8 percent) and desperate

need of having money (19.2 percent). 3.0 percent of commercial sex workers who are unable to leave their pimps answered that they do not know why they can't go away from pimps.

Figure 3.30.

**Pimp support to commercial sex workers,
by percentage**



3.3.6. Difficulties and problems encountered to commercial sex workers

Commercial sex workers quite often go in conflict with their clients and pimps and fall to their abuse and pressure. The present survey has captured, as well, what problems are encountered to commercial sex workers.

Among commercial sex workers 49.1 percent got injured during the service and 87.6 percent of injuries were caused by clients.

Out of all commercial sex workers 63.4 percent responded that clients occasionally exert pressure to them while 10.6 percent and 26.0 percent answered that clients occasionally and never exert pressure, respectively.

Figure 3.31.
Pressure and abuse from clients,
by percentage

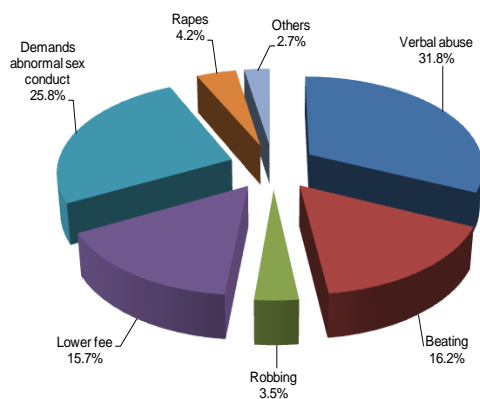
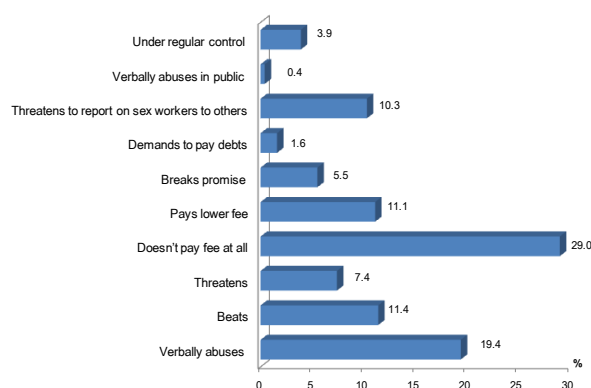


Figure 3.32.
Pressure and abuse by pimps,
by percentage



When commercial sex workers are in danger they ask protection from police /47.3 percent/, friends /19.7 percent/, work partners /5.5 percent/, pimps /4.5 percent/, parents and other relatives /4.2 percent/, spouses /3.0 percent/ and non governmental organizations /1.9 percent/. Some of them who are in danger never ask anyone for protection /13.9 percent/.

Of commercial sex workers 49.2 percent were legally punished for their engagement in sex work. This percentage is broken down into 52.0 percent who were fined, 44.9% who were arrested and held in detention centers, 3.0 percent were verdicted with criminal code and 1.0 percent were warned.

3.4 Health and knowledge of sexually transmitted infections, AIDS/HIV

The average age at which sex workers engaged in first sexual intercourse is 19 years with the youngest age being 13 years. The age disaggregation of this finding reveals that 50.9 percent has first sexual intercourse at the age of 16-18, 42.8 percent at the age of 19-21, 3.6 percent at the age of 13-15 and 2.7 percent at the age of 22 and above.

Sex partners in their first sexual intercourse were boyfriends or girlfriends (57.5 percent), acquaintances (21.8 percent), spouses (16.8 percent) and strangers (3.9 percent).

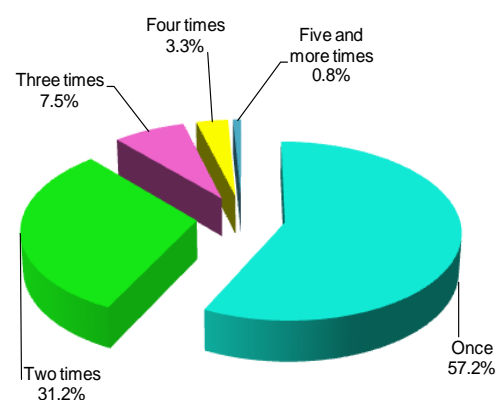
Of commercial sex workers 40.0 percent went into first sexual intercourse out of their own interest and curiosity, 30.7 percent upon mutual agreement, 23.1 percent without planning or

accidentally, 3.3 percent were raped, 2.8 percent were deceived and 0.1 percent had first paid sex.

Table 3.11.
Condition and client during the first sexual intercourse, by percentage

First sex partner	All	Volun- tarily	Mutually agreed	Accidentally or unplanned	Raped	Deceived	Paid sex work
With husband/wife	776	32.0	9.9	1.6	1.9	15.4	25.0
boyfriend/girlfriend	2 668	63.1	69.2	43.9	6.5	23.8	-
Acquaintance	1 014	4.9	20.9	50.0	24.1	37.7	75.0
Stranger	182	-	-	4.5	67.5	23.1	-
Total							
	%	-	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	NO	4 640	1 856	1 424	1 072	154	130
							4

Figure 3.33.
**Number of abortions by commercial
sex workers, by percentage**



Out of commercial sex workers 52.3 percent had abortion. This indicator estimated by age groups shows the following results: 28.3 percent of commercial sex workers in the years of 25-29, 23.0 percent in the years of 30-34, 21.4 percent in the years of 21-24, 12.1 percent in the years of 35-39, 8.6 percent in the years of 18-20, 4.9 percent in the years of 40-44 and 1.7 percent in the years of 45-49. Thus, the abortion rate is the highest among commercial sex workers of 21-34 years.

Three in every five commercial sex workers go into sexual intercourse with their clients and one in every ten sex workers do so with their boyfriends, girlfriends and friends.

Table 3.12.
Commercial sex workers and their frequent clients, by age group and percentage

Age group	All		Boyfriend /girlfriend	Spouse	Friend	Clients	Pimps	Others
	No	%						
18-20	586	100.0	7.2	3.2	12.8	76.1	0.7	-
21-24	1 452	100.0	18.0	1.2	17.0	63.0	-	0.8
25-29	1 017	100.0	24.5	2.3	16.0	56.7	-	0.5
30-34	750	100.0	6.5	6.7	12.7	71.9	2.1	0.1
35-39	572	100.0	12.6	19.9	3.3	64.2	-	-
40-44	189	100.0	-	14.8	-	84.7	-	0.5
45-49	55	100.0	3.7	12.7	7.3	72.7	-	3.6
50 and above years	19	100.0	-	-	-	100.0	-	-
Total	4 640	-	675	259	602	3 063	20	21

Of sex workers 97.9 percent use condom. The percentage further divides into 62.3 percent for regular use, 23.0 percent for frequent use and 14.7 percent for occasional use.

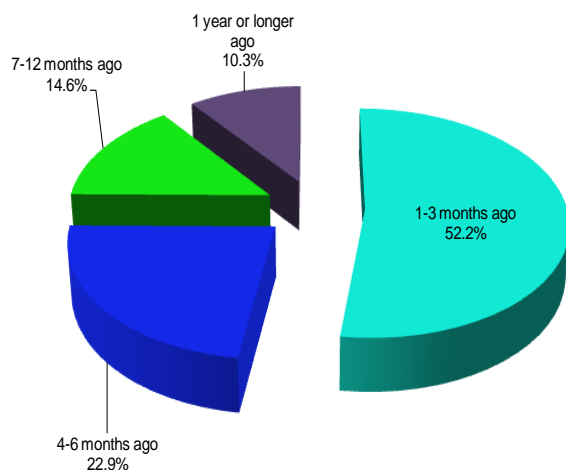
When commercial sex workers covered by the survey were asked how sexually transmitted infections are contacted 92.2 percent said through having sex, 2.8 percent stated through unhygiene injections and 2.2 percent answered that they do not know. As for 0.6 percent sexually transmitted infections are contacted through kissing and 0.1 percent think the infection occurs through blood contact.

The survey finds 48.8 percent know well about symptoms of sexually transmitted infections and 41.6 percent know a little while 9.6 percent have no knowledge at all.

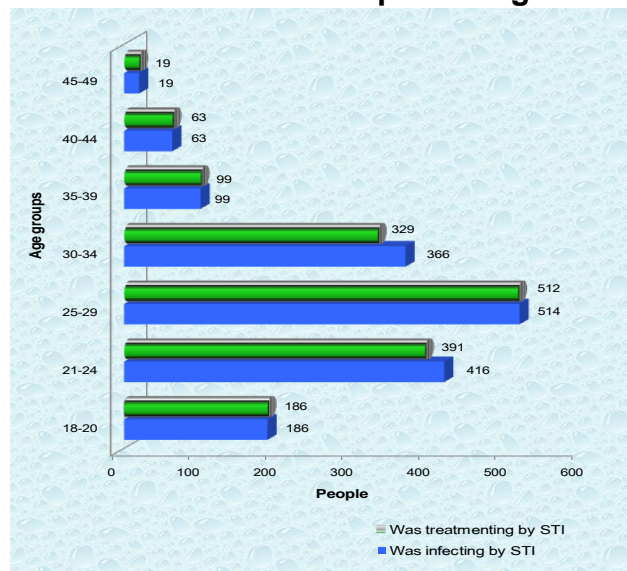
Out of commercial sex workers 51.3 percent are covered by medical analysis of sexually transmitted infections on occasional basis whereas 35.7 percent have regular analysis made. And 13.0 percent never had medical analysis of STIs.

Figure 3.34.

Timing when covered by last STI analysis, by percentage

**Figure 3.35.**

Commercial sex workers infected by STI, by receiving or not receiving treatment and percentage



Among commercial sex workers 35.8 percent were infected with sexually transmitted infections with 96.2 of them having received medical treatment. Those commercial sex workers who were not medically treated or involved in medical analysis pose themselves to risk to AIDS/HIV infection and any health complication afterwards.

3.5 Consumption of alcohol and drugs

About 76.6 percent of commercial sex workers occasionally consume alcohol. Regular alcohol consumers are estimated to be 7.3 percent and excessive users account for 1.1 percent. 15 percent of commercial sex workers never consume alcohol.

Table 3.13.

**Alcohol consumption of commercial sex workers
by age groups and percentage**

Age groups	All	Occasionally	Regular	Excessive	Never
18-20	586	13.1	13.9	0.0	10.6
21-24	1452	33.8	24.2	3.9	24.1
25-29	1017	23.8	15.3	32.7	15.1
30-34	750	14.4	27.7	26.9	18.6
35-39	572	10.0	10.0	9.6	25.4
40-44	189	3.5	6.8	23.1	4.2
45-49	55	0.9	2.1	3.8	2.0
50 and above years	19	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	%	-	100.0	100.0	100.0
	No	4 640	3 554	337	51
				51	698

As with 2.5 percent of commercial sex workers they use drugs and medicine and substance which effect on psychology. Every one in two commercial sex workers who use these psychoactive drugs and medicine are in the years of 25-29, every one in five are in the years of 18-20 and 21-24 and every one in ten are in the years of 30-34 and 40-44. Of these drug and medicine addict sex workers 20.9 percent plant and use cannabis and 20.0 percent smoke nicotine while 6.1 percent inhale glue, 5.2 percent smoke rapeseed and 2.6 percent inject themselves with cocaine. 45.2 percent of commercial sex workers do not know what drug or medicine they consume and what grass they smoke. Among all commercial sex workers 16.6 percent use antidepressant medicine with one in every ten taking it occasionally.

3.6 Knowledge about human trafficking crime and its tendency

The survey respondents or commercial sex workers covered by the survey answered that they have heard of human trafficking (93.6%) when they were asked during the survey interviews. Furthermore, the respondents said they are prone to risk of falling victim to human trafficking (90.8 percent).

3.7 Future intentions

One of the objectives of the survey is to identify what future intentions and dreams commercial sex workers have so that this data can be used for improving legal and judicial protection and ensuring their social integration.

Of commercial sex workers 77.1 percent want to study or work overseas. When they were asked what they would do if someone makes offer to work or study overseas 47.8 percent answered it depends on who makes offer and 23.3 percent said they would accept the offer. At the same time, 19.3 percent stated they would not take the offer and 9.6 percent responded they don't know.

During the discussion on their future intentions at the interview, one in every five commercial sex workers intend to find regular paid employment and start private business while one in ten want to obtain own housing, have good life, study and acquire profession.

Figure 3.36.
Future intention of commercial sex workers,
by percentage

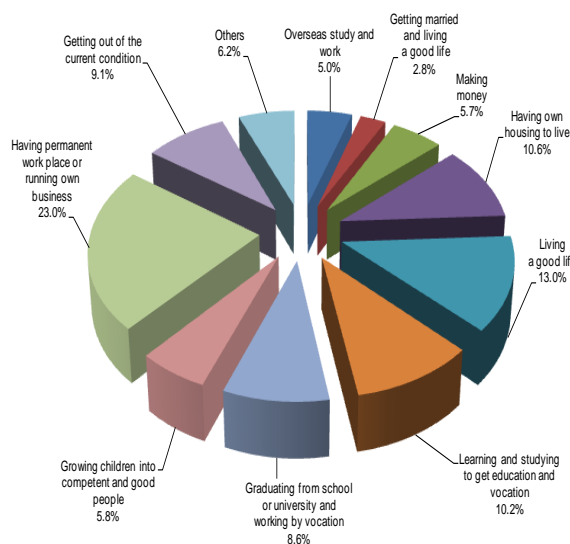
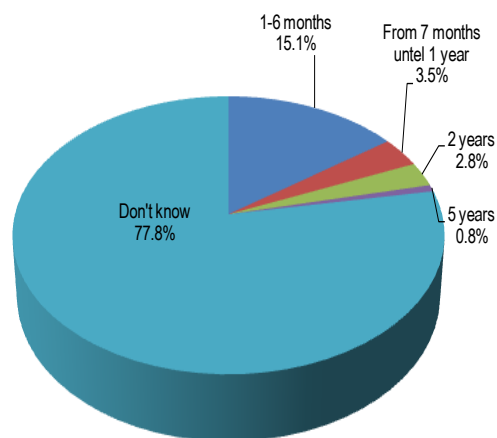


Figure 3.37.
Intended duration in future to engage
in commercial sex, by percentage



According to the survey 71.8 percent of commercial sex workers think they can stop their paid sex work. Meanwhile 14.2 percent said it depends and 9.9 percent do not know if they can stop this work. Commercial sex workers who think they are unable to stop this work accounts for 4.1 percent. The main reasons why they cannot stop their engagement in

commercial sex are desperate need of earning money (60.5 percent), having no housing to live in (4.7 percent), being unable to find employment (3.7 percent) and having no other easy means to make money (3.2 percent). 20 percent answered they do not know why they cannot stop paid sex work and 7.9 percent cited other reasons than mentioned earlier.

CHAPTER 4

SEXUALLY EXPLOITED CHILDREN

Chapter 4. Sexually exploited children

This chapter presents the results of the survey which captures the ages and general characteristics of children in sexual exploitation as well as their health and knowledge of sexually transmitted infections, AIDS/HIV. It also identifies if children in sexual exploitation consume alcohol and what views they hold are about human trafficking.

4.1 Number of children in sexual exploitation, by age group, district and location

Out of the total respondents captured by the survey who engaged in commercial sex work 43 or 0.9 percent are found to be children in sexual exploitation. Four in five sexually exploited children find their clients at karaokes, bars and entertainment places with up to 30 seats. Among sexually exploited children captured by the survey 95.3 percent are 17 year old and 4.7 percent are 15 year old girls.

Figure 4.1

Children in sexual exploitation, by district and percentage

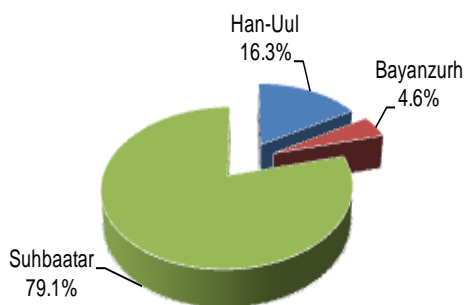
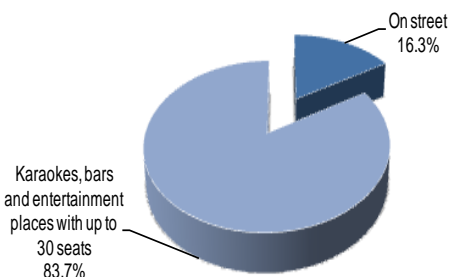


Figure 4.2

Children in sexual exploitation, by location and percentage



Out of sexually exploited girls 4.7 percent fell victim to first sexual exploitation at the age of 14 and 95.3 percent at the age of 16.

4.2 General characteristics of sexually exploited children

When sexually exploited girls which have been covered by the survey are seen by education level 14.0 percent are found studying at colleges, 46.5 percent have primary education and 39.5 percent have no education. Almost nine in ten sexually exploited girls

dropped out of school due to financial difficulties (Table 4.1). School drop out girls have not attended any informal education training.

Table 4.1

Causes for school drop out by sexually exploited children, by grades at which he/she dropped out

Grade	Financial difficulty	Need to work	Lack of document /registration	All
5	88.2	11.8	-	100.0
8	-	-	100.0	100.0
9	88.2	11.8	-	100.0
	81.1	10.8	8.1	100.0

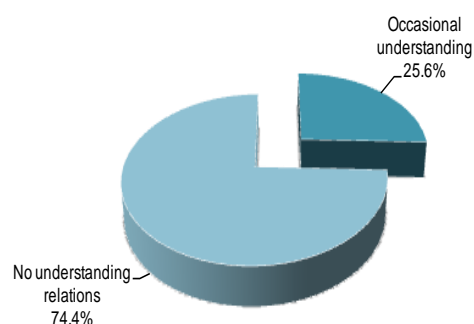
Girls who are studying at college find their clients at service organizations.

Out of sexually exploited girls 34.9 percent have been living in the current residential place up to 1 year while 51.2 percent and 14.0 percent have been living for 1-4 years and 5 and above years respectively. More than 40 percent of girls who migrated to the city are not registered with the administration unit in the current residential territory. They haven't been registered because of lack of documents (88.2 percent) and lack of certifying document on migration. Predominant number of in-migrant girls live on their own (81.1 percent) and the remaining number of girls have moved to the city with their families (18.9 percent). The reasons for migrating to the city are accompanying their friends and relatives as stated by 40.5 percent, studying cited by 37.8 percent, accompanying their parents and families as said by 16.2 percent and to search employment as per 5.4 percent.

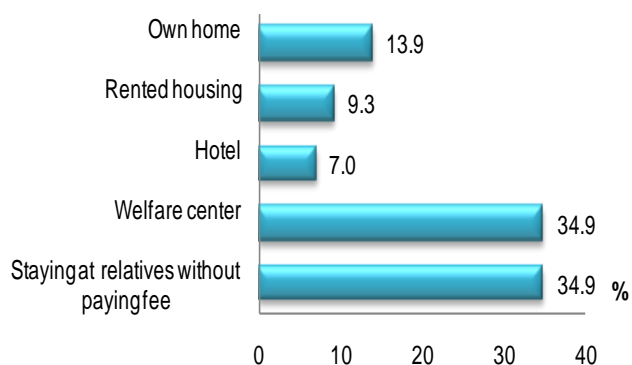
Childhood and family play an essential role in shaping and maturing the behaviour of individuals. The survey finds that three in four sexually exploited girls have no understanding relations with their families (Figure 4.3).

Figure 4.3

Understanding relations between girls in sexual exploitation and their family members, by percentage

**Figure 4.4**

Living place of children in sexual exploitation, by percentage



When the girls in sexual exploitation were asked if they experience any pressure and abuse from their families one in three answered they are psychologically stressed and abused, beaten and scolded to leave home. One in five sexually exploited girls or 23.3 percent responded that they live on their own while 34.9 percent answered living with their friends. And 6.9 percent of sexually exploited girls co-habit with their boyfriends. One in seven sexually exploited girls have their own housing and the rest of the girls responded that they live at relatives' welfare centers and rented housing (Figure 4,4). One in two sexually exploited children had been engaged in paid work before (Table 4.2). Need to get employed might have influenced the girls to drop out of school.

Table 4.2

Children employment before falling into sexual exploitation, by district

Districts	Past employment		All	Past employment age	
	No	Yes		14 years	15 years
Han-Uul	25.0	75.0	100.0	-	100.0
Bayanzurh	100.0	-	100.0	-	-
Suhbaatar	54.5	45.5	100.0	100.0	-
Total	48.8	51.2	100.0	100.0	100.0

4.3 Sexual exploitation and causes

This section deals with causes for sexual exploitation, engagement in commercial sex, factors which led them to commercial sex, persons who lured them into this business and problems faced to them.

Five in ten sexually exploited children went to engage in commercial sex work in order to earn money, two in ten to pay debts and two in ten to feed their families. More than 80 percent of sexually exploited girls started engaging in commercial sex voluntarily while 14.0 percent were lured by their boyfriends into this business. Furthermore, 4.6 percent answered that pimps lured them to engage in commercial sex. Families of these sexually exploited girls are unaware of their engagement in commercial sex work.

Figure 4.5

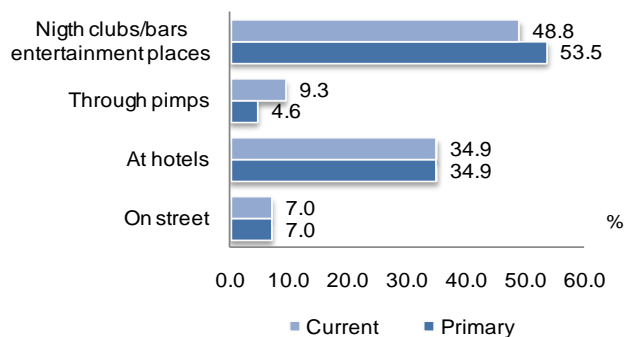
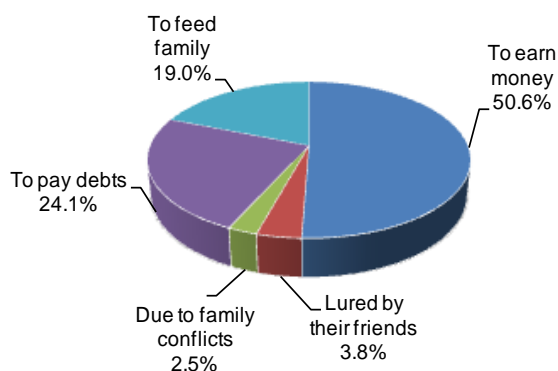
Place at which they usually find clients, by percentage

Figure 4.6

Primary reason for falling in sexual exploitation, by percentage

The fact that 7.0 percent of the girls are found working on street reveal that underaged girls are not always exposed to work outside. When the girls were asked if they changed their work locations 95.3 percent responded “no” and the remaining percent said that did so just in case. To the question if they had been raped before, 44.2 percent answered yes out of which nine in ten girls were raped by their stepfathers. This data can lead to the conclusion that there is high likelihood of children who fell victim to sex violence to engage into commercial sex.

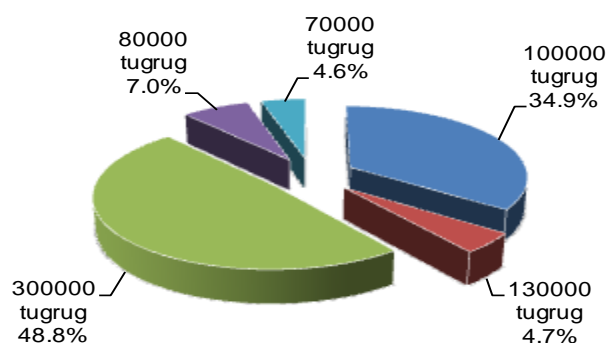
As shown in Figure 4.6, girls are sexually exploited due to the following factors: difficult and poor livelihood of families, rapes within families, financial problems, naive curiosity and being easy preys to lures by others.

One in ten sexually exploited girls work with pimps through whom they receive their payment for services. The remaining percent of girls are directly paid for their services. All girls who work with pimps owe debts to them. Pimps are often to be women of 21-30 years and the girls either knew pimps before, had very close relations or met them through friends.

Pimps sometimes beat, threaten and demand girls to pay debts, verbally abuse them in public and menace to announce on their engagement in commercial sex. In the meantime pimps provide free transportation for girls at nights, allow them stay at their homes free and invite them to bars and entertainment places.

Figure 4.7

Average monthly income of girls in sexual exploitation, by percentage



A majority of the sexually exploited girls (in cumulative number) spend their income on buying necessary goods for their own use (76.7 percent) and buying food (51.2 хувь). As well they spend on studying (48.8 percent), supporting families (46.5 percent), paying debts (46.5 percent), beauty and cosmetics (14.0 percent), paying housing rent (4.7 percent) and health (4.7 percent).

The current reasons for engagement in commercial sex work by girls are (in cumulative number) own interest and curiosity (14.0 percent), following their friends (41.9 percent), need to feed family (9.3 percent), earning money to pay tuition (14.0 percent) and paying the debts to pimps (9.3 percent).

Among sexually exploited girls 7.0 percent were injured by clients during the service.

The girls are occasionally verbally abused, robbed and underpaid and they sometimes face with abnormal demands (39.5 percent) and get beaten (4.7 percent).

The girls serve 1-5 clients per day and the age range of clients is between 18 to 50. Almost one in five girls serve foreign clients usually from People's Republic of China, Japan, Republic of Korea, Vietnam, United States of America, Federal Republic of Germany and Russian Federation. Of the girls 88.4 percent said that they did not receive an offer from clients other than to have sex with them while 4.6 percent were offered to engage in other job and 7.0 percent to marry. At the same time, 7.0 percent of the girls stated that they were asked by clients to find other women and girls. Over 80 percent of sexually exploited girls referred first to police when they fell in danger while 7.0 percent referred to their work partners 4.7 percent to their pimps and 4.7 percent referred to nobody for assistance. Among sexually exploited girls 41.9 percent were arrested and fined for engagement in paid sex. Of all the girls 51.2 percent do not know how long they will be engaged in commercial sex work whereas 14.0 percent said they will do so one month more and 34.9 percent responded to engage in commercial sex for 6 months more. When the question was asked if the girls can stop their commercial sex at any time all the girls said yes save for 4.7 percent who answered it depends on particular condition at that time.

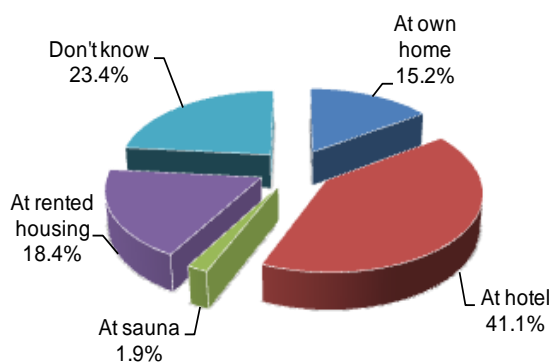
4.4 Complementary data on children in sexual exploitation

During the survey undertaking, complementary data on sexual exploitation of children was collected from over 600 commercial sex workers on street who have been captured by the survey interviews. It should be mentioned hereby that these survey respondents were refusing first to give any complementary information out of fear of being exposed to any potential risk or damage later.

Based on the complementary data the survey estimates in average that there are more than 140 sexually exploited children. This finding might imply that most of the sexually exploited children work underground with strict control of pimps. Pimps keep the children at hotel, rented housing and at their home (in ger districts such as Salhit, Hanin Material, Dari Eh, Tavan Shaari Eh, Tavan Shar, Altan Ulgii, Hailaast, 7 buudaal etc). When the question was asked if the pimps regularly change the staying places of girls 22.2 percent of the respondents who said that girls are located at hotels stated that this happens regularly. As with the respondents who answered that girls are located at rented housing 12.7 percent stated that pimps regularly change rented housing. This data suggests that pimps do not frequently change the staying places of girls.

Figure 4.8

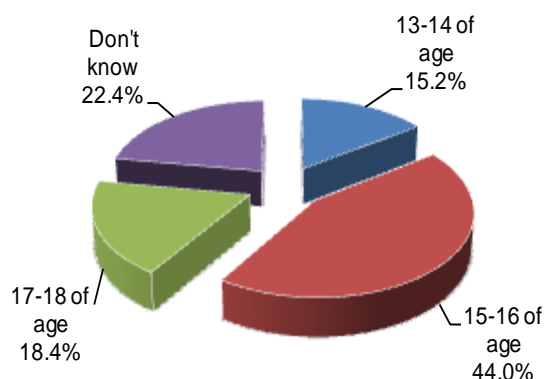
Temporary shelter for children in sexual exploitation, by percentage*



Source: *-Complementary data

Figure 4.9

Age composition of children in sexual exploitation, by percentage*

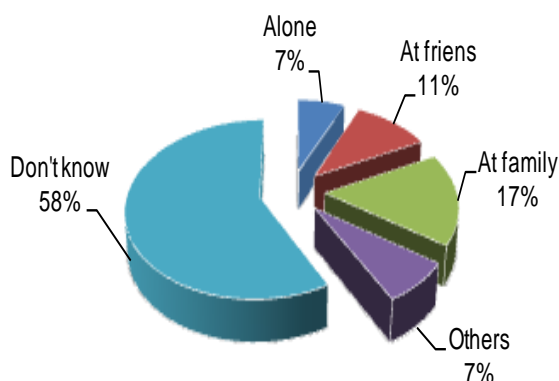


Source: *-Complementary data

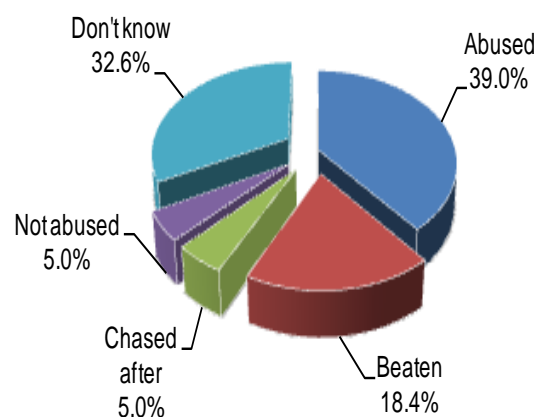
When the respondents were asked conditions in which sexually exploited girls live in 50 percent said they don't know because they haven't been there whereas 25.5 percent, 10.2 percent and 8.2 percent described as poor, acceptable and neither good nor bad, respectively. The complementary data shows that the youngest age among the sexually exploited girls is 13 years (Figure 4.9).

Figure 4.10

Pimps for children in sexual exploitation, by percentage

**Figure 4.11**

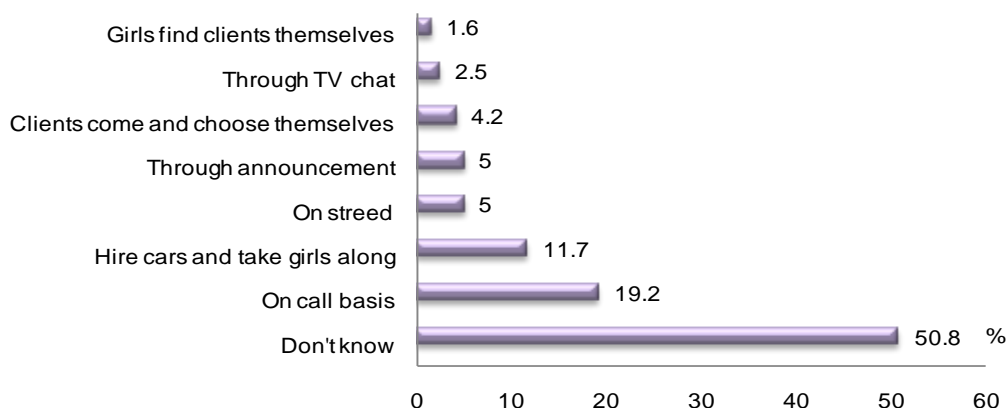
Sexual exploitation, by percentage



To the question asking about who works as a pimp and exploits the girls the respondents answered they are women who used to engage in commercial sex before (such as nicknamed Eagle, Scarred, Onon, Miigaa, Tsoomoo, Dark Tuya, Ravdan Oyunaa, Rough Tuya, Fat Tamiraa, Skew Tongued Saraa, Chirrup, Nandia etc.). According to the respondents, family couples work as a pimp and sexually exploit girls. Of the respondents, 16.8 said that family couples (wife and husband and their brothers and sisters) work as pimp for children and 10.9 percent stated friends work as pimp. Among pimps about 40 percent abuse girls and 18.4 beat girls. Some of the pimps have their support group. These groups and other criminal groups beat and abuse girls who have shown protest or run away on order by the pimps. About 5 percent of pimps are said to chase after girls who ran away home and bring them back with treats and abuse. The respondents stated that 19.2 percent of the girls

provide service on call basis by clients and 11.7 percent of the girls are transported by cars hired by pimps. Cars are changed every day (Figure 4.12).

Figure 4.12
Pimping children in sexual exploitation to clients, by percentage



About 40 percent of the respondents said that they don't know where and how children are lured into sexual exploitation. Upon asking about where girls are found to engage in sexual exploitation, more than 40 percent of the respondents said don't know whereas 27.3 percent said such girls are found on street, 11.6 percent at bars, 3.3 percent through their friends and 2.5 percent through TV chat. And 5.8 percent of the respondents said that pimps recruit home run aways.

4.5 Health and knowledge of sexually transmitted infections, AIDS/HIV

Of the the sexually exploited children who have been captured by the survey 34.9 percent went into first sexual intercourse when they were 13 years, 18.6 percent at the age of 14 and 46.5 percent at the age of 16. Out of the girls 4.7 percent had abortion once.

Table 4.3

**Condition during the first sexual intercourse by sexually
exploited children, by percentage**

Factors	Boyfriend	Acquaintance	Stranger	All
Curiosity	-	4.7	-	100.0
Mutually agreed	-	34.9	-	100.0
By accident	7.0	-	4.7	100.0
Raped	-	34.9	-	100.0
Deceived	-	14.0	-	100.0
Total	7.0	88.4	4.7	100.0

Among the girls 81.4 percent said they engage in sexual intercourse with clients out of which 34.9 percent replied that they don't use condom and 7.0 percent said they regularly use condom. For 34.9 percent and 4.7 percent the condom use is sometimes and frequent respectively. Out of the girls 55.8 percent said that sexually transmitted infections are infected through sexual intercourse and 44.2 percent said they don't know. And 34.9 percent of sexually exploited girls are aware of symptoms of sexually transmitted infections while 4.7 percent know about symptoms little and 60.5 percent don't know about them. This finding reveals the inadequacy in knowledge of sexually transmitted infections and AIDS/HIV.

More than half the percentage of the girls have never had analysis of STI/AIDS/HIV and 34.9 percent had such analysis 1-3 month earlier and others had the analysis one and more years earlier. Over 60 percent of the girls are not infected by sexually transmitted infections as opposed to 34.9 percent who had been infected and treated earlier.

4.6 Consumption of alcohol and drugs

More than 50 percent of sexually exploited girls which have been captured by the survey occasionally consume alcohol and 4.7 percent regularly consume alcohol as opposed to 39.5 percent who never consume it. Of the girls 95.3 percent don't use psychoeffect drugs and medicine as well as substance whereas 4.7 percent take substance effirin which have effect on psychology. Over 90 percent of the girls never take antidepressant while the remaining 10 percent take it regularly.

4.7 Knowledge and view of human trafficking crimes

When the girls were asked if they have ever heard of human trafficking 95.3 percent replied yes and 4.7 percent said no. When they were further asked if sex workers are posed to risk to human trafficking all the girls answered yes.

4.8 Future intentions

During the survey interviews the girls were asked about what intentions, dreams and perceptions they have in future. Of the girls 34.9 percent want to attend training on cuisine and 16.3 percent would like to study. And 34.9 percent want to acquire vocation and help and 14.0 percent wish to complete schooling and find employment.

When the girls were asked if they want to study or work overseas and what they would do if such offer comes, one in two answered they would like to work or study overseas while others said they rather wouldn't. If the offer comes to work or study overseas 80 percent of the girls willingly take it while 16.3 percent said they don't know and the remaining percentage would refuse the offer.

CHAPTER 5

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

CHAPTER 5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- The survey finds 95.6 percent of the sexually exploited girls covered fell victim to first sexual exploitation when they were 16 year old. This reveals what consequences are drawn in life when Criminal Code in Mongolia still has an article which permits adults to engage in sexual intercourse with children of 16-17 years. Law on Protection of Child Rights in Mongolia stipulates that all population under the age of 18 are children and the aforementioned article in Criminal Code in Mongolia should be amended to protect children under the age of 18 from sexual violence and exploitation in correspondence with Law on Protection of Child Rights.
- Almost half the percentage of female sex workers said that they had been raped before. Similarly, 44.2 percent of sexually exploited children under the age of 18 were raped with nine in every ten girls having been raped by their stepfathers. This finding suggests the correlation between sexual violence and sexual exploitation and accordingly, legal environment should be updated with regards to elimination of sex violence against children and immediate rehabilitation of children who have been victims of sex violence as well as increased access of services for children.
- Pimps who engage children in sex work do not frequently change places of stay and rented housing where children are accommodated. Yet, it is interesting to find out that these pimps remain to stay outside legal and judicial control.

A majority of people who commit crime by exploiting underaged girls have been avoiding legal punishment, even though some of them have been caught and sentenced in line with Article 124 in Criminal Code¹. They are usually released upon Pardon Act and continue their criminal act afterwards as this crime is still seen as light category. Immediate attention should be paid to the fact that these criminals threaten and abuse victims and their families and switch to more hidden form after they have been pardoned by legal and judicial organizations. Despite Mongolia's ratification of UN Palermo Protocol, the legislation in the country remains not fully compliant with the Protocol. Sexually exploited children are not treated as victim of human trafficking but as underaged sex

¹ Mediating, organizing and providing housing for commercial sex workers

workers and in consequence, those who participated in these criminal acts are sentenced with light verdict and victimized children's rights are not fully protected. It is essential for the country to comply international agreements and conventions when legal cases of sexual exploitation of children are dealt with and update the national legislation in compliance with the international standard. Whilst updating the legislation attention should be paid to the article in Palermo Protocol that engagement of children in commercial sex work is treated as human trafficking child sex work.

- Legal and judicial organizations need to take immediate actions to release girls who were sexually exploited by pimps. During the survey interviews the respondents were referencing to concrete pimps such as Small, 49, Eagle, Scarred, Onon, Miigaa, Boldmaa, Tsoomoo, Rough Tuya, Dark Tuya and Ravdangiin Oyunaa and some of the women work together with their husbands to sell girls. Pimps are legally punished in accordance with Article 124 in Criminal Code (involvement of others into commercial sex work and organizing such work), but they are pardoned afterwards. According to many of the respondents after they get released the pimps increasingly abuse the girls who have witnessed against them by saying that Mongolian state and police cannot do anything to pimps. Therefore, legal articles should be immediately amended so that this crime is not categorized as light. Such a step will serve an effective means to eliminate sexual exploitation of children.
- The survey shows that professional groups including legal and judicial organizations need to share the same understanding on human trafficking.
- Children who are sexually exploited are unaware that they are being victims of human trafficking. About 80 percent of these children responded that they would take an offer of working or studying overseas hence implying a high risk among them to fall victim to human trafficking across borders.
- It is required to improve state run comprehensive services for victims, allocate budget and funding sources to organizations which operate in this area and build the protection system of victims and witnesses.
- It is encouraging that many organizations put control and inspection to service organizations, however these functions of controlling and inspecting organizations are fragmented. It is important to improve the data and information on registration,

addressing and functions of service organizations. The data on number and titles of controlling organizations varies and service organizations use this gap to operate without formal permission. Upon visit various excuses were cited by service organizations such as waiting for arrival of permission and re-extension of permission, district inspection made and waiting for inspection results by the capital city's authorized organizations. With improvement of the aforementioned data, there will be no longer service organizations which can operate without license and permission.

- It is necessary to search for and utilize more effective methods and approaches to identify children in sexual exploitation apart from interviewing female sex workers.
- Attention should be paid to the fact that service organizations wherein girls are sexually exploited often change titles and addresses while employees, pimps and girls remain the same. Thus, the operation of these organizations should be ceased in a way that they cannot restore or restart their functions in future.
- Up to 30 year of female sex workers came from rural areas. These women responded that they started engaging in commercial sex work when they were in original rural areas. This implies that the scope of commercial sex work extends beyond the capital city to rural areas hence necessitating the conduct of target surveys to other populated areas in the country.
- Some sex workers find clients via call basis and internet exchange and engage in commercial sex work during the day time and stay home at evenings. In this way they manage to keep their families unaware of what they are doing. It is due to note that clients of sex workers are mostly employees working for various organizations.
- The survey results on sex workers in Nalaih district find a large number of girls and women who go to the city and coal mine sites for sell sex. During the warm season they go to brick factories and construction sites where there are many chinese working. Training and advocacy should be planned and organized in account of this shift in location of sex workers during warm seasons.
- The fact that underaged girls tend to escape police rather than referring to them for support is explained by the law on fighting with adultery. These girls are arrested and caught while their pimps remain outside the legal control. As this negatively

affects the efforts of combating with serious crimes against the underaged, the aforementioned law should be immediately amended.

ANNEX 1

THE SURVEY SAMPLING DESIGN

Annex 1.**THE SURVEY SAMPLING DESIGN****1. Survey objective**

- To estimate the number of children in sexual exploitation and women in commercial sex work in Ulaanbaatar city;
- To determine causes and factors which lead girls and women into sexual exploitation and commercial sex work;
- To identify and evaluate major reasons and consequences of child and adult engagement in commercial sex work;
- To identify socio-economic characteristics of children in sexually exploitation;
- To estimate the number of children and women who are not able to stop working as commercial sex workers even though their wish so
- To make recommendations on stopping sexual exploitation of children.

2. Survey consideration

To sensitize citizens, the government, NGOs, other stakeholders about the situation of commercial sex by children and adults in the country. The results are expected to assist policy planners to formulate programmes, allocate resources and adopt legal procedure to stop CSEC in the country and to ensure children's fundamental rights and rehabilitate them from commercial sex work.

3. Survey Methodology**3.1. Target population:**

The target population of the survey is children under the age of 18 who are sexually exploited and adults engaged in commercial sex work. The target population is highly likely to work in sites or places as categorized as follows: (1) on streets, (2) at karaokes, bars, night clubs, (3) massage and sauna places. Karaokes, bars, entertainment places and night clubs are divided into two groups by number of seat or capacity: small ones which have 30 and less seats and big ones with 30 and more seats.

The sampling frame consists of the following 6 strata based on location.:

- 1) Commercial sex workers on street;
- 2) Officially registered “SMALL” or karaokes, bars, entertainment places and night clubs with up to 30 seats;
- 3) Officially registered “BIG” or karaokes, bars, entertainment places and night clubs with 30 and more seats;
- 4) Unregistered “SMALL” or karaokes, bars, entertainment places and night clubs with up to 30 seats;
- 5) Unregistered “BIG” or karaokes, bars, entertainment places and night clubs with 30 and more seats;
- 6) Massage and sauna places.

4. Sampling desing

The survey sampling was made two staged stratified random sampling. In the first stage, sampling was made from each of 6 stratum based on location which have high probability of working by commercial sex workers. Primary sampling units are defined to be streets, karaokes, bars, entertainment places, night clubs, massage and sauna places. In the second stage, respondents at these six strata were chosen or sampled to be captured in the survey.

Sampling stratum:

Stratum 1 - Streets;

Stratum 2 - Officially registered “SMALL” or karaokes, bars, entertainment places and night clubs with up to 30 seats;

Stratum 3 - Officially registered “BIG” or 30 karaokes, bars, entertainment places and night clubs with 30 and more seats;

Stratum 4 - Unregistered “SMALL” or karaokes, bars, entertainment places and night clubs with up to 30 seats;

Stratum 5 - Unregistered “BIG” or 30 karaokes, bars, entertainment places and night clubs with 30 and more seats;

Stratum 6 - Massage and sauna parlors

Primary sampling units:

- For Stratum 1: streets.
- For Stratum 2-5: karaoke, bars, entertainment places, night clubs.
- For Stratum 6: massage and sauna places.

Primary sampling units were selected with simple random sampling method whereas secondary sampling units or numbers of survey respondents were allocated or distributed differently for each stratum.

Stratum	Allocation (of PSU)	Sample scheme (of respondents) For EACH selected PSU, BEFORE proceeding to select the sample of respondents, a LISTING of the total number of available (potential) respondents should be prepared.
Stratum 1: Street locations	For district with 5 and less street locations, cover ALL locations. (Therefore, all 21 known – or if more locations are noted at time of survey – street locations to be covered.)	30% of 'estimated' total no. of sex workers at each location on Simple Random Sampling without Replacement (SRSWOR) basis, subject to minimum of 10 respondents in any location* * As no estimation will be done please ask each respondent the question 'estimated total of CSEC and of adult sex workers at this location [of the respondent]'
Stratum 2: Registered SMALL karaoke bars/ dance floors/ night clubs (with less than or equal to 30 seats)	(i) For district with 5 and less establishments, cover ALL establishments. (ii) For districts with more than 5 establishments, select on SRSWOR basis 1 out of 7 establishments [if not an exact multiple carry over to next whole number] BUT minimum of 5 establishments to be covered in each district.	50% of all female customers at each establishment on SRSWOR basis, subject to a minimum of 8 respondent in each establishment. [A customer may not be a sex worker, and only the responses to the questionnaire will reveal.]

Stratum 3: Registered LARGE karaoke bars/ dance floors/ night clubs (having more than or equal to 30 seats)	(i) For district with 5 and less establishments, cover ALL establishments. (ii) For districts with more than 5 establishments, select on SRSWOR basis 1 in 7 establishments [if not an exact multiple carry over to next whole number] BUT minimum of 5 establishments to be covered in each district.	40% of all female customers at each establishment on SRSWOR basis, subject to minimum of 12 respondents in each location. [A customer may not be a sex worker, and only the responses to the questionnaire will reveal.]
Stratum 4: Not-registered SMALL karaoke bars/ dance floors/ night clubs (with less than or equal to 30 seats)	(i) For district with 5 and less establishments, cover ALL establishments. (ii) For districts with more than 5 establishments, select on SRSWOR basis 1 out of 7 establishments [if not an exact multiple carry over to next whole number] BUT minimum of 5 establishments to be covered in each district.	50% of all female customers at each establishment on SRSWOR basis, subject to a minimum of 8 respondent in each establishment. [A customer may not be a sex worker, and only the responses to the questionnaire will reveal.]
Stratum 5: Not-registered LARGE karaoke bars/ dance floors/ night clubs (having more than or equal to 30 seats)	(i) For district with 5 and less establishments, cover ALL establishments. (ii) For districts with more than 5 establishments, select on SRSWOR basis 1 in 7 establishments [if not an exact multiple carry over to next whole number] BUT minimum of 5 establishments to be covered in each district.	40% of all female customers at each establishment on SRSWOR basis, subject to minimum of 12 respondents in each location. [A customer may not be a sex worker, and only the responses to the questionnaire will reveal.]
Stratum 6: Massage and sauna parlours	(i) For district with 5 and less establishments, cover ALL establishments. (ii) For districts with more than 5 establishments, select on SRSWOR basis 1 in 7 establishments [if not an exact multiple carry over to next whole number] BUT minimum of 5 establishments to be covered in each district.	50% of all female customers at each establishment on SRSWOR basis, subject to a minimum of 8 respondents in each establishment. [A customer may not be a sex worker, and only responses to the questionnaire will reveal.]

[Note: In case of sample selection, if total presence is less than minimum specified, then ALL should be sampled.]

Primary sampling units and number of survey respondents selected at each strata of the survey sampling

Strata no	Location	Target population	Number of selected primary sampling units	Number of respondents at each unit	All respondents
1	Commercial sex workers on street*	21	21	-	254
2	Officially registered "SMALL" or karaokes, bars, entertainment places and night clubs with up to 30 seats	189	39	8	312
3	Officially registered "BIG" or 30 karaokes, bars, entertainment places and night clubs with 30 and more seats	439	70	12	840
4	Unregistered "SMALL" or karaokes, bars, entertainment places and night clubs with up to 30 seats	46	32	8	256
5	Unregistered "BIG" or 30 karaokes, bars, entertainment places and night clubs with 30 and more seats	63	27	12	324
6	Massage and sauna parlors	149	34	8	272
Total		907	223		2258

Estimation procedure

For any characteristic of CSEC, the formula for estimation of its aggregate according to the adopted sample design is given by:

$$\hat{Y} = \sum_{s=1}^4 \sum_{i=1}^{n_i} \frac{N_{si}}{n_{si}} \frac{M_{si}}{m_{si}} \sum_{k=1}^{m_{si}} y_{sik}$$

where:

s = suffix for Stratum (s = 1 – 6)

i = suffix for PSU (street locations; small karaoke bars/ dance floors/ night clubs; large karaoke bars/ dance floors/ night clubs; massage parlours/saunas)

k = suffix for child (adult) sex worker

N = total number of PSUs in a Stratum

n = number of PSUs selected and surveyed

M = Total number of child (adult) sex workers listed

m = number of child sex workers surveyed

y = value of study variable (Normally, it is 1 or 0)

For example: y_{sik} = value of the study variable for k^{th} child sex worker in the i^{th} PSU of s^{th} stratum

As per allocation, $N_{si} = n_{si}$, for $s = 1$ (In each of the 8 districts, all PSUs are surveyed, as for each district the total no. of PSUs is ≤ 5).

n_{si} = allocated number of PSUs (For $s = 2, 3, 4, 5$ & 6 we should have $N_{si} = n_{si}$ in those districts where total no. of PSUs is ≤ 5).

Based on the above formula, the weights to be used for obtaining any estimate are:

$$\frac{N_{si} \times M_{si}}{n_{si} \times m_{si}}$$

Any aggregate estimate for a defined domain will be obtained from the sample observations in the domain using the above multipliers.

ANNEX 2

TABLES

Annex 2

Table 1.

The number of survey respondents, by age groups, locations, districts and sex

		All			Of which sex workers and sexually exploited children		
		Total	Male	Female	All	Male	Female
Total		22 838	181	22 657	4 683	40	4 643
Age groups	Under 18 years	94	-	94	43	-	43
	18-20	6 128	51	6 077	586	21	565
	21-24	8 611	24	8 587	1 452	5	1 447
	25-29	4 148	26	4 122	1 017	-	1 017
	30-34	1 845	39	1 806	750	2	748
	35-39	1 205	28	1 177	572	-	572
	40-44	544	8	536	189	8	181
	45-49	217	5	212	55	4	51
	50 and above	46	-	46	19	-	19
Districts	Han-Uul	271	14	257	186	14	172
	Bayanzurh	3 914	19	3 895	791	-	791
	Nalaih	20		20	20	-	20
	Bayangol	7 244	56	7 188	1 461	19	1 442
	Suhbaatar	6 359		6 359	1 246	-	1 246
	Chingeltei	3 618	2	3 616	646	2	644
	Songinohairhan	1 412	90	1 322	333	5	328
Locations	On street	640	6	634	640	6	634
	Karaokes, bars and entertainment places with up to 30 seats , registered	2 752	19	2 733	465	-	465
	Karaokes, bars and entertainment places with 30 and more seats , registered	13 888	38	13 850	2 483	19	2 464
	Karaokes, bars and entertainment places with up to 30 seats , unregistered	458	-	458	92	-	92
	Karaokes, bars and entertainment places with 30 and more seats , unregistered	3 364	71	3 293	476	15	461
	Sauna and massage places	1 736	47	1 689	527	-	527

Table 2.

The number of sex workers and sexually exploited children, by age groups, locations, districts and sex

Age groups, districts and locations		All	Of which: sex , %	
			Male	Female
Total		4 683	0.9	99.1
Age groups	Under 18 years	43	-	100.0
	18-20	586	3.6	96.4
	21-24	1 452	0.3	99.7
	25-29	1 017	-	100.0
	30-34	750	0.3	99.7
	35-39	572	-	100.0
	40-44	189	4.2	95.8
	45-49	55	7.3	92.7
	50 and above	19	-	100.0
Districts	Han-Uul	186	7.5	92.5
	Bayanzurh	791	-	100
	Nalaih	20	-	100
	Bayangol	1 461	1.3	98.7
	Suhbaatar	1 246	-	100
	Chingeltei	646	0.3	99.7
	Songinohairhan	333	1.5	98.5
Locations	On street	640	0.9	99.1
	Karaokes, bars and entertainment places with up to 30 seats , registered	465	-	100.0
	Karaokes, bars and entertainment places with 30 and more seats , registered	2 483	0.8	99.2
	Karaokes, bars and entertainment places with up to 30 seats , unregistered	92	-	100.0
	Karaokes, bars and entertainment places with 30 and more seats , unregistered	476	3.2	96.8
	Sauna and massage places	527	-	100.0

Table 3.

The number of sex workers and sexually exploited children, by age groups and districts

Age groups	All		Of which: Districts, %						
	No	%	Han-Uul	Bayanzurh	Nalaih	Bayangol	Suhbaatar	Chingeltei	Songino-hairhan
Total	4 683	100.0	4.0	16.9	0.4	31.2	26.6	13.8	7.1
under 18	43	100.0	16.3	7.0	-	-	76.7	-	-
18-20	586	100.0	4.7	20.6	0.3	48.0	20.8	3.2	2.4
21-24	1 452	100.0	1.8	29.8	0.1	28.7	21.1	13.8	4.7
25-29	1 017	100.0	3.4	11.0	0.2	33.2	27.0	19.0	6.2
30-34	750	100.0	4.6	4.7	0.4	36.0	26.5	12.9	14.9
35-39	572	100.0	3.7	4.2	0.7	26.6	42.8	15.2	6.8
40-44	189	100.0	15.3	15.9	3.2	2.1	28.6	15.3	19.6
45-49	55	100.0	14.5	25.5	1.8	-	21.8	36.4	-
50 and above	19	100.0	-	100.0	-	-	-	-	-

Table 4.

The number of sex workers and sexually exploited children, by age groups and locations

Age groups	All		Of which by location and proportions					
			On street	Karaoke, bars and entertainment places				Sauna and massage places
	Registered			Unregistered				
	No	%		Up to 30 seats	Seats with 30 and more	Up to 30 seats	Seats with 30 and more	
Бүгд	4 683	100.0	13.7	9.9	52.9	2.0	10.2	11.3
under 18	43	0.9	16.3	-	69.7	-	14.0	0.0
18-20	586	12.5	9.4	6.7	74.7	-	2.7	6.5
21-24	1 452	31.0	9.1	8.0	54.2	2.8	9.6	16.3
25-29	1 017	21.7	11.6	15.2	51.3	1.9	8.9	11.1
30-34	750	16.0	14.9	12.9	43.2	2.3	13.1	13.6
35-39	572	12.2	16.1	6.8	59.5	2.6	10.3	4.7
40-44	189	4.0	53.4	-	15.9	-	25.4	5.3
45-49	55	1.3	41.8	-	25.5	-	32.7	0.0
50 and above	19	0.4	-	100.0	-	-	-	-

Table 5.

Education level of sex workers and sexually exploited children, by sex

Education level		All		Of which	
		No	%	Male	Female
Masters degree		28	100.0	-	100.0
Bachelor/higher diploma		789	100.0	-	100.0
High diploma/ special technical		301	100.0	3.3	96.7
Primary vocational		145	100.0	-	100.0
Full secondary		2 962	100.0	0.9	99.1
Basic		339	100.0	1.2	98.8
Primary		93	100.0	-	100.0
Non education		26	100.0	-	100.0
Total	%	-	100.0	0.9	99.1
	No	4 683	-	40	4 643

Table 6.

The number of students and pupils in commercial sex work and sexual exploitation, by sex, grades, schools and universities

schools and universities		All		Of which	
		No	%	Male	Female
Grades 1-5		-	-	-	-
Grades 6-9		-	-	-	-
Grads 10-12		-	-	-	-
Technical and vocational schools		61	100.0	-	100.0
Colleges		109	100	-	100.0
Universities		623	100.0	3.0	97.0
Total	%	-	100.0	2.4	97.6
	No	793	-	19	774

Table 8

The number of respondents who migrated in the last four years, by age groups and registration with the administration unit in the current residing territory

	All respondents who participated in internal migration		Proportions		
	No	%	Registered	Unregistered	Don't know
All	1 927	100.0	28.0	71.9	0.2
Under 18 years	37	1.9	54.1	45.9	-
18-20	263	13.6	32.3	66.5	1.1
21-24	728	37.8	18.8	81.2	-
25-29	441	22.9	30.6	69.4	-
30-34	263	13.6	28.1	71.9	-
35-39	121	6.3	33.1	66.9	-
40-44	44	2.3	45.5	54.5	-
45-49	30	1.6	93.3	6.7	-
Female	1 918	100.0	28.0	71.8	0.2
Under 18 years	37	1.9	54.1	45.9	-
18-20	261	13.6	32.6	66.3	1.1
21-24	723	37.7	18.9	81.1	-
25-29	441	23.0	30.6	69.4	-
30-34	261	13.6	27.6	72.4	-
35-39	121	6.3	33.1	66.9	-
40-44	44	2.3	45.5	54.5	-
45-49	30	1.6	93.3	6.7	-

Table 8

The number of respondents, by sex, marital status and having children

		All		Of which , %	
		No	%	Male	Female
Marital status	All	4 683	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Never married	2 702	57.7	65.0	57.6
	Married	434	9.3	20.0	9.2
	live in partner	228	4.9	-	4.9
	Separated	283	6.0	-	6.1
	Divorced	862	18.4	10.0	18.5
	Widowed	174	3.7	5.0	3.7
Of which :		4 683	100.0	100.0	100.0
With child		2 490	53.2	65.0	53.1
1-2 child		1 670	35.6	10.0	35.9
3 and more children		523	11.2	25.0	11.0

Table 9

Current locations at which sex workers and sexually exploited children find their clients, by sex and districts

	All		Of which: districts and proportions						
	No	%	Han-uul	Bayanzurh	Nalai	Bayangol	Suhbaatar	Chingeltei	Songino-harihan
All	4 683	100.0	4.0	16.9	0.4	31.2	26.6	13.8	7.1
On street	1007	21.5	9.8	26.8	1.3	7.2	24.5	15.6	14.8
Sauna/massage	557	11.9	1.8	10.6	0.2	27.5	27.6	31.8	0.5
Hotel	142	3.0	12.7	10.6	-	19.7	23.2	1.4	32.4
On calls by clients	147	3.1	8.2	4.8	-	59.2	17.0	10.8	-
Through pimps	145	3.1	4.8	20.0	-	40.0	15.9	-	19.3
Night club/bar/entertainment place	2 372	50.7	1.3	15.7	0.3	38.4	29.0	12.4	2.9
Tourist camp	13	0.3	-	100.0	-	-	-	-	-
Construction site	5	0.1	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	295	6.3	1.4	8.5	-	51.5	25.4	-	13.2
Male	40	100.0	35	-	-	47.5	-	5.0	12.5
On street	14	35.0	85.7	-	-	-	-	14.3	-
Sauna/massage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hotel	2	5.0	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Call by clients	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Via pimps	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Night club/bar/entertainment place	5	12.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tourist camp	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Construction site	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	19	47.5	-	-	-	100	-	-	-
Female	4 643	100.0	3.7	17.0	0.4	31.1	26.8	13.9	7.1
On street	993	21.4	8.8	27.2	1.3	7.4	24.9	15.4	15.0
Sauna/massage	557	12.0	1.8	10.6	0.2	27.5	27.6	31.8	0.5
Hotel	140	3.0	11.4	10.7	-	20.0	23.6	1.4	32.9
Call by clients	147	3.2	8.2	4.8	-	59.2	17.0	10.8	-
Via pimps	145	3.1	4.8	20.0	-	40.0	15.9	-	19.3
Night club/bar/entertainment place	2 367	51.0	1.3	15.8	0.3	38.4	29.1	12.4	2.7
Tourist camp	13	0.3	-	100.0	-	-	-	-	-
Construction site	5	0.1	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
others	276	5.9	1.4	9.1	-	48.2	27.2	-	14.1

Table 10

Whether sex workers and sexually exploited children are employed or not , by location

Locations	All	Currently employed or not		Age groups which started employment		
		No	Yes			
				15-17	18-20	20+
All	4 683	3 335	1 348	332	731	285
On street	640	545	95	15	41	39
Karaokes, bars and entertainment places with up to 30 seats , registered	465	426	39	-	39	-
Karaokes, bars and entertainment places with 30 and more seats , unregistered	2 483	1 766	717	241	314	162
Karaokes, bars and entertainment places with up to 30 seats , unregistered	92	58	34	4	30	-
Karaokes, bars and entertainment places with 30 and more seats , unregistered	476	418	58	-	30	28
Sauna and massage places	527	122	405	72	277	56
Percentage						
Total	100.0	71.2	28.8	24.6	54.2	21.2
On street	100.0	85.2	14.8	15.8	43.2	41.0
Karaokes, bars and entertainment places with up to 30 seats , registered	100.0	91.6	8.4	-	100.0	-
Karaokes, bars and entertainment places with 30 and more seats , registered	100.0	71.1	28.9	33.6	43.8	22.6
Karaokes, bars and entertainment places with up to 30 seats , unregistered	100.0	63.0	37.0	11.8	88.2	-
Karaokes, bars and entertainment places with 30 and more seats , unregistered	100.0	87.8	12.2	-	51.7	48.3
Sauna and massage places	100.0	23.1	76.9	17.8	68.4	13.8

Table 11

Whether female sex workers and sexually exploited girls have had abortion, by districts

Districts	All	Number of abortions					
		No	Yes	Frequency			
				Once	Two times	Three times	Four and more times
All	4 643	2 213	2 430	1 461	712	166	91
Han-Uul	171	89	82	25	26	25	6
Bayanzurh	792	532	260	199	34	18	9
Nalaih	20	7	13	3	2	3	5
Bayangol	1 442	490	952	634	240	38	40
Suhbaatar	1 245	757	488	301	133	33	21
Chingeltei	645	244	401	185	212	-	4
Songinohairhan	328	94	234	114	65	49	6
Percentage							
All	100.0	47.7	52.3	60.1	29.3	6.8	3.8
Han-Uul	100.0	52.0	48.0	30.5	31.7	30.5	7.3
Bayanzurh	100.0	67.2	32.8	76.5	13.1	6.9	3.5
Nalaih	100.0	35.0	65.0	23.1	15.4	23.1	38.4
Bayangol	100.0	34.0	66.0	66.6	25.2	4.0	4.2
Suhbaatar	100.0	60.8	39.2	61.7	27.2	6.8	4.3
Chingeltei	100.0	37.8	62.2	46.1	52.9	-	1.0
Songinohairhan	100.0	28.7	71.3	48.7	27.8	20.9	2.6

Table 12

Use of protection means or condoms during the sexual intercourse by sex workers and sexually exploited children, by districts

Districts	Use of protection means or condoms during the sexual intercourse				All
	Never	occasionally	Frequent	Always	
All	114	686	1 050	2 833	4 683
Han-Uul	2	26	53	105	186
Bayanzurh	49	97	206	439	791
Nalaih	1	3	2	14	20
Bayangol	19	402	334	706	1 461
Suhbaatar	32	71	305	838	1 246
Chingeltei	11	10	134	491	646
Songinohairhan	-	77	16	240	333
	Percentage				
All	2.4	14.7	22.4	60.5	100.0
Han-Uul	1.1	14.0	28.5	56.4	100.0
Bayanzurh	6.2	12.3	26.0	55.5	100.0
Nalaih	5.0	15.0	10.0	70.0	100.0
Bayangol	1.3	27.5	22.9	48.3	100.0
Suhbaatar	2.6	5.7	24.5	67.2	100.0
Chingeltei	1.7	1.6	20.7	76.0	100.0
Songinohairhan	-	23.1	4.8	72.1	100.0

Table 13

Knowledge of symptoms of sexually transmitted infections by sex workers and sexually exploited children, by location

Locations	Knowledge of symptoms of sexually transmitted infections						Total
	Know Little		Know well		Don't know		
	No	%	No	%	No	%	
All	1 933	41.3	2 281	48.7	469	10.0	4 683
On street	209	32.7	316	49.3	115	18.0	640
Karaokes, bars, entertainment places with up to 30 seats /registered/	252	54.2	213	45.8	-	-	465
Karaokes, bars, entertainment places with 30 and more seats /registered/	1 113	44.8	1 193	48.0	177	7.2	2 483
Karaokes, bars, entertainment places with up to 30 seats /unregistered/	15	16.3	58	63.0	19	20.7	92
Karaokes, bars, entertainment places with up to 30 seats /unregistered/	136	28.5	253	53.0	87	18.5	476
Sauna, massage places	208	39.7	248	47.2	71	13.1	527

Table 14

Number of adult sex workers , by age groups, locations and sex

Age group, districts and locations		All	Of which %	
			Male	Female
Total		4 640	0.9	99.1
Districts	Khan-Uul	179	7.8	92.2
	Bayanzurh	788	-	100.0
	Nalaih	20	-	100.0
	Bayangol	1 461	1.3	98.7
	Suhbaatar	1 213	-	100.0
	Chingeltei	646	0.3	99.7
	Songinohairhan	333	1.5	98.5
Locations	On street	633	0.9	99.1
	3 Karaokes, bars, entertainment places with up to 30 seats /registered/	465	-	100.0
	3 Karaokes, bars, entertainment places with 30 and more seats /registered/	2 453	0.8	99.2
	Karaokes, bars, entertainment places with up to 30 seats /unregistered/	92	-	100.0
	3 Karaokes, bars, entertainment places with up to 30 seats /unregistered/	470	3.2	96.8
	Sauna, massage places	527	-	100.0

Table 15

Lotion at which sexually exploited children found primary and find current clients by locations

Locations	All	Primary				Current			
		On street	Hotel	Through pimps	Night club/bars/entertainment places	On street	Hotels	Through pimps	Night club/bars/entertainment places
All	43	3	15	2	23	3	15	4	21
On street	7	3	-	2	2	3	-	4	-
Karaokes, bars and entertainment places with 30 and more seats /registered/	30	-	15	-	15	-	15	-	15
Karaokes, bars and entertainment places with 30 and more seats /unregistered/	6	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	6
Percentage									
All	100.0	7.0	34.9	4.6	53.5	7.0	34.9	9.3	48.8
On street	100.0	42.8	-	28.6	28.6	42.9	-	57.1	-
Karaokes, bars and entertainment places with 30 and more seats /registered/	100.0	-	50.0	-	50.0	-	50.0	-	50.0
Karaokes, bars and entertainment places with 30 and more seats /unregistered/	100.0	-	-	-	100.0	-	-	-	100.0

Table 16

First sexual intercourse by children in sexual exploitation, by districts

districts	All	First sexual intercourse				
		Own wish and curiosity	Mutually agreed	By accident	Raped	Deceived
All	43	2	15	5	15	6
Han-Uul	8	2	-	-	-	6
Bayanzurh	2	-	-	2	-	-
Suhbaatar	33	-	15	3	15	-
Percentage						
All	100.0	4.6	34.9	11.6	34.9	14.0
Han-Uul	100.0	25.0	-	-	-	75
Bayanzurh	100.0	-	-	100.0	-	-
Suhbaatar	100.0	-	45.5	9.0	45.5	-

Table 17

Whether sexually exploited children live with their families, by districts

District	all	Currently living with their families				
		yes	no	With whom living		
				Boyfriend/girlfriend	With friends	Alone
All	43	10	33	3	15	15
Han-Uul	8	8	-	-	-	-
Bayanzurh	2	2	-	-	-	-
Suhbaatar	33	-	33	3	15	15
Percentage						
All	100.0	23.3	76.7	9.0	45.5	45.5
Han-Uul	100.0	100.0	-	-	-	-
Bayanzurh	100.0	100.0	-	-	-	-
Suhbaatar	100.0	-	100.0	9.0	45.5	45.5

Table 18

Whom sexually exploited children refer to when they fall in danger, by districts

Districts	All	Who to			
		Police	Co-habitant	Pimps	nobody
All	43	36	3	2	2
Han-Uul district	8	6	-	-	2
Bayanzurh	2	-	-	2	-
Suhbaatar	33	30	3	-	-
Percentage					
All	100.0	83.7	6.9	4.7	4.7
Han-Uul	100.0	75.0	-	-	25.0
Bayanzurh	100.0	-	-	100.0	-
Suhbaatar	100.0	90.9	9.1	-	-

Table 19

Duration of living by sexually exploited children in the current residing place, by locations

location	All	Duration of living in the current residing place		
		Up to 1 year	1-4 years	5 and more years
All	43	15	23	5
On street	7	-	2	5
Karaoke, bars and entertainment places with 30 and more seats , registered	30	15	15	-
Karaoke, bars and entertainment places with 30 and more seats , unregistered	6	-	6	-
percentage				
All	100.0	34.9	53.5	11.6
On street	100.0	-	28.6	71.4
Karaoke, bars and entertainment places with 30 and more seats , registered	100.0	50.0	50.0	-
Karaoke, bars and entertainment places with 30 and more seats , unregistered	100.0	-	100.0	-

ANNEX 3

QUESTIONNAIRES

Approved by 01/30th order of the Chairman of National Statistical Office
dated on 12 February 2010.

Form BMS-1

Your accurate responses would be valuable contribution to increase public awareness on harmful child labor and provide required data for formulating policies and programs to prevent child and adolescent prostitution and sexual exploitation of children. Every survey staff should be keep your data confidentiality accordance with Law on "Individual confidentiality" and 3rd paragraph of Article 22 of the "Law on Statistics" of Mongolia.

SURVEY ON SEX WORKERS AND SEXUALLY EXPLOITED CHILDREN

A: IDENTIFICATION PART

A1	DISTRICT	Code		
----	----------	------	--	--

A2	NAME OF INTERVIEWER	Code		
----	---------------------	------	--	--

A3	NAME OF SUPERVISOR	Code		
----	--------------------	------	--	--

A4	LOCATION OF SURVEY RESPONDENT	Code		
	Street	1		
	Karaoke, bars and entertainment places with up to 30 seats, registered	2		
	Karaoke, bars and entertainment places with 30 and more seats, registered	3		
	Karaoke, bars and entertainment places with up to 30 seats, unregistered	4		
	Karaoke, bars and entertainment places with 30 and more seats, unregistered	5		
	Sauna and massage	6		

A5	PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT			
----	-----------------------	--	--	--

A6	RESPONDENT No.			
----	----------------	--	--	--

A7	DATE OF INTERVIEW	MONTH		DAY	

A8	STARTING TIME OF INTERVIEW	HOUR		MINUTE	

A9	ENDING TIME OF INTERVIEW	HOUR		MINUTE	

A10	BIRTH DATE	YEAR				MONTH		DAY	

A11	AGE /COMPLETE YEAR/		
-----	---------------------	--	--

A12	SEX	Code	
	Male	1	
	Female	2	

A13	RESULTS	Code	
	Completed	1	
	Partially responded	2	
	Rejected	3	
	Other.....	4	

No.	Questions	Codes of Answers	Skip
Бүлэг I. Executive question			
100	What is your religion?	Non-believer ----- 1 Believer ----- Buddha ----- 2 Christian ----- 3 Islam ----- 4 Shamanism ----- 5 Other ----- 99 /specify/ -----	
101	Please describe your education level?	Uneducated ----- 1 Primary ----- 2 Lower secondary ----- 3 Upper secondary ----- 4 Vocational and technical ----- 5 Specialized secondary ----- 6 Diploma and bachelor ----- 7 Master ----- 8 PhD ----- 9	
102	When did you enroll in general educational school?	Year <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	
103	Are you studying now in any school?	Yes ----- 1 No ----- 2 Completed/graduated ----- 3	→ 105 → 200
104	If so, which grade or school are you studying?	1-5 grades ----- 1 6-9 grades ----- 2 10-12 grades ----- 3 Technical and vocational ----- 4 College ----- 5 Universities ----- 6	→ 200
105	Have you ever been in school?	Yes ----- 1 No ----- 2	→ 108
106	Which grade did you drop out of school?	Grade <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> Don't know ----- 98 Course <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> -----	
107	What was your reason to leave school?	Financial barriers ----- 1 To do work ----- 2 No ID/registration ----- 3 Parents rejected my schooling ----- 4 School was far ----- 5 Not interesting ----- 6 Sick ----- 7 Other ----- 99 /specify/ -----	
108	Have you ever been in non-formal education?	Yes ----- 1 No ----- 2	
Chapter II. Migration experience			
200	How long have you been living in your current place of residence?	less than 1 year ----- 1 1-5 years ----- 2 5 years and above ----- 3	→ 300
201	What was the place of the last residence?	Aimag/capital city ----- <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> Soum/district ----- <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	
202	Did you register in current place of residence?	Yes ----- 1 No ----- 2 Don't know ----- 3	→ 204
203	If no, why?	No official migrant's permission ----- 1 No ID ----- 2 Don't want to register ----- 3 Temporary live here ----- 4 Do not know where to register ----- 5 Many conveyers to register ----- 6 Other ----- 99 /specify/ -----	

No.	Questions	Codes of answers	Skip
204	Whom did you migrated with?	Myself alone 1 With family 2 With other relatives 3 With friends 4 Other 99 / specify/	
205	What was your reason to leave from your previous place of residence?	Looking for work 1 Earn money 2 To study 3 Accompany with parents/family 4 Accompany with friends/relatives 5 Other 99 / specify/	
Chapter III. Marital status and family situation			
300	What is your marital status?	Unmarried 1 Married 2 Living together 3 Separated/live separate 4 Divorced 5 Widowed 6	
301	How do you and your family understand each other?	Very good 1 Seldom 2 Do not understand each other 3	
302	What is your family size?	Number <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	
303	Do you have faced following enforcement being with your family? (circle all that apply)	No A Mental pressure/danger B Physical pressure/beating B Being without any meal Γ Don't want to schooling Δ Expel from home E Expel from home to earn money E Other X / specify/	
304	Are you living with your family now?	Yes 1 No 2	→ 306
305	If no, with whom are you living now?	Boyfriend/Girl friend 1 Friends 2 Broker 3 Relatives 4 Myself alone 5 Other 99 / specify/	
306	Do you have child(ren)?	1-2 1 3 and above 2 No 3	→ 308
307	Do you have children aged under 5?	Yes 1 No 2	
308	Do you have your own dwelling?	Yes 1 No 2	→ 400
309	If no, where are you living now?	Rented 1 Dormitory 2 Guest house/hostel for employees 3 Hotel 4 Care center 5 Broker's place /free of charge/ 6 Relative's home /free of charge/ 7 Friend's home /free of charge/ 8 Other 99 / specify/	

No.	Questions	Codes of answers	Skip
Chapter IV. Current and past employment history			
400	Are you working now?	Yes 1. No 2.	→ 403
401	Did you work in past?	Yes 1. No 2.	→ 500
402	What was your main reason to leave your work?	Low earnings 1. Poor working conditions 2. Dismissed 3. To transfer to another job 4. Pressure of co-workers 5. Pressure from employers 6. To study school/college/university 7. Other 99. /specify/	
403	At what age did you start your career/work?	Age <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	
Chapter V. Health condition and knowledge of STD and HIV/AIDS			
500	At what age did you have sex first time?	Age <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	
501	With whom, did you have sex at first?	Husband/wife 1. Boyfriend/Girl friend 2. Known person 3. Unknown person 4.	
502	At what condition did you have sex first time?	My own affection/wish 1. Mutually agreed 2. Sudden case 3. Raped 4. Cheated 5. Commercial/prostituted 6.	
503	Did you have abortion?	Yes 1. No 2.	→ 505
504	If so, how many times?	Number <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	
505	With whom, do you usually have sex?	Boyfriend/Girl friend 1. Husband/wife 2. Known friend 3. Client 4. Broker 5. Other 99. /specify/	
506	Do you use contraception/condom when you having sex?	Never 1. Sometimes 2. Most cases 3. Often 4.	
507	What do you think how one could be infect by STD?	Sexual intercourse 1. Syringe and medical tools 2. When kissed with someone 3. Domestic/ Household ways 4. Do not know 98. Other 99. /specify/	
508	Do you know any symptoms and signs of STD ?	Little 1. Well know 2. Don't know 98.	
509	Have you ever been STD/HIV-tested?	Never 1. Seldom 2. Often 3.	→ 511

No.	Questions	Codes of answers	Skip
510	When was your most recent STD/AIDS/HIV tested?	1-3 months ago 1 4-6 months ago 2 7-12 months ago 3 1 year or longer ago 4	
511	Have you ever been infected by any STD?	Yes 1 No 2	→ 600
512	If so, did you get treatment of STD?	Yes 1 No 2	
Chapter VI. Consumption of alcoholic beverage and narcotics			
600	Do you have a drink?	Yes 1 Seldom 1 Often 2 Overdrink 3 No 4	
601	Do you use any psychotropics and narcotics?	Yes 1 No 2	→ 604
602	If so, what kind of narcotics do you use?	Adhesive 1 Boneset 2 Cannabis 3 Normetadon 4 Cocaine 5 Ecstasy 6 Epherin 7 Nicotine 8 Casish 9 Heroin 10 Other 99 /specify/	
603	How do you use it?	By injection 1 Nuzzle 2 Chew 3 Smoke 4 By oral 5	
604	Do you use seducing drugs?	Seldom 1 Often 2 Never 3	
Chapter VII. Leisure			
700	What is usual place which you spend your spare time?	At home 1 Library 2 Cinema/entertainment places 3 Sauna 4 Karaoke 5 Bars 6 Hotel 7 Other 99 /specify/	
701	With whom did you come here today?	Boyfriend/Girl friend 1 Friends 2 Co-workers 3 Family members 4 Alone 5 Other 99 /specify/	
702	Do you regularly come here?	Often 1 Sometimes 2 First time 3	
703	What is your purpose for coming here?	Remarkable event/birthday celebration 1 To meet friends 2 To refresh 3 To find client 4 Other 99 /specify/	→ 1100 → 1100

No.	Questions	Codes of answers	Skip
Chapter VIII. Commercial sexual work and sexual exploitation			
800	At what age did you start your commercial sex work?	Age <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	
801	Where did you mostly find your clients at first days of your sex work?	Stand at street 1 Sauna/massage 2 Hotel 3 By broker's help 4 By order 5 Night club/bar 6 At construction area 7 Tourist camp 8 At industry 9 Other 99 /specify/	
802	What was your reason to start commercial sex work first time? (circle all that apply)	To earn money A To make education fee B Accompany friends B Curiosity Г Family conflicts Д To support family E Parents' pressure E Spouse pressure 3 Other's pressure Ж Cheating И Raped K Due to kidnap Л Pay for loans taken from others M Pay for brokers H Other X /specify/	
803	Who was your ringleader to sex work?	My own wish 1 Parents 2 Relatives/brothers/sisters 3 Spouse 4 Boyfriend/girl friend 5 Friends 6 Known person 7 Broker 8 Other 99 /specify/	
804	Have you ever been raped before starting your sex work? If so, how many?	No 1 Yes: Once 2 Two times 3 Three times 4 4 and above 5	→ 806
805	Who was raped you first time?	Boy friend/girlfriend 1 Friend 2 Relative 3 Father 4 Step father 5 Known person 6 Unknown person 7 Teacher 8 Employer 9 Co-worker 10 Neighbor 11 Other 99 /specify/	
806	Do your family members know about your commercial sex work?	Know 1 Don't know 98	
807	How many years do you engage sex work?	Year <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	

No.	Questions	Codes of answers	Skip
808	Do you have a broker?	Yes, I have 1 No, haven't 2	→ 815
809	Broker's sex	Male 1 Female 2	
810	Broker's age	Age <input type="text"/>	
811	Did you have been known your broker before?	Yes 1 Well known 1 Littleness known 2 No 3	
812	Who is your broker and how did you have known this person?	Through the friends 1 Before we were adoptive brothers/sisters 2 My relative 3 Boyfriend/girlfriend 4 Myself found him or her 5 He had been raped me before 6 Other 99 /specify/	
813	Is it possible to leave your broker, if you wish?	Possible 1 Depends on circumstances 2 Don't know 98 Impossible 3	→ 815
814	If it is impossible, why? (write down all that apply)	/specify/	
815	Where do you mostly find your clients currently?	Stand at street 1 Sauna/massage 2 Hotel 3 By order 4 Through the broker 5 Night club/bar 6 At construction area 7 Tourist camp 8 At industry 9 Other 99 /specify/	→ 817 → 817
816	If you find your client by order, how have you reach to client? (circle all that apply)	Friends A Taxi driver B Hotel reception C Telephone enquiry D Security workers E Broker's call F TV chat G Doorkeeper H Other X /specify/	
817	Did you change your location of commercial sex work in last year? If so, what was your main reason?	Did not change 1 Yes, changed 2 Earn more money 2 Unsuitable to broker 3 Police pressure 4 To work more safe environment 5 Nothing serious 6 Other 99 /specify/	
818	Have you ever been engage commercial sex work in abroad before?	Yes 1 No 2	→ 822
819	Did you know about your sex work when you went to abroad?	Yes 1 No 2	
820	In which country did you engage sex work ? (circle all that apply)	PRC A Taiwan B Macao C Thailand D Singapore E Malayasia F Republic of Korea G Japan H Russian Federation I Other X /specify/	

No.	Questions	Code of answers	Skip						
821	Who have helped you to leave abroad for engaging sex work?	Broker 1 intermediary for study and job 2 Friends 3 Relatives 4 Myself 5 Other 99 <i>/specify/</i>							
822	How have you receive your money?	Myself directly 1 Via broker 2 Myself directly and from broker both 3							
823	How does your client or broker usually pay for you?	In cash 1 In kind 2	→ 826						
824	How much money (in cash) receives as earning on monthly average?	Tugrug <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>							
825	How much your monthly real earning or which you receive on your hand?	Tugrug <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>							
826	Do you have any debt for your broker?	Yes 1 No 2							
827	What do you spend your earning? (write down all that apply)	Food or meals A To purchase required things B Education C Cosmetics D Health services E For family F Saving G Rent for accommodation H Re-pay debts I Tax for broker J Other X <i>specify</i>							
828	What is your recent main reason to have commercial sex work? (write down all that apply)	To earn money A Curiosity B Follow the friends C Family conflicts D Support/feed family E To make education fee F Parents' pressure G Spouse pressure H Other people's pressure I Cheated J Raped K Trafficking L Re-pay debts for broker M Pay for debts taken from others N Other X <i>specify</i>							
829	Do you have any subsidiary job?	Yes 1 No 2							
Chapter IX. Health and working conditions									
900	Have you ever been injured during your commercial sex work?	Yes 1 No 2	→ 902						
901	If so, who had been injured you?	Client 1 Broker/ Broker 2 Policeman 3 Security workers 4 Doorkeeper 5 Taxi driver 6 Hotel reception 7 Other 99 <i>specify</i>							
902	Do you witness any conflict with customers?	Always 1 Sometimes 2 Never 3	→ 904						

No.	Questions	Codes of answers	Skip
903	What kind of conflicts do face? (write down all that apply)	Verbal abuse ----- A Seriously beaten ----- B Rob ----- B Pay less ----- F Asked abnormal/improper things ----- D Rape ----- E Other ----- X /specify/ -----	
904	Do you witness any conflict with broker's side? / Ask this question from respondents who who answered "Yes" or "1" for Q808/	Always ----- 1 Sometimes ----- 2 Never ----- 3	→ 906
905	What kind of conflicts do face? (write down all that apply)	Verbal abuse ----- A Seriously beaten ----- B Racketing ----- C Never pay ----- D Pay less ----- E A breach of promise ----- F Asking to pay debt ----- G Threaten that to say about your prostitution to others ----- H Dishonoured publicly ----- I Other ----- X /specify/ -----	
906	What kind of advantage or possitive attitude do you get from broker? (write down all that apply)	Free meal ----- A Free clothes/cosmetics ----- B Free transportation at night time ----- C Free accommodation ----- D Support for education fee ----- E Stay overnight at his home ----- F Provide safety ----- G Support for my family ----- H Go to bars or night club ----- I Other ----- X /specify/ -----	
907	Whom would you seek help from if you faced any conflicts or abuse?	Policemen ----- 1 Parents/siblings ----- 2 Spouse ----- 3 Friends ----- 4 Co-workers ----- 5 Broker ----- 6 NGOs ----- 7 No one ----- 8	
908	Did you held juridical responsibility due your commercial sex work?	Yes ----- 1 No ----- 2	→ 910
909	If so, what kind of juridical responsibility did you held? (write down all that apply)	Arrested ----- A Charged ----- B Criminal responsibility ----- C Other ----- X /specify/ -----	
910	Do you think how long do you intend to work?	Month <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> Can't say ----- 98	
911	Could you stop your sex work, when you want to?	Yes ----- 1 Depends on particular circumstances ----- 2 Don't know ----- 98 Can't stop ----- 3	} → 1000
912	If can't, why? (write down all that apply)	----- ----- ----- /specify/ -----	
Chapter X. Client description			
1000	How many clients do your location average a day?	Number: from <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> to <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	

No.	Questions	Codes of answers	Skip
1001	Could you describe their age?	Age from <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> _ _ _ to <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	
1002	Do you treat for foreign clients?	Yes 1 No 2	→ 1004
1003	Which countries they came from? (write down all that apply)	China A Japan B Korea C Vietnam D USA E Germany F Russian Federation G Don't know H Other X /specify/	
1004	Do you ever have any offer from clients apart from having sex?	Never 1 Dates 2 Job offer in overseas 3 Job offer in Mongolia 4 Marriage 5 Other 99 /specify/	
1005	Have you ever got an offer to find girls and ladies from a customers?	Yes 1 No 2	→ 1100
1006	If so, who was?	Broker 1 Close friend 2 Co-worker 3 Relative 4 Unknown person 5 Client 6 Other 99 /specify/	
Chapter XI. Perception on future			
1100	What is your future plan? (write down all that apply) /specify/	
1101	Do you want to study or work in overseas?	Yes 1 No 2	
1102	If someone would help you to work for overseas, would you accept this?	Yes, accept 1 Depends on whose offer 2 Don't accept 3 Don't know, depends on particular circumstances 98	
Chapter XII. Knowledge on human trafficking			
1200	Do you know anything about trafficking?	Yes 1 No 2	
1201	Do you think employees in commercial sex work are risk of being trafficked?	Yes 1 No 2	

THANK YOU FOR COOPERATION!

Annex 3.2

Criteria of selection of service organizations for covering in the survey

Districts	Code	
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Locations	Code
Karaoke, bars and entertainment places with up to 30 seats, registered	2
Karaoke, bars and entertainment places with 30 and more seats, registered	3
Karaoke, bars and entertainment places with up to 30 seats, unregistered	4
Karaoke, bars and entertainment places with 30 and more seats, unregistered	5

Primary sampling units			
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Respondent no		
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No	Criteria	selection (selected-1, not selected-0)
1	The enumerator sitting and making observation (5-10 min)	
2	If there is nothing more than one bottle of drinks or beer	
3	Selecting women who are searching clients using their eye and body language	
4	Women are clothes in too inviting way	
5	Emphasizing the tables at which underaged and young women are sitting	
6	Emphasizing the tables at which women who attract attention are sitting	
7	Choosing the youngest women from the selected tables	

*criteria of selection of respondents at service organizations does not apply to sauan and massage places.

Note :

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Annex 3.3

Model of collecting complementary data on children engaged in commercial sex work and sexual exploitation

No	Questions	Response	Response
1	Where do pimps accommodate underaged girls and boys? (location)		
2	What housing do they accommodate underaged girls and boys? (housing condition)		
3	Who make them engage in commercial sex work? (age, sex, title or nickname)		
4	Who are pimps for underaged girls and boys (family members, spouses and others etc)		
5	How many girls are working for one pimp?		
6	What are the age ranges of underaged boys and girls who work with pimps? (from which age to which age)		
7	Where are underaged girls and boys found?		
8	Are underaged girls and boys abused? (beaten, chasen after, put in debt etc)		
9	How are underaged girls and boys pimped to clients?		
10	What is the youngest age among boys and girls engaged in commercial sex?		
11	How frequently do pimps change housing at which girls and boys are accommodated?		
12	What is the main strategy of escape or avoid from legal and judicial organizations including police?		
13	How do they deal with when arrested by police?		